

NG / NGX / LG 280
NG / NGX / LG 350
NG / NGX / LG 400

Microprocessor-controlled
(LMV2x/3x)
gas burners

MANUAL OF INSTALLATION - USE - MAINTENANCE

CIB UNIGAS

BURNERS - BRUCIATORI - BRULERS - BRENNER - QUEMADORES - ГОРЕЛКИ

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DANGERS, WARNINGS AND NOTES OF CAUTION

THIS MANUAL IS SUPPLIED AS AN INTEGRAL AND ESSENTIAL PART OF THE PRODUCT AND MUST BE DELIVERED TO THE USER.

INFORMATION INCLUDED IN THIS SECTION ARE DEDICATED BOTH TO THE USER AND TO PERSONNEL FOLLOWING PRODUCT INSTALLATION AND MAINTENANCE.

THE USER WILL FIND FURTHER INFORMATION ABOUT OPERATING AND USE RESTRICTIONS, IN THE SECOND SECTION OF THIS MANUAL. WE HIGHLY RECOMMEND TO READ IT.

CAREFULLY KEEP THIS MANUAL FOR FUTURE REFERENCE.

1) GENERAL INTRODUCTION

- The equipment must be installed in compliance with the regulations in force, following the manufacturer's instructions, by qualified personnel.
- Qualified personnel means those having technical knowledge in the field of components for civil or industrial heating systems, sanitary hot water generation and particularly service centres authorised by the manufacturer.
- Improper installation may cause injury to people and animals, or damage to property, for which the manufacturer cannot be held liable.
- Remove all packaging material and inspect the equipment for integrity. In case of any doubt, do not use the unit - contact the supplier.

The packaging materials (wooden crate, nails, fastening devices, plastic bags, foamed polystyrene, etc), should not be left within the reach of children, as they may prove harmful.

- Before any cleaning or servicing operation, disconnect the unit from the mains by turning the master switch OFF, and/or through the cut-out devices that are provided.
- Make sure that inlet or exhaust grilles are unobstructed.
- In case of breakdown and/or defective unit operation, disconnect the unit. Make no attempt to repair the unit or take any direct action.

Contact qualified personnel only.

Units shall be repaired exclusively by a servicing centre, duly authorised by the manufacturer, with original spare parts and accessories.

Failure to comply with the above instructions is likely to impair the unit's safety.

To ensure equipment efficiency and proper operation, it is essential that maintenance operations are performed by qualified personnel at regular intervals, following the manufacturer's instructions.

- When a decision is made to discontinue the use of the equipment, those parts likely to constitute sources of danger shall be made harmless.
- In case the equipment is to be sold or transferred to another user, or in case the original user should move and leave the unit behind, make sure that these instructions accompany the equipment at all times so that they can be consulted by the new owner and/or the installer.
- This unit shall be employed exclusively for the use for which it is meant. Any other use shall be considered as improper and, therefore, dangerous.

The manufacturer shall not be held liable, by agreement or otherwise, for damages resulting from improper installation, use and failure to comply with the instructions supplied by the manufacturer. The occurrence of any of the following circumstances may cause explosions, polluting unburnt gases (example: carbon monoxide CO), burns, serious harm to people, animals and things:

- Failure to comply with one of the WARNINGS in this chapter
- Incorrect handling, installation, adjustment or maintenance of the burner
- Incorrect use of the burner or incorrect use of its parts or optional supply

2) SPECIAL INSTRUCTIONS FOR BURNERS

- The burner should be installed in a suitable room, with ventilation openings complying with the requirements of the regulations in force, and sufficient for good combustion.
- Only burners designed according to the regulations in force should be used.
- This burner should be employed exclusively for the use for which it was designed.
- Before connecting the burner, make sure that the unit rating is the same as delivery mains (electricity, gas oil, or other fuel).
- Observe caution with hot burner components. These are, usually, near to the flame and the fuel pre-heating system, they become hot during the unit operation and will remain hot for some time after the burner has stopped.

When the decision is made to discontinue the use of the burner, the user shall have qualified personnel carry out the following operations:

- a Remove the power supply by disconnecting the power cord from the mains.
- b Disconnect the fuel supply by means of the hand-operated shut-off valve and remove the control handwheels from their spindles.

Special warnings

- Make sure that the burner has, on installation, been firmly secured to the appliance, so that the flame is generated inside the appliance fire-box.
- Before the burner is started and, thereafter, at least once a year, have qualified personnel perform the following operations:
 - a set the burner fuel flow rate depending on the heat input of the appliance;
 - b set the flow rate of the combustion-supporting air to obtain a combustion efficiency level at least equal to the lower level required by the regulations in force;
 - c check the unit operation for proper combustion, to avoid any harmful or polluting unburnt gases in excess of the limits permitted by the regulations in force;
 - d make sure that control and safety devices are operating properly;
 - e make sure that exhaust ducts intended to discharge the products of combustion are operating properly;
 - f on completion of setting and adjustment operations, make sure that all mechanical locking devices of controls have been duly tightened;
 - g make sure that a copy of the burner use and maintenance instructions is available in the boiler room.
- In case of a burner shut-down, reset the control box by means of the RESET pushbutton. If a second shut-down takes place, call the Technical Service, **without trying to RESET further**.
- The unit shall be operated and serviced by qualified personnel only, in compliance with the regulations in force.

3) GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS DEPENDING ON FUEL USED

3a) ELECTRICAL CONNECTION

- For safety reasons the unit must be efficiently earthed and installed as required by current safety regulations.
- It is vital that all safety requirements are met. In case of any doubt, ask for an accurate inspection of electrics by qualified personnel, since the manufacturer cannot be held liable for damages that may be caused by failure to correctly earth the equipment.
- Qualified personnel must inspect the system to make sure that it is adequate to take the maximum power used by the equipment shown on the equipment rating plate. In particular, make sure that the system cable cross section is adequate for the power absorbed by the unit.
- No adaptors, multiple outlet sockets and/or extension cables are permitted to connect the unit to the electric mains.
- An omnipolar switch shall be provided for connection to mains, as required by the current safety regulations.
- The use of any power-operated component implies observance of a few basic rules, for example:
 - do not touch the unit with wet or damp parts of the body and/or with bare feet;
 - do not pull electric cables;
 - do not leave the equipment exposed to weather (rain, sun, etc.) unless expressly required to do so;
 - do not allow children or inexperienced persons to use equipment;
- The unit input cable shall not be replaced by the user. In case of damage to the cable, switch off the unit and contact qualified personnel to replace. When the unit is out of use for some time the electric switch supplying all the power-driven components in the system (i.e. pumps, burner, etc.) should be switched off.

3b) FIRING WITH GAS, LIGHT OIL OR OTHER FUELS

GENERAL

- The burner shall be installed by qualified personnel and in compliance with regulations and provisions in force; wrong installation can cause injuries to people and animals, or damage to property, for which the manufacturer cannot be held liable.
- Before installation, it is recommended that all the fuel supply system pipes be carefully cleaned inside, to remove foreign matter that might impair the burner operation.
- Before the burner is commissioned, qualified personnel should inspect the following:
 - a the fuel supply system, for proper sealing;
 - b the fuel flow rate, to make sure that it has been set based on the firing rate required of the burner;
 - c the burner firing system, to make sure that it is supplied for the designed fuel type;
 - d the fuel supply pressure, to make sure that it is included in the range shown on the rating plate;
 - e the fuel supply system, to make sure that the system dimensions are adequate to the burner firing rate, and that the system is equipped with all the safety and control devices required by the regulations in force.
- When the burner is to remain idle for some time, the fuel supply tap or taps should be closed.

SPECIAL INSTRUCTIONS FOR USING GAS

Have qualified personnel inspect the installation to ensure that:

- a the gas delivery line and train are in compliance with the regulations and provisions in force;
- b all gas connections are tight;
- c the boiler room ventilation openings are such that they ensure the air supply flow required by the current regulations, and in any case are sufficient for proper combustion.
- Do not use gas pipes to earth electrical equipment.
- Never leave the burner connected when not in use. Always shut the gas valve off.
- In case of prolonged absence of the user, the main gas delivery valve to the burner should be shut off.

Precautions if you can smell gas

- a do not operate electric switches, the telephone, or any other item likely to generate sparks;
- b immediately open doors and windows to create an air flow to purge the room;
- c close the gas valves;
- d contact qualified personnel.
- Do not obstruct the ventilation openings of the room where gas appliances are installed, to avoid dangerous conditions such as the development of toxic or explosive mixtures.

DIRECTIVES AND STANDARDS

Gas burners

European directives

- Regulation 2016/426/UE (appliances burning gaseous fuels)
- 2014/35/UE (Low Tension Directive)
- 2014/30/UE (Electromagnetic compatibility Directive)
- 2006/42/EC (Machinery Directive)

Harmonized standards

- UNI EN 676 (Automatic forced draught burners for gaseous fuels)
- EN 55014-1 (Electromagnetic compatibility- Requirements for household appliances, electric tools and similar apparatus)
- EN 60204-1:2006 (Safety of machinery – Electrical equipment of machines.)
- CEI EN 60335-1 (Specification for safety of household and similar electrical appliances);
- CEI EN 60335-2-102 (Household and similar electrical appliances. Safety. Particular requirements for gas, oil and solid-fuel burning appliances having electrical connections).
- UNI EN ISO 12100:2010 (Safety of machinery - General principles for design - Risk assessment and risk reduction);

Light oil burners

European directives

- 2014/35/UE (Low Tension Directive)
- 2014/30/UE (Electromagnetic compatibility Directive)
- 2006/42/EC (Machinery Directive)

Harmonized standards

- UNI EN 267-2011 (Automatic forced draught burners for liquid fuels)
- EN 55014-1 (Electromagnetic compatibility- Requirements for household appliances, electric tools and similar apparatus)
- EN 60204-1:2006 (Safety of machinery – Electrical equipment of machines.)
- CEI EN 60335-1 (Specification for safety of household and similar electrical appliances);
- CEI EN 60335-2-102 (Household and similar electrical appliances. Safety. Particular requirements for gas, oil and solid-fuel burning appliances having electrical connections).
- UNI EN ISO 12100:2010 (Safety of machinery - General principles for design - Risk assessment and risk reduction);

Heavy oil burners

European Directives

- 2014/35/UE (Low Tension Directive)
- 2014/30/UE (Electromagnetic compatibility Directive)
- 2006/42/EC (Machinery Directive)

Harmonized standards

- UNI EN 267 (Automatic forced draught burners for liquid fuels)
- EN 55014-1 (Electromagnetic compatibility- Requirements for household appliances, electric tools and similar apparatus)
- EN 60204-1:2006 (Safety of machinery – Electrical equipment of machines.)
- CEI EN 60335-1 (Specification for safety of household and similar electrical appliances);
- CEI EN 60335-2-102 (Household and similar electrical appliances. Safety. Particular requirements for gas, oil and solid-fuel burning appliances having electrical connections).
- UNI EN ISO 12100:2010 (Safety of machinery - General principles for design - Risk assessment and risk reduction);

Gas - Light oil burners

European Directives

- Regulation 2016/426/UE (appliances burning gaseous fuels)
- 2014/35/UE (Low Tension Directive)
- 2014/30/UE (Electromagnetic compatibility Directive)
- 2006/42/EC (Machinery Directive)

Harmonized standards

- UNI EN 676 (Automatic forced draught burners for gaseous fuels)
- UNI EN 267 (Automatic forced draught burners for liquid fuels)
- EN 55014-1 (Electromagnetic compatibility- Requirements for household appliances, electric tools and similar apparatus)
- EN 60204-1:2006 (Safety of machinery – Electrical equipment of machines.)
- CEI EN 60335-1 (Specification for safety of household and similar electrical appliances);
- CEI EN 60335-2-102 (Household and similar electrical appliances. Safety. Particular requirements for gas, oil and solid-fuel burning appliances having electrical connections).
- UNI EN ISO 12100:2010 (Safety of machinery - General principles for design - Risk assessment and risk reduction);

Gas - Heavy oil burners

European directives:

- Regulation 2016/426/UE (appliances burning gaseous fuels)
- 2014/35/UE (Low Tension Directive)
- 2014/30/UE (Electromagnetic compatibility Directive)
- 2006/42/EC (Machinery Directive)

Harmonized standards

- UNI EN 676 (Automatic forced draught burners for gaseous fuels)
- EN 55014-1 (Electromagnetic compatibility- Requirements for household appliances, electric tools and similar apparatus)
- EN 60204-1:2006 (Safety of machinery – Electrical equipment of machines.)
- CEI EN 60335-1 (Specification for safety of household and similar electrical appliances);
- CEI EN 60335-2-102 (Household and similar electrical appliances. Safety. Particular requirements for gas, oil and solid-fuel burning appliances having electrical connections).
- UNI EN ISO 12100:2010 (Safety of machinery - General principles for design - Risk assessment and risk reduction);

Industrial burners

European directives

- Regulation 2016/426/UE (appliances burning gaseous fuels)
- 2014/35/UE (Low Tension Directive)
- 2014/30/UE (Electromagnetic compatibility Directive)
- 2006/42/EC (Machinery Directive)

Harmonized standards

- EN 55014-1 (Electromagnetic compatibility- Requirements for household appliances, electric tools and similar apparatus)
- EN 746-2 (Industrial thermoprocessing equipment - Part 2: Safety requirements for combustion and fuel handling systems)
- UNI EN ISO 12100:2010 (Safety of machinery - General principles for design - Risk assessment and risk reduction);
- EN 60204-1:2006 (Safety of machinery – Electrical equipment of machines.)
- EN 60335-2 (Electrical equipment of non-electric appliances for household and similar purposes. Safety requirements)

Burner data plate

For the following information, please refer to the data plate:

- burner type and burner model: must be reported in any communication with the supplier
- burner ID (serial number): must be reported in any communication with the supplier
- date of production (year and month)
- information about fuel type and network pressure

| | |
|--------------|----|
| Type | -- |
| Model | -- |
| Year | -- |
| S.Number | -- |
| Output | -- |
| Oil Flow | -- |
| Fuel | -- |
| Category | -- |
| Gas Pressure | -- |
| Viscosity | -- |
| El. Supply | -- |
| El. Consump. | -- |
| Fan Motor | -- |
| Protection | -- |
| Drwaing n° | -- |
| P.I.N. | -- |

SYMBOLS USED



WARNING!

Failure to observe the warning may result in irreparable damage to the unit or damage to the environment



DANGER!

Failure to observe the warning may result in serious injuries or death.



WARNING!

Failure to observe the warning may result in electric shock with lethal consequences

Figures, illustrations and images used in this manual may differ in appearance from the actual product.

BURNER SAFETY

The burners - and the configurations described below - comply with the regulations in force regarding health, safety and the environment. For more in-depth information, refer to the declarations of conformity that are an integral part of this Manual.



DANGER! Incorrect motor rotation can seriously damage property and injure people.

Residual risks deriving from misuse and prohibitions

The burner has been built in order to make its operation safe; there are, however, residual risks.



Do not touch any mechanical moving parts with your hands or any other part of your body. Injury hazard
Do not touch any parts containing fuel (i.e. tank and pipes). Scalding hazard
Do not use the burner in situations other than the ones provided for in the data plate.
Do not use fuels other than the ones stated.
Do not use the burner in potentially explosive environments.
Do not remove or by-pass any machine safety devices.
Do not remove any protection devices or open the burner or any other component while the burner is running.
Do not disconnect any part of the burner or its components while the burner is running.
Untrained staff must not modify any linkages.



After any maintenance, it is important to restore the protection devices before restarting the machine.
All safety devices must be kept in perfect working order.
Personnel authorized to maintain the machine must always be provided with suitable protections.



ATTENTION: while running, the parts of the burner near the generator (coupling flange) are subject to overheating. Where necessary, avoid any contact risks by wearing suitable PPE.

GENERAL FEATURES

The control system is made of the Siemens LMV central unit that performs all the burner control functions and of the Siemens AZL local programming unit that interfaces the system with the user.

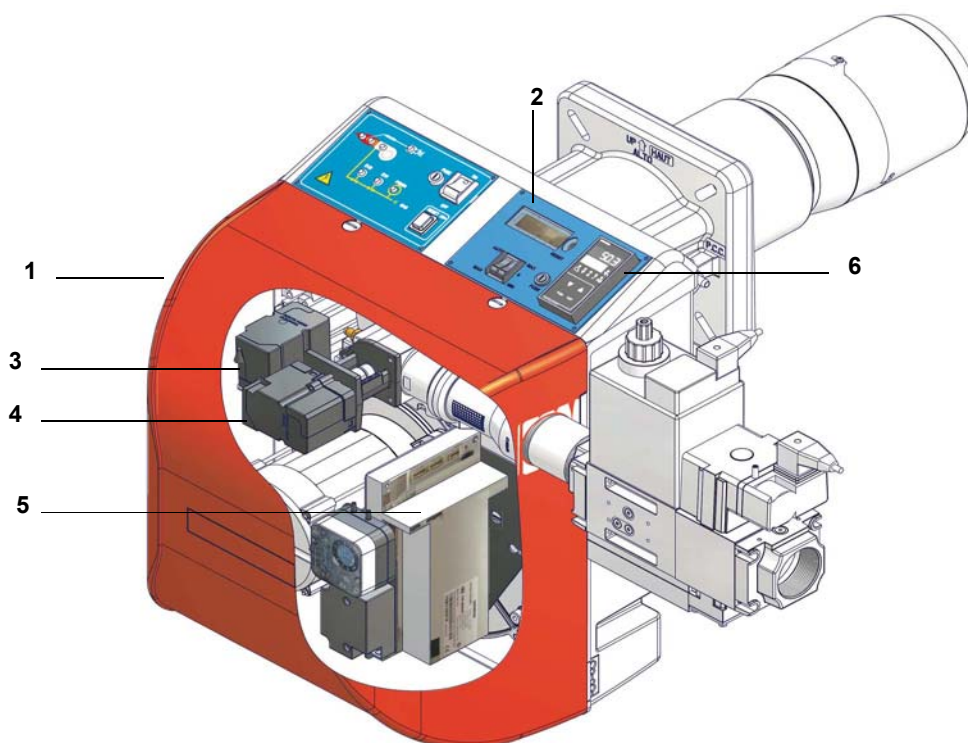


Fig. 1

Keys

- 1 Burner
- 2 AZL2..
- 3 Air actuator
- 4 Fuel actuator
- 5 LMV..
- 6 Output modulator (only for fully-modulating models)

The burner shown is indicative.

The gas coming from the supply line, passes through the valves group provided with filter and governor. This one forces the pressure in the utilisation limits. In the double-stage , progressive and fully- modulating burners, the electric actuator, that moves proportionally the air damper and the gas butterfly valve, is controlled by the LMV2 Burner Management System (BMS). This one allows the optimisation of the gas flue values, as to get an efficient combustion. The combustion head positioning determines the burner's output. Fuel and comburent are routed into separated ways as far as the zone of flame generation (combustion chamber). The air (comburent) and fuel (gas, gas oil, heavy oil) are forced into the combustion chamber. The control panel, placed on the burner's front side, shows each operating stage.

How to interpret the burner's "Performance curve"

To check if the burner is suitable for the boiler to which it must be installed, the following parameters are needed:

- furnace input, in kW or kcal/h ($\text{kW} = \text{kcal/h} / 860$);
- backpressure (data are available on the boiler's ID plate or in the user's manual).

Example:

Furnace input: kW 600

Backpressure: mbar 4

In the "Performance curve" diagram (Fig. 2), draw a vertical line matching the furnace input value and an horizontal line matching the backpressure value. The burner is suitable if the intersection point A is inside the performance curve.

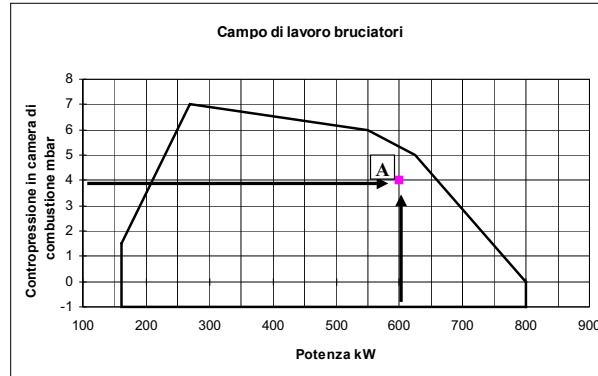


Fig. 2

Data are referred to standard conditions: atmospheric pressure at 1013mbar, ambient temperature at 15°C.

Checking the proper gas train size

To check the proper gas train size, it is necessary to the available gas pressure value upstream the burner's gas valve. Then subtract the backpressure. The result is called p_{gas} . Draw a vertical line matching the furnace input value (600kW, in the example), quoted on the x-axis, as far as intercepting the network pressure curve, according to the installed gas train (DN65, in the example). From the interception point, draw an horizontal line as far as matching, on the y-axis, the value of pressure necessary to get the requested furnace input. This value must be lower or equal to the p_{gas} value, calculated before.

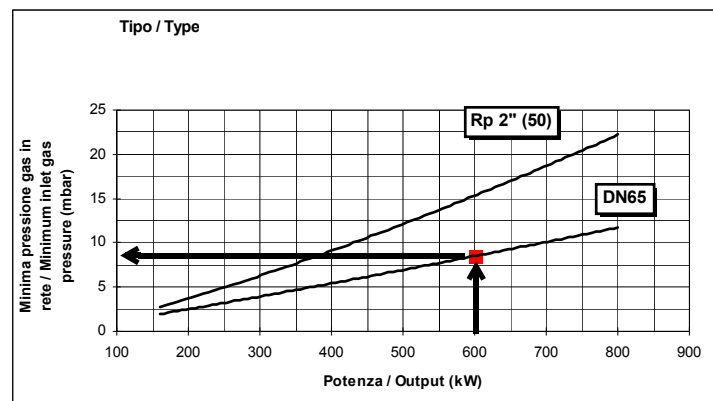


Fig. 3

BURNER FEATURES

Burner model identification

Burners are identified by burner type and model. Burner model identification is described as follows.

| Type | NG400 | Model | M-. | PR. | S. | * | A. | 0. | 50. | EA | | | | |
|-------------------------|-------|-------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----|------------|-----|-----------------------|-----|-------------|----|------------|--|----------|--|
| (1) | (2) | (3) | (4) | (5) | (6) | (7) | (8) | (9) | | | | | | |
| (1) BURNER TYPE | | | NG - Natural gas burners LG - L.P.G. burners NGX - Low NOx burners | | | | | | | | | | | |
| (2) FUEL | | | M - Natural gas | | | | L - LPG | | | | | | | |
| (3) | | | PR - Progressive | | | | MD - Fully modulating | | | | | | | |
| (4) BLAST TUBE | | | S - standard | | | | L - extended | | M - modular | | | | | |
| (5) DESTINATION COUNTRY | | | * see data plate | | | | | | | | | | | |
| (6) BURNER VERSION | | | A - Standard | | | | | | | | | | | |
| (7) EQUIPMENT | | | 0 = 2 gas valves 1= 2 Gas valves + gas proving system) | | | | | | | | | | | |
| (8) GAS CONNECTION | | | 15 = Rp1/2 | | 20 = Rp3/4 | | 25 = Rp1 | | 32 = Rp1 ¼ | | 40 = Rp1 ½ | | 50 = Rp2 | |
| (9) GAS CONNECTION | | | EA = micro-processor controlled burner EB = micro-processor controlled burner | | | | | | | | | | | |

Technical specifications

| BURNER TYPE | | NG280 M-.xx...x.25 | NG280 M-.xx...x.32 | NG280 M-.xx...x.40 | LG280 L-.xx...x.20 | LG280 L-.xx...x.25 | LG280 L-.xx...x.32 |
|------------------------------|----------------------------------|--------------------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|
| Output | min.- max. kW | 65 - 300 | | | | | |
| Fuel | | Natural gas | | | | L.P.G. | |
| Category | | (see next paragraph) | | | | I _{3B/P} | |
| Gas rate | min.- max. (Stm ³ /h) | 7 – 32 | | | | 2,5 – 11,5 | |
| Gas Pressure | min.- max. mbar | (Note2) | | | | | |
| Power supply | | 230V - 50Hz | | | | | |
| Total power consumption | kW | 0,55 | | | | | |
| Electric motor | kW | 0,25 | | | | | |
| Protection | | IP40 | | | | | |
| Valves size / Gas connection | | 1" / Rp 1 | 1" ¼ / Rp 1 ¼ | 1" ½ / Rp 1" ½ | 1" / Rp1 | 1" / Rp1 | 1" ¼ / Rp 1¼ |
| Operation | | Progressive - Fully modulating | | | | | |
| Operating temperature | °C | -10 ÷ +50 | | | | | |
| Storage Temperature | °C | -20 ÷ +60 | | | | | |
| Working service* | | Intermittent | | | | | |

| BURNER TYPE | | NG350 M-.xx...x.25 | NG350 M-.xx...x.32 | NG350 M-.xx...x.40 | LG350 L-.xx...x.25 | LG350 L-.xx...x.32 | LG350 L-.xx...x.40 |
|------------------------------|----------------------------------|--------------------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|
| Output | min.- max. kW | 80 - 330 | | | 85 - 330 | | |
| Fuel | | Natural gas | | | L.P.G. | | |
| Category | | (see next paragraph) | | | I _{3B/P} | I _{3B/P} | I _{3B/P} |
| Gas rate | min.- max. (Stm ³ /h) | 8.5 - 35 | 8.5 - 35 | 8.5 - 35 | 3 - 13 | 3 - 13 | 3 - 13 |
| Gas pressure | min.- max. mbar | (Note2) | | | | | |
| Power supply | | 230V - 50Hz | | | | | |
| Total power consumption | kW | 0,67 | | | | | |
| Electric motor | kW | 0,37 | | | | | |
| Protection | | IP40 | | | | | |
| Valves size / Gas connection | | 1" / Rp 1 | 1" 1/4 / Rp 1 1/4 | 1" 1/2 / Rp 1 1/2 | 1" / Rp1 | 1" 1/4 / Rp 1 1/4 | 1" 1/2 / Rp 1 1/2 |
| Operation | | Progressive - Fully modulating | | | | | |
| Operating temperature | °C | -10 ÷ +50 | | | | | |
| Storage Temperature | °C | -20 ÷ +60 | | | | | |
| Working service * | | Intermittent | | | | | |

| BURNER TYPE | | NG400 M-.xx...x.25 | NG400 M-.xx...x.32 | NG400 M-.xx...x.40 | NG400 M-.xx...x.50 |
|------------------------------|----------------------------------|--------------------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|
| Output | min.- max. kW | 115 - 420 | | | |
| Fuel | | Natural gas | | | |
| Category | | (see next paragraph) | | | |
| Gas rate | min.- max. (Stm ³ /h) | 12 - 44.5 | | | |
| Gas pressure | min.- max. mbar | (Note2) | | | |
| Power supply | | 230V - 50Hz | | | |
| Total power consumption | kW | 0,6 | | | |
| Electric motor | kW | 0,37 | | | |
| Protection | | IP40 | | | |
| Valves size / Gas connection | | 1" / Rp 1 | 1" ¼ / Rp 1 ¼ | 1" ½ / Rp 1" ½ | 2" / Rp 2 |
| Operation | | Progressive - Fully modulating | | | |
| Operating temperature | °C | -10 ÷ +50 | | | |
| Storage Temperature | °C | -20 ÷ +60 | | | |
| Working service * | | Intermittent | | | |

| BURNER TYPE | | LG400 L-.xx...x.25 | LG400 L-.xx...x.32 | LG400 L-.xx...x.40 | LG400 L-.xx...x.50 |
|------------------------------|----------------------------------|--------------------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|
| Output | min.- max. kW | 105 - 420 | | | |
| Fuel | | L.P.G. | | | |
| Category | | I _{3B} /P | | | |
| Gas rate | min.- max. (Stm ³ /h) | 4 - 16 | | | |
| Gas pressure | min.- max. mbar | (Note2) | | | |
| Power supply | | 230V - 50Hz | | | |
| Total power consumption | kW | 0,67 | | | |
| Electric motor | kW | 0,37 | | | |
| Protection | | IP40 | | | |
| Valves size / Gas connection | | 1" / Rp 1 | 1" ¼ / Rp 1 ¼ | 1" ½ / Rp 1" ½ | 2" / Rp 2 |
| Operation | | Progressive - Fully modulating | | | |
| Operating temperature | °C | -10 ÷ +50 | | | |
| Storage Temperature | °C | -20 ÷ +60 | | | |
| Working service * | | Intermittent | | | |

| | |
|---------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Note1: | All gas flow rates are referred to Stm ³ /h (1013 mbar absolute pressure, 15 °C temperature) and are valid for G20 gas (nett calorific value H _i = 34.02 MJ/Stm ³); for L.P.G. (net calorific value H _i = 93.5 MJ/Stm ³) |
| Note2: | Maximum gas pressure = 360mbar (with Dungs MBDLE/MBC valves) Minimum gas pressure = see gas curves. |

*** NOTE ON THE WORKING SERVICE:** the control box automatically stops after 24h of continuous working. The control box immediately starts up, automatically.

Low NOx burners Technical specifications

| BURNER TYPE | | NGX280 M-.xx...x.25 | NGX280 M-.xx...x.32 | NGX280 M-.xx...x.40 |
|------------------------------|----------------------------------|--------------------------------|-----------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------|
| Output | min.- max. kW | 60 - 190 | | |
| Fuel | | Natural gas | | |
| Category | | (see next paragraph) | | |
| Gas rate | min.- max. (Stm ³ /h) | 6,4 - 20 | | |
| Gas pressure | min.- max. mbar | (Note2) | | |
| Power supply | | 230V - 50Hz | | |
| Total power consumption | kW | 0,55 | | |
| Electric motor | kW | 0,25 | | |
| Protection | | IP40 | | |
| Valves size / Gas connection | | 1" / Rp1 | 1" _{1/4} / Rp 1 _{1/4} | 1" _{1/2} / Rp 1 _{1/2} |
| Operation | | Progressive - Fully modulating | | |
| NOx emissions | | Class 3 - EN676/2008 | | |
| Operating temperature | °C | -10 ÷ +50 | | |
| Storage Temperature | °C | -20 ÷ +60 | | |
| Working service * | | Intermitent | | |

| BURNER TYPE | | NGX350 M-.xx...x.25 | NGX350 M-.xx...x.32 | NGX350 M-.xx...x.40 |
|------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------|--------------------------------|-----------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------|
| Output | min.- max. kW | 65 - 260 | | |
| Fuel | | Natural gas | | |
| Category | | (see next paragraph) | | |
| Gas rate | min.- max. min.- max.(Stm ³ /h) | 7 - 27.5 | | |
| Gas pressure | min.- max. mbar | (Note2) | | |
| Power supply | | 230V - 50Hz | | |
| Total power consumption | kW | 0,67 | | |
| Electric motor | kW | 0,37 | | |
| Protection | | IP40 | | |
| Valves size / Gas connection | | 1" / Rp1 | 1" _{1/4} / Rp 1 _{1/4} | 1" _{1/2} / Rp 1 _{1/2} |
| Operation | | Progressive - Fully modulating | | |
| NOx emissions | | Class 3 - EN676/2008 | | |
| Operating temperature | °C | -10 ÷ +50 | | |
| Storage Temperature | °C | -20 ÷ +60 | | |
| Working service * | | Intermitent | | |

| | |
|---------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Note1: | All gas flow rates are referred to Stm ³ /h (1013 mbar absolute pressure, 15 °C temperature) and are valid for G20 gas (net calorific value H _i = 34.02 MJ/Stm ³); for L.P.G. (net calorific value H _i = 93.5 MJ/Stm ³) |
| Note2: | Maximum gas pressure = 360mbar (with Dungs MBDLE/MBC valves) Minimum gas pressure = see gas curves. |

*** NOTE ON THE WORKING SERVICE:** the control box automatically stops after 24h of continuous working. The control box immediately starts up, automatically.

| BURNER TYPE | | NGX400 M-.xx...x.25 | NGX400 M-.xx...x.32 | NGX400 M-.xx...x.40 | NGX400 M-.xx...x.50 |
|------------------------------|----------------------------------|--------------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|
| Output | min.- max. kW | 90 - 350 | | | |
| Fuel | | Natural gas | | | |
| Category | | (see next paragraph) | | | |
| Gas rate | min.- max. (Stm ³ /h) | 9.5 - 37 | | | |
| Gas pressure | min.- max. mbar | (Note2) | | | |
| Power supply | | 230V - 50Hz | | | |
| Total power consumption | kW | 0,67 | | | |
| Electric motor | kW | 0,37 | | | |
| Protection | | IP40 | | | |
| Valves size / Gas connection | | 1" / Rp 1 | 1" ¼ / Rp 1 ¼ | 1" ½ / Rp 1 ½ | 2" / Rp 2 |
| Operation | | Progressive - Fully modulating | | | |
| NOx emissions | | Class 3 - EN676/2008 | | | |
| Operating temperature | °C | -10 ÷ +50 | | | |
| Storage Temperature | °C | -20 ÷ +60 | | | |
| Working service * | | Intermittent | | | |

| | |
|---------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Note1: | All gas flow rates are referred to Stm ³ /h (1013 mbar absolute pressure, 15 °C temperature) and are valid for G20 gas (net calorific value H _i = 34.02 MJ/Stm ³); for L.P.G. (net calorific value H _i = 93.5 MJ/Stm ³) |
| Note2: | Maximum gas pressure = 360mbar (with Dungs MBDLE/MBC valves) Minimum gas pressure = see gas curves. |

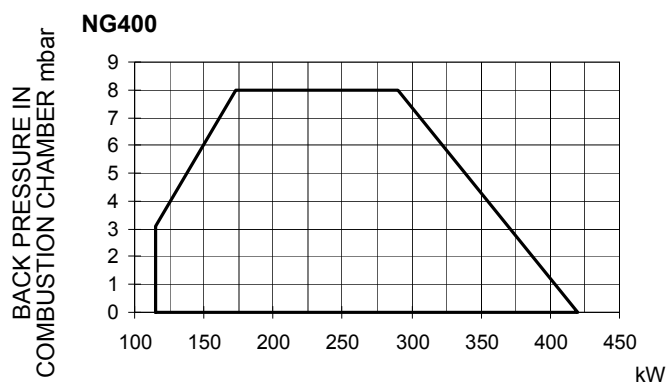
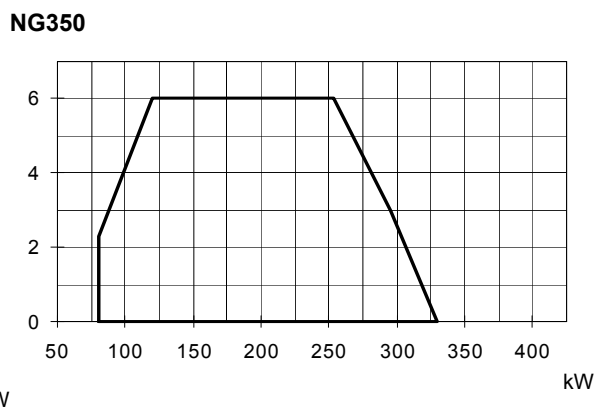
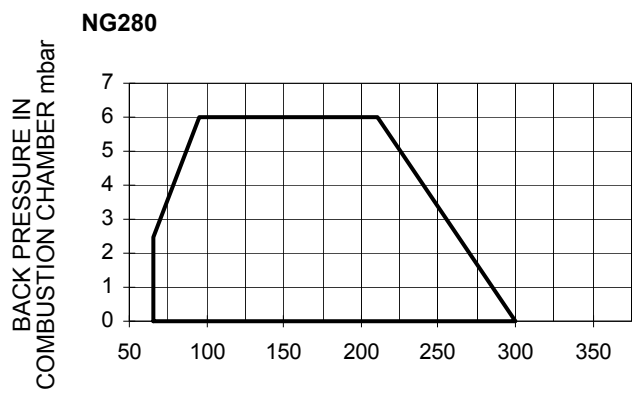
*** NOTE ON THE WORKING SERVICE:** the control box automatically stops after 24h of continuous working. The control box immediately starts up, automatically.

Country and usefulness gas categories

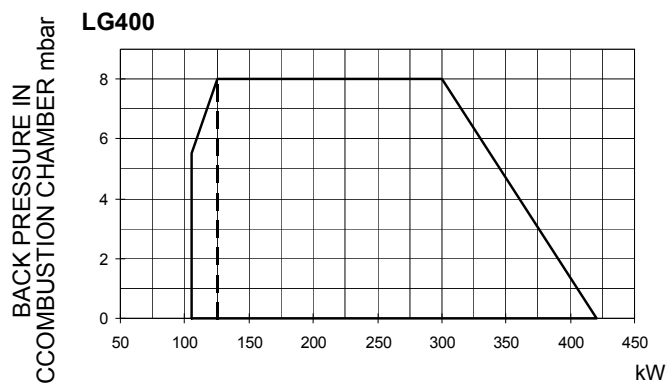
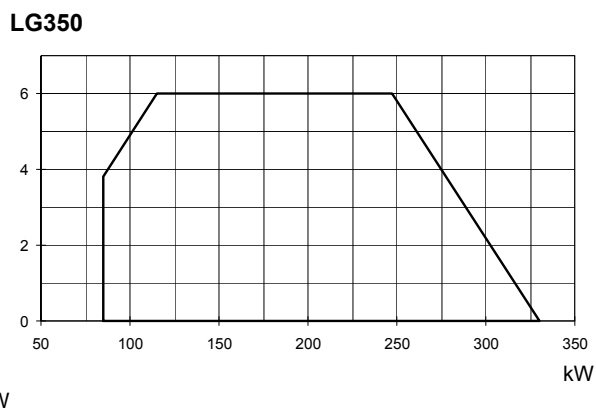
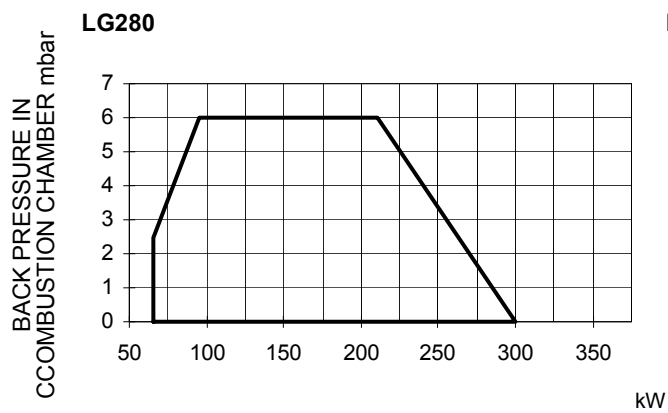
| GAS CATEGORY | COUNTRY | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|
| | AT | ES | GR | SE | FI | IE | HU | IS | NO | CZ | DK | GB | IT | PT | CY | EE | LV | SI | MT | SK | BG | LT | RO | TR | CH |
| I _{2H} | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| I _{2E} | LU | PL | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| I _{2E(R) B} | BE | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| (*) I _{2EK} | NL | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| I _{2ELL} | DE | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| I _{2Er} | FR | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| (*) Only for I_{2EK} : the appliance was configured for the appliance category K (I2K) and is suitable for the use of G and G+ distribution gases according to the specifications as included in the NTA 8837:2012 Annex D with a Wobbe index of 43.46 – 45.3 MJ/m3 (dry, 0 °C, upper value) or 41.23 – 42.98 (dry, 15 °C, upper value). This appliance can moreover be converted and/or be calibrated for the appliance category E (I2E). This therefore implies that the appliance "is suitable for G+ gas and H gas or is demonstrably suitable for G+ gas and can demonstrably be made suitable for H gas" within the meaning of the "Dutch Decree of 10 May 2016 regarding amendment of the Dutch Gas Appliances Decree and the Dutch Commodities (Administrative Fines) Act in connection with the changing composition of gas in the Netherlands as well as technical amendment of some other decrees. | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |

Performance Curves

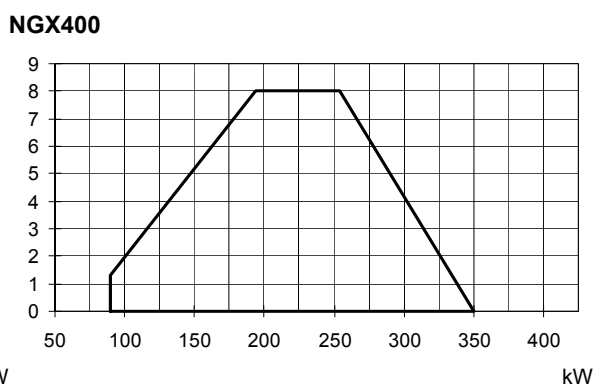
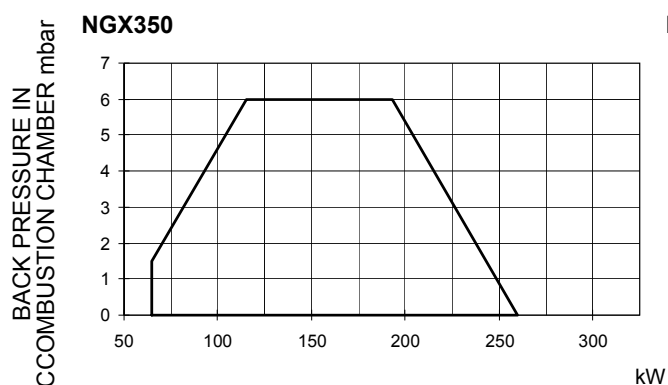
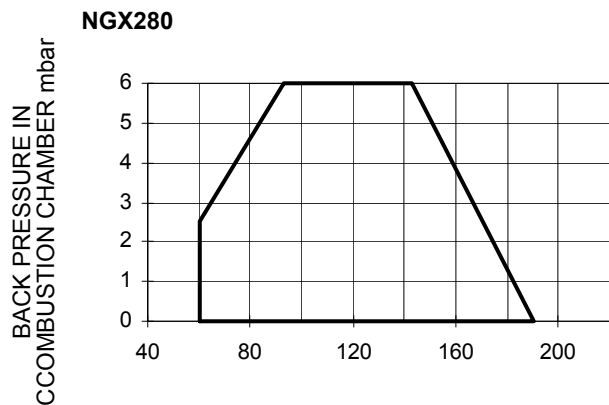
● Gas burners



● L.P.G. Burners



- **Low NOx burners**

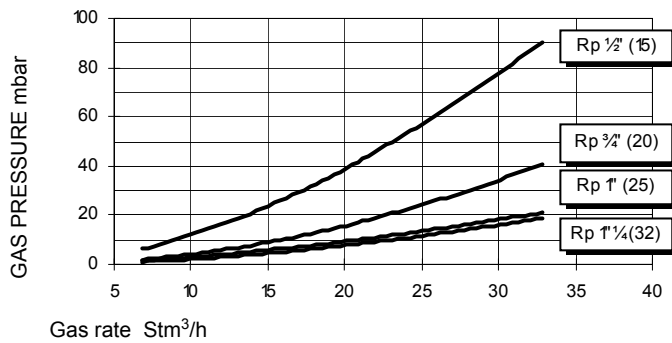


NOTE: The performance curve is a diagram that represents the burner performance in the type approval phase or in the laboratory tests, but does not represent the regulation range of the machine. On this diagram the maximum output point is usually reached by adjusting the combustion head to its “MAX” position (see paragraph “Adjusting the combustion head”); the minimum output point is reached setting the combustion head to its “MIN” position. During the first ignition, the combustion head is set in order to find a compromise between the burner output and the generator specifications, that is why the minimum output may be different from the Performance curve minimum.

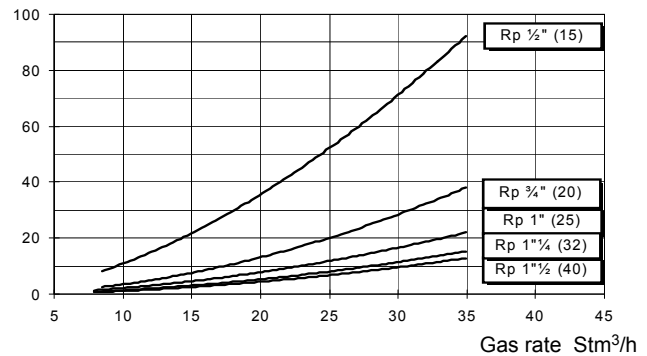
Pressure in the network - gas flow rate curves

Gas burners

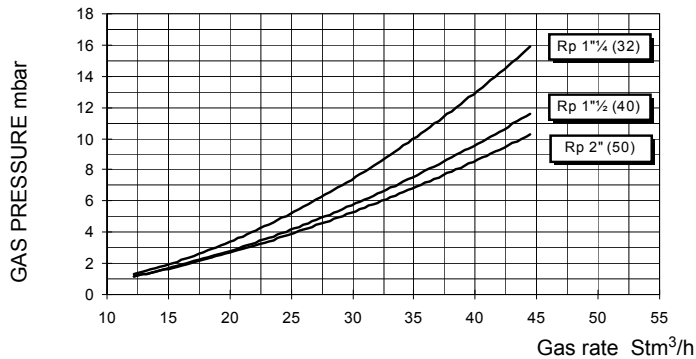
NG280 M-.AB...



NG350 M-.PR/MD...

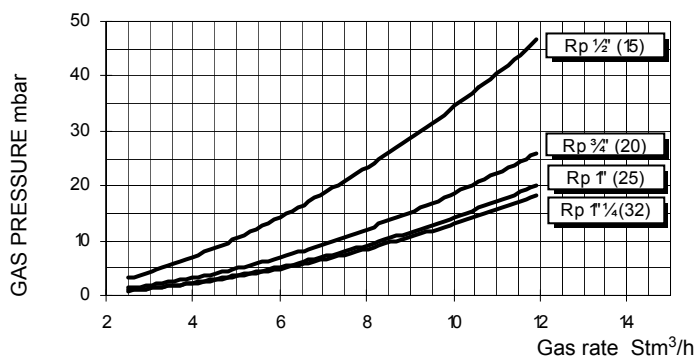


NG400 M-.PR/MD...32-40-50

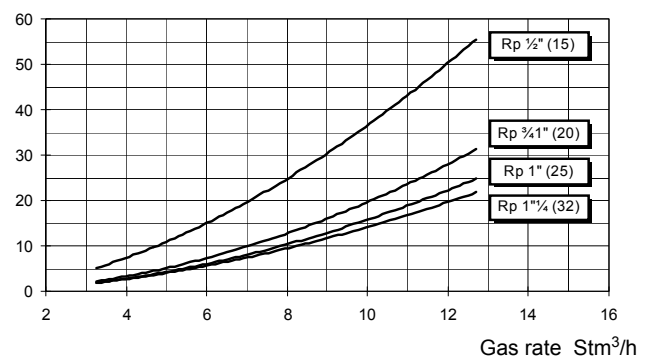


L.P.G. Burners

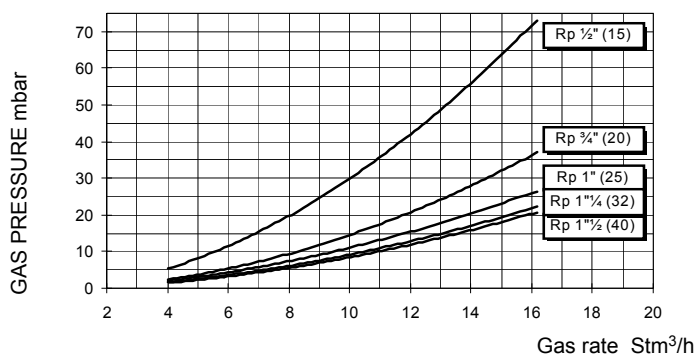
LG280 L-.AB...



LG350 L-.PR....



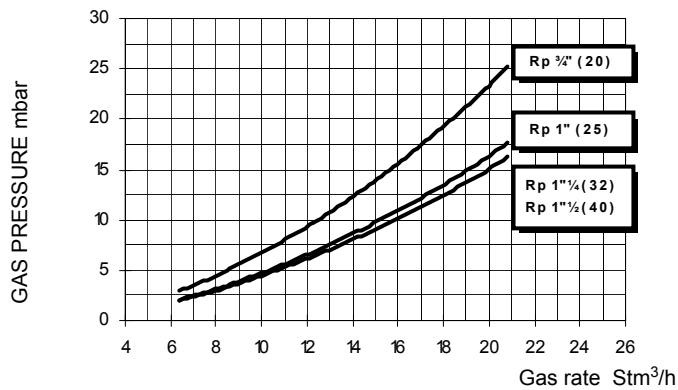
LG400 L-.PR/MD....



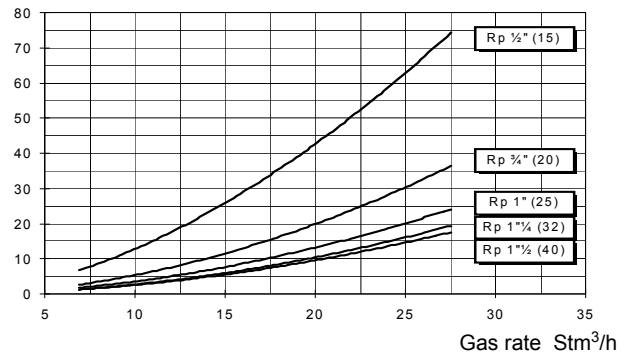
Caution: the gas rate value is quoted on the x-axis, the related network pressure is quoted on the y-axis (pressure value in the combustion chamber is not included). To know the minimum pressure at the gas train inlet, necessary to get the requested gas rate, add the pressure value in the combustion chamber to the value read on the y-axis.

- **Low NOx burners**

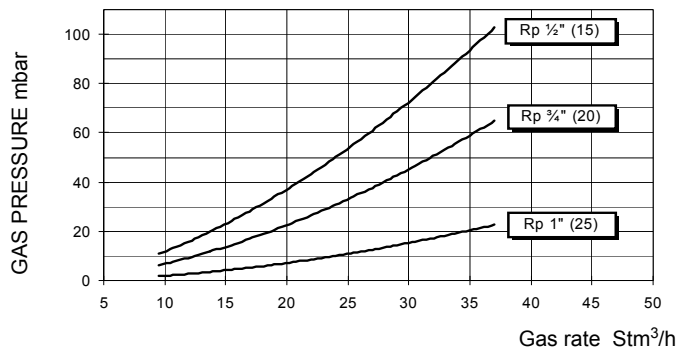
NGX280



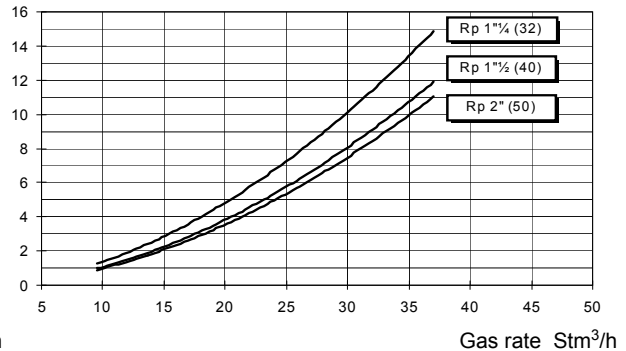
NGX350



NGX400 M-...15-20-25



NGX400 M-...32-40-50



Caution: the gas rate value is quoted on the x-axis, the related network pressure is quoted on the y-axis (pressure value in the combustion chamber is not included). To know the minimum pressure at the gas train inlet, necessary to get the requested gas rate, add the pressure value in the combustion chamber to the value read on the y-axis.

Combustion head pressure curves vs. the gas flow rate

Curves are referred to pressure= 0mbar in the combustion head!

The curves referred to the gas pressure in the combustion head, depending on the gas flow rate, are referred to the burner in the combustion stage (percentage of residual O_2 in the flues as shown in the "Recommended combustion values" table and CO in the standard limits). During this stage, the combustion head, the gas butterfly valve and the servocontrol are at the maximum opening. Refer to Fig. 4, showing the correct way to measure the gas pressure, considering the values of pressure in combustion chamber, surveyed by means of the pressure gauge or taken from the boiler's Technical specifications.

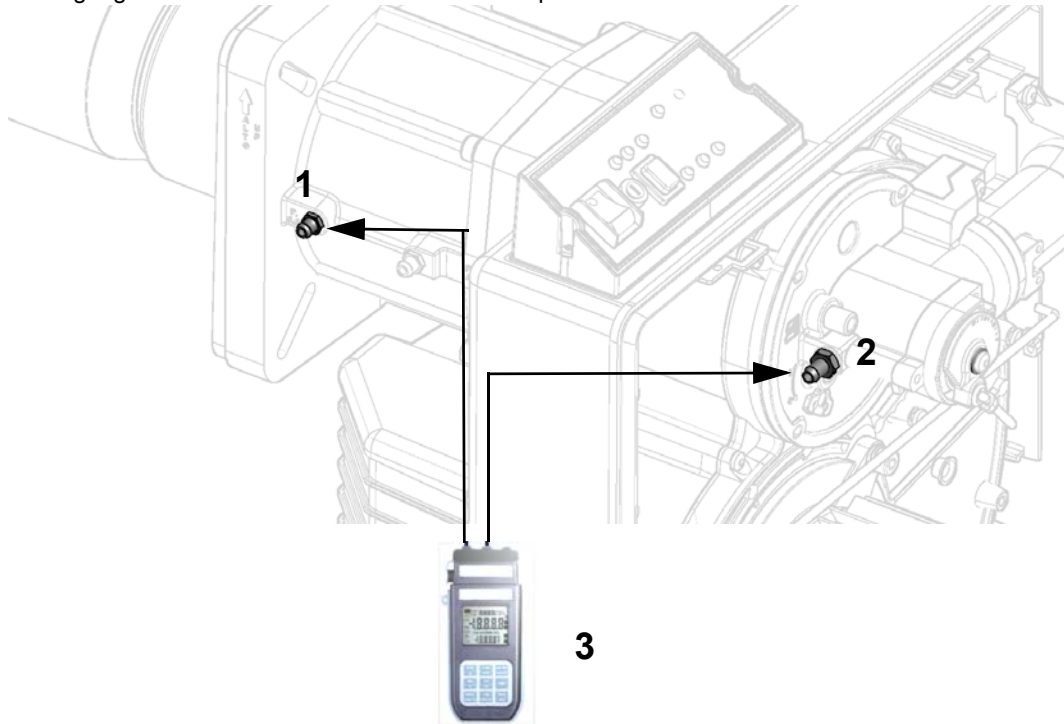


Fig. 4

Key

- 1 Pressure outlet on the combustion chamber
- 2 Gas pressure outlet on the butterfly valve
- 3 Differential pressure gauge

Measuring the gas pressure in the combustion head

In order to measure the pressure in the combustion head, insert the pressure gauge probes: one into the generator's pressure outlet (Fig. 4-2) to get the pressure in the combustion chamber and the other one into the butterfly valve's pressure outlet of the burner (Fig. 4-3). On the basis of the measured differential pressure, it is possible to get the maximum flow rate: in the pressure - rate curves (showed on the next paragraph), it is easy to get the burner output in kW or Stm^3/h (quoted on the x axis) from the pressure measured in the combustion head (quoted on the y axis).

NOTE: THE PRESSURE-RATE CURVES ARE APPROXIMATE; FOR A PROPER SETTING OF THE GAS RATE, PLEASE REFER TO THE GAS METER READING.

To measure the pressure in the combustion chamber, as far as the IDEA series, a pressure plug is provided upstream the burner's blast tube.

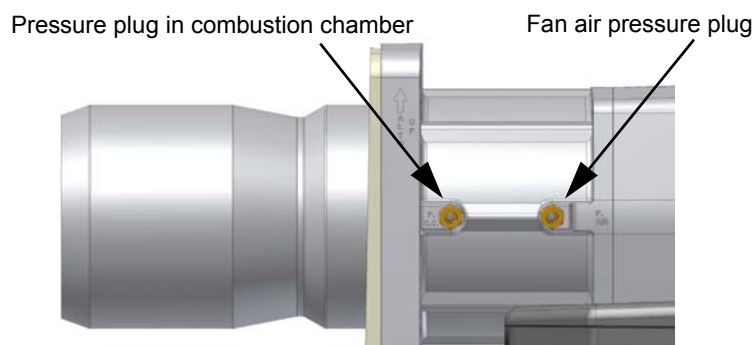
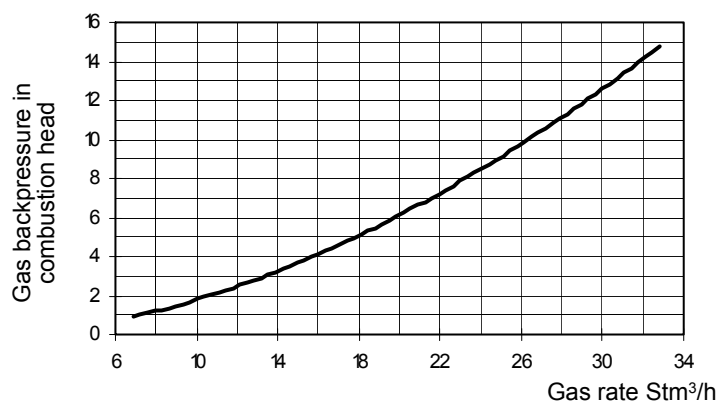


Fig. 5

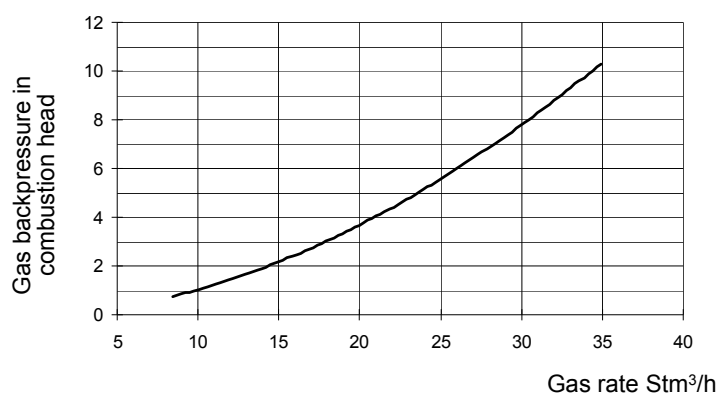
Pressure in the combustion head vs. gas flow rate curves

● Natural gas burners

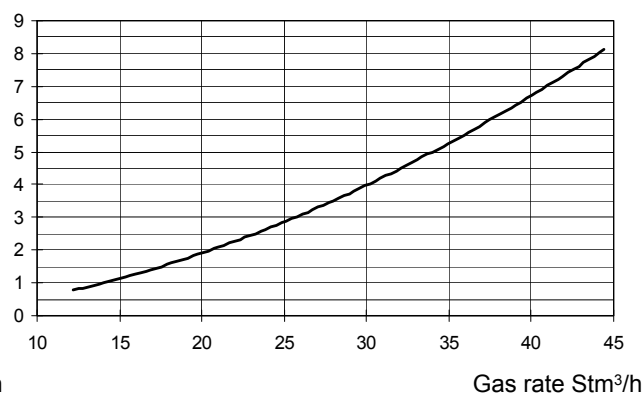
NG280



NG350

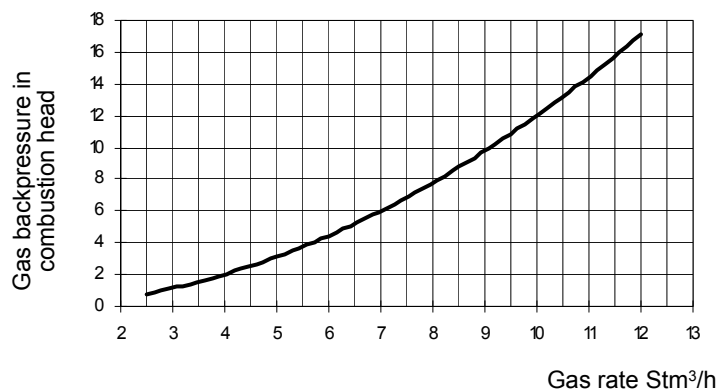


NG400

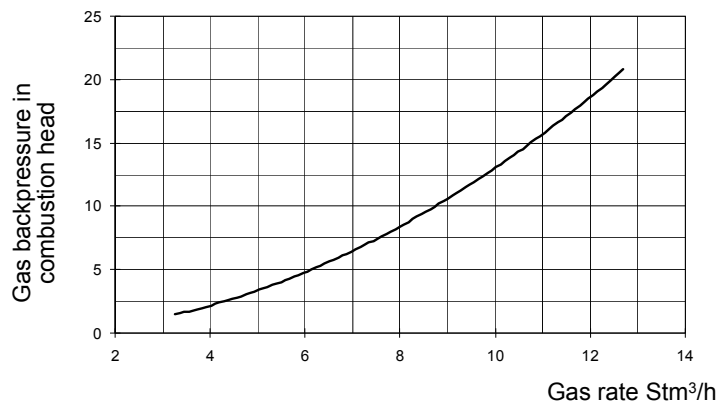


● L.P.G. Burners

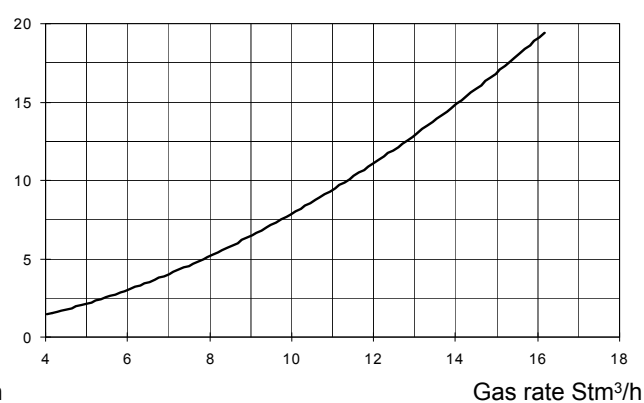
LG280



LG350

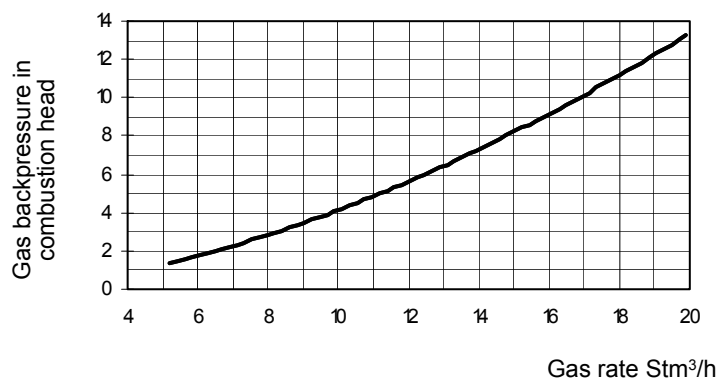


LG400

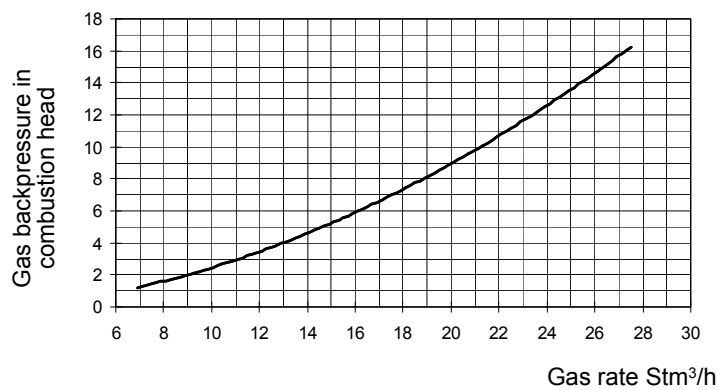


- Low NOx burners

NGX280



NGX350

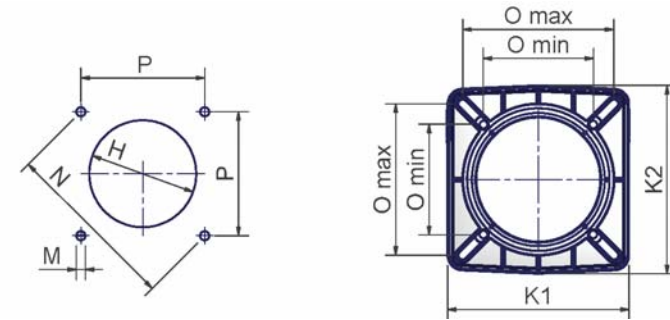
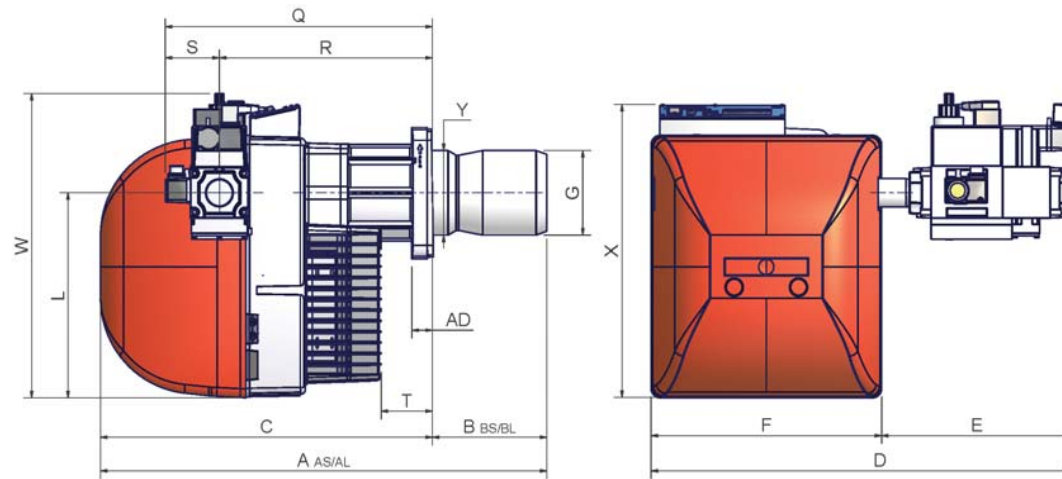


NGX400



Overall dimensions (mm)

• Standard burners



Boiler recommended drilling template and burner flange

| | DN | A(S*) | A(L*) | B(S*) | B(L*) | C | D ±5mm | E ±5mm | F | G | H | Y | K1 | K2 | L | M | N | Omin | Omax | P | Q | R | S | T | W | X |
|------------------|--------------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-----|--------|--------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|------|------|-----|-----|-----|----|-----|-----|-----|
| NG280 M-..PR..Ex | 0.25 (1") | 733 | 878 | 163 | 308 | 570 | 596 | 200 | 396 | 113 | 164 | 108 | 215 | 223 | 348 | M10 | 219 | 131 | 179 | 155 | 459 | 366 | 93 | 128 | 508 | 491 |
| NG280 M-..PR..Ex | 0.32 (1"1/4) | 733 | 878 | 163 | 308 | 570 | 596 | 200 | 396 | 113 | 164 | 108 | 215 | 223 | 348 | M10 | 219 | 131 | 179 | 155 | 459 | 366 | 93 | 128 | 508 | 491 |
| NG280 M-..PR..Ex | 0.40 (1"1/2) | 733 | 878 | 163 | 308 | 570 | 726 | 330 | 396 | 113 | 164 | 108 | 215 | 223 | 348 | M10 | 219 | 131 | 179 | 155 | 459 | 366 | 93 | 128 | 517 | 491 |
| NG280 M-..PR..Ex | 0.50 (2") | 733 | 878 | 163 | 308 | 570 | 726 | 330 | 396 | 113 | 164 | 108 | 215 | 223 | 348 | M10 | 219 | 131 | 179 | 155 | 459 | 366 | 93 | 128 | 567 | 491 |
| NG280 M-..MD..Ex | 0.25 (1") | 733 | 878 | 163 | 308 | 570 | 668 | 200 | 468 | 113 | 164 | 108 | 215 | 223 | 348 | M10 | 219 | 131 | 179 | 155 | 459 | 366 | 93 | 128 | 508 | 491 |
| NG280 M-..MD..Ex | 0.32 (1"1/4) | 733 | 878 | 163 | 308 | 570 | 668 | 200 | 468 | 113 | 164 | 108 | 215 | 223 | 348 | M10 | 219 | 131 | 179 | 155 | 459 | 366 | 93 | 128 | 508 | 491 |
| NG280 M-..MD..Ex | 0.40 (1"1/2) | 733 | 878 | 163 | 308 | 570 | 798 | 330 | 468 | 113 | 164 | 108 | 215 | 223 | 348 | M10 | 219 | 131 | 179 | 155 | 459 | 366 | 93 | 128 | 517 | 491 |
| NG280 M-..MD..Ex | 0.50 (2") | 733 | 878 | 163 | 308 | 570 | 798 | 330 | 468 | 113 | 164 | 108 | 215 | 223 | 348 | M10 | 219 | 131 | 179 | 155 | 459 | 366 | 93 | 128 | 567 | 491 |

| | DN | A(S*) | A(L*) | B(S*) | B(L*) | C | D ±5mm | E ±5mm | F | G | H | Y | K1 | K2 | L | M | N | Omin | Omax | P | Q | R | S | T | W | X |
|------------------|--------------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-----|--------|--------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|------|------|-----|-----|-----|----|----|-----|-----|
| NG350 M-..PR..Ex | 0.25 (1") | 748 | 878 | 178 | 308 | 570 | 596 | 200 | 396 | 125 | 164 | 144 | 215 | 223 | 348 | M10 | 219 | 131 | 179 | 155 | 459 | 366 | 93 | 89 | 508 | 491 |
| NG350 M-..PR..Ex | 0.32 (1"1/4) | 748 | 878 | 178 | 308 | 570 | 596 | 200 | 396 | 125 | 164 | 144 | 215 | 223 | 348 | M10 | 219 | 131 | 179 | 155 | 459 | 366 | 93 | 89 | 508 | 491 |
| NG350 M-..PR..Ex | 0.40 (1"1/2) | 748 | 878 | 178 | 308 | 570 | 726 | 330 | 396 | 125 | 164 | 144 | 215 | 223 | 348 | M10 | 219 | 131 | 179 | 155 | 459 | 366 | 93 | 89 | 517 | 491 |
| NG350 M-..PR..Ex | 0.50 (2") | 748 | 878 | 178 | 308 | 570 | 726 | 330 | 396 | 125 | 164 | 144 | 215 | 223 | 348 | M10 | 219 | 131 | 179 | 155 | 459 | 366 | 93 | 89 | 567 | 491 |
| NG350 M-..MD..Ex | 0.25 (1") | 748 | 878 | 178 | 308 | 570 | 668 | 200 | 468 | 125 | 164 | 144 | 215 | 223 | 348 | M10 | 219 | 131 | 179 | 155 | 459 | 366 | 93 | 89 | 508 | 491 |
| NG350 M-..MD..Ex | 0.32 (1"1/4) | 748 | 878 | 178 | 308 | 570 | 668 | 200 | 468 | 125 | 164 | 144 | 215 | 223 | 348 | M10 | 219 | 131 | 179 | 155 | 459 | 366 | 93 | 89 | 508 | 491 |
| NG350 M-..MD..Ex | 0.40 (1"1/2) | 748 | 878 | 178 | 308 | 570 | 798 | 330 | 468 | 125 | 164 | 144 | 215 | 223 | 348 | M10 | 219 | 131 | 179 | 155 | 459 | 366 | 93 | 89 | 517 | 491 |
| NG350 M-..MD..Ex | 0.50 (2") | 748 | 878 | 178 | 308 | 570 | 798 | 330 | 468 | 125 | 164 | 144 | 215 | 223 | 348 | M10 | 219 | 131 | 179 | 155 | 459 | 366 | 93 | 89 | 567 | 491 |

If PGMAX (maximum pressure switch) is supplied, add 60mm to "D" and "E"

| | DN | A(S*) | A(L*) | B(S*) | B(L*) | C | D | ±5mm | E | ±5mm | F | G | H | Y | K1 | K2 | L | M | N | Omin | Omax | P | Q | R | S | T | W | X |
|------------------|--------------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-----|---|------|---|------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|------|------|-----|-----|-----|----|----|-----|-----|
| NG400 M-..PR..Ex | 0.25 (1") | 768 | 898 | 198 | 328 | 570 | | 596 | | 200 | 396 | 144 | 164 | 144 | 215 | 223 | 348 | M10 | 219 | 131 | 179 | 155 | 459 | 366 | 93 | 89 | 508 | 496 |
| NG400 M-..PR..Ex | 0.32 (1"1/4) | 768 | 898 | 198 | 328 | 570 | | 596 | | 200 | 396 | 144 | 164 | 144 | 215 | 223 | 348 | M10 | 219 | 131 | 179 | 155 | 459 | 366 | 93 | 89 | 508 | 496 |
| NG400 M-..PR..Ex | 0.40 (1"1/2) | 768 | 898 | 198 | 328 | 570 | | 726 | | 330 | 396 | 144 | 164 | 144 | 215 | 223 | 348 | M10 | 219 | 131 | 179 | 155 | 459 | 366 | 93 | 89 | 517 | 496 |
| NG400 M-..PR..Ex | 0.50 (2") | 768 | 898 | 198 | 328 | 570 | | 726 | | 330 | 396 | 144 | 164 | 144 | 215 | 223 | 348 | M10 | 219 | 131 | 179 | 155 | 459 | 366 | 93 | 89 | 567 | 496 |
| NG400 M-..MD..Ex | 0.25 (1") | 768 | 898 | 198 | 328 | 570 | | 668 | | 200 | 468 | 144 | 164 | 144 | 215 | 223 | 348 | M10 | 219 | 131 | 179 | 155 | 459 | 366 | 93 | 89 | 508 | 496 |
| NG400 M-..MD..Ex | 0.32 (1"1/4) | 768 | 898 | 198 | 328 | 570 | | 668 | | 200 | 468 | 144 | 164 | 144 | 215 | 223 | 348 | M10 | 219 | 131 | 179 | 155 | 459 | 366 | 93 | 89 | 508 | 496 |
| NG400 M-..MD..Ex | 0.40 (1"1/2) | 768 | 898 | 198 | 328 | 570 | | 798 | | 330 | 468 | 144 | 164 | 144 | 215 | 223 | 348 | M10 | 219 | 131 | 179 | 155 | 459 | 366 | 93 | 89 | 517 | 496 |
| NG400 M-..MD..Ex | 0.50 (2") | 768 | 898 | 198 | 328 | 570 | | 798 | | 330 | 468 | 144 | 164 | 144 | 215 | 223 | 348 | M10 | 219 | 131 | 179 | 155 | 459 | 366 | 93 | 89 | 567 | 496 |

| | DN | A(S [*]) | A(L [*]) | B(S [*]) | B(L [*]) | C | D | ±5mm | E | ±5mm | F | G | H | Y | K1 | K2 | L | M | N | Omin | Omax | P | Q | R | S | T | W | X |
|--------------------|--------------|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|-----|-----|------|-----|------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|------|------|-----|----|-----|-----|-----|---|---|
| NGX280 M-...PR..Ex | 0.25 (1") | 733 | 878 | 163 | 308 | 570 | 596 | 200 | 396 | 117 | 137 | 108 | 215 | 223 | 348 | M10 | 219 | 131 | 179 | 155 | 459 | 366 | 93 | 128 | 508 | 491 | | |
| NGX280 M-...PR..Ex | 0.32 (1"1/4) | 733 | 878 | 163 | 308 | 570 | 596 | 200 | 396 | 117 | 137 | 108 | 215 | 223 | 348 | M10 | 219 | 131 | 179 | 155 | 459 | 366 | 93 | 128 | 508 | 491 | | |
| NGX280 M-...PR..Ex | 0.40 (1"1/2) | 733 | 878 | 163 | 308 | 570 | 726 | 330 | 396 | 117 | 137 | 108 | 215 | 223 | 348 | M10 | 219 | 131 | 179 | 155 | 459 | 366 | 93 | 128 | 517 | 491 | | |
| NGX280 M-...PR..Ex | 0.50 (2") | 733 | 878 | 163 | 308 | 570 | 726 | 330 | 396 | 117 | 137 | 108 | 215 | 223 | 348 | M10 | 219 | 131 | 179 | 155 | 459 | 366 | 93 | 128 | 567 | 491 | | |
| NGX280 M-...MD..Ex | 0.25 (1") | 733 | 878 | 163 | 308 | 570 | 668 | 200 | 468 | 117 | 137 | 108 | 215 | 223 | 348 | M10 | 219 | 131 | 179 | 155 | 459 | 366 | 93 | 128 | 508 | 491 | | |
| NGX280 M-...MD..Ex | 0.32 (1"1/4) | 733 | 878 | 163 | 308 | 570 | 668 | 200 | 468 | 117 | 137 | 108 | 215 | 223 | 348 | M10 | 219 | 131 | 179 | 155 | 459 | 366 | 93 | 128 | 508 | 491 | | |
| NGX280 M-...MD..Ex | 0.40 (1"1/2) | 733 | 878 | 163 | 308 | 570 | 798 | 330 | 468 | 117 | 137 | 108 | 215 | 223 | 348 | M10 | 219 | 131 | 179 | 155 | 459 | 366 | 93 | 128 | 517 | 491 | | |
| NGX280 M-...MD..Ex | 0.50 (2") | 733 | 878 | 163 | 308 | 570 | 798 | 330 | 468 | 117 | 137 | 108 | 215 | 223 | 348 | M10 | 219 | 131 | 179 | 155 | 459 | 366 | 93 | 128 | 567 | 491 | | |

| | DN | A(S*) | A(L*) | B(S*) | B(L*) | C | D | ±5mm | E | ±5mm | F | G | H | Y | K1 | K2 | L | M | N | Omin | Omax | P | Q | R | S | T | W | X |
|-------------------|--------------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-----|---|------|---|------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|------|------|-----|-----|-----|----|----|-----|-----|
| NGX350 M-..PR..Ex | 0.25 (1") | 748 | 878 | 178 | 308 | 570 | | 596 | | 200 | 396 | 131 | 164 | 144 | 215 | 223 | 348 | M10 | 219 | 131 | 179 | 155 | 459 | 366 | 93 | 89 | 508 | 491 |
| NGX350 M-..PR..Ex | 0.32 (1"1/4) | 748 | 878 | 178 | 308 | 570 | | 596 | | 200 | 396 | 131 | 164 | 144 | 215 | 223 | 348 | M10 | 219 | 131 | 179 | 155 | 459 | 366 | 93 | 89 | 508 | 491 |
| NGX350 M-..PR..Ex | 0.40 (1"1/2) | 748 | 878 | 178 | 308 | 570 | | 726 | | 330 | 396 | 131 | 164 | 144 | 215 | 223 | 348 | M10 | 219 | 131 | 179 | 155 | 459 | 366 | 93 | 89 | 517 | 491 |
| NGX350 M-..PR..Ex | 0.50 (2") | 748 | 878 | 178 | 308 | 570 | | 726 | | 330 | 396 | 131 | 164 | 144 | 215 | 223 | 348 | M10 | 219 | 131 | 179 | 155 | 459 | 366 | 93 | 89 | 567 | 491 |
| NGX350 M-..MD..Ex | 0.25 (1") | 748 | 878 | 178 | 308 | 570 | | 668 | | 200 | 468 | 131 | 164 | 144 | 215 | 223 | 348 | M10 | 219 | 131 | 179 | 155 | 459 | 366 | 93 | 89 | 508 | 491 |
| NGX350 M-..MD..Ex | 0.32 (1"1/4) | 748 | 878 | 178 | 308 | 570 | | 668 | | 200 | 468 | 131 | 164 | 144 | 215 | 223 | 348 | M10 | 219 | 131 | 179 | 155 | 459 | 366 | 93 | 89 | 508 | 491 |
| NGX350 M-..MD..Ex | 0.40 (1"1/2) | 748 | 878 | 178 | 308 | 570 | | 798 | | 330 | 468 | 131 | 164 | 144 | 215 | 223 | 348 | M10 | 219 | 131 | 179 | 155 | 459 | 366 | 93 | 89 | 517 | 491 |
| NGX350 M-..MD..Ex | 0.50 (2") | 748 | 878 | 178 | 308 | 570 | | 798 | | 330 | 468 | 131 | 164 | 144 | 215 | 223 | 348 | M10 | 219 | 131 | 179 | 155 | 459 | 366 | 93 | 89 | 567 | 491 |

| | DN | A(S*) | A(L*) | B(S*) | B(L*) | C | D | ±5mm | E | ±5mm | F | G | H | Y | J | K1 | K2 | L | M | N | Omin | Omax | P | Q | R | S | T | W | X |
|-------------------|--------------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-----|---|------|---|------|-----|-----|-----|-----|---|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|------|------|-----|-----|-----|----|----|-----|-----|
| NGX400 M-..PR..Ex | 0.25 (1") | 768 | 898 | 198 | 328 | 570 | | 596 | | 200 | 396 | 156 | 176 | 156 | - | 215 | 223 | 348 | M10 | 219 | 131 | 172 | 155 | 459 | 366 | 93 | 89 | 508 | 496 |
| NGX400 M-..PR..Ex | 0.32 (1"1/4) | 768 | 898 | 198 | 328 | 570 | | 596 | | 200 | 396 | 156 | 176 | 156 | - | 215 | 223 | 348 | M10 | 219 | 131 | 172 | 155 | 459 | 366 | 93 | 89 | 508 | 496 |
| NGX400 M-..PR..Ex | 0.40 (1"1/2) | 768 | 898 | 198 | 328 | 570 | | 726 | | 330 | 396 | 156 | 176 | 156 | - | 215 | 223 | 348 | M10 | 219 | 131 | 172 | 155 | 459 | 366 | 93 | 89 | 517 | 496 |
| NGX400 M-..PR..Ex | 0.50 (2") | 768 | 898 | 198 | 328 | 570 | | 726 | | 330 | 396 | 156 | 176 | 156 | - | 215 | 223 | 348 | M10 | 219 | 131 | 172 | 155 | 459 | 366 | 93 | 89 | 567 | 496 |
| NGX400 M-..MD..Ex | 0.25 (1") | 768 | 898 | 198 | 328 | 570 | | 668 | | 200 | 468 | 156 | 176 | 156 | - | 215 | 223 | 348 | M10 | 219 | 131 | 172 | 155 | 459 | 366 | 93 | 89 | 508 | 496 |
| NGX400 M-..MD..Ex | 0.32 (1"1/4) | 768 | 898 | 198 | 328 | 570 | | 668 | | 200 | 468 | 156 | 176 | 156 | - | 215 | 223 | 348 | M10 | 219 | 131 | 172 | 155 | 459 | 366 | 93 | 89 | 508 | 496 |
| NGX400 M-..MD..Ex | 0.40 (1"1/2) | 768 | 898 | 198 | 328 | 570 | | 798 | | 330 | 468 | 156 | 176 | 156 | - | 215 | 223 | 348 | M10 | 219 | 131 | 172 | 155 | 459 | 366 | 93 | 89 | 517 | 496 |
| NGX400 M-..MD..Ex | 0.50 (2") | 768 | 898 | 198 | 328 | 570 | | 798 | | 330 | 468 | 156 | 176 | 156 | - | 215 | 223 | 348 | M10 | 219 | 131 | 172 | 155 | 459 | 366 | 93 | 89 | 567 | 496 |

* S = standard blast tube

L = long blast tube

If PGMAX (maximum pressure switch) is supplied, add 60mm to "D" and "E"

MOUNTINGS AND CONNECTIONS

Packing

The burners are despatched in cardboard packages whose dimensions are: 795mm x 490mm x 550mm (L x P x H)

Packing cases of this type are affected by humidity; the maximum number of cases to be stacked is indicated outside the packing.

The following are placed in each packing case.

- Burner with gas train;
- gasket to be inserted between the burner and the boiler;
- envelope containing tis manual

When disposing of the burner packing and if the packing is scrapped follow the procedures laid down in the current legislation regarding the disposal of materials.

Fitting the burner to the boiler

To perform the installation, proceed as follows:

- 1 place the 4 stud bolts on the hole of the boiler's door, according to the burner's drilling plate described on paragraph "Overall dimensions";
- 2 place the gasket on the burner's flange;
- 3 install the burner into the boiler;
- 4 fix the burner to the stud bolts, by means of the fixing nuts, according to Fig. 6.
- 5 After fitting the burner to the boiler, ensure that the gap between the blast tube and the refractory lining is sealed with appropriate insulating material (ceramic fibre cord or refractory cement).

Key

- 1 Burner
- 2 Fixing nut
- 3 Washer
- 4 Sealing gasket
- 5 Stud bolt
- 7 Blast tube

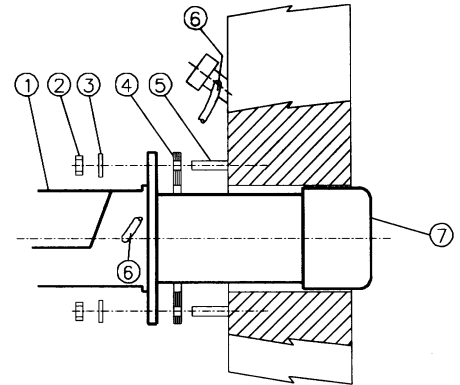


Fig. 6

Matching the burner to the boiler

The burners described in this manual have been tested with combustion chambers that comply with EN676 regulation and whose dimensions are described in the diagram . In case the burner must be coupled with boilers with a combustion chamber smaller in diameter or shorter than those described in the diagram, please contact the supplier, to verify that a correct matching is possible, with respect of the application involved. To correctly match the burner to the boiler verify the necessary input and the pressure in combustion chamber are included in the burner performance curve; otherwise the choice of the burner must be revised consulting the burner manufacturer. To choose the blast tube lenght follow the instructions of the boiler manufacturer. In absence of these consider the following:

- Cast-iron boilers, three pass flue boilers (with the first pass in the rear part): the blast tube must protrude no more than 100 mm into the combustion chamber.
- Pressurised boilers with flame reversal: in this case the blast tube must penetrate at least 50 - 100 mm into combustion chamber in respect to the tube bundle plate.

The length of the blast tubes does not always allow this requirement to be met, and thus it may be necessary to use a suitably-sized spacer to move the burner backwards or to design a blast tube tha suites the utilisation (please, contact the manufacturer).

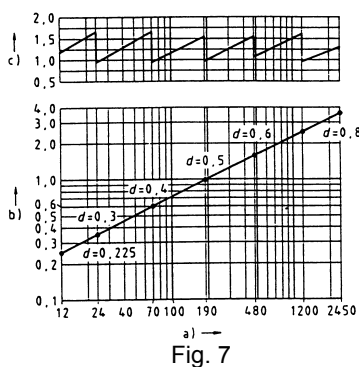


Fig. 7

Key

- a) Heat output in kW
- b) Length of the flame tube in meters
- c) Flame tube firing intensity in MW/m³
- d) Combustion chamber diameter (m)

Fig. 7 - Firing intensity, diameter and lenght of the test flame tube as a function of the heat input in kW.

How to modify the blast tube length (NG/LG350-NG/LG400)

To modify blast tube length please read the following instructions.

- 1 Remove combustion head (See "Removing the combustion head" - Part III of this user's guide).
- 2 Remove the flanged piece **T** by removing the 4 socket head screws **VTF** (Fig. 8).
- 3 Remove the 4 screws which hold the blast tube to the flanged piece (Fig. 9).
- 4 Extract the blast tube from the flanged piece and assemble it in the other way round as shown in pictures Fig. 10 and Fig. 11. Now fasten the two pieces using the same screws.
- 5 Assemble the whole piece to the burner by caring attention to the indication in picture Fig. 13.

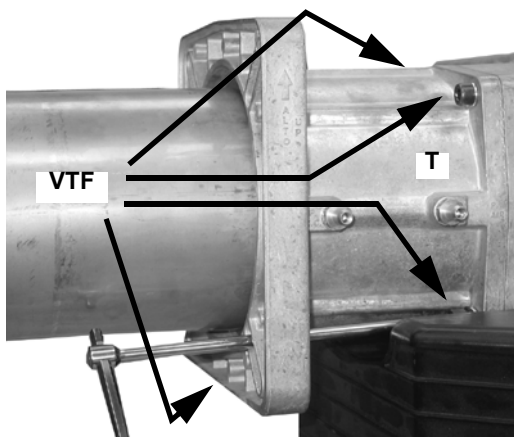


Fig. 8

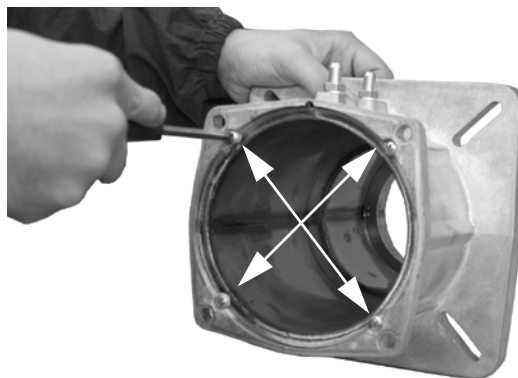


Fig. 9

Fig. 10 - Short blast tube

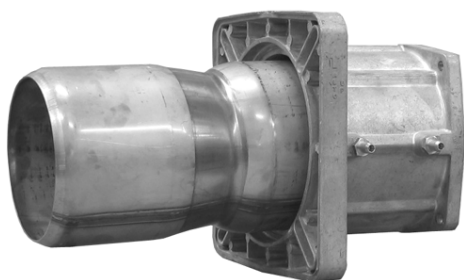


Fig. 11 - Long blast tube

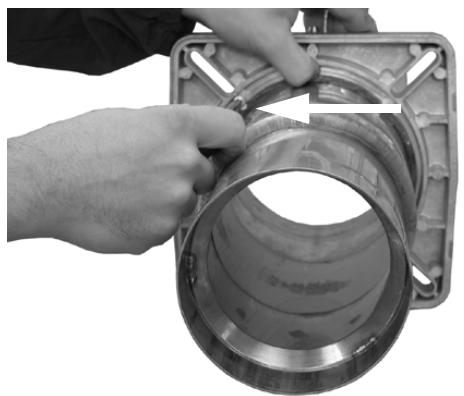


Fig. 12

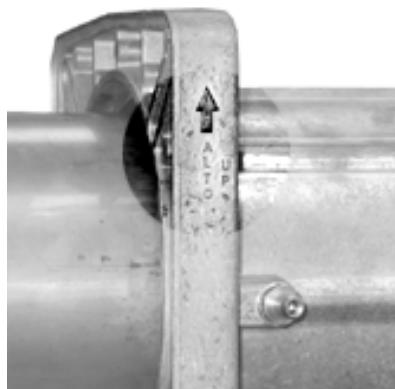


Fig. 13

If you modify the blast tube length you have to modify also the combustion head length by reading the following instructions.

- 1 Remove the screws **V1** and **V2** as shown in Fig. 14.
- 2 Lower the terminal part of the combustion head, by moving it with a slight circular movement, until the holes will match (Fig. 15) and tight the screw shown in Fig. 16.
- 3 Adjust cables length by pulling them very slightly paying particular attention not to disconnect the ionisation cable to the electrode.
- 4 Fix the combustion head again (See "Removing the combustion head").

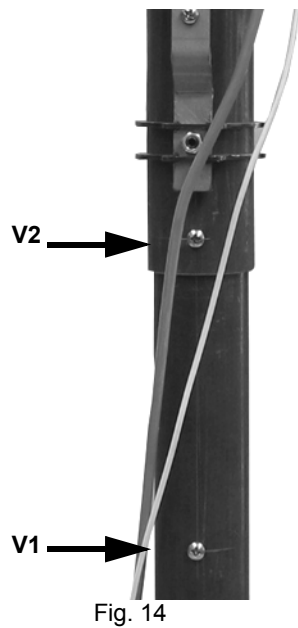


Fig. 14

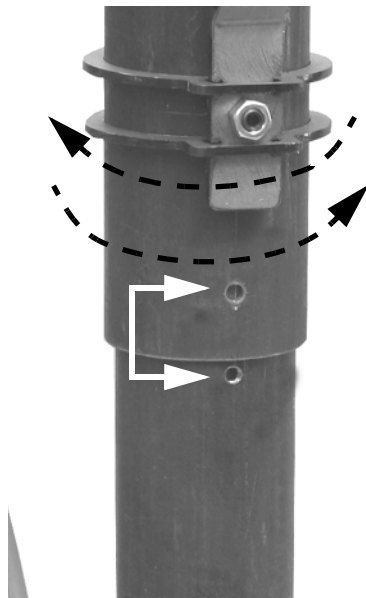


Fig. 15

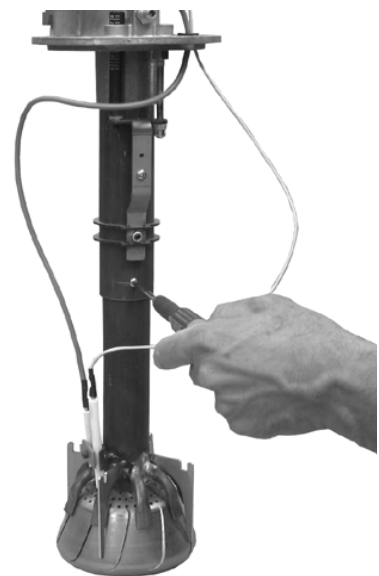


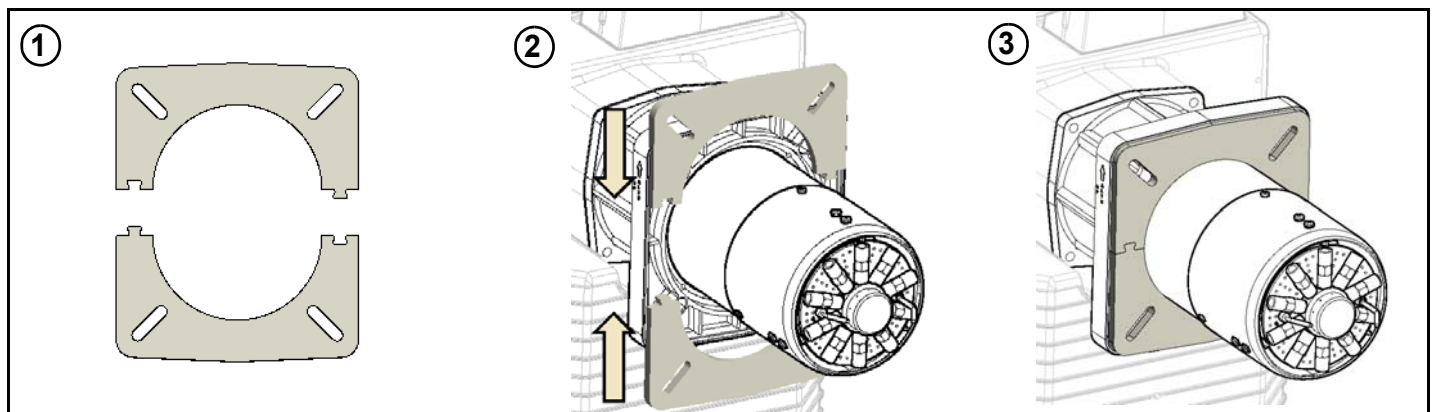
Fig. 16

Gas Train Reversal

For gas train reversal, please contact the burner constructor

Burner gasket (NGX400)

To install the burner gasket proceed as shown by the following images.



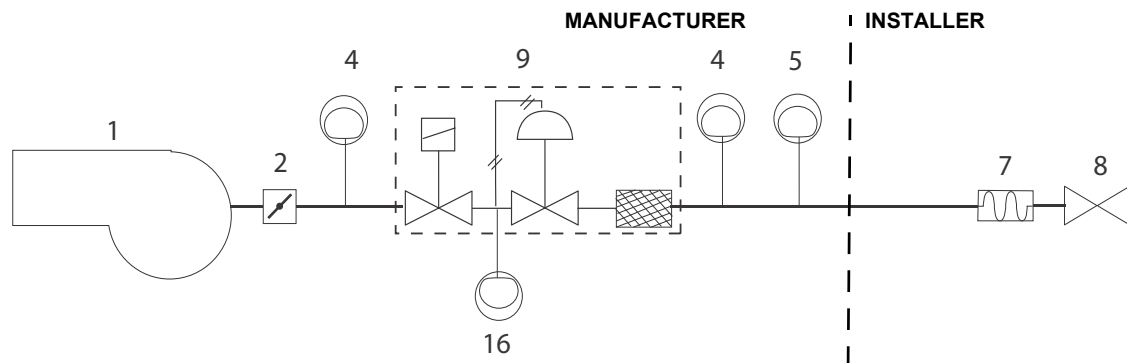
GAS TRAIN CONNECTIONS

This paragraph shows the gas train components which are included in the delivery and those which must be fitted by the customer. The diagram complies with regulations in force



ATTENTION: BEFORE EXECUTING THE CONNECTIONS TO THE GAS PIPE NETWORK, BE SURE THAT THE MANUAL CUTOFF VALVES ARE CLOSED. READ CAREFULLY THE "WARNINGS" CHAPTER AT THE BEGINNING OF THIS MANUAL.

Gas train with valves group MB-DLE (2 valves + gas filter + pressure governor) + VPS504 gas proving system



Key

- 1 Burner
- 2 Butterfly valve
- 4 High gas pressure switch (option*)
- 5 Low gas pressure switch
- 7 Bellows unit
- 8 Manual cutoff valve
- 9 Dungs MB-DLE valves group
- 16 Gas leakage pressure switch

* Note: the maximum gas pressure switch can be mounted either upstream or downstream the gas valve but upstream the butterfly gas valve (see item no.4 in the scheme above).

To mount the gas train, proceed as follows:

- 1) in case of threaded joints: use proper seals according to the gas used;
- 2) fasten all the items by means of screws, according to the next diagrams, observing the mounting direction for each item.

NOTE: the bellow joint, the manual cock and the gaskets are not part of the standard supply.

The procedures of installation for the gas valves are showed in the next paragraph.



ATTENTION: once the gas train is mounted according to the diagram, the gas proving test must be performed, according to the procedure set by the laws in force.



ATTENTION: it is recommended to mount filter and gas valves to avoid that extraneous material drops inside the valves, during maintenance and cleaning operation of the filters (both the filters outside the valves group and the ones built-in the gas valves).

MULTIBLOC DUNGS MB-DLE 405..412

Mounting

1. Mount flange onto tube lines: use appropriate sealing agent (see Fig. 19);
2. insert MB-DLE: note position of O rings (see Fig. 19);
3. tighten screws A, B, C and D (Fig. 17 - Fig. 18), according to the mounting positions (Fig. 20);
4. after installation, perform leakage and functional test;
5. disassembly in reverse order.

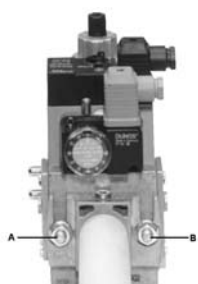


Fig. 17

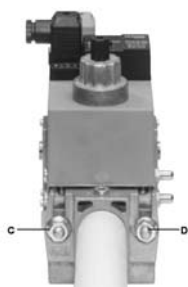


Fig. 18



Fig. 19

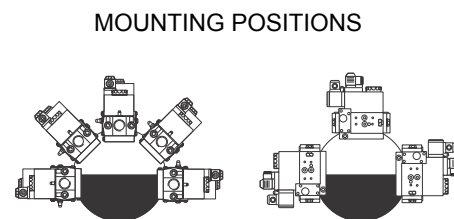


Fig. 20

MULTIBLOC DUNGS MB-DLE 415..420

Mounting

1. Loosen screws A and B **do not** unscrew (Fig. 21 - Fig. 22).
2. unscrew screws C and D (Fig. 21 - Fig. 22).
3. Remove MultiBloc between the threaded flanges (Fig. 23).
4. After mounting, perform leakage and functional tests.

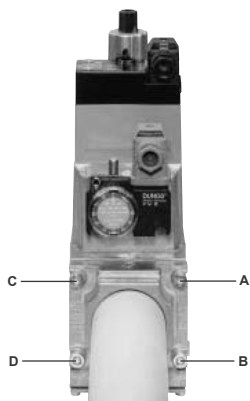


Fig. 21

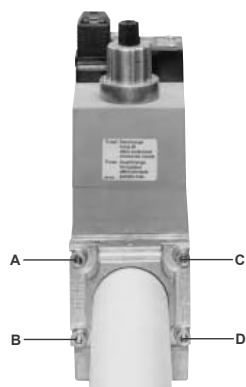


Fig. 22

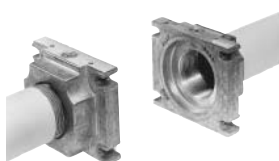


Fig. 23

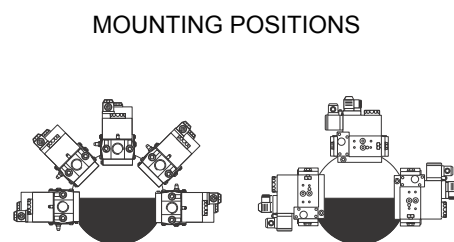


Fig. 24

Once the train is installed, connect the gas valves group plug.

ELECTRICAL CONNECTIONS



RESPECT THE BASIC SAFETY RULES. MAKE SURE OF THE CONNECTION TO THE EARTHING SYSTEM. DO NOT REVERSE THE PHASE AND NEUTRAL CONNECTIONS. FIT A DIFFERENTIAL THERMAL MAGNET SWITCH ADEQUATE FOR CONNECTION TO THE MAINS.



ATTENTION: before executing the electrical connections, pay attention to turn the plant's switch to OFF and be sure that the burner's main switch is in 0 position (OFF) too. Read carefully the chapter "WARNINGS", and the "Electrical connections" section.



WARNING: if the cable that connects the thermostats and the control box should be longer than 3 meters, insert a sectioning relay following the attached electrical wiring diagram.

To execute the electrical connections, proceed as follows:

- 1 find the pulg or the plugs, according to the model, that comes out from the burner:
 - 7 pins plug for the power supply (for all models);
 - 4 pins plug;
 - 3-pins plug (only for NG/NGX400);
- 2 execute the electrical connections to the plugs, according to the burner model (see next paragraph);
- 3 once all the connections are accomplished, check the fan motor direction (see next paragraphs);
- 4 now the burner is ready to start up.



The burner is fitted with a bridge between terminals T6 and T8 on the 4-poles plug-TAB (external side link, male connector); if the TAB high/low flame thermostat must be connected, remove the bridge between terminals, before connecting the thermostat.



WARNING: before operating the burner, be sure all connectors are linked as shown in the diagrams.

Connectors identification

Burner power supply connector

(Fig. 28 - Fig. 30 - Fig. 32)

Probe connection connector

(fully modulating burners, Fig. 34)

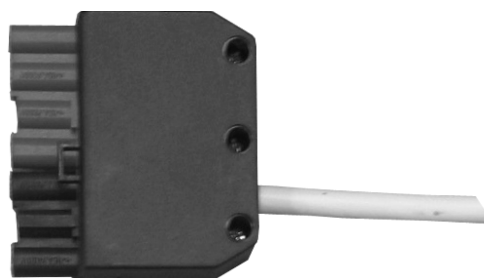


Fig. 25

HIGH/LOW flame connector (Fig. 30)

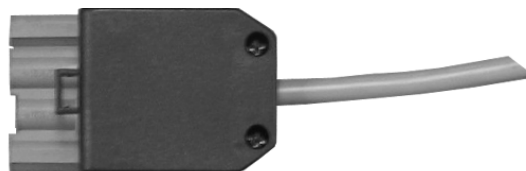


Fig. 26

Fan motor connector (NG/NGX400 only)

(Fig. 29 - Fig. 30 - Fig. 33)

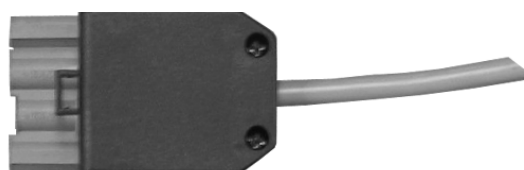


Fig. 27

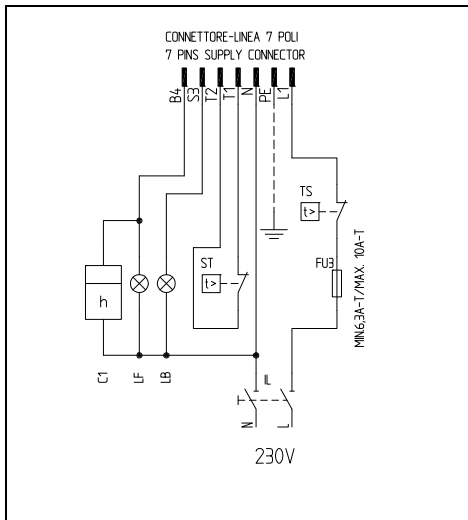


Fig. 28 - 7-pins connector

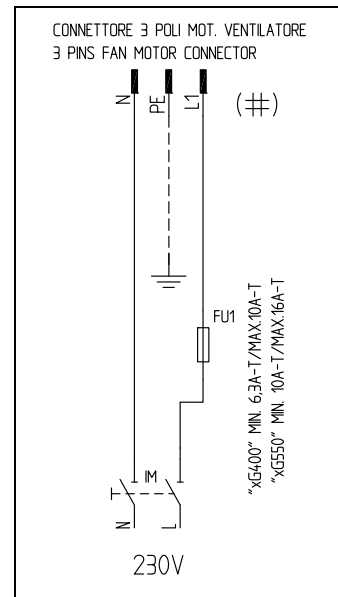


Fig. 29 - Electric motor's 3-pins connector
NG/LG/NGX400

● Progressive burners' connectors:

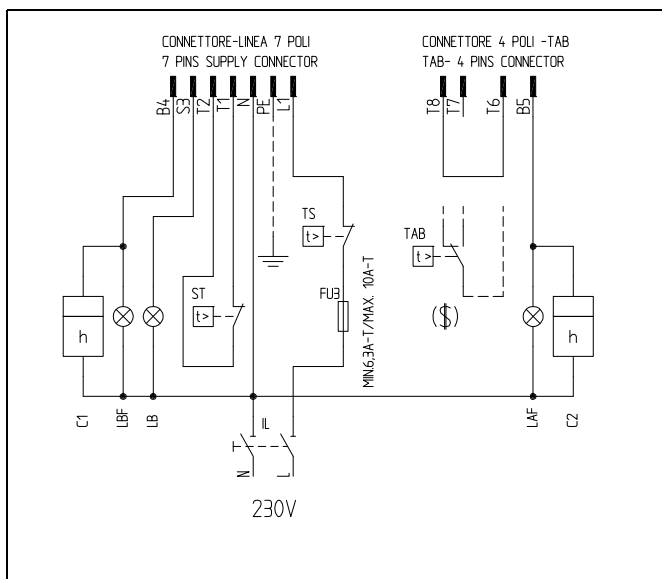


Fig. 30 - 7-pin and 4-pin connectors

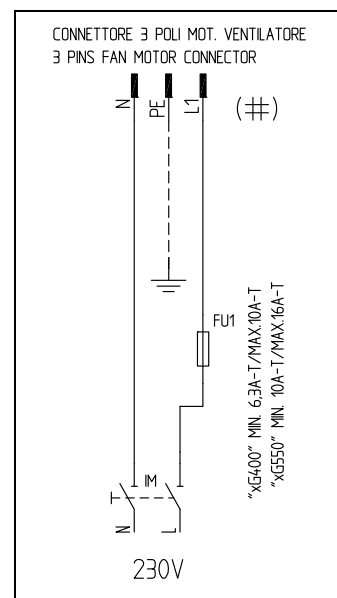


Fig. 31 Electric motor's 3-pin connector for
NG/LG/NGX400

Key

| | |
|-----|--------------------------------------|
| C1 | LOW FLAME TIME METER |
| C2 | HIGH FLAME TIME METER |
| FU1 | FAN MOTOR LINE FUSE |
| FU3 | LINE FUSE |
| IL | BURNER LINE SWITCH |
| IM | FAN MOTOR LINE SWITCH |
| KM1 | FAN MOTOR CONTACTOR |
| LAF | BURNER IN HIGH FLAME INDICATOR LIGHT |
| LB | INDICATOR LIGHT FOR BURNER LOCK-OUT |

| | |
|-------------|---------------------------------------------------------|
| LBF | BURNER IN LOW FLAME SIGNALLING LAMP |
| MV | FAN MOTOR |
| ST | THERMOSTATS O PRESSURE SWITCHES SERIE |
| TAB | HIGH LOW FLAME THERMOSTAT/PRESSURE SWITCH |
| TS | SAFETY THERMOSTAT/PRESSURE SWITCH |
| CONN-MOTORE | FAN MOTOR CONNECTOR |
| CONN-LINEA | BURNER POWER SUPPLY CONNNECTOR |
| CONN-TAB | HIGH-LOW FLAME CONNECTOR |
| (\$) | IF "TAB" USED REMOVE THE BRIDGE BETWEEN TERMINALS T6-T8 |

● **Fully-modulating burners' connectors:**

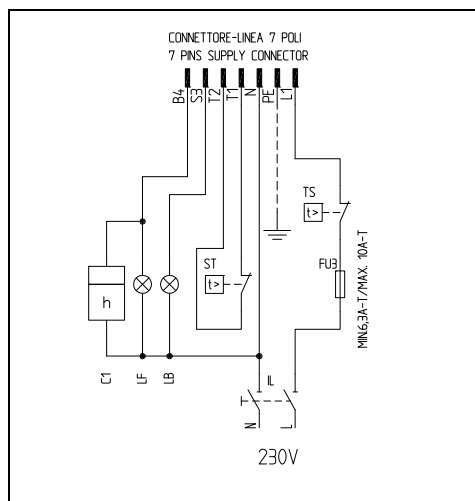


Fig. 32 - 7-pin connector

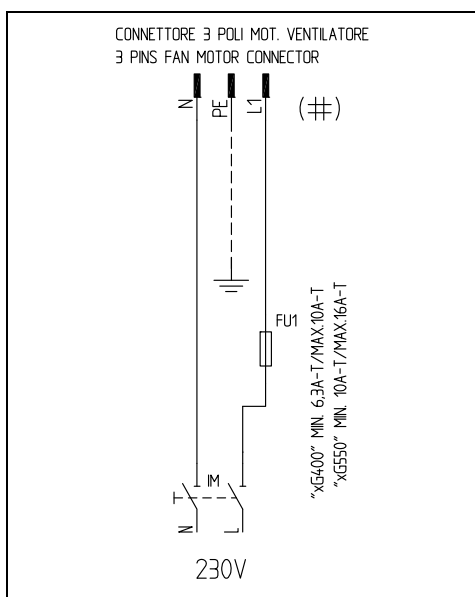


Fig. 33 - Electric motor's 3-pin connector for NG/LG/NGXG400

Key

| | |
|--------------|----------------------------|
| C1 | LOW FLAME TIME METER |
| FU1 | LINE FUSE FOR FAN MOTOR |
| FU3 | LINE FUSE |
| FU4 | AUXILIARY FUSE |
| IL | BURNER LINE SWITCH |
| IM | FAN MOTOR LINE SWITCH |
| KM1 | FAN MOTOR REMOTE CONTACTOR |
| LANDIS RWF40 | MODULATION REGULATOR |

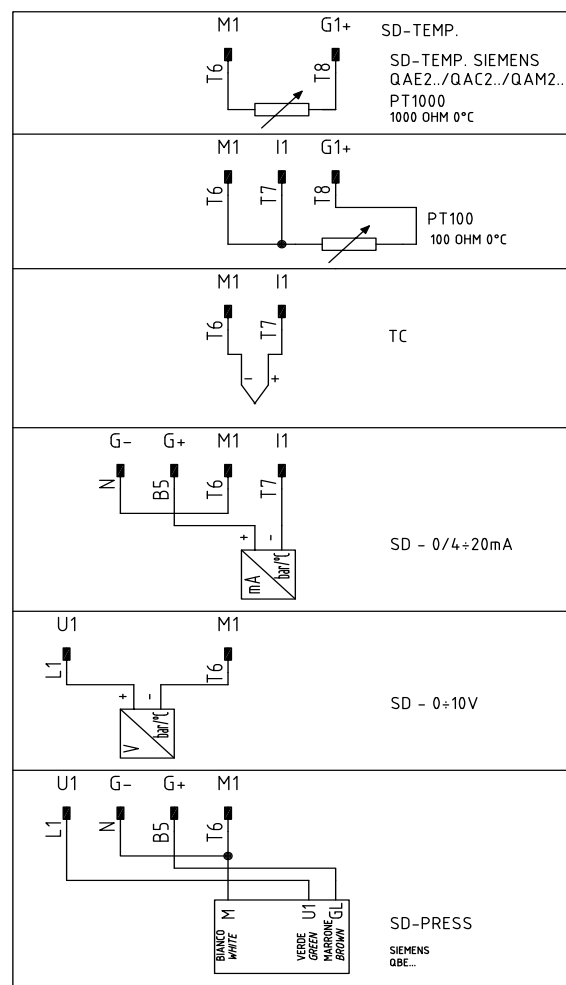


Fig. 34 - Probes connection

| | |
|-------------|----------------------------------------|
| LB | BURNER LOCKOUT SIGNALLING LAMP |
| LBF | BURNER IN LOW FLAME SIGNALLING LAMP |
| MV | FAN MOTOR |
| SD-0÷10V | VOLTAGE SIGNAL |
| SD-0/4÷20mA | CURRENT SIGNAL |
| SD-PRESS | PRESSURE PROBE |
| SMA | MAN/AUTO SELECTOR |
| SMF | OPERATION SELECTOR MIN-0-MAX |
| ST | PRESSURE SWITCHES OR THERMOSTATS SERIE |
| TS | SAFETY THERMOSTAT/PRESSURE SWITCH |

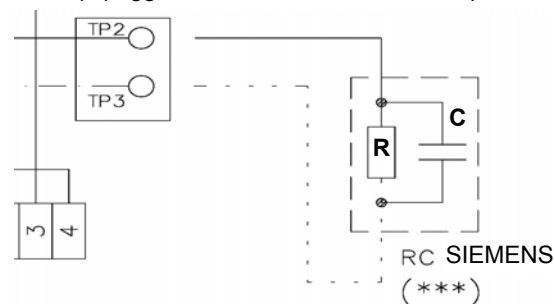
Nota sull'alimentazione elettrica

Nel caso in cui l'alimentazione elettrica degli AUSILIARI del bruciatore fase-fase (senza neutro), per la rilevazione fiamma è necessario collegare il circuito RC Siemens, RC466890660, tra il morsetto di terra e il morsetto 2 della basetta nel caso di LGB e LME2 o morsetto X3-04-4, nel caso di LMV2x, LMV3x, LMV5x, LME7x. Nel caso di bruciatori equipaggiati con LMV5x, consultare le prescrizioni cablaggio di impianto date da Siemens nel CD allegato.

C - Condensatore (22nF/250V)

R - Resistenza (1Mohm)

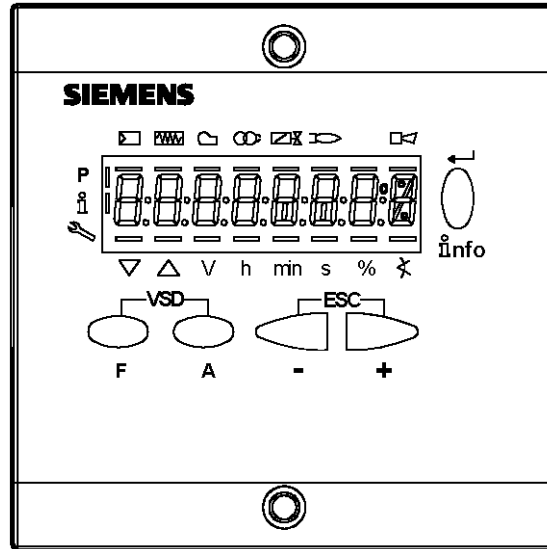
(***) RC466890660 - Circuito RC Siemens (Codice: 2531003)



User interface

The AZL2x.. display is shown below:

The keys functions are the following:



Key F

Used to adjust the “fuel” actuator position (**Fuel**): :

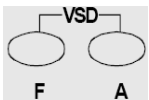
While pressing the **F** key, the “fuel” actuator position can be changed by means of the **+** and **-** keys.



Key A

Used to adjust the “air” actuator position (**Air**):

While pressing the **A** key, the “air” actuator position can be changed by means of the **+** and **-** keys.



Key F + A

While pressing the two keys contemporarily, the **code** message will appear: by entering the proper password it is possible to access the **Service** mode.



Info and Enter keys

Used for **Info** and **Service** menues

Used as **Enter** key in the setting modes

Used as **Reset** key in the burner operation mode

Used to enter a lower level menu



-Key -

Used to decrease a a value

Used to enter Info and Service during the curve adjustments



+Key +

Used to increase a a value

Used to enter Info and Service during the curve adjustments

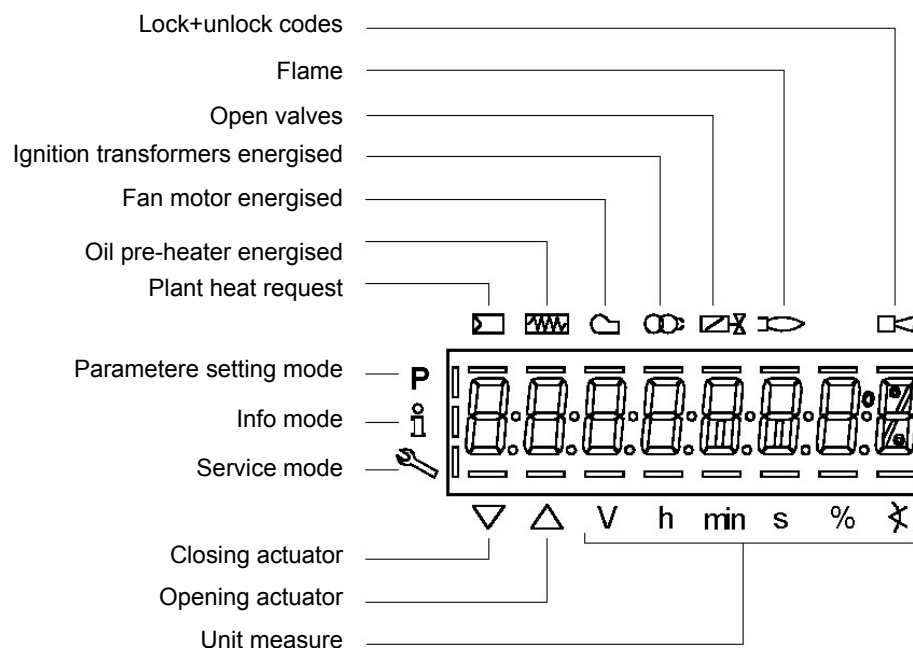


Keys (+ & -) = ESC

By pressing + and - at the same time, the ESCAPE function is performed:

to enter a lower level menu

The display will show these data:



The display will show these data:

Setting menu

The setting menu is divided into different blocks:

| Bloc. | Descrizione | Description | Password |
|-------|-----------------------|----------------|----------------------|
| 100 | Informazioni generali | General | OEM / Service / Info |
| 200 | Controllo bruciatore | Burner control | OEM / Service |
| 400 | Curve rapporto | Ratio curves | OEM / Service |
| 500 | Controllo rapporto | Ratio control | OEM / Service |
| 600 | Servocomandi | Actuators | OEM / Service |
| 700 | Storico errori | Error history | OEM / Service / Info |
| 900 | Dati di processo | Process data | OEM / Service / Info |

The accesses to the various blocks are allowed by passwords. Passwords are divided into three levels:

- User level (info): no password needed
- Service level (Service)
- Manufacturer level (OEM)

PHASES LIST

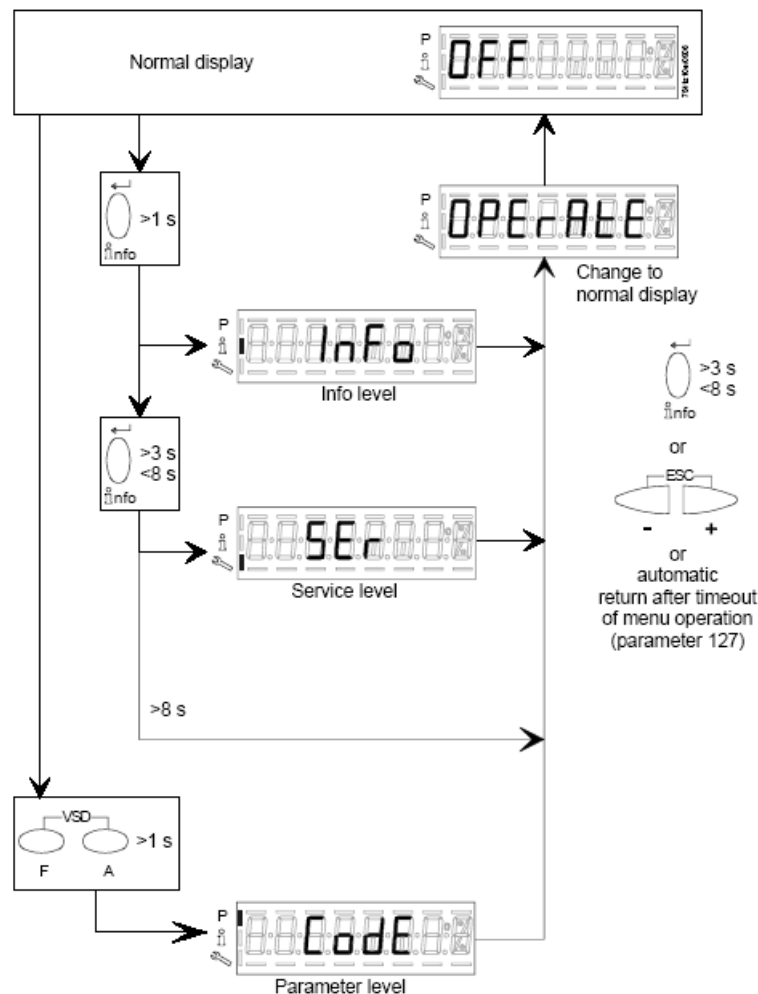
During operation, the following program phases are shown. The meaning for each phase is quoted in the table below

| Fase /Phase | Funzione | Function |
|-------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Ph00 | Fase blocco | Lockout phase |
| Ph01 | Fase di sicurezza | Safety phase |
| Ph10 | t10 = tempo raggiungimento posizione riposo | t10 = home run |
| Ph12 | Pausa | Standby (stationary) |
| Ph22 | t22 = tempo di salita ventilatore (motore ventilatore = ON, valvola intercettazione di sicurezza = ON) | t22 = fan ramp up time (fan motor = ON, safety shutoff valve = ON) |
| Ph24 | Verso posizione preventilazione | Traveling to the prepurge position |
| Ph30 | t1 = tempo preventilazione | t1 = prepurge time |
| Ph36 | Verso posizione accensione | Traveling to the ignition position |
| Ph38 | t3 = tempo preaccensione | t3 = preignition time |
| Ph40 | TSA1 = primo tempo sicurezza (trasformatore accensione ON) | TSA1= 1st safety time (ignition transformer ON) |

| | | |
|------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Ph42 | TSA1 = primo tempo sicurezza (trasformatore accensione OFF) | TSA1 = 1st safety time (ignition transformer OFF) t42 = preignition time OFF |
| Ph44 | t44 = intervallo 1 | t44 = interval 1 |
| Ph50 | TSA2 = secondo tempo sicurezza | TSA2 = 2nd safety time |
| Ph52 | t52 = intervallo 2 | t52 = interval 2 |
| Ph60 | Funzionamento 1 (stazionario) | Operation 1 (stationary) |
| Ph62 | t62 = massimo tempo bassa fiamma (funzionamento 2, in preparazione per spegnimento, verso bassa fiamma) | t62 = max. time low-fire (operation 2, preparing for shutdown, traveling to low-fire) |
| Ph70 | t13 = tempo postcombustione | t13 = afterburn time |
| Ph72 | Verso posizione postcombustione | Traveling to the postpurge position |
| Ph74 | t8 = tempo postventilazione | t8 = postpurge time |
| Ph80 | t80 = tempo evacuazione controllo tenuta valvole | t80 = valve proving test evacuation time |
| Ph81 | t81 = tempo perdita pressione atmosferica, prova atmosferica | t81 = leakage time test time atmospheric pressure, atmospheric test |
| Ph82 | t82 = test perdita, test riempimento | t82 = leakage test filling test, filling |
| Ph83 | t83 = tempo perdita pressione gas, test pressione | t83 = leakage test time gas pressure, pressure test |
| Ph90 | Tempo attesa "mancanza gas" | Gas shortage waiting time |

Entering the Parameter levels

By means of a proper use of the keys, it is possible to enter the various level parameters, as shown in the following flow chart:



The burner and consequently the LMV2x.. are factory set; the air and fuel curves as set as well.

Info level

To enter the **Info** level, proceed as follows:

- 1 in any menu position, press keys **+** and **-** at the same time, then the program will start again: the display will show **OFF**.



- 2 until the display will show **InFo**, Press the **enter (InFo)** key

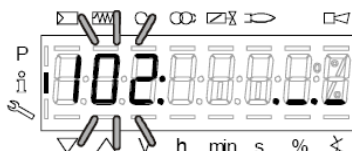


- 3 then it will show the first code (167) flashing, on the right side it will show the data entered. By pressing **+** or **-** it is possible to scroll (up or down) the parameter list.
- 4 If a dot-line is shown on the right, there is no enough room for complete visualisation: press **enter** again the data will be completely shown for 1 to 3 seconds. By pressing **enter** or **+** and **-** at the same time, the system will exit the parameter visualisation and go back to the flashing number.

The **Info** level shows some basic parameters as:

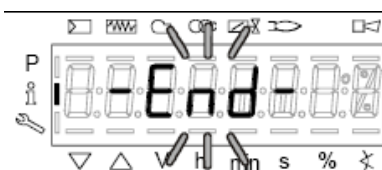
| Parameter | Description |
|-----------|------------------------------------|
| 167 | Cubic meters of fule (resettable) |
| 162 | Operating hours (resettable) |
| 163 | Device operating hours |
| 164 | Burners start-ups (resettable) |
| 166 | Total number of start-ups |
| 113 | Burner number (i.e. serial number) |
| 107 | Software version |
| 102 | Software date |
| 103 | Device serial number |
| 104 | Customer code |
| 105 | Version |
| 143 | Free |

- 5 Example: choose parameter 102 to show the date



the display shows parameter **102** flashing on the left and characters **._._** on the right.

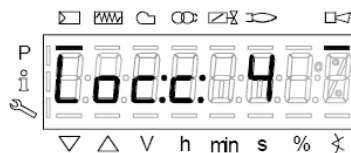
- 6 press **InFo** for 1-3 seconds: the date will appear
- 7 press **InFo** to go back to parameter "102"
- 8 by pressing **+** / **-**, it is possible to scroll up/down the parameter list (see table above), or, by pressing **ESC** or **InFo** for more seconds, the display will show
- 9 Once the last parameter is accessed (143) by pressing **+**, the **End** message will flash.



- 10 Press **InFo** for more than three seconds or for more than three seconds orto return to the normal display.



If a message like the one below is shown during operation,



it means that the burner is locked out and the Error code is shown (in the example “error code:4”); this message is alternating with another message



Diagnostic code (in the example “diagnostic code:3”). Record the codes and find out the fault in the Error table.
To perform the reset, press InFo for one second:



The unit displays an event which does not lead to shutdown.
The display shows current error code **c**: alternating with diagnostic code **d**:



Press **InFo** to return to the display of phases.
Example: Error code **111** / diagnostic code **0**



To reset, press InFo for a second. Record the codes and check the Error List to find the type of faults.

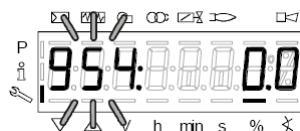
Service level

To enter the Service mode, press InFo until the display will show:

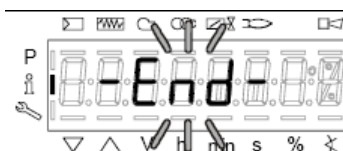



The service level shows all the information about flame intensity, actuators position, number and lock codes:

| Parameter | Description |
|-----------|--------------------------------------------------------|
| 954 | Flame intensity |
| 121 | % output, if set = automatic operation |
| 922 | Actuators position, 00=combustibile; 01= aria |
| 161 | Lock-outs number |
| 701..725 | Lock-outs History (see chapter 23 in the LMV2x manual) |



- 1 .the first parameter will be "954": the percentage of flame is shown on the right. By pressing + or - it is possible to scroll up/down the parameter list.
- 2 Once the last parameter is accessed (143) by pressing + , the **End** message will blink.




- 3 Press **InFo**  for more than three seconds or for more than three seconds orto return to the normal display.



For further nformation, see tha LMV2 related manual.

SETTING GAS AND AIR FLOW RATE

| | |
|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
|  | ATTENTION: before starting the burner up, be sure that the manual cutoff valves are open and check that the pressure upstream the gas train complies the value quoted on paragraph "Technical specifications". Be sure that the mains switch is closed. |
| | ATTENTION: During commissioning operations, do not let the burner operate with insufficient air flow (danger of formation of carbon monoxide); if this should happen, make the gas decrease slowly until the normal combustion values are achieved. |
| | WARNING: NEVER LOOSE THE SEALED SCREWS! OTHERWISE, THE DEVICE WARRANTY WILL BE IMMEDIATELY INVALIDATE! |

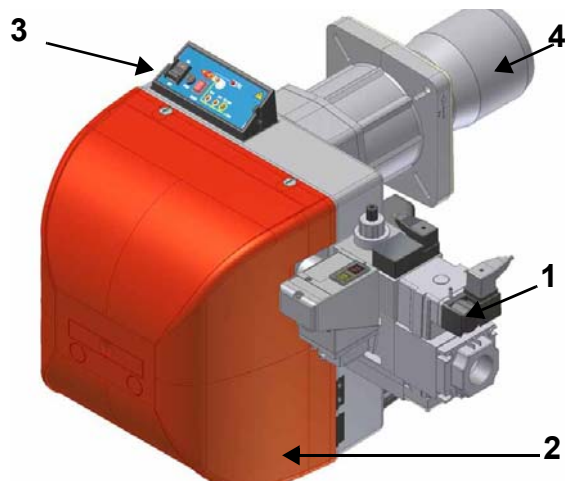


Fig. 35


Keys

- 1 Valve group
- 2 Cover
- 3 Control panel
- 4 Blast tube

To perform the adjustments, unscrew the fixing screws and remove the burner's cover (see Fig. 35-2)

Startup Output

The start-up heat output shall not exceed 120 kW (single stage burners) or 1/3 of nominal output (double-stage, progressive or fully modulating burners). In order to comply with these requirements, burners are provided with butterfly valve and/or slow-opening safety valve. On double-stage, progressive or modulating burners, the low flame output must be higher than the minimum output quoted in the performance curve (page 13).

| | |
|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
|  | IMPORTANT! the combustion air excess must be adjusted according to the in the following chart: |
|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|

| Recommended combustion parameters | | |
|-----------------------------------|---------------------------------|--------------------------------|
| Fuel | Recommended (%) CO ₂ | Recommended (%) O ₂ |
| Natural gas | 9 ÷ 10 | 3 ÷ 4.8 |
| LPG | 11 ÷ 12 | 2.8 ÷ 4.3 |

Adjustments - brief description

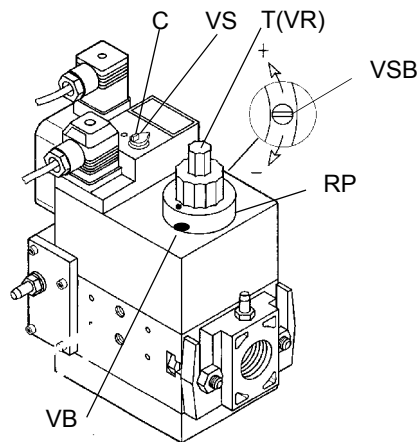
- Check that the combustion parameters are in the suggested limits.
- Check the flow rate measuring it on the counter or, if it was not possible, verifying the combustion head pressure by means of a differential pressure gauge, as described on par. "Measuring the gas pressure in the combustion head" on page 16.
- Then, adjust the combustion by setting the "air/gas ratio" curvepoints (see the LMV2x attached manual).
- Set, now, the low flame output, in order to avoid the low flame output increasing too much or that the flues temperature gets too low to cause condensation in the chimney.

Adjusting procedure

To change the burner setting during the testing in the plant, follows the next procedure, according to the burner operation.

DUNGS MB-DLE gas valves group: Before starting the burner up, adjust the valves group slow opening: to set the slow opening remove cover **T**, reverse it upside down and use it as a tool to rotate screw **VR**. Decrease the ignition flow rate by screwing, increase it by unscrewing. Do not use a screwdriver on the screw **VR**!

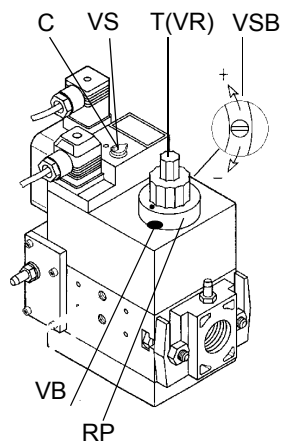
Note: the screw **VSB** must be removed only in case of replacement of the coil (see picture).



Go on adjusting air and gas flow rates: check, continuously, the flue gas analysis, as to avoid combustion with little air; dose the air according to the gas flow rate change following the steps quoted below;

acting on the pressure stabiliser of the valves group, adjust the **gas flow rate in the high flame stage** as to meet the values requested from the boiler/utilisation:

- **Multibloc MB-DLE:** the valve is adjusted by means of the **RP** regulator after slackening the locking screw **VB** by a number of turns. By unscrewing the regulator **RP** the valve opens, screwing the valve closes. The pressure stabilizer is adjusted by operating the screw **VS** located under the cover **C**. By screwing down the pressure is increased and by unscrewing it is reduced. **Note:** the screw **VSB** must be removed only in case of replacement of the coil.



Dungs Multibloc MB-DLE

⚠ Pressure stabiliser is factory-set. The setting values must be locally adapted to machine conditions. Important! Follow the instructions carefully!

Now adjust the pressure switches (see next par.).

Adjusting the combustion head

The burner is adjusted in the factory with the combustion head in the position that refers to the "MAX" output. The maximum output setting refers to the "fully-ahead" position of the combustion head, as far as standard models (Fig. 37), and to "fully-backward" position for low NOx burners (Fig. 38). As for "fully-ahead" position, it means that the head is placed inside the boiler, "fully-backward" position means that the head is towards the operator. As far as the reduced output operation, progressively move the combustion head towards the "MIN" position, rotating clockwise the **VRT** screw (Fig. 36). The **ID** index shows how much the combustion head moved.

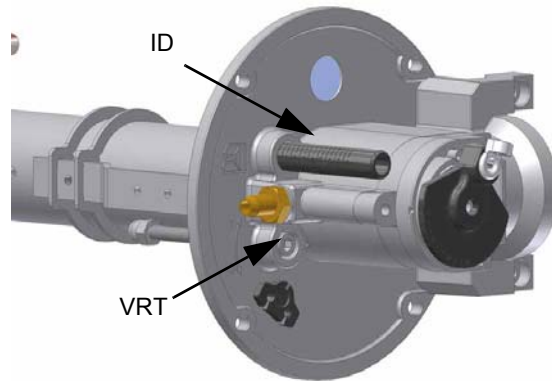


Fig. 36

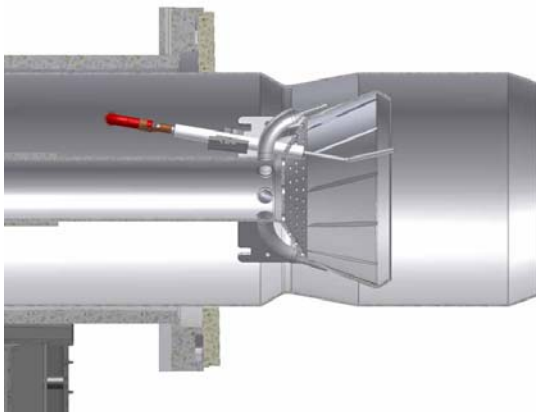


Fig. 37 - Head in "fully-ahead position"

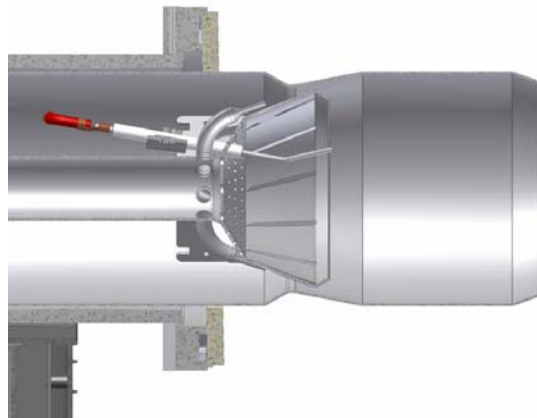


Fig. 38 - Head in "fully-backward position"

Fully modulating burners

To adjust the fully-modulating burners, use the **CMF** switch on the burner control panel (see next picture), instead of the **TAB** thermostat as described on the previous paragraphs about the progressive burners. Go on adjusting the burner as described before, paying attention to use the **CMF** switch instead of **TAB**.

The **CMF** position sets the operating stages: to drive the burner to the high-flame stage, set **CMF=1**; to drive it to the low-flame stage, set **CMF=2**.

To move the adjusting cam set **CMF=1** or **2** and then **CMF=0**.

- CMF = 0 stop at the current position
- CMF = 1 high flame operation
- CMF = 2 low flame operation
- CMF = 3 automatic operation

As for the **RWF** setting, please refer to the related documentation.

Calibration of air and gas pressure switches

The **air pressure switch** locks the control box if the air pressure is not the one requested. If it happens, unlock the burner by means of the control box unlock pushbutton, placed on the burner control panel.

The **gas pressure switches** check the pressure to avoid the burner operate when the pressure value is not in the requested pressure range.

Calibration of air pressure switch

To calibrate the air pressure switch, proceed as follows:

- Remove the transparent plastic cap.
- Once air and gas setting have been accomplished, startup the burner.
- During the pre-purge phase of the operation, turn slowly the adjusting ring nut **VR** in the clockwise direction until the burner lockout, then read the value on the pressure switch scale and set it to a value reduced by 15%.
- Repeat the ignition cycle of the burner and check it runs properly.
- Refit the transparent plastic cover on the pressure switch.
-

Calibration of low gas pressure switch

As for the gas pressure switch calibration, proceed as follows:

- Remove the transparent plastic cap.
- While the burner is operating at the maximum output, test the gas pressure on the low gas pressure switch port.
- Slowly close the manual shut-off valve (placed upstream the pressure switch, see gas train installation diagram), until the measured pressure is reduced by 50%. Pay attention that the CO value in the flue gas does not increase.
- Check that the burner is operating correctly.
- Screw down the pressure switch adjusting ring nut until the burner lockout.
- Fully open the manual shut-off valve.
- Refit the transparent plastic cover on the pressure switch.

Adjusting the maximum gas pressure switch (when provided)

To calibrate the maximum pressure switch, proceed as follows according to its mounting position:

- 1 remove the pressure switch plastic cover;
- 2 if the maximum pressure switch is mounted upstream the gas valves: measure the gas pressure in the network, when flame is off; by means of the adjusting ring nut **VR**, set the value read, increased by the 30%.
- 3 if the maximum pressure switch is mounted downstream the "gas governor-gas valves" group and upstream the butterfly valve: light the burner, adjust it according to the procedure in the previous paragraph. Then, measure the gas pressure at the operating flow rate, downstream the "gas governor-gas valves" group and upstream the butterfly valve; by means of the adjusting ring nut **VR**, set the value read on step 2, increased by the 30%;
- 4 replace the plastic cover.

PGCP Gas leakage pressure switch (with Siemens LDU burner control/Siemens LMV Burner Management System)

- remove the pressure switch plastic cover;
- adjust the PGCP pressure switch to the same value set for the minimum gas pressure switch;
- replace the plastic cover.

LIMITATIONS OF USE

THE BURNER IS AN APPLIANCE DESIGNED AND CONSTRUCTED TO OPERATE ONLY AFTER BEING CORRECTLY CONNECTED TO A HEAT GENERATOR (E.G. BOILER, HOT AIR GENERATOR, FURNACE, ETC.), ANY OTHER USE IS TO BE CONSIDERED IMPROPER AND THEREFORE DANGEROUS.

THE USER MUST GUARANTEE THE CORRECT FITTING OF THE APPLIANCE, ENTRUSTING THE INSTALLATION OF IT TO QUALIFIED PERSONNEL AND HAVING THE FIRST COMMISSIONING OF IT CARRIED OUT BY A SERVICE CENTRE AUTHORIZED BY THE COMPANY MANUFACTURING THE BURNER.

A FUNDAMENTAL FACTOR IN THIS RESPECT IS THE ELECTRICAL CONNECTION TO THE GENERATOR'S CONTROL AND SAFETY UNITS (CONTROL THERMOSTAT, SAFETY, ETC.) WHICH GUARANTEES CORRECT AND SAFE FUNCTIONING OF THE BURNER.

THEREFORE, ANY OPERATION OF THE APPLIANCE MUST BE PREVENTED WHICH DEPARTS FROM THE INSTALLATION OPERATIONS OR WHICH HAPPENS AFTER TOTAL OR PARTIAL TAMPERING WITH THESE (E.G. DISCONNECTION, EVEN PARTIAL, OF THE ELECTRICAL LEADS, OPENING THE GENERATOR DOOR, DISMANTLING OF PART OF THE BURNER).

NEVER OPEN OR DISMANTLE ANY COMPONENT OF THE MACHINE.

OPERATE ONLY THE MAIN SWITCH, WHICH THROUGH ITS EASY ACCESSIBILITY AND RAPIDITY OF OPERATION ALSO FUNCTIONS AS AN EMERGENCY SWITCH, AND ON THE RESET BUTTON.

IN CASE OF A BURNER SHUT-DOWN, RESET THE CONTROL BOX BY MEANS OF THE RESET PUSHBUTTON. IF A SECOND SHUT-DOWN TAKES PLACE, CALL THE TECHNICAL SERVICE, WITHOUT TRYING TO RESET FURTHER.

WARNING: DURING NORMAL OPERATION THE PARTS OF THE BURNER NEAREST TO THE GENERATOR (COUPLING FLANGE) CAN BECOME VERY HOT, AVOID TOUCHING THEM SO AS NOT TO GET BURNT.

OPERATION

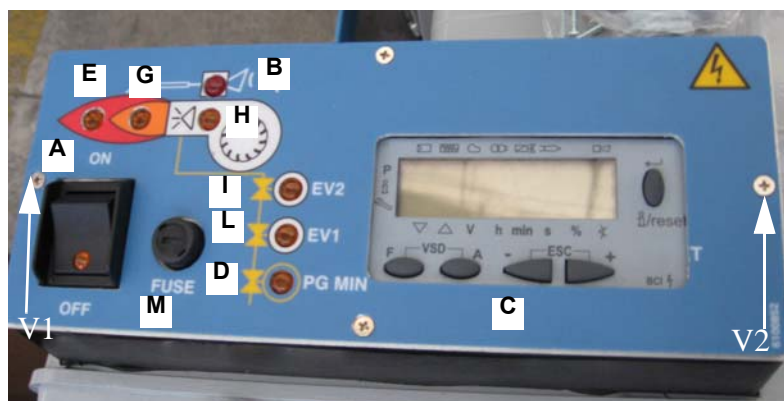


Рис. 39 Burner's control panel



Key -

- A Mains switch ON - OFF
- B Lockout signaling lamp
- C AZL user interface
- D Minimum gas pressure switch consent signaling lamp
- E High flame operation signaling lamp (or air damper opening during pre-purge stage)
- G Low flame operation signaling lamp
- H Ignition transformer in operation signaling light
- I EV2 opening signaling lamp
- L EV1 opening signaling lamp
- M Fuse

OPERATION



ATTENTION: BEFORE STARTING THE BURNER UP, BE SURE THAT THE MANUAL CUTOFF VALVES ARE OPEN AND CHECK THAT THE PRESSURE VALUE UPSTREAM THE GAS TRAIN MATCHES THE VALUE ON PARAGRAPH "TECHNICAL SPECIFICATIONS"). CHECK THAT THE MAINS SWITCH IS CLOSED. CAREFULLY READ THE "WARNINGS" CHAPTER.

- Set to On the A main switch on the burner front panel.
- Check that the control box is not in lockout position (lamp B On), eventually unlock it by pressing the Enter/Info key on the AZL display (for further information on LMV2/AZL, please refer to the related manual).
- Check the thermostat/pressure switches series enables the burner to operate.
- Check that the gas pressure is sufficient (if not the display AZL2.. will show a warning message).
- At the beginning of startup cycle, the actuator drives the air damper to its maximum opening position, then the fan motor starts up: the pre-purging phase starts. During pre-purging, the air damper complete opening is signalled by the lamp F on the front panel.
- At the end of pre-purging, the air damper is driven to ignition position, the ignition transformer is energised (signalled by lamp H on the front panel) and, few seconds later, the EV1 and EV2 gas valves are open (lamp L and I on the front panel).

Few seconds later, after the gas valve opening, then the ignition transformer is de-energised (lamp H turns to off). The burner is now operating in low flame, later on the two-stage operation begins and the burner increases or decreases the output directly controlled by the external thermostat (in the progressive version) or by the output controller (P in the next picture, only for fully-modulating burners).

At least once a year carry out the maintenance operations listed below. In the case of seasonal servicing, it is recommended to carry out the maintenance at the end of each heating season; in the case of continuous operation the maintenance is carried out every 6 months.

| | |
|--|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| | WARNING: ALL OPERATIONS ON THE BURNER MUST BE CARRIED OUT WITH THE MAINS DISCONNECTED AND THE FUEL MANUAL CUTOFF VALVES CLOSED! |
| | ATTENTION: READ CAREFULLY THE “WARNINGS” CHAPTER AT THE BEGINNING OF THIS MANUAL. |

ROUTINE MAINTENANCE

- Clean and examining the gas filter cartridge, if necessary replace it (Fig. 40 on).
- Removal, examination and cleaning of the combustion head.
- Check the ignition and detection electrodes, clean and adjust if necessary (see Fig. 47). In case of doubt, check the detection current according to the schemes in Fig. 51.
- Cleaning and greasing of sliding and rotating parts.

⚠ ATTENTION when servicing, if it was necessary to disassemble the gas train parts, remember to execute the gas proving test, once the gas train is reassembled, according to the procedure imposed by the law in force.

Removing the filter in the **MULTIBLOC DUNGS MB-DLE 405..412**

- Check the filter at least once a year!
- Change the filter if the pressure difference between pressure connection 1 and 3 (Fig. 40-Fig. 41) is $\Delta p > 10$ mbar.
- Change the filter if the pressure difference between pressure connection 1 and 3 (Fig. 40-Fig. 41) is twice as high compared to the last check.

You can change the filter without removing the fitting.

- 1 Interrupt the gas supply closing the on-off valve.
- 2 Remove screws 1 ÷ 4 using the Allen key n. 3 and remove filter cover 5 in Fig. 42.
- 3 Remove the filter 6 and replace with a new one.
- 4 Replace filter cover 5 and tighten screws 1 ÷ 4 without using any force and fasten.
- 5 Perform leakage and functional test, $p_{max.} = 360$ mbar.
- 6 Pay attention that dirt does not fall inside the valve.

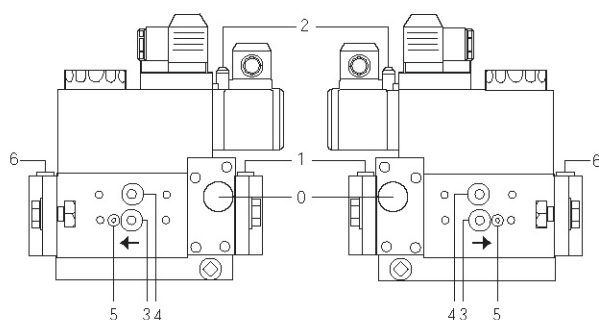


Fig. 40

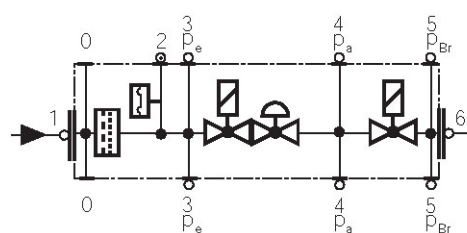


Fig. 41

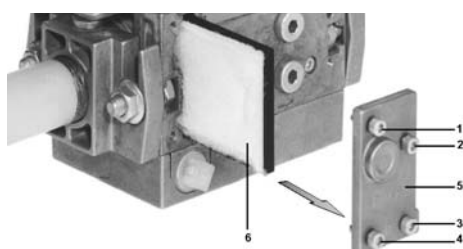


Fig. 42

Removing the filter in the MULTIBLOC DUNGS MB-DLE 415 - 420 B01 1" 1/2 - 2"

- Check the filter at least once a year!
- Change the filter if the pressure difference between pressure connection 1 and 2 (Fig. 43-Fig. 44) $\Delta p > 10$ mbar.
- Change the filter if the pressure difference between pressure connection 1 and 2 (Fig. 43-Fig. 44) is twice as high compared to the last check.

You can change the filter without removing the fitting.

- 1 Interrupt the gas supply closing the on-off valve.
- 2 Remove screws 1 ÷ 6 (Fig. 45).
- 3 Change filter insert.
- 4 Re-insert filter housing, screw in screws 1 ÷ 6 without using any force and fasten.
- 5 Perform leakage and functional test, $p_{\text{max.}} = 360$ mbar.
- 6 Pay attention that dirt does not fall inside the valve.

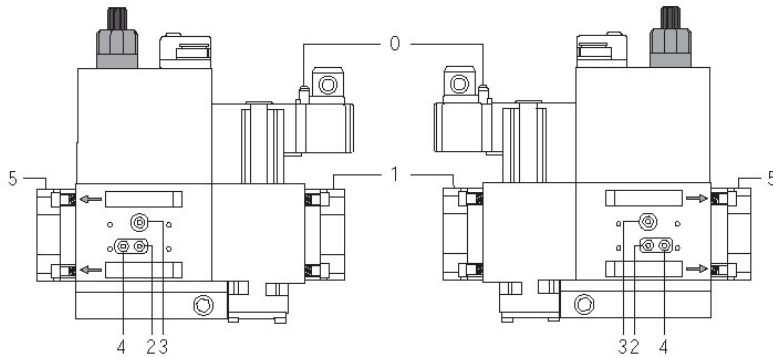


Fig. 43

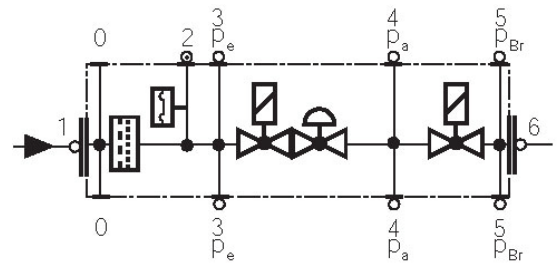


Fig. 44

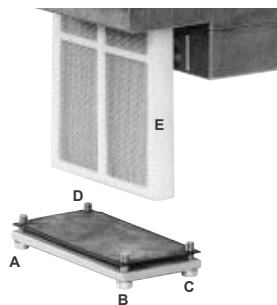


Fig. 45

Removing and cleaning the combustion head

- 1 By means of the plastic hook **G**, unlock the rod **T** (Fig. 46) which drives the butterfly valve (Fig. 46 and Fig. 47), to disconnect it from its seat.
- 2 Remove the screws **V1**, **V2**, **V3**, **V4** and the screws **S1** and **S2** (Fig. 46).
- 3 Disconnect the ignition cable **CA** from the ignition transformer (Fig. 48).
- 4 Disconnect the connector **CR** (Fig. 49).

CAUTION: during the assembling phase, before tightening screws **V1**, **V2**, **V3**, **V4**, mount and tighten screws **S1** and **S2**.

To remove the head, the operator must pull it towards himself. Once the combustion head is removed, check that the air and gas holes are not obstructed (Fig. 49 - **H**). Clean the combustion head by a compressed air blow or, in case of scale, scrape it off by a scratchbrush.

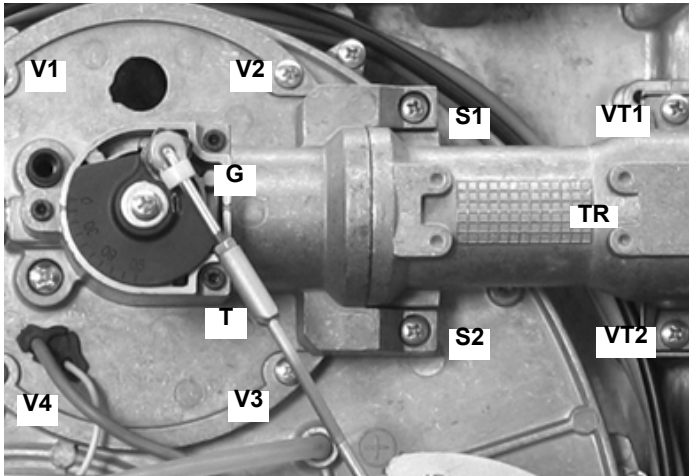


Fig. 46

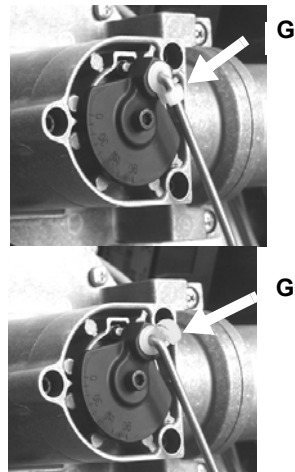


Fig. 47

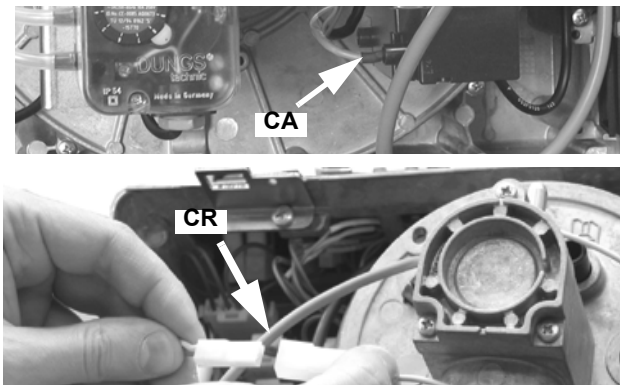


Fig. 48

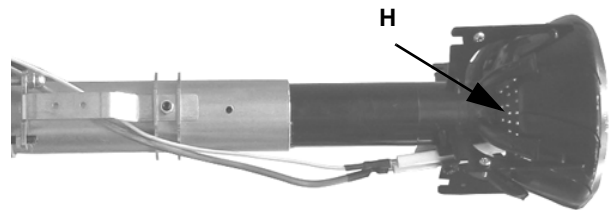


Fig. 49

Adjusting the electrodes position

ATTENTION: avoid the ignition and detection electrodes to get in touch with metallic parts (blast tube, head, etc.), otherwise the boiler's operation would be compromised. Check the electrodes position after any intervention on the combustion head. The gap between the ignition electrode and the ground is **4÷5 mm**.

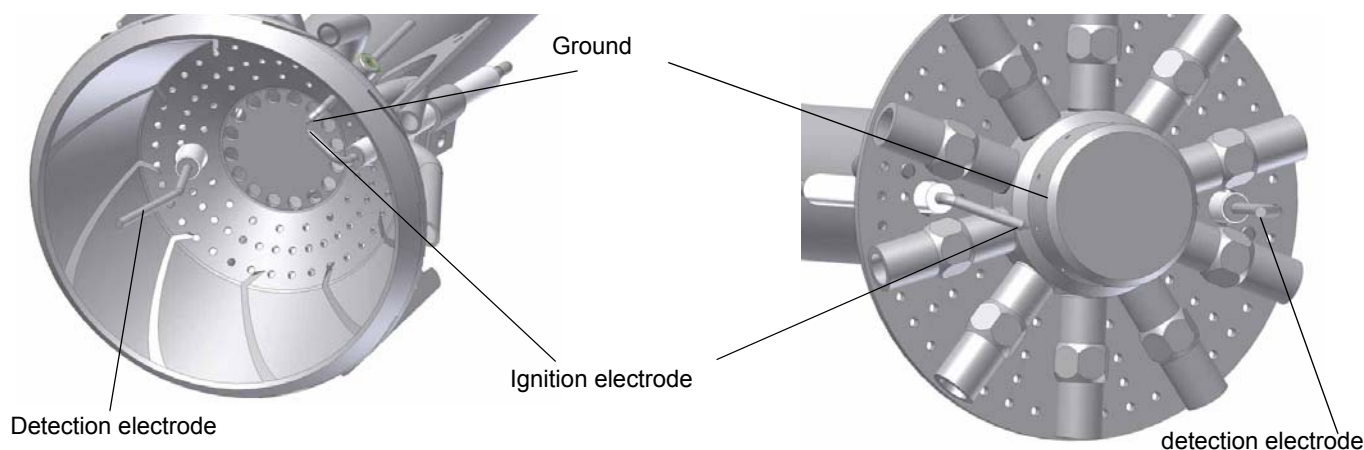


Fig. 50

Checking the detection current

To measure the detection signals refer to the diagrams in the picture below. If the signal is less than the indicated value, check the position of the detection electrode, the electrical contacts and if necessary replace the detection electrode.

| Control box | Minimum detection signal |
|--------------|----------------------------------|
| Siemens LMV2 | 4 μ A (value on display:30%) |

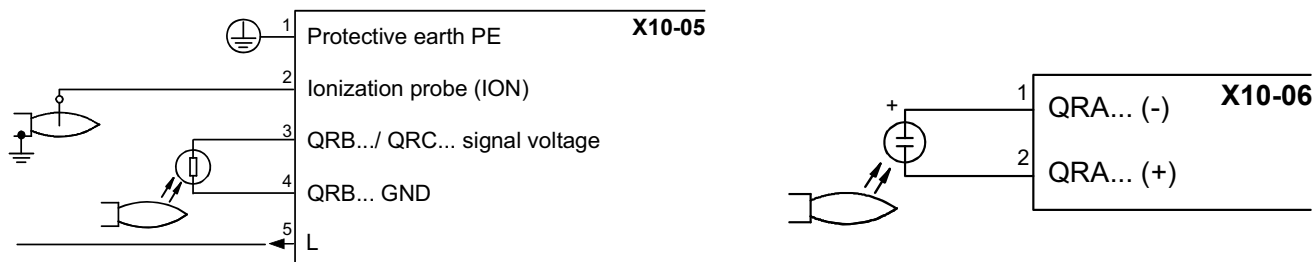


Fig. 51

| Error code | Diagnostic code | Cause |
|------------|-----------------|-----------------------|
| 93 | 3 | Sensore short-circuit |

Permissible length of flame detector cable (laid separately): 3 m (core-earth 100 pF / m).

Extraneous light

Extraneous light during standby (phase 12) leads to start prevention, followed by a restart.

Extraneous light during the prepurge phase leads to immediate lockout.

If extraneous light occurs during the shutdown phase, the system switches to the safety phase.

One repetition is permitted. This means that if the error occurs again the next time the system is shut down, the unit initiates lockout.

Seasonal stop

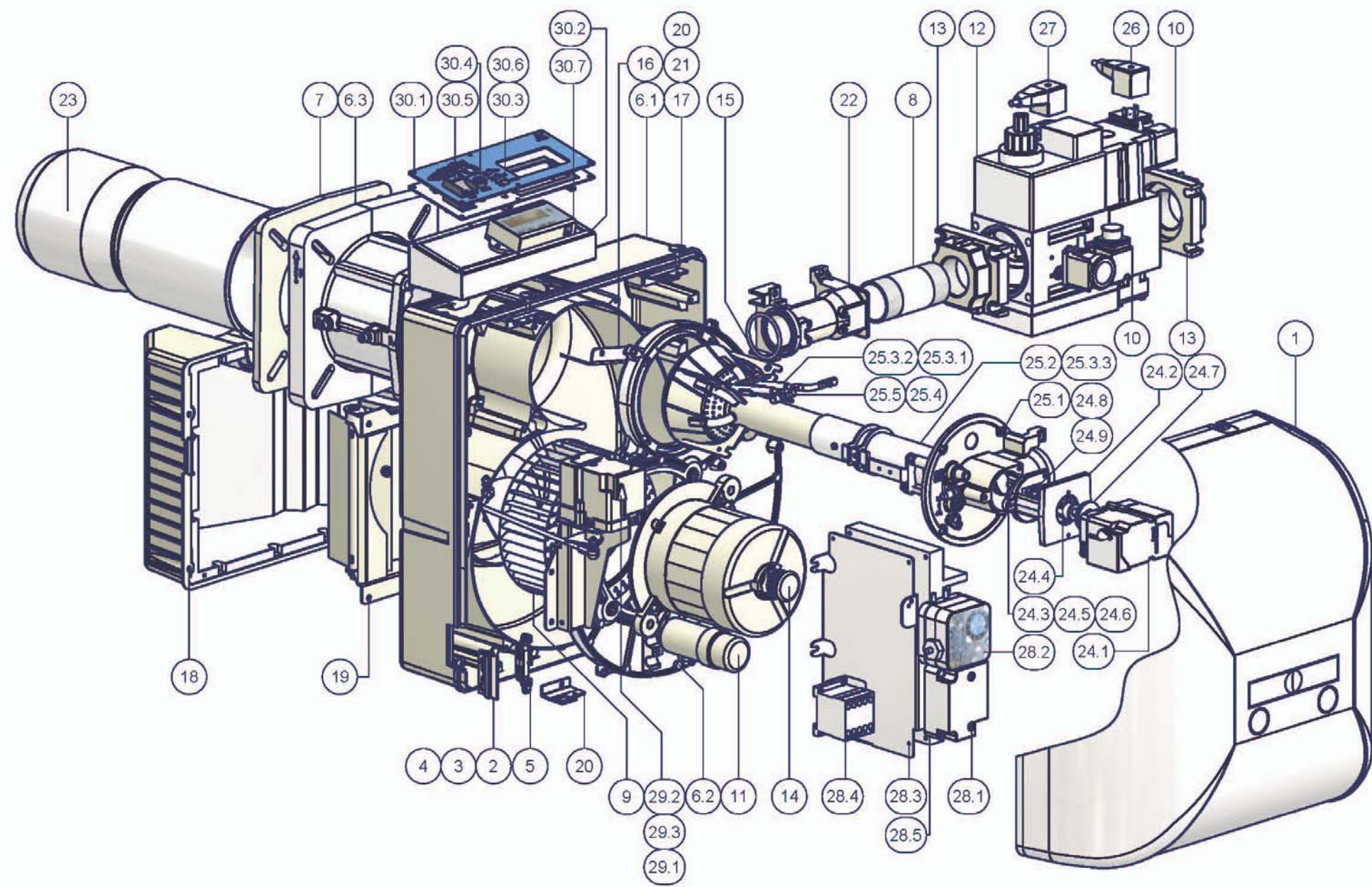
To stop the burner in the seasonal stop, proceed as follows:

- 1 turn the burner main switch to 0 (Off position)
- 2 disconnect the power mains
- 3 close the fuel valve of the supply line

Burner disposal

In case of disposal, follow the instructions according to the laws in force in your country about the "Disposal of materials".

BURNER EXPLODED VIEW



| POS. | DESCRIPTION |
|------|--------------------------------|
| 1 | COVER |
| 2 | FAIRLEAD |
| 3 | FAIRLEAD |
| 4 | FAIRLEAD |
| 5 | FAIRLEAD |
| 6.1 | BURNER HOUSING |
| 6.2 | MOTOR SUPPORT PLATE |
| 6.3 | FLANGED PIPE |
| 7 | GENERATOR GASKET |
| 8 | THREADED GAS PIPE |
| 9 | FAN WHEEL |
| 10 | GAS PRESSURE |
| 11 | MOTOR |
| 12 | GAS VALVES GROUP WITH GOVERNOR |
| 13 | FLANGE |
| 14 | PLUG |
| 15 | O RING |
| 16 | AIR FLAP |
| 17 | COVER FIXING SCREW |
| 18 | AIR INTAKE |
| 19 | AIR INTAKE |
| 20 | BRACKET |
| 21 | BRACKET |
| 22 | GAS MANIFOLD |
| 23 | BLAST TUBE |
| 24.1 | ACTUATOR |
| 24.2 | FLANGE |
| 24.3 | BUTTERFLY GAS VALVE |
| 24.4 | COUPLING |

| POS. | DESCRIPTION |
|--------|----------------------|
| 24.5 | O RING |
| 24.6 | PIN |
| 24.7 | BUSH |
| 24.8 | INDEX LABEL |
| 24.9 | INDEX |
| 25.1 | GAS MANIFOLD |
| 25.2 | HEAD EXTENSION |
| 25.3.1 | DETECTION ELECTRODE |
| 25.3.2 | IGNITION ELECTRODE |
| 25.3.3 | COMBUSTION HEAD |
| 25.4 | IGNITION CABLE |
| 25.5 | DETECTION CABLE |
| 26 | CONNECTOR |
| 27 | CONNECTOR |
| 28.1 | IGNITION TRANSFORMER |
| 28.2 | AIR PRESSURE SWITCH |
| 28.3 | BRACKET |
| 28.4 | CONTACTOR |
| 28.5 | CONTROL BOX |
| 29.1 | ACTUATOR BRACKET |
| 29.2 | ACTUATOR |
| 29.3 | ADJUSTING BUSH |
| 30.1 | FRONT CONTROL PANEL |
| 30.2 | BOARD |
| 30.3 | LIGHT |
| 30.4 | FUSE |
| 30.5 | SWITCH |
| 30.6 | LIGHT |
| 30.7 | CONTROL PANEL |

ELECTRICAL WIRING DIAGRAMS

See the attached wiring diagrams.

Wiring diagram SE04-755 - Progressive burners

Wiring diagram SE04-753 - Fully-modulating burners



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Note: specifications and data subject to change. Errors and omissions excepted.

AZL2x - LMV2x/3x Burner Management System



Service manual

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DANGERS, WARNINGS AND NOTES OF CAUTION

THIS MANUAL IS SUPPLIED AS AN INTEGRAL AND ESSENTIAL PART OF THE PRODUCT AND MUST BE DELIVERED TO THE USER.

INFORMATION INCLUDED IN THIS SECTION ARE DEDICATED BOTH TO THE USER AND TO PERSONNEL FOLLOWING PRODUCT INSTALLATION AND MAINTENANCE.

THE USER WILL FIND FURTHER INFORMATION ABOUT OPERATING AND USE RESTRICTIONS, IN THE SECOND SECTION OF THIS MANUAL. WE HIGHLY RECOMMEND TO READ IT.

CAREFULLY KEEP THIS MANUAL FOR FUTURE REFERENCE.

1) GENERAL INTRODUCTION

- The equipment must be installed in compliance with the regulations in force, following the manufacturer's instructions, by qualified personnel.
- Qualified personnel means those having technical knowledge in the field of components for civil or industrial heating systems, sanitary hot water generation and particularly service centres authorised by the manufacturer.
- Improper installation may cause injury to people and animals, or damage to property, for which the manufacturer cannot be held liable.
- Remove all packaging material and inspect the equipment for integrity.

In case of any doubt, do not use the unit - contact the supplier.

The packaging materials (wooden crate, nails, fastening devices, plastic bags, foamed polystyrene, etc), should not be left within the reach of children, as they may prove harmful.

- Before any cleaning or servicing operation, disconnect the unit from the mains by turning the master switch OFF, and/or through the cut-out devices that are provided.
- Make sure that inlet or exhaust grilles are unobstructed.
- In case of breakdown and/or defective unit operation, disconnect the unit. Make no attempt to repair the unit or take any direct action.

Contact qualified personnel only.

Units shall be repaired exclusively by a servicing centre, duly authorised by the manufacturer, with original spare parts.

Failure to comply with the above instructions is likely to impair the unit's safety.

To ensure equipment efficiency and proper operation, it is essential that maintenance operations are performed by qualified personnel at regular intervals, following the manufacturer's instructions.

- When a decision is made to discontinue the use of the equipment, those parts likely to constitute sources of danger shall be made harmless.
- In case the equipment is to be sold or transferred to another user, or in case the original user should move and leave the unit behind, make sure that these instructions accompany the equipment at all times so that they can be consulted by the new owner and/or the installer.
- For all the units that have been modified or have options fitted then original accessory equipment only shall be used.
- This unit shall be employed exclusively for the use for which it is meant. Any other use shall be considered as improper and, therefore, dangerous.

The manufacturer shall not be held liable, by agreement or otherwise, for damages resulting from improper installation, use and failure to comply with the instructions supplied by the manufacturer. The occurrence of any of the following circumstances may cause explosions, polluting unburnt gases (example: carbon monoxide CO), burns, serious harm to people, animals and things:

- Failure to comply with one of the WARNINGS in this chapter
- Incorrect handling, installation, adjustment or maintenance of the burner
- Incorrect use of the burner or incorrect use of its parts or optional supply

2) SPECIAL INSTRUCTIONS FOR BURNERS

- The burner should be installed in a suitable room, with ventilation openings complying with the requirements of the regulations in force, and sufficient for good combustion.
- Only burners designed according to the regulations in force should be used.
- This burner should be employed exclusively for the use for which it

was designed.

- Before connecting the burner, make sure that the unit rating is the same as delivery mains (electricity, gas oil, or other fuel).
- Observe caution with hot burner components. These are, usually, near to the flame and the fuel pre-heating system, they become hot during the unit operation and will remain hot for some time after the burner has stopped.

When the decision is made to discontinue the use of the burner, the user shall have qualified personnel carry out the following operations:

- a Remove the power supply by disconnecting the power cord from the mains.
- b) Disconnect the fuel supply by means of the hand-operated shut-off valve and remove the control handwheels from their spindles.

Special warnings

- Make sure that the burner has, on installation, been firmly secured to the appliance, so that the flame is generated inside the appliance firebox.
- Before the burner is started and, thereafter, at least once a year, have qualified personnel perform the following operations:
 - a set the burner fuel flow rate depending on the heat input of the appliance;
 - b set the flow rate of the combustion-supporting air to obtain a combustion efficiency level at least equal to the lower level required by the regulations in force;
 - c check the unit operation for proper combustion, to avoid any harmful or polluting unburnt gases in excess of the limits permitted by the regulations in force;
 - d make sure that control and safety devices are operating properly;
 - e make sure that exhaust ducts intended to discharge the products of combustion are operating properly;
 - f on completion of setting and adjustment operations, make sure that all mechanical locking devices of controls have been duly tightened;
 - g make sure that a copy of the burner use and maintenance instructions is available in the boiler room.
- In case of a burner shut-down, reset the control box by means of the RESET pushbutton. If a second shut-down takes place, call the Technical Service, **without trying to RESET further**.
- The unit shall be operated and serviced by qualified personnel only, in compliance with the regulations in force.

3) GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS DEPENDING ON FUEL USED

3a) ELECTRICAL CONNECTION

- For safety reasons the unit must be efficiently earthed and installed as required by current safety regulations.
- It is vital that all safety requirements are met. In case of any doubt, ask for an accurate inspection of electrics by qualified personnel, since the manufacturer cannot be held liable for damages that may be caused by failure to correctly earth the equipment.
- Qualified personnel must inspect the system to make sure that it is adequate to take the maximum power used by the equipment shown on the equipment rating plate. In particular, make sure that the system cable cross section is adequate for the power absorbed by the unit.
- No adaptors, multiple outlet sockets and/or extension cables are permitted to connect the unit to the electric mains.
- An omnipolar switch shall be provided for connection to mains, as required by the current safety regulations.
- The use of any power-operated component implies observance of a few basic rules, for example:
 - do not touch the unit with wet or damp parts of the body and/or with bare feet;
 - do not pull electric cables;

- do not leave the equipment exposed to weather (rain, sun, etc.) unless expressly required to do so;
- do not allow children or inexperienced persons to use equipment;

- The unit input cable shall not be replaced by the user.

In case of damage to the cable, switch off the unit and contact qualified personnel to replace.

When the unit is out of use for some time the electric switch supplying all the power-driven components in the system (i.e. pumps, burner, etc.) should be switched off.

3b) FIRING WITH GAS, LIGHT OIL OR OTHER FUELS

GENERAL

- The burner shall be installed by qualified personnel and in compliance with regulations and provisions in force; wrong installation can cause injuries to people and animals, or damage to property, for which the manufacturer cannot be held liable.
- Before installation, it is recommended that all the fuel supply system pipes be carefully cleaned inside, to remove foreign matter that might impair the burner operation.
- Before the burner is commissioned, qualified personnel should inspect the following:
 - a the fuel supply system, for proper sealing;
 - b the fuel flow rate, to make sure that it has been set based on the firing rate required of the burner;
 - c the burner firing system, to make sure that it is supplied for the designed fuel type;
 - d the fuel supply pressure, to make sure that it is included in the range shown on the rating plate;
 - e the fuel supply system, to make sure that the system dimensions are adequate to the burner firing rate, and that the system is equipped with all the safety and control devices required by the regulations in force.
- When the burner is to remain idle for some time, the fuel supply tap or taps should be closed.

SPECIAL INSTRUCTIONS FOR USING GAS

Have qualified personnel inspect the installation to ensure that:

- a the gas delivery line and train are in compliance with the regulations and provisions in force;
 - b all gas connections are tight;
 - c the boiler room ventilation openings are such that they ensure the air supply flow required by the current regulations, and in any case are sufficient for proper combustion.
- Do not use gas pipes to earth electrical equipment.
 - Never leave the burner connected when not in use. Always shut the gas valve off.
 - In case of prolonged absence of the user, the main gas delivery valve to the burner should be shut off.

Precautions if you can smell gas

- a do not operate electric switches, the telephone, or any other item likely to generate sparks;
 - b immediately open doors and windows to create an air flow to purge the room;
 - c close the gas valves;
 - d contact qualified personnel.
- Do not obstruct the ventilation openings of the room where gas appliances are installed, to avoid dangerous conditions such as the development of toxic or explosive mixtures.

DIRECTIVES AND STANDARDS

Gas burners

European directives:

- Directive 2009/142/EC - Gas Appliances;
- Directive 2006/95/EC on low voltage;
- Directive 2004/108/EC on electromagnetic compatibility

Harmonised standards :

- UNI EN 676 (Gas Burners;-EN 55014-1Electromagnetic compatibility - Requirements for household appliances, electric tools and similar apparatus.
- CEI EN 60335-1(Household and similar electrical appliances - Safety. Part 1: General requirements;
- EN 50165 (Electrical equipment of non-electric appliances for household and similar purposes. Safety requirements.
- EN 60335-2-102 (Household and similar electrical appliances. Safety. Particular requirements for gas, oil and solid-fuel burning appliances having electrical connections)

Light oil burners

European directives:

- Directive 2006/95/EC on low voltage;
- Directive 2004/108/EC on electromagnetic compatibility

Harmonised standards :

- CEI EN 60335-1(Household and similar electrical appliances - Safety. Part 1: General requirements;
- UNI 267 Automatic forced draught burners for liquid fuels
- EN 55014-1Electromagnetic compatibility - Requirements for household appliances, electric tools and similar apparatus.
- EN 50165 (Electrical equipment of non-electric appliances for household and similar purposes. Safety requirements.

National standards :

- UNI 7824: Monobloc nebulizer burners for liquid fuels. Characteristics and test methods

Heavy oil burners

European directives:

- Directive 2006/95/EC on low voltage;
- Directive 2004/108/EC on electromagnetic compatibility

Harmonised standards :

- CEI EN 60335-1 Household and similar electrical appliances - SafetyPart 1: General requirements;
- EN 55014-1Electromagnetic compatibility - Requirements for household appliances, electric tools and similar apparatus.
- EN 50165 Electrical equipment of non-electric appliances for household and similar purposes. Safety requirements.

National standards :

- UNI 7824: Monobloc nebulizer burners for liquid fuels. Characteristics and test methods

Gas - Light oil burners

European directives:

- Directive 2009/142/EC - Gas Appliances;
- Directive 2006/95/EC on low voltage;
- Directive 2004/108/EC on electromagnetic compatibility

Harmonised standards :

- UNI EN 676 Gas Burners
- EN 55014-1Electromagnetic compatibility - Requirements for household appliances, electric tools and similar apparatus.
- UNI 267 Automatic forced draught burners for liquid fuels
- CEI EN 60335-1(Household and similar electrical appliances - Safety. Part 1: General requirements;
- EN 50165 Electrical equipment of non-electric appliances for household and similar purposes. Safety requirements.

National standards :

- UNI 7824: Monobloc nebulizer burners for liquid fuels. Characteristics and test methods

Gas - Heavy oil burners

European directives:

- Directive 2009/142/EC - Gas Appliances;
- Directive 2006/95/EC on low voltage;
- Directive 2004/108/EC on electromagnetic compatibility

Harmonised standards :

-EN 55014-1 Electromagnetic compatibility - Requirements for household appliances, electric tools and similar apparatus.

-UNI EN 676 (Gas Burners;

-CEI EN 60335-1 (Household and similar electrical appliances - Safety. Part 1: General requirements;

- EN 50165 Electrical equipment of non-electric appliances for household and similar purposes. Safety requirements.

National standards :

-UNI 7824: Monobloc nebulizer burners for liquid fuels. Characteristics and test methods

Industrial burners

European directives:

- Directive 2009/142/EC - Gas Appliances;

- Directive 2006/95/EC on low voltage;

- Directive 2004/108/EC on electromagnetic compatibility

Harmonised standards :

-EN 55014-1 Electromagnetic compatibility - Requirements for household appliances, electric tools and similar apparatus.

-EN 50165 Electrical equipment of non-electric appliances for household and similar purposes. Safety requirements.

-UNI EN 746-2: Industrial thermoprocessing equipment


Burner data plate


For the following information, please refer to the data plate:


- burner type and burner model: must be reported in any communication with the supplier
- burner ID (serial number): must be reported in any communication with the supplier
- date of production (year and month)
- information about fuel type and network pressure

| | |
|--------------|----|
| Type | -- |
| Model | -- |
| Year | -- |
| S.Number | -- |
| Output | -- |
| Oil Flow | -- |
| Fuel | -- |
| Category | -- |
| Gas Pressure | -- |
| Viscosity | -- |
| El. Supply | -- |
| El. Consump. | -- |
| Fan Motor | -- |
| Protection | -- |
| Drwaing n° | -- |
| P.I.N. | -- |

SYMBOLS USED

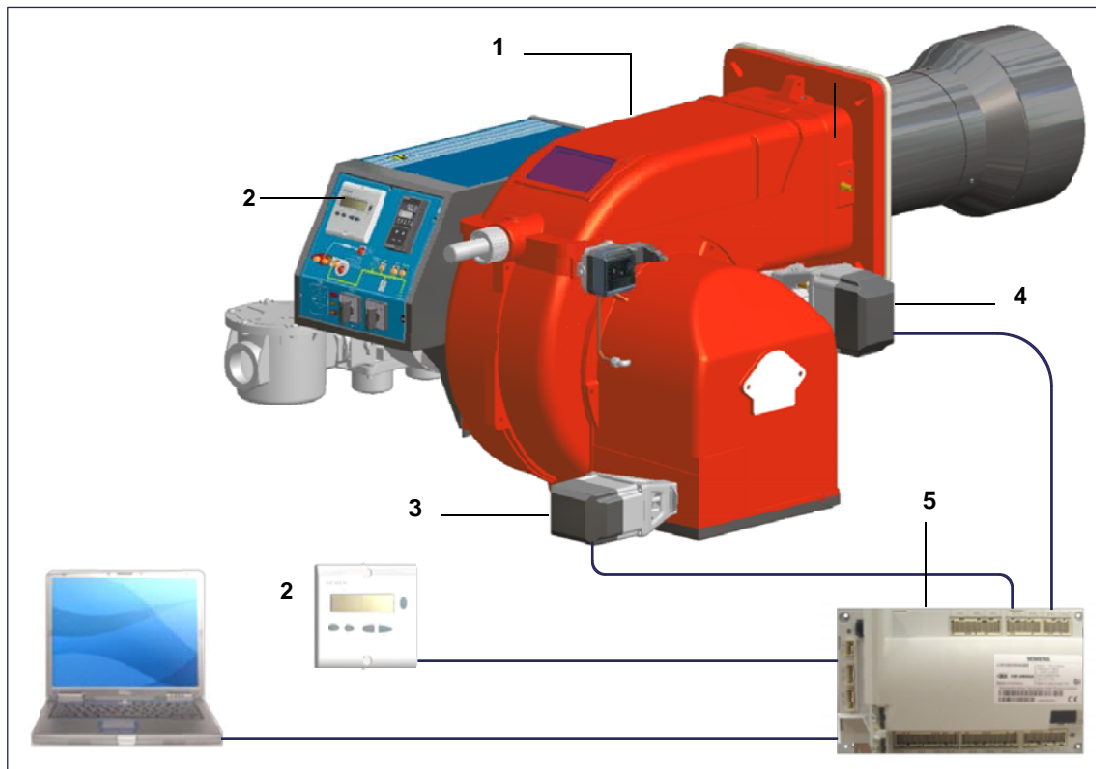
 **WARNING!** Failure to observe the warning may result in irreparable damage to the unit or damage to the environment

 **DANGER!** Failure to observe the warning may result in serious injuries or death.

 **WARNING!** Failure to observe the warning may result in electric shock with lethal consequences

MICROPROCESSOR CONTROLLED SYSTEM

The control system is made of the Siemens LMV central unit that performs all the burner control functions and of the Siemens AZL local programming unit that interfaces the system with the user.

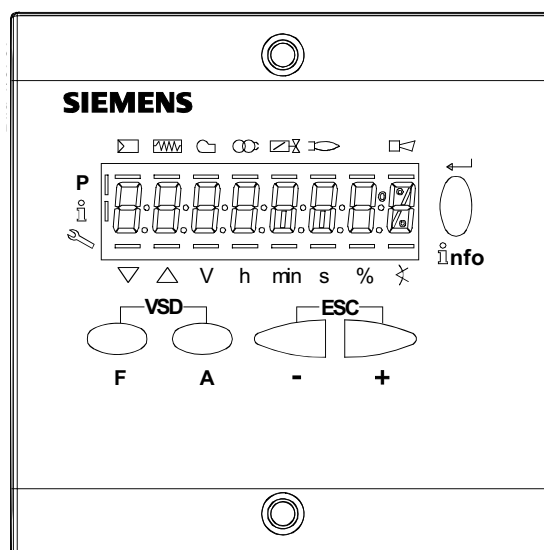


Keys

- 1 Burner
- 2 AZL2..
- 3 Air actuator
- 4 Fuel actuator
- 5 LMV2..

User interface

The AZL2x.. display/programming unit is shown below:



The keys functions are the following:



Key F

Used to adjust the “fuel” actuator position (**Fuel**): :

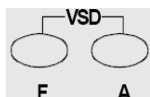
While pressing the **F** key, the “fuel” actuator position can be changed by means of the **+** and **-** keys.



Key A

Used to adjust the “air” actuator position (**Air**):

While pressing the **A** key, the “air” actuator position can be changed by means of the **+** and **-** keys.



Key F + A

While pressing the two keys contemporarily, the **code** message will appear: by entering the proper password it is possible to access the **Service** mode.



Info and Enter keys

Used for **Info** and **Service** menues

Used as **Enter** key in the setting modes

Used as **Reset** key in the burner operation mode

Used to enter a lower level menu



-Key -

Used to decrease a a value

Used to enter Info and Service during the curve adjustments



+Key +

Used to increase a a value

Used to enter Info and Service during the curve adjustments



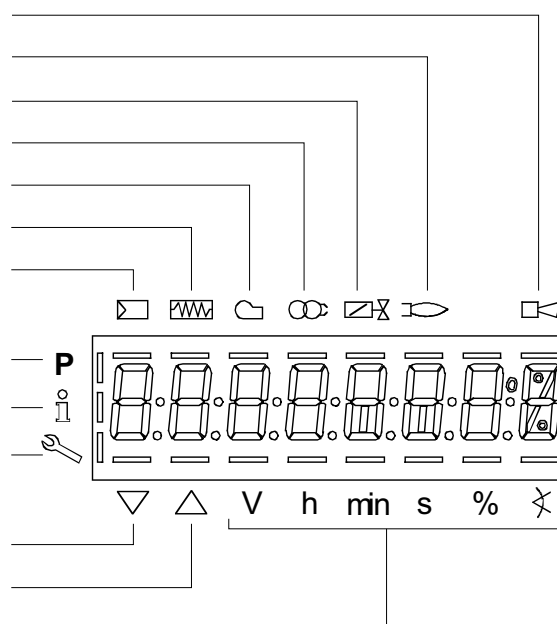
Keys (+ & -) = ESC

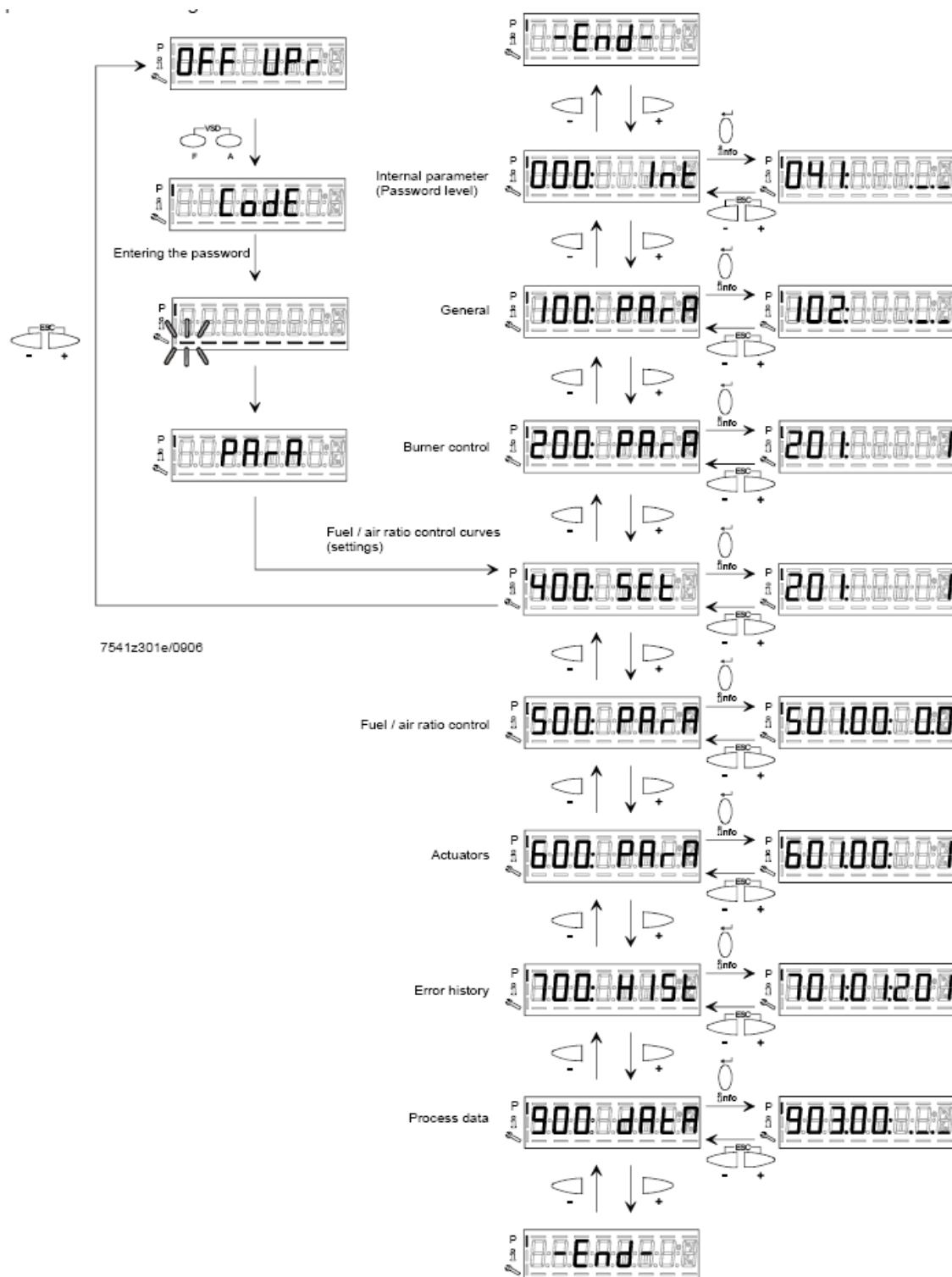
By pressing + and - at the same time, the ESCAPE function is performed:

to enter a lower level menu

The display will show these data:

- Lock+unlock codes
- Flame
- Open valves
- Ignition transformers energised
- Fan motor energised
- Oil pre-heater energised
- Plant heat request
- Parametere setting mode
- Info mode
- Service mode
- Closing actuator
- Opening actuator
- IUnit measure





Setting menu

The setting menu is divided into different blocks:

| Bloc. | Descrizione | Description | Password |
|-------|-------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|----------------------|
| 000 | | Internal parameters | OEM / Service |
| 100 | Informazioni generali | General | OEM / Service / Info |
| 200 | Controllo bruciatore | Burner control | OEM / Service |
| 300 | Controllo bruciatore (solo LMV26) | Burner control (LMV26 only) | OEM / Service |
| 400 | Curve rapporto | Ratio curves | OEM / Service |
| 500 | Controllo rapporto | Ratio control | OEM / Service |
| 600 | Servocomandi | Actuators | OEM / Service |
| 700 | Storico errori | Error history | OEM / Service / Info |
| 900 | Dati di processo | Process data | OEM / Service / Info |

The access to the various blocks is allowed by passwords. Passwords are divided into three levels:

- User level (info): no password needed
- Service level (Service)
- Manufacturer level (OEM)

Block 000: Internal Parameter

| Param. | Descrizione | Description | Password |
|--------|----------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------|
| 041 | Password livello assistenza (ingegnere del calore) | Password heating engineer (4 characters) | OEM |
| 042 | Password livello OEM (costruttore del bruciatore) | Password OEM (5 characters) | OEM |
| 050 | Start backup/restore via AZL2x/PC | Start backup / restore via AZL2.../ PC software (set parameter to 1) Index 0: Create backup Index 1: Execute restore Error diagnostics via negative values (see error code 137) | SO |
| 055 | Identificazione bruciatore (backup dati) | Burner identification of AZL2... backup data set | SO |
| 056 | | ASN extraction of AZL2... backup data set | SO |
| 057 | Versione software creata dal set dati backup | Software version when creating the AZL2... backup data set | Service / Info |

Block 100: General information

| Param. | Descrizione | Description | Password | LMV20 LMV27 | LMV26 | LMV37 |
|--------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------|----------------|-------|-------|
| 102 | Data produzione (in gg-mm-aa) | Identification date (yy-mm-dd) | Service / Info | x | x | x |
| 103 | Numero identificativ | Identification number | Service / Info | x | x | x |
| 104 | Set di parametri preimpostati: codice cliente | Preselected parameter set: customer code | Service / Info | x | x | x |
| 105 | Set di parametri preimpostati: versione | Preselected parameter set: version | Service / Info | x | x | x |
| 107 | Versione softwar | Software version | Service / Info | x | x | x |
| 108 | Variante software | Software variant | Service / Info | x | x | x |
| 113 | Identificativo bruciatore | Burner identification | Service / Info SO password for writing | x | x | x |
| 121 | Potenza manuale Valore "Undefined = automatico Impostare un valore inferiore a = in modo che il display mostri --- altrimenti, il controllore rimarrà sempre in stand-by e il display mostrerà la scritta OFF lampeggiante. | Manual output Undefined = automatic mode | Service / Info | x | x | x |

| | | | | | | |
|-----|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------|---|---|---|
| 125 | Frequenza di rete 0 = 50 Hz 1 = 60 Hz | Mains frequency 0 = 50 Hz 1 = 60 Hz | Service / Info | x | x | x |
| 126 | Luminosità display | Display brightness | Service / Info | x | x | x |
| 127 | Tempo dopo il quale, se non viene premuto nessun tast il software esce dalla modalita programmazione (valore fabbrica = 60min - range impostazione: 10 - 120 min) | Timeout for menu operation (default value = 60min - range: 10 - 120 min) | OEM | x | x | x |
| 130 | Azzeramento Storico errori Impostare prima il parametro a 1 e poi a 2; se compare "0" = lo Storico è stato azzerato se compare "-1" = scaduto tempo sequ. 1_2 | Delete display of error history To delete display : set to 1 then to 2; return value "0" = error history deleted return value "-1" = timeout of 1_2 sequence | OEM / Service | x | x | x |
| 141 | Attivazione comunicazione bus 0 = off 1 = Modbus 2 = riserva | Operating mode BACS 0 = off 1 = Modbus 2 = reserved | OEM / Service | | x | x |
| 142 | Tempo d'arresto in caso di guasto di comunicazione | Setback time in the event of communication breakdown | OEM / Service | | x | x |
| 143 | Riserva | Reserved | Service / Info | | x | x |
| 144 | Riserva | Reserved | OEM / Service | | x | x |
| 145 | Indirizzo dispositivo per Modbus | Device address for Modbus | OEM / Service | | x | x |
| 146 | Velocità di trasmissione per Modbus | Baud rate for Modbus | OEM / Service | | x | x |
| 147 | Parità per Modbus | Parity for Modbus | OEM / Service | | x | x |
| 148 | on una interruzione della comunicazione bus: 0 ... 19.9 = bruciatore spento 20 ... 100 = 20 ... 100% potenza Per il funzionamento multistadio: 0 = bruciatore OFF, P1, P2, P3 non valido = nessun standard di prestazione della LMV. | Performance standard at interruption of communication with building automation For modulation operation the setting range is as follows: 0...19.9 = burner off 20...100 = 20...100% burner rating For multistage operation apply to setting range: 0 = burner OFF, P1, P2, P3 Invalid = no performance standards of the building auto-mation | OEM / Service | | x | x |
| 161 | Numero di avarie | Number of faults | Service / Info | x | x | x |
| 162 | Ore di esercizio (azzerabile da Service) | Operating hours (resettable by Service) | Service / Info | x | x | x |
| 163 | Ore di esercizio (con dispositivo sotto tensione) | Operating hours (when unit is live) | Service / Info | x | x | x |
| 164 | Numero di partenze (azzerabile da Service) | Number of startups (resettable by Service) | Service / Info | x | x | x |
| 165 | Numero di partenze | Number of startups | Service / Info | x | x | x |

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| 166 | Numero totale di partenze (non azzerabile) | Total number of startups | Service / Info | x | x | x |
| 167 | Volume combustibile (azzerabile da OEM) | Fuel volume (resettable by OEM) | Service / Info | x | x | x |
| 172 | Fuel 1(secondo combustibile)Ore di esercizio (azzerabile da Service) | Fuel 1: Operation hours resettable | Service / Info | | x | |
| 174 | Fuel 1 (secondo combustibile) Numero di partenze (azzerabile da Service) | Fuel 1: Number of startups resettable | Service / Info | | x | |
| 175 | Fuel 1 (secondo combustibile) Numero di partenze | Fuel 1: Number of startups | Service / Info | | x | |
| 177 | Fuel 1 (secondo combustibile) Volume combustibile (azzerabile da OEM) | Fuel 1: Fuel volume resettable (m³, l, ft³, gal) | Service / Info | | x | |

Block 200: Burner control

| Param. | Descrizione | Description | Password | LMV20 LMV27 | LMV26 | LMV37 |
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| 201 | <p>Modalità funzionamento bruciatore (rampa combustibile, modulante / multistadio, servo-comandi, ecc.)</p> <p>___ = non definito (cancellazione curve)</p> <p>1 = accensione diretta a gas (G mod)</p> <p>2 = accensione tramite pilota gas con attacco tra le due elettrovalvole EV1/EV2 del gas (Gp1 mod)</p> <p>3 = accensione tramite pilota gas con attacco a monte dell'elettrovalvola EV1 del gas (Gp2 mod)</p> <p>4 = accensione a gasolio - modulante (Lo mod)</p> <p>5 = accensione a gasolio - bistadio (Lo 2 stage)</p> <p>6 = accensione a gasolio - tristadio (Lo 3 stage)</p> <p>7 = accensione diretta a gas - regolazione pneumatica (G mod pneu)</p> <p>8 = accensione tramite pilota gas con attacco tra le due elettrovalvole EV1/EV2 del gas - regolazione pneumatica (Gp1 mod pneu)</p> <p>9 = accensione tramite pilota gas con attacco a monte dell'elettrovalvola EV1 del gas - regolazione pneumatica (Gp2 mod pneu)</p> | <p>Burner operating mode (fuel train, modulating / multistage, actuators, etc..)</p> <p>___ = undefined (delete curves)</p> <p>1 = gas direct ignition (G mod)</p> <p>2 = ignition by gas pilot connected between the two gas solenoid valves EV1/EV2 (Gp1 mod)</p> <p>3 = ignition by gas pilot connected upstream the gas EV1 (Gp2 mod)</p> <p>4 = light oil ignition - modulating (Lo mod)</p> <p>5 = light oil ignition - double stage (Lo 2 stage)</p> <p>6 = light oil ignition - three stage (Lo 3 stage)</p> <p>7 = gas direct ignition - pneumatic regulation (G mod pneu)</p> <p>8 = ignition by gas pilot connected between the two gas solenoid valves EV1/EV2 - pneumatic regulation (Gp1 mod pneu)</p> <p>9 = ignition by gas pilot connected upstream the gas EV1 - pneumatic regulation (Gp2 mod pneu)</p> | OEM / Service | x | x | x |
| | <p>10 = olio modulante con accensione tramite pilota (LOGp mod)</p> <p>11 = olio 2 stadi con accensione tramite pilota (LOGp 2-stage)</p> <p>12 = olio modulante con 2 valvole combustibile (LOmod 2 valvole)</p> <p>13 = olio modulante con 2 valvole combustibile e con accensione tramite pilota (LOGp 2 valvole)</p> <p>14 = gas modulante pneumatico senza servomotori (Gmod pneu)</p> | <p>10 = LoGp mod</p> <p>11 = LoGp 2-stage</p> <p>12 = Lo mod 2 fuel valves</p> <p>13 = LoGp mod 2 fuel valves</p> <p>14 = G mod pneu without actuator</p> | | | | |

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| | 15 = gas rampa Gp1 modulante pneumatico senza servomotori (Gp1 mod pneu) 16 = gas rampa Gp2 modulante pneumatico senza servomotori (Gp2 mod pneu) 17 = olio LO 2 stadi senza servomotori 18 = olio LO 3 stadi senza servomotori 19 = gas Gmod con solo servomotore gas 20 = gas Gp1 mod con solo servomotore gas 21 = gas Gp2 mod con solo servomotore gas 22 = olio LO mod con solo servomotore olio | 15 = Gp1 mod pneu without actuator 16 = Gp2 mod pneu without actuator 17 = Lo 2-stage without actuator 18 = Lo 3-stage without actuator 19 = G mod gas actuator only 20 = Gp1 mod gas actuator only 21 = Gp2 mod gas actuator only 22 = Lo mod oil actuator only | | | | |
| 208 | Stop programma 0 = non attivo 1 = posizione preventilazione (Ph24 - fase 24 del programma) 2 = posizione accensione (Ph36 - fase 36 del programma) 3 = intervallo di tempo 1 (Ph44 - fase 44 del programma) 4 = intervallo di tempo 2 (Ph52 - fase 52 del programma) | Program stop 0 = deactivated 1 = pre-purge position (Ph24 - program phase 24) 2 = ignition position (Ph36 - program phase 36) 3 = interval 1 (Ph44 - program phase 44) 4 = interval 2 (Ph52 - program phase 52) | OEM / Service | x | x | x |
| 210 | Allarme impedimento avviamento 0 = non attivo 1 = attivo | Alarm in the event of start prevention 0 = deactivated 1 = activated | OEM / Service | x | x | x |
| 211 | Tempo aumento giri ventilatore (valore fabbrica = 2s - range impostazione: 2 - 60 s) | Fan ramp up time (default value = 2s - range: 2 - 60 s) | OEM / Service | x | x | x |
| 212 | Tempo massimo raggiungimento bassa fiamma (valore fabbrica = 45 s - range impostazione: 0.2 s - 10 min) Stabilisce il massimo intervallo di tempo durante il quale il bruciatore raggiunge la minima potenza e poi si spegne | Maximum time down to low-fire (default value = 45 s - range: 0.2 s - 10 min) It states the maximum time interval during which the burner drives to the low output and then turns off | OEM / Service | | x | |
| 213 | Tempo minimo raggiungimento posizione di stand by (valore fabbrica = 2 s - range impostazione: 2 - 60 s) | Min. time home run (default value = 2 s - range: 2 - 60 s) | OEM | x | x | x |
| 214 | Tempo massimo inizio partenza | Max. time start release | OEM | x | x | x |
| 215 | Limite ripetizioni catena di sicurezza (valore fabbrica = 16 - range impostazione: 1 - 16) | Repetition limit safety loop (default value = 16 - range: 1 - 16) | OEM / Service | x | x | x |
| 217 | Tempo massimo per rilevazione segnale (valore fabbrica = 30s - range impostazione: 5s - 10 min) | Max. time to detector signal (default value = 30s - range: 5s - 10 min) | OEM | x | x | x |

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| 221 | Gas: sonda rilevazione fiamma attivo (valore fabbrica = 1) | Gas: active detector flame evaluation (default value = 1) 0 = QRB../QRC.. 1 = ION / QRA.. | OEM / Service | x | x | x |
| 222 | Gas: Preventilazione (valore fabbrica = 1) 1 = attivo 0 = non attivo ATTENZIONE : In ambito civile la norma EN676 rende obbligatoria la preventilazione. In ambito industriale, vedere i casi in cui la norma EN746-2 prevede la possibilità di non fare la preventilazione. In questi ultimi casi il bruciatore deve essere costruito obbligatoriamente con controllo di tenuta e valvole gas in classe A | Gas: Pre-purging (default value = 1) 1 = active 0 = deactivated WARNING: in the civil field, the prepurge is mandatory according to the standard EN676. In the industrial fields, check if the pre purge can be avoided according to the standards EN746-2 If the prepurge is not performed, the burner must be equipped with two valves and the proving system. | OEM / Service | x | x | x |
| 223 | Limite ripetizioni pressostato gas di minima pressione (valore fabbrica = 16 - range impostazione:1 - 16) | Repetition limit pressure switch-min-gas (default value = 16 - range:1 - 16) | OEM / Service | x | x | x |
| 225 | Gas: tempo di preventilazione (valore fabbrica = 20s - range impostazione:20s - 60min) | Gas: Prepurge time (default value = 20s - range:20s - 60min) | OEM / Service | x | x | x |
| 226 | Gas: tempo di preaccensione (valore fabbrica = 2s - range impostazione:0.2s - 60min) | Gas: Preignition time (default value = 2s - range: 0.2s - 60min) | OEM / Service | x | x | x |
| 227 | Gas: tempo di sicurezza 1 (TSA1) (valore fabbrica = 3s - range impostazione:0.2 - 10s) | Gas: Safety time 1 (TSA1) (default value = 3s - range: 0.2 - 10s) | OEM | x | x | x |
| 229 | Gas: tempo di risposta a cadute di pressione entro TSA1 e TSA2 (valore fabbrica = 1.8s - range impostazione:0.2s - 9.8s) | Gas: time to respond to pressure faults in TSA1 e TSA2 (default value = 1.8s - range: 0.2s - 9.8s) | OEM | x | x | x |
| 230 | Gas: Intervallo 1 (valore fabbrica = 2s - range impostazione:0.2s - 60min) | Gas: Interval 1 (default value = 2s - range: 0.2s - 60min) | OEM / Service | x | x | x |
| 231 | Gas: tempo di sicurezza 2 (TSA2) (valore fabbrica = 3s - range impostazione:0.2 - 10s) | Gas: Safety time 2 (TSA2) (default value = 3s - range:0.2 - 10s) | OEM | x | x | x |
| 232 | Gas: Intervallo 2 (valore fabbrica = 2s - range impostazione:0.2s - 60min) | Gas: Interval 2 (default value = 2s - range:0.2s - 60min) | OEM / Service | x | x | |
| 233 | Gas: Tempo postcombustione (valore fabbrica = 8s - range impostazione:0.2s - 60s) | Gas: postcombustion time (default value = 8s - range:0.2s - 60s) | OEM / Service | x | x | x |
| 234 | Gas: Tempo postventilazione (valore fabbrica = 0.2s - range impostazione:0.2s - 180min) | Gas: Postpurge time (default value = 0.2s - range:0.2s - 180min) | OEM / Service | x | x | x |

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| 236 | Gas: Pressostato gas di minima (default = 1) 0 = inattivo 1 = pressostato gas di minima (a monte valvola V1) 2 = controllo perditalvalvole via pressostato (montato tra le valvole V1 e V2) | Gas: Pressure switch-min input 0 = inactive 1 = pressure switch-min (upstream of fuel valve 1 (V1)) 2 = valve proving via pressure switch-min (between fuel valves 1 (V1) and 2 (V2)) | OEM / Service | x | x | |
| 237 | Gas: Pressostato gas di massima / ingresso-POC 0 = inattivo 1= pressostato gas di massima 2= POC 3 = pressostato controllo perdite | Gas: Pressure switch-max / POC input 0 = inactive 1 = pressure switch-max 2 = POC 3 = pressure switch valve proving | | | x | x |
| 239 | Gas: Forzatura al funzionamento intermittente 0 = disattivato 1 = attivato Attenzione : di default questo parametro è attivo = (1); esso è modificabile solo su LMV37. Dal punto di vista della sicurezza, il funzionamento continuo è valido esclusivamente per bruciatori di gas con elettrodo di rilevazione. | Gas: Forced intermittent operation 0 = deactivated 1 = activated | OEM | | | x |
| 240 | Limite ripetizioni perdita di fiamma (valore fabbrica = 2 - range impostazione:1 - 2) | Repetition limit loss of flame (default value= 2 - range:1 - 2) | OEM | x | x | x |
| 241 | Gas: esecuzione controllo tenuta (valore fabbrica = 2) 0 = no controllo tenuta 1 = controllo tenuta in avviamento 2 = controllo tenuta in arresto 3 = controllo tenuta in arresto e in avviamento | Gas: execution proving test (default value= 2) 0 = no proving test 1 = proving test on startup 2 = proving test on shutdown 3 = proving test on shutdown and on startup | OEM / Service | x | x | x |
| 242 | Gas: tempo evacuazione controllo tenuta (valore fabbrica = 3s - range impostazione:0.2s - 10s) | Gas: proving test evacuation time (default value = 3s - range:0.2s - 10s) | OEM | x | x | x |

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| 243 | Gas: tempo pressione atmosferica controllo tenuta (valore fabbrica = 10s - range impostazione:0.2s - 60s) | Gas: proving test time atmospheric pressure (default value = 10s - range:0.2s - 60s) | OEM | x | x | x |
| 244 | Gas: tempo riempimento controllo tenuta (valore fabbrica = 3s - range impostazione:0.2s - 10s) | Gas: proving test filling time (default value = 3s - range:0.2s - 10s) | OEM | x | x | x |
| 245 | Gas: tempo test pressione gas (valore fabbrica = 10s - range impostazione:0.2s - 60s) | Gas: proving test time gas pressure (default value = 10s - range:0.2s - 60s) | OEM | x | x | x |
| 246 | Gas: tempo attesa consenso pressostato di minima (valore fabbrica = 10s - range impostazione:0.2s - 60s) Se la pressione del gas è troppo bassa, in fase 22 non verrà eseguito l'avviamento: il sistema compie un numero impostabile di tentativi finché non si arriva al blocco. Il tempo di attesa tra un tentativo e il successivo viene raddoppiato ad ogni tentativo. | Gas: waiting time gas shortage (default value = 10s - range:0.2s - 60s) If the gas pressure is too low, in phase 22 the startup will not be performed: the system tries for a certain number of times the it locks out. The time interval between two attempts is doubled at each attempt. | OEM | x | x | x |
| 248 | Gas: Tempo di post-ventilazione 3 (abortito con regolatore di potenza (LR)-ON | Gas: Postpurge time 3 (abortion with load controller (LR)-ON | OEM / Service | x | x | x |
| 261 | Olio: sonda rilevazione fiamma attivo (valore fabbrica = 0) 0 = QRB../QRC.. 1 = ION / QRA.. | Oil: active detector flame evaluation (default value = 0) 0 = QRB../QRC.. 1 = ION / QRA.. | OEM / Service | x | x | x |
| 262 | Olio: preventilazione (valore fabbrica = 1) 1 = attivo 0 = non attivo In ambito civile la norma EN267 rende obbligatoria la preventilazione. In ambito industriale, vedere i casi in cui la norma EN746-2 prevede la possibilità di non fare la preventilazione. | Oil: prepurging (default value = 1) 0 = deactivated 1 = activated 0 = deactivated WARNING: in the civil field, the prepurge is mandatory according to the standard EN267. In the industrial fields, check if the pre purge can be avoided according to the standard EN746-2 | OEM / Service | x | x | x |
| 265 | Olio: tempo preventilazione (valore fabbrica = 15s - range impostazione:15s - 60min) | Oil: prepurging time (default value = 15s - range:15s - 60min) | OEM / Service | x | x | x |
| 266 | Olio: tempo preaccensione (valore fabbrica = 2s - range impostazione:0.2s - 60min) | Oil: preignition time (default value = 2s - range:0.2s - 60min) | OEM / Service | x | x | x |
| 267 | Olio: tempo di sicurezza 1 (TSA1) (valore fabbrica = 5s - range impostazione:0.2 - 15s) | Oil: safety time 1 (TSA1) (default value = 5s - range:0.2 - 15s) | OEM | x | x | x |
| 269 | Olio: tempo di risposta a cadute di pressione entro TSA1 e TSA2 (valore fabbrica = 1.8s - range impostazione:0.2s - 14.8s) | Oil: time to respond to pressure faults in TSA1 and TSA2 (default value = 1.8s - range:0.2s - 14.8s) | OEM | x | x | x |

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| 270 | Olio: Intervallo 1 (valore fabbrica = 2s - range impostazione:0.2s - 60min) | Oil: Interval 1 (default value = 2s - range:0.2s - 60min) | OEM / Service | x | x | x |
| 271 | Olio: tempo di sicurezza 2 (TSA2) (valore fabbrica = 3s - range impostazione:0.2 - 10s) | Oil: safety time 2 (TSA2) (default value = 3s - range:0.2 - 10s) | OEM | x | x | x |
| 272 | Olio: Intervallo 2 (valore fabbrica = 2s - range impostazione:0.2s - 60min) | Oil: Interval 2 (default value = 2s - range:0.2s - 60min) | OEM / Service | x | x | x |
| 273 | Olio: Tempo postcombustione (valore fabbrica = 8s - range impostazione:0.2s - 60s) | Oil: Postcombustion time (default value = 8s - range:0.2s - 60s) | OEM / Service | x | x | x |
| 274 | Olio: Tempo postventilazione (valore fabbrica = 0.2s - range impostazione:0.2s - 180min) | Oil: Postpurging time (default value = 0.2s - range:0.2s - 180min) | OEM / Service | x | x | x |
| 276 | Olio : Pressostato olio di minima (default = 1) 0 = inattivo 1 = attivo dalla fase 38 2 = attivo dal tempo di sicurezza (TSA) | Oil. Pressure switch-min input 0 = inactive 1 = active from phase 38 2 = active from safety time (TSA) | OEM / Service | x | x | |
| 277 | Olio: Pressostato olio di massima / ingresso-POC 0 = inattivo 1= pressostato olio di massima 2= POC | Oil: Pressure switch-max/POC input 0 = inactive 1 = pressure switch-max 2 = POC | | | x | |
| 279 | Olio: Forzatura al funzionamento intermittente 0 = disattivato 1 = attivato Attenzione : di default questo parametro è attivo = (1); esso è modificabile solo su LMV37.. | Oil: Forced intermittent operation 0 = deactivated 1 = activated | OEM | | x | x |
| 280 | Limite ripetizioni perdita di fiamma (valore fabbrica = 2 - range impostazione:1 - 2) | Repetition limit value loss of flame (default value = 2 - range:1 - 2) | OEM | x | x | x |
| 281 | Olio: tempo iniezione olio (valore fabbr. = 1) 0 = preaccensione corta (Ph38 - fase programma 38) 1 = preaccensione lunga (con ventilatore) (Ph22 - fase programma 22) | Oil: time oil ignition (default value = 1) 0 = short preignition (Ph38-progr. phase 38) 1 = long preignition (with fan) (Ph22 - program phase 22) | OEM / Service | x | x | x |
| 284 | Olio: Tempo di post-ventilazione 3 (abortito con regolatore di potenza (LR)-ON | Oil: Postpurge time 3 (abortion with load controller (LR)-ON | OEM / Service | x | x | x |

Block 300: Burner control (only with LMV26)

| Param. | Descrizione | Description | Password | LMV20 LMV27 | LMV26 | LMV37 |
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| 301 | <p>Combustibile 1 : Modalità funzionamento bruciatore (rampa combustibile, modulante / multistadio, servocomandi, ecc.)</p> <p>__ = non definito (cancellazione curve)</p> <p>1 = accensione diretta a gas (G mod)</p> <p>2 = accensione tramite pilota gas con attacco tra le due elettrovalvole EV1/EV2 del gas (Gp1 mod)</p> <p>3 = accensione tramite pilota gas con attacco a monte dell'elettrovalvola EV1 del gas (Gp2 mod)</p> <p>4 = accensione a gasolio - modulante (Lo mod)</p> <p>5 = accensione a gasolio - bistadio (Lo 2 stage)</p> <p>6 = accensione a gasolio - tristadio (Lo 3 stage)</p> <p>7 = accensione diretta a gas - regolazione pneumatica (G mod pneu)</p> <p>8 = accensione tramite pilota gas con attacco tra le due elettrovalvole EV1/EV2 del gas - regolazione pneumatica (Gp1 mod pneu)</p> <p>9 = accensione tramite pilota gas con attacco a monte dell'elettrovalvola EV1 del gas - regolazione pneumatica (Gp2 mod pneu)</p> <p>10 = olio modulante con accensione tramite pilota (LOGp mod)</p> | <p>Fuel 1 : Burner operating mode (fuel train, modulating / multistage, actuators, etc..)</p> <p>__ = undefined (delete curves)</p> <p>1 = gas direct ignition (G mod)</p> <p>2 = ignition by gas pilot connected between the two gas solenoid valves EV1/EV2 (Gp1 mod)</p> <p>3 = ignition by gas pilot connected upstream the gas EV1 (Gp2 mod)</p> <p>4 = light oil ignition - modulating (Lo mod)</p> <p>5 = light oil ignition - double stage (Lo 2 stage)</p> <p>6 = light oil ignition - three stage (Lo 3 stage)</p> <p>7 = gas direct ignition - pneumatic regulation (G mod pneu)</p> <p>8 = ignition by gas pilot connected between the two gas solenoid valves EV1/EV2 - pneumatic regulation (Gp1 mod pneu)</p> <p>9 = ignition by gas pilot connected upstream the gas EV1 - pneumatic regulation (Gp2 mod pneu)</p> <p>10 = LoGp mod</p> | OEM / Service | | x | |

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| | 11 = olio 2 stadi con accensione tramite pilota (LOGp 2-stage) 12 = olio modulante con 2 valvole combustibile (LOmod 2 valvole) 13 = olio modulante con 2 valvole combustibile e con accensione tramite pilota (LOGp 2 valvole) 14 = gas modulante pneumatico senza servomotori (Gmod pneu) 15 = gas rampa Gp1 modulante pneumatico senza servomotori (Gp1 mod pneu) 16 = gas rampa Gp2 modulante pneumatico senza servomotori (Gp2 mod pneu) | 11 = LoGp 2-stage 12 = Lo mod 2 fuel valves 13 = LoGp mod 2 fuel valves 14 = G mod pneu without actuator 15 = Gp1 mod pneu without actuator 16 = Gp2 mod pneu without actuator | | | | |
| | 17 = olio LO 2 stadi senza servomotori 18 = olio LO 3 stadi senza servomotori 19 = gas Gmod con solo servomotore gas 20 = gas Gp1 mod con solo servomotore gas 21 = gas Gp2 mod con solo servomotore gas 22 = olio LO mod con solo servomotore olio | 17 = Lo 2-stage without actuator 18 = Lo 3-stage without actuator 19 = G mod gas actuator only 20 = Gp1 mod gas actuator only 21 = Gp2 mod gas actuator only 22 = Lo mod oil actuator only | | | x | |
| 321 | Combustibile 1 - Gas: sonda rilevazione fiamma attivo (valore fabbrica = 1) - 0 = QRB../QRC.. 1 = ION / QRA.. | Fuel 1 - Gas: active detector flame evaluation (default value = 1) 0 = QRB../QRC.. 1 = ION / QRA.. | OEM / Service | | x | |
| 322 | Combustibile 1 - Gas: Preventilazione (valore fabbrica = 1) 1 = attivo 0 = non attivo ATTENZIONE : In ambito civile la norma EN676 rende obbligatoria la preventilazione. In ambito industriale, vedere i casi in cui la norma EN746-2 prevede la possibilità di non fare la preventilazione. In questi ultimi casi il bruciatore deve essere costruito obbligatoriamente con controllo di tenuta e valvole gas in classe A. | Fuel 1 - Gas: Pre-purging (default value = 1) 1 = active 0 = deactivated WARNING: in the civil field, the prepurge is mandatory according to the standard EN676. In the industrial fiels, check if the pre purge can be avoided according to the stanrds EN746-2 If the prepurge is not performed, the burner must be equipped with two valves and the proving system. | OEM / Service | | x | |
| 323 | Limite ripetizioni pressostato gas di minima pressione (valore fabbrica = 16 - range impostazione:1 - 16) | Repetition limit pressure switch-min-gas (default value = 16 - range:1 - 16) | OEM / Service | | x | |
| 325 | Combustibile 1 - Gas: tempo di preventilazione (valore fabbrica = 20s - range impostazione:20s - 60min) | Fuel 1 - Gas: Prepurge time (default value = 20s - range:20s - 60min) | OEM / Service | | x | |

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| 326 | Combustibile 1 - Gas: tempo di preaccensione (valore fabbrica = 2s - range impostazione:0.2s - 60min) | Fuel 1 - Gas: Preignition time (default value = 2s - range: 0.2s - 60min) | OEM / Service | | x | |
| 327 | Combustibile 1 - Gas: tempo di sicurezza 1 (TSA1) (valore fabbrica = 3s - range impostazione:0.2 - 10s) | Fuel 1 - Gas: Safety time 1 (TSA1) (default value = 3s - range: 0.2 - 10s) | OEM | | x | |
| 329 | Combustibile 1 - Gas: tempo di risposta a cadute di pressione entro TSA1 e TSA2 (valore fabbrica = 1.8s - range impostazione:0.2s - 9.8s) | Fuel 1 - Gas: time to respond to pressure faults in TSA1 e TSA2 (default value = 1.8s - range: 0.2s - 9.8s) | OEM | | x | |
| 330 | Combustibile 1 - Gas: Intervallo 1 (valore fabbrica = 2s - range impostazione:0.2s - 60min) | Fuel 1 - Gas: Interval 1 (default value = 2s - range: 0.2s - 60min) | OEM / Service | | x | |
| 331 | Combustibile 1 - Gas: tempo di sicurezza 2 (TSA2) (valore fabbrica = 3s - range impostazione:0.2 - 10s) | Fuel 1 - Gas: Safety time 2 (TSA2) (default value = 3s - range:0.2 - 10s) | OEM | | x | |
| 332 | Combustibile 1 - Gas: Intervallo 2 (valore fabbrica = 2s - range impostazione:0.2s - 60min) | Fuel 1 - Gas: Interval 2 (default value = 2s - range:0.2s - 60min) | OEM / Service | | x | |
| 333 | Combustibile 1 - Gas: Tempo postcombustione (valore fabbrica = 8s - range impostazione:0.2s - 60s) | Fuel 1 - Gas: postcombustion time (default value = 8s - range:0.2s - 60s) | OEM / Service | | x | |
| 334 | Combustibile 1 - Gas: Tempo postventilazione (valore fabbrica = 0.2s - range impostazione:0.2s - 180min) | Fuel 1 - Gas: Postpurge time (default value = 0.2s - range:0.2s - 180min) | OEM / Service | | x | |
| 336 | Combustibile 1 - Gas: Pressostato gas di minima (default = 1) 0 = inattivo 1 = pressostato gas di minima (a monte valvola V1) 2 = controllo perditavalvole via pressostato (montato tra le valvole V1 e V2) | Fuel 1 - Gas: Pressure switch-min input 0 = inactive 1 = pressure switch-min (upstream of fuel valve 1 (V1)) 2 = valve proving via pressure switch-min (between fuel valves 1 (V1) and 2 (V2)) | OEM / Service | | x | |
| 337 | Combustibile 1 - Gas: Pressostato gas di massima / ingressoPOC 0 = inattivo 1= pressostato gas di massima 2= POC 3 = pressostato controllo perdite | Fuel 1 - Gas: Pressure switch-max / POC input 0 = inactive 1 = pressure switch-max 2 = POC 3 = pressure switch valve proving | | | x | |

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|-----|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------|--|---|--|
| 340 | Limite ripetizioni perdita di fiamma (valore fabbrica = 2 - range impostazione:1 - 2) | Repetition limit loss of flame (default value= 2 - range:1 - 2) | OEM | | x | |
| 341 | Combustibile 1 - Gas: esecuzione controllo tenuta (valore fabbrica = 2) 0 = no controllo tenuta 1 = controllo tenuta in avviamento 2 = controllo tenuta in arresto 3 = controllo tenuta in arresto e in avviamento | Fuel 1 - Gas: execution proving test (default value= 2) 0 = no proving test 1 = proving test on startup 2 = proving test on shutdown 3 = proving test on shutdown and on startup | OEM / Service | | x | |
| 342 | Combustibile 1 - Gas: tempo evacuazione controllo tenuta (valore fabbrica = 3s - range impostazione:0.2s - 10s) | Fuel 1 - Gas: proving test evacuation time (default value = 3s - range:0.2s - 10s) | OEM | | x | |
| 343 | Combustibile 1 - Gas: tempo pressione atmosferica controllo tenuta (valore fabbrica = 10s - range impostazione:0.2s - 60s) | Fuel 1 - Gas: proving test time atmospheric pressure (default value = 10s - range:0.2s - 60s) | OEM | | x | |
| 344 | Combustibile 1 - Gas: tempo riempimento controllo tenuta (valore fabbrica = 3s - range impostazione:0.2s - 10s) | Fuel 1 - Gas: proving test filling time (default value = 3s - range:0.2s - 10s) | OEM | | x | |
| 345 | Combustibile 1 - Gas: tempo test pressione gas (valore fabbrica = 10s - range impostazione:0.2s - 60s) | Fuel 1 - Gas: proving test time gas pressure (default value = 10s - range:0.2s - 60s) | OEM | | x | |
| 346 | Combustibile 1 - Gas: tempo attesa consenso pressostato di minima (valore fabbrica = 10s - range impostazione:0.2s - 60s) Se la pressione del gas è troppo bassa, in fase 22 non verrà eseguito l'avviamento: il sistema compie un numero impostabile di tentativi finché non si arriva al blocco. Il tempo di attesa tra un tentativo e il successivo viene raddoppiato ad ogni tentativo. | Fuel 1 - Gas: waiting time gas shortage (default value = 10s - range:0.2s - 60s) If the gas pressure is too low, in phase 22 the startup will not be performed: the system tries for a certain number of times the it locks out. The time interval between two attempts is doubled at each attempt. | OEM | | x | |
| 348 | Combustibile 1 - Gas: Tempo di post-ventilazione 3 (abortito con regolatore di potenza (LR)-ON | Fuel 1 - Gas: Postpurge time 3 (abortion with load controller (LR)-ON | OEM / Service | | x | |
| 361 | Combustibile 1 - Olio: sonda rilevazione fiamma attivo (valore fabbrica = 0) 0 = QRB../QRC.. 1 = ION / QRA.. | Fuel 1 - Oil: active detector flame evaluation (default value = 0) 0 = QRB../QRC.. 1 = ION / QRA.. | OEM / Service | | x | |

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|-----|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------|--|---|--|
| 362 | Combustibile 1 - Olio: preventilazione (valore fabbrica = 1) 1 = attivo 0 = non attivo In ambito civile la norma EN267 rende obbligatoria la preventilazione. In ambito industriale, vedere i casi in cui la norma EN746-2 prevede la possibilità di non fare la preventilazione. | Fuel 1 - Oil: prepurging (default value = 1) 0 = deactivated 1 = activated 0 = deactivated WARNING: in the civil field, the prepurge is mandatory according to the standard EN267. In the industrial fields, check if the pre purge can be avoided according to the standard EN746-2 | OEM / Service | | x | |
| 365 | Combustibile 1 - Olio: tempo preventilazione (valore fabbrica = 15s - range impostazione:15s - 60min) | Fuel 1 - Oil: prepurging time (default value = 15s - range:15s - 60min) | OEM / Service | | x | |
| 366 | Combustibile 1 - Olio: tempo preaccensione (valore fabbrica = 2s - range impostazione:0.2s - 60min) | Fuel 1 - Oil: preignition time (default value = 2s - range:0.2s - 60min) | OEM / Service | | x | |
| 367 | Combustibile 1 - Olio: tempo di sicurezza 1 (TSA1) (valore fabbrica = 5s - range impostazione:0.2 - 15s) | Fuel 1 - Oil: safety time 1 (TSA1) (default value = 5s - range:0.2 - 15s) | OEM | | x | |
| 369 | Combustibile 1 - Olio: tempo di risposta a cadute di pressione entro TSA1 e TSA2 (valore fabbrica = 1.8s - range impostazione:0.2s - 14.8s) | Fuel 1 - Oil: time to respond to pressure faults in TSA1 and TSA2 (default value = 1.8s - range:0.2s - 14.8s) | OEM | | x | |
| 370 | Combustibile 1 - Olio: Intervallo 1 (valore fabbrica = 2s - range impostazione:0.2s - 60min) | Fuel 1 - Oil: Interval 1 (default value = 2s - range:0.2s - 60min) | OEM / Service | | x | |
| 371 | Combustibile 1 - Olio: tempo di sicurezza 2 (TSA2) (valore fabbrica = 3s - range impostazione:0.2 - 10s) | Fuel 1 - Oil: safety time 2 (TSA2) (default value = 3s - range:0.2 - 10s) | OEM | | x | |
| 372 | Combustibile 1 - Olio: Intervallo 2 (valore fabbrica = 2s - range impostazione:0.2s - 60min) | Fuel 1 - Oil: Interval 2 (default value = 2s - range:0.2s - 60min) | OEM / Service | | x | |
| 373 | Combustibile 1 - Olio: Tempo postcombustione (valore fabbrica = 8s - range impostazione:0.2s - 60s) | Fuel 1 - Oil: Postcombustion time (default value = 8s - range:0.2s - 60s) | OEM / Service | | x | |
| 374 | Combustibile 1 - Olio: Tempo postventilazione (valore fabbrica = 0.2s - range impostazione:0.2s - 180min) | Fuel 1 - Oil: Postpurging time (default value = 0.2s - range:0.2s - 180min) | OEM / Service | | x | |
| 377 | Combustibile 1 - Olio: Pressostato olio di massima / ingresso POC 0 = inattivo 1 = pressostato olio di massima 2 = POC | Fuel 1 - Oil: Pressure switch-max/POC input 0 = inactive 1 = pressure switch-max 2 = POC | | | x | |

| | | | | | | |
|-----|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------|--|---|--|
| 380 | Limite ripetizioni perdita di fiamma (valore fabbrica = 2 - range impostazione:1 - 2) | Repetition limit value loss of flame (default value = 2 - range:1 - 2) | OEM | | x | |
| 381 | Combustibile 1 - Olio: tempo iniezione olio (valore fabbr. = 1) 0 = preaccensione corta (Ph38 - fase programma 38) 1 = preaccensione lunga (con ventilatore) (Ph22 - fase programma 22) | Fuel 1 - Oil: time oil ignition (default value = 1) 0 = short preignition (Ph38-progr. phase 38) 1 = long preignition (with fan) (Ph22 - program phase 22) | OEM / Service | | x | |
| 384 | Combustibile 1 - Olio: Tempo di post-ventilazione 3 (abortito con regolatore di potenza (LR)-ON | Fuel 1 - Oil: Postpurge time 3 (abortion with load controller (LR)-ON | OEM / Service | | x | |

Block 400: Setting air/fuel ratio curves

| Param. | Descrizione | Description | Password | LMV20 LMV27 | LMV26 | LMV37 |
|--------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------|----------------|-------|-------|
| 401 | Curve controllo servocomando combustibile (F): si accede alla lista dei punti da impostare (da P0 a P9) - consultare paragrafo "Impostazione curve" | Ratio control curve fuel actuator (F): it accesses to the parameter list of the points to be set (P0 to P9) - see paragraph "Setting the curves" | OEM / Service | x | x | x |
| 402 | Curve controllo servocomando aria (A): si accede alla lista dei punti da impostare (da P0 a P9) - consultare paragrafo "Impostazione curve" | Ratio control curve air actuator (A): it accesses to the parameter list of the points to be set (P0 to P9) - see paragraph "Setting the curves" | OEM / Service | x | x | x |
| 403 | Curve controllo inverter (F + A): si accede alla lista dei punti da impostare (da P0 a P9) - consultare paragrafo "Impostazione curve" | Ratio control curves VSD (curve setting only) | SO | | x | x |
| 404 | Combustibile 1 - Curve controllo servocomando combustibile 1 (F): si accede alla lista dei punti da impostare (da P0 a P9) - consultare paragrafo "Impostazione curve" | Fuel 1: Ratio control curves fuel actuator (curve setting only) | SO | | x | |
| 405 | Combustibile 1 - Curve controllo servocomando aria (A): si accede alla lista dei punti da impostare (da P0 a P9) - consultare paragrafo "Impostazione curve" | Fuel 1: Ratio control curves air actuator (curve setting only) | SO | | x | |
| 406 | Combustibile 1 - Curve controllo inverter (F + A): si accede alla lista dei punti da impostare (da P0 a P9) - consultare paragrafo "Impostazione curve" | Fuel 1: Ratio control curves VSD (curve setting only) | SO | | x | |

Block 500: Air/fuel ratio control

| Param. | Descrizione | Description | Password | LMV20 LMV27 | LMV26 | LMV37 |
|--------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------|----------------|-------|-------|
| 501 | Posizione servocomando combustibile in assenza di fiamma (no-flame) Indice 0 = posizione di sosta = 0° Indice 1 = posizione preventilazione = 0° Indice 2 = posizione postventilazione = 15° | No-flame position fuel actuator Index 0 = no-load position = 0° Index 1 = prepurge position = 0° Index 2 = postpurge position = 15° | OEM / Service | x | x | x |
| 502 | Posizione servocomando aria in assenza di fiamma (no-flame) Indice 0 = posizione di sosta = 0° Indice 1 = posizione preventilazione = 90° Indice 2 = posizione postventilazione = 45° | No-flame position air actuator Index 0 = no-load position = 0° Index 1 = prepurge position = 90° Index 2 = postpurge position = 45° | OEM / Service | x | x | x |
| 503 | % giri motore con inverter 0% = ventilatore fermo, 100% = ventilatore al massimo della velocità Indice 0 = posizione di sosta = 0% Indice 1 = posizione preventilazione = 100% Indice 2 = posizione postventilazione = 50% | No-flame speeds VSD Index 0 = no-load speed = 0% Index 1 = prepurge speed = 100% Index 2 = postpurge speed = 50% | OEM / Service | | x | x |
| 504 | Combustibile 1 - Posizione servocomando combustibile in assenza di fiamma (no-flame) Indice 0 = posizione di sosta = 0° Indice 1 = posizione preventilazione = 0° Indice 2 = posizione postventilazione = 15° | Fuel 1 No-flame position fuel actuator Index 0 = no-load position = 0° Index 1 = prepurge position = 0° Index 2 = postpurge position = 15° | OEM / Service | | x | |
| 505 | Combustibile 1 - Posizione servocomando aria in assenza di fiamma (no-flame) Indice 0 = posizione di sosta = 0° Indice 1 = posizione preventilazione = 90° Indice 2 = posizione postventilazione = 45° | Fuel 1 No-flame position air actuator Index 0 = no-load position = 0° Index 1 = prepurge position = 90° Index 2 = postpurge position = 45° | OEM / Service | | x | |
| 506 | Combustibile 1 - % giri motore con inverter 0% = ventilatore fermo, 100% = ventilatore al massimo della velocità Indice 0 = posizione di sosta = 0% Indice 1 = posizione preventilazione = 100% Indice 2 = posizione postventilazione = 50% | Fuel 1 No-flame speeds VSD Index 0 = no-load speed = 0% Index 1 = prepurge speed = 100% Index 2 = postpurge speed = 50% | OEM / Service | | x | |
| 522 | Tempo rampa di salita inverter | Ramp up | OEM / Service | | x | x |
| 523 | Tempo rampa di discesa inverter | Ramp down | OEM / Service | | x | x |

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|-----|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------|---------------|--|---|---|
| 542 | Activation of VSD / PWM fan (PWM = Pulse-Width Modulation) 0=deactivated 1=activated | Activation of VSD / PWM fan (PWM = Pulse-Width Modulation) | OEM / Service | | x | x |
|-----|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------|---------------|--|---|---|

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|-----|----------------------|-------------------------------|-------------------------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|---------------|---|---|---|
| 544 | | | Parameter 544 | | | | OEM / Service | x | x | x |
| | | | Modulation 32s | Modulation 48s | Modulation 64s | Modulation 80s | | | | |
| | Actuator | Actuating speed parameter 613 | Max. delta between the curve points | | | | | | | |
| | Actuator (<= 5Nm) | 5s / 90° | 31° | 46° | 62° | 77° | | | | |
| | Actuator SQM33.7 | 17s / 90° | 9° (1) | 13° | 18° | 22° | | | | |

(1) in this case the max. position of 90° can't be reached

| | | | | | | |
|-----|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------|---|---|---|
| 545 | Percentuale minima di carico per modulazione (valore fabbrica = n.d. - range impostazione:20%-100%) | Lower load limit (default value = n.d. - range:20%-100%) | OEM / Service | x | x | x |
| 546 | Percentuale massima di carico per modulazione (valore fabbrica = n.d. - range impostazione:20%-100%) | Higher load limite (default value = n.d. - range:20%-100%) | OEM / Service | x | x | x |
| 565 | Combustibile 1 - Percentuale minima di carico per modulazione (valore fabbrica = n.d. - range impostazione:20%-100%) | Fuel 1 Lower load limit (default value = n.d. - range:20%-100%) | OEM / Service | | x | |
| 566 | Combustibile 1 - Percentuale massima di carico per modulazione (valore fabbrica = n.d. - range impostazione:20%-100%) | Fuel 1 Higher load limite (default value = n.d. - range:20%-100%) | OEM / Service | | x | |

Block 600: Actuators

| Param. | Descrizione | Description | Password | LMV20 LMV27 | LMV26 | LMV37 |
|--------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------|----------------|-------|-------|
| 601 | Impostazione punto di riferimento Indice 0 = combustibile Indice 1 = aria 0 = chiuso (<0°) 1 = aperto (>90°) | Selection of reference point Index 0 = fuel Index 1 = air 0 = closed (<0°) 1 = open (>90°) | OEM | x | x | x |
| 602 | Direzione rotazione del servocomando Indice 0 = combustibile Indice 1 = aria 0 = antiorario 1 = orario VEDI MESSAGGIO DI "ATTENZIONE" RIPORTATO SOTTO. | Actuator's direction of rotation Index 0 = fuel Index 1 = air 0 = counterclockwise 1 = clockwise SEE "WARNING" MESSAGE QUOTED BELOW. | OEM | x | x | x |
| 606 | Limite tolleranza per monitoraggio posizione (0.1°) Indice 0 = combustibile Indice 1 = aria | Tolerance limit of position monitoring (0.1°) Index 0 = fuel Index 1 = air | OEM / Service | x | x | x |
| 608 | Combustibile 1 - Impostazione punto di riferimento Indice 0 = combustibile Indice 1 = aria 0 = chiuso (<0°) 1 = aperto (>90°) | Fuel 1 : Selection of reference point Index 0 = fuel Index 1 = air 0 = closed (<0°) 1 = open (>90°) | OEM | | x | |
| 609 | Combustibile 1 - Direzione rotazione del servocomando Indice 0 = combustibile Indice 1 = aria 0 = antiorario 1 = orario VEDI MESSAGGIO DI "ATTENZIONE" RIPORTATO SOTTO. | Fuel 1 : Actuator's direction of rotation Index 0 = fuel Index 1 = air 0 = counterclockwise 1 = clockwise SEE "WARNING" MESSAGE QUOTED BELOW. | OEM | | x | |
| 610 | Combustibile 1 - Limite tolleranza per monitoraggio posizione (0.1°) Indice 0 = combustibile Indice 1 = aria | Fuel 1 : Tolerance limit of position monitoring (0.1°) Index 0 = fuel Index 1 = air | OEM / Service | | x | |

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|-----|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----|---|---|---|
| 611 | <p>Tipo di riferimento dei servocomandi index 0 = fuel (default = 0 (riferimento standard)) index 1 = air (default = 0 (riferimento standard)) 0 = standard 1 = fermo entro il raggio utile 2 = fermi interni (SQN1...) 3 = entrambi</p> | <p>Type of referencing Index 0 = fuel Index 1 = air 0 = standard 1 = stop within usable range 2 = internal stop (SQN1...) 3 = both</p> | OEM | x | x | x |
| 612 | <p>Combustibile 1 - Tipo di riferimento del servocomando combustibile 0 = standard 1 = fermo entro il raggio utile 2 = fermi interni (SQN1...) 3 = entrambi</p> | <p>Fuel 1: Type of reference for fuel actuator 0 = standard 1 = range stop in the usable range 2 = internal range stop (SQN1...) 3 = both</p> | OEM | | x | |
| 613 | <p>Tipo di servocomando Indice 0 = combustibile Indice 1 = aria 0 = 5s / 90° (1Nm, 1,2Nm, 3Nm) 1 = 10s / 90° (6Nm) 2 = 17s / 90° (10Nm)</p> | <p>Type of actuator Index 0 = fuel Index 1 = air 0 = 5 s / 90° (1Nm, 1,2Nm, 3Nm) 1 = 10 s / 90° (6Nm) 2 = 17 s / 90° (10Nm)</p> | OEM | x | x | x |
| 614 | <p>Combustibile 1 :Tipo di servocomando Indice 0 = combustibile Indice 1 = aria 0 = 5s / 90° (1Nm, 1,2Nm, 3Nm) 1 = 10s / 90° (6Nm) 2 = 17s / 90° (10Nm)</p> | <p>Fuel 1 : Type of actuator Index 0 = fuel Index 1 = air 0 = 5 s / 90° (1Nm, 1,2Nm, 3Nm) 1 = 10 s / 90° (6Nm) 2 = 17 s / 90° (10Nm)</p> | OEM | | x | |
| 641 | <p>Attivazione procedura di standardizzazione inverter (riferirsi al codice errore 82) 0 = standardizzazione disattivata 1 = standardizzaione attivata</p> | <p>Control of speed standardization of VSD Error diagnostics of negative values (refer to error code 82)0 = no speed standardization 1 = speed standardization active</p> | | | x | x |

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|-----|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------|-------|---|---|
| 645 | Configurazione uscita analogica % di carico (valore fabbrica = 0) 0 = DC 0..10 V 1 = DC 2..10 V 2 = DC 0/2..10 V | Configuration of analog output (default value = 0) 0 = DC 0..10 V 1 = DC 2..10 V 2 = DC 0/2..10 V | OEM / Service | LMV27 | x | x |
|-----|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------|-------|---|---|



ATTENTION: as for SQM3x actuators, set the direction according to the acuator function. As far as SQN1x actuators, set **always** the counterclockwise direction, independently from the model chosen for the specific function.

Block 700: Error history

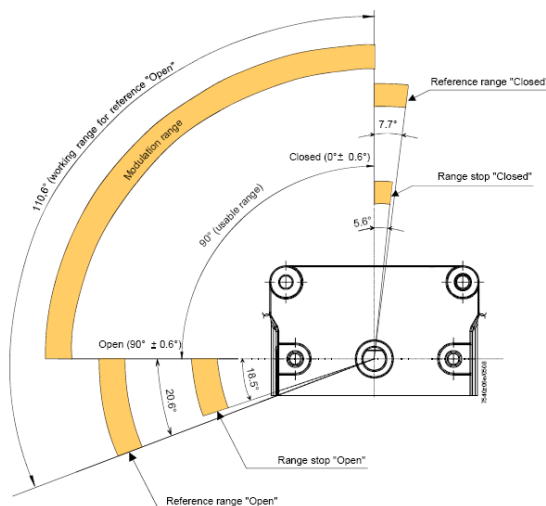
| Param. | Descrizione | Description | Password |
|--------|-------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------|----------------|
| 701 | Storico errori: 701 - 725.01.codice | Error history: 701 - 725.01.code | Service / Info |
| ° | Storico errori: 701 - 725.02.codice diagnostico | Error history: 701 - 725.02.diagnostic code | Service / Info |
| ° | Storico errori: 701 - 725.03.classe errore | Error history: 701 - 725.03.error class | Service / Info |
| ° | Storico errori: 701 - 725.04.fase | Error history: 701 - 725.04.phase | Service / Info |
| ° | Storico errori: 701 - 725.05.contatore avvii | Error history: 701 - 725.05.startup counter | Service / Info |
| 725 | Storico errori: 701 - 725.06.carico | Error history: 701 - 725.06.load | Service / Info |

Block 900: Process data

| Param. | Descrizione | Description | Password |
|--------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------|
| 903 | Potenza attuale (valore fabbrica = 0% - range impostazione = 0-100%) Indice 0 = combustibile Indice 1 = aria | Current output (default value = 0% - range = 0-100%) Index 0 = fuel Index 1 = air | Service / Info |
| 922 | Posizione incrementale servocomandi (valore fabbrica = 0% - range impostazione = -50% - 150%) Indice 0 = combustibile Indice 1 = aria | Incremental position of actuators (default value = 0% - range = -50% - 150%) Index 0 = fuel Index 1 = air | Service / Info |
| 935 | Giri motore assoluti | Absolute speed | OEM / Service |
| 936 | Giri motore in fase standardizzazione | Standardized speed | Service / Info |
| 942 | Sorgente potenza attiva | Active load source | OEM / Service |
| 945 | Solo con LMV26 : Combustibile attuale 0 = combustibile 0 1 = combustibile 1 | Actual fuel 0 = fuel 0 1 = fuel 1 | Service / Info |
| 947 | Risultato interrogazione contatti (codifica bit) | Result of contact sensing (bit-coded) | Service / Info |
| 950 | Stato relè (codifica bit) | Required relay state (bit-coded) | Service / Info |
| 954 | Intensità di fiamma (0% ÷ 100%); minima corrente 30% = 4µA; massima corrente 100% = 16µA; massima corrente ammissibile = 40µA. | Intensity of flame (range = 0% - 100%) minimum current 30% = 4µA; maximum current 100% = 16µA; maximum current possible = 40µA. | Service / Info |
| 961 | Stato moduli esterni e display | Status of external modules and display | Service / Info |
| 981 | Errore memoria: codice | Error memory: code | Service / Info |
| 982 | Errore memoria: codice diagnostica | Error memory: diagnostic code | Service / Info |
| 992 | Flag di errore | Error Flags | OEM / Service |

Actuators references

An incremental transducer is used to ensure position feedback. Referencing of the actuators must be performed after power-on. In addition, at the end of each shutdown in phase 10, the actuators are referenced to ensure that individual stepping errors, which could lead to shutdown, do not accumulate. If a position error occurs, the system switches to the safety phase (phase 01), enabling the actuators with detected position errors to be referenced. During the following phase 10, the only actuators that are referenced are those that were not referenced before in the safety phase (phase 01). The position of the reference point can be selected depending on the type of burner design, either the CLOSED position ($<0^\circ$) or the OPEN position ($>90^\circ$).



| Param. | Descrizione | Description | Password |
|--------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------|
| 601 | Impostazione punto di riferimento Indice 0 = combustibile Indice 1 = aria 0 = chiuso ($<0^\circ$) 1 = aperto ($>90^\circ$) | Selection of reference point Index 0 = fuel Index 1 = air 0 = closed ($<0^\circ$) 1 = open ($>90^\circ$) | OEM |

If the actuators position is exchanged (error code: 85), the burner will lockout and will try to adjust for three times, then it will lock out.

Gas proving system

Valve proving is only active when firing on gas. This is a leakage test designed to detect leaking gas valves and, if necessary, to prevent the valves from opening or ignition from being switched on. Lockout is initiated. When performing valve proving, the gas valve on the burner side is opened first to bring the test space to atmospheric pressure. Then, the valve is closed whereupon the pressure in the test space must not exceed a certain level, measured by the gas leakage pressure switch (PGCP). Then, the gas valve on the mains side is opened to fill the gas pipe. When the valve is closed again, the gas pressure must not drop below a certain level. Valve proving can be parameterized to take place on startup, shutdown, or on both phases.

Air-fuel curve points

There are 10 air-fuel curve points: T

P0 = ignition position. Only for ignition; after the ignition, the burner works between Point P1 (low flame) and point P9 (high flame) without going back to P0.

P0 can be set everywhere irrespective of all the other points.

COMMISSIONING THE BURNER


The LMV2x complete programming must be performed on units that has never been set before or reset units (e.g. spare parts).

The programming procedure is performed by setting the following main parameters:

- 1 if LMV.. is a spare part, insert burner ID (parameter **113**) at least 4 digit.
- 2 type of fuel train (parameter **"201"**)
- 3 air/fuel ratio curvepoints (Block **"400"**)
- 4 maximum load percentage (parameter **"546"**)
- 5 minimum load percentage (parameter **"545"**)



CAUTION: if an error message as "Loc.." appears when the unit is turned to on for the first time, press ENTER (InFo) until the "Reset" message apperas. After few seconds, the message "OffUpr" will be displayed.

This message shows that the unit has not been programmed before or that the operating mode (fuel train) is not set yet or that the unit has not been completely programmed. Press keys **F** (Fuel) and **A** (Air)  at the same time until the display shows **code** and next it will show 7 bars the first on the left is flashing. If the display shows "Off", it means that the unit is already set, then see the instructions on chapter "Adjusting the burner with LMV2x already programmed".

At the first LMV startup, the AZL display will show



It means that the unit was never set or that no mode was chosen or that some parameters have to be set further.

Push F (fuel) and A (Air) together until the display shows **code** and then a 7 digit dashed line blinking on the left.



Press the **+** key until the first character of the password (the default password is 9876), then press **ENTER (InFo)**, the character now turn to a bar while the second bar starts flashing. Press **+** until the second character is entered, then press **ENTER (InFo)**.

Repeat the procedure until the last character is set, then press **ENTER (InFo)**, then **ENTER** again until the message **PArA** appears: then the first parameters block (**"400"**) will be shown:



Press **ENTER (InFo)** again, to gain access to programming the operating mode (fuel train):

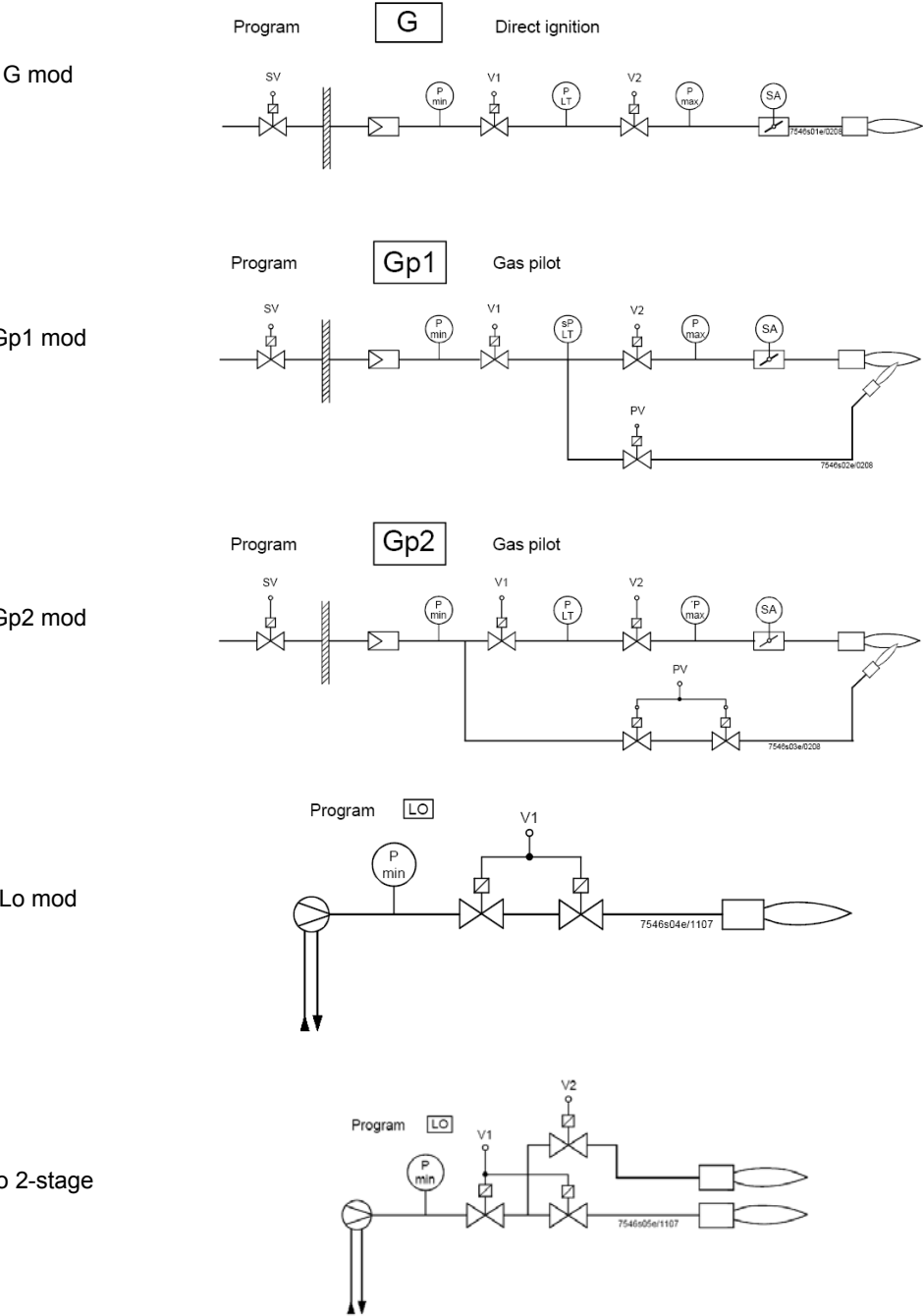


In the example, set configuration **1** = direct gas ignition (G mod).

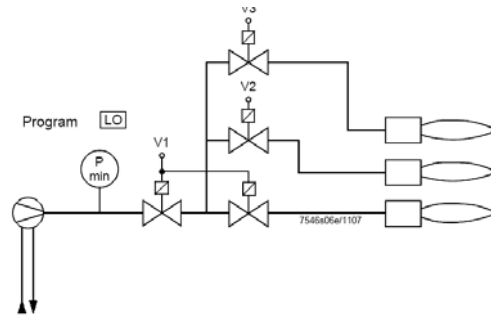
Other possibilities are below listed:

the types of fuel trains are the following:

| Param. | Descrizione | Description | Password |
|--------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------|
| 201 | <p>Modalità funzionamento bruciatore (rampa comb., mod. / multistadio, servocom., ecc.) __ = non definito (cancellazione curve) __ =</p> <p>1 = accensione diretta a gas (G mod) 2 = accensione tramite pilota gas con attacco tra le due elettrovalvole EV1/EV2 gas (Gp1 mod) 3 = accens. tramite pilota gas con attacco a monte dell'elettrov. EV1 del gas (Gp2 mod) 4 = accensione a gasolio - modul. (Lo mod) 5 = accens. a gasolio - bistadio (Lo 2 stage) 6 = accens. a gasolio - tristadio (Lo 3 stage)</p> | <p>Burner operating mode (fuel train, mod / multi-stage, actuators, etc.) __ = undefined (delete curves) 1 = gas direct ignition(G mod) 2 = gas pilot ignition with connection between the two gas solenodi valves EV1/EV2 (Gp1 mod) 3 = gas pilot ignition with connection upstream the gas solenoid valve EV1 (Gp2 mod) 4 = Light Oil - modulating (Lo mod) 5 = Light Oil - 2stages (Lo 2 stage) 6 = Light Oil - 3stages (Lo 3 stage)</p> | OEM / Service |



Lo 3-stage



In the example the Gmod gas train has been set (Configuration "1").

Choose the fuel train by pressing ENTER, then press "+" / "-". Press ENTER to confirm: number "1" will appear on the right side of the display.



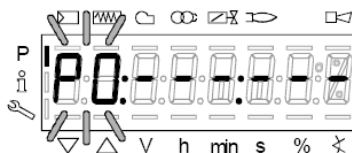
Then press ESC



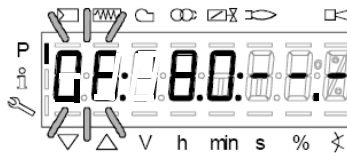
to quit. The following display is:



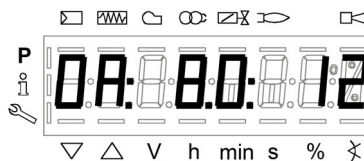
Press "+" to show the first point to be set P0.



Press F and "+" to increase the opening angle of the fuel actuator "0F" until the requested value is reached (for example 12°÷15°, see below) for the ignition point; or press F and "-" to decrease the angle:



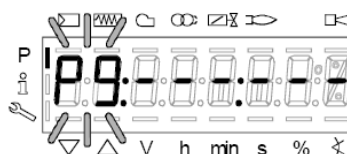
To set the air damper opening angle "0A" in the ignition point (10° for example - see below), press "A" and "+" "A" and "-" at the same time:



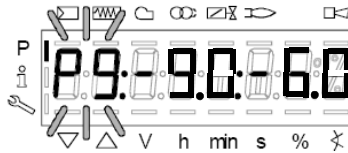
LMV37:

Now the air and fuel quantities are set at the ignition point P0:

By pressing "+", point P9 can be programmed to set the air and fuel values at the maximum output

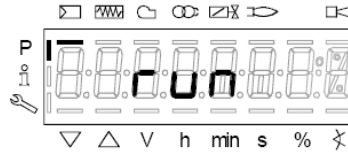


go on as described above to the the opening angles of the air actuator (A) and fuel actuator (F):



CAUTION: at the first burner adjustment, it is recommended to set the maximum output P9 at the same value (or little higher) of the ignition point, in order to safely reach point P9 next (see next paragraph).

By pressing “+” the display will show:



The burner is ready to startup. Now it is possible to re-set the curve points while the burner is operating (“warm setting”) by pressing the ENTER (InFo) or while the burner is in stand-by mode (“cold setting”) by pressing ENTER .

Warm setting

- 1 Once pressed button “enter” and the chain thermostats open (X5-03 terminals), the LMV.. show Ph12. Then close the chain thermostat and the unit performs the prepurge cycle (see “Phases List”) and stops at the ignition point P0 without ignition anyway.
- 2 By pressing “+”, the burners lights and the air/fuel ratio can be properly set in presence of flame.
- 3 By pressing “+” again, the next point P1 is shown (equal to P0 as the unit automatically set P0=P1);
- 4 By pressing “+” again, the “Calc” message will be displayed: the unit is processing the air/fuel ratio curvepoints until point P9, previously set. Once the processing is performed the calculated point P2 is shown. By pressing “+” again, the “Calc” message will be displayed: the unit is processing the air/fuel ratio curvepoints until point P9, previously set. Once the processing is performed the calculated point P2 is shown.
- 5 By pressing “+”, it is possible to go through the processed curve until point P9 is reached.

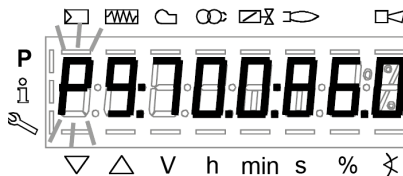
Note: if the point doesn't blink, servomotors are still running.

- 6 In order to set P9 with the gas flow rate according to the generator needs, follow this procedure:

Note: the purpose is to fully open the gas throttle and later on to adjust the gas flow rate through the gas pressure governor.

- Operate smoothly opening by just a few degrees the air damper and later on increasing the gas throttle opening it by a few degrees. Keep monitoring the flue through the flue analyser. Keep the air excess inside normal figures (from 3% to 7% residual O₂) operating by means for the air damper servomotor;
- Keep increasing the air damper opening and then the gas throttle, as done in the sequence above, remembering to get the full firing rate with the gas throttle fully open (or the oil pressure regulator at its maximum pressure position).

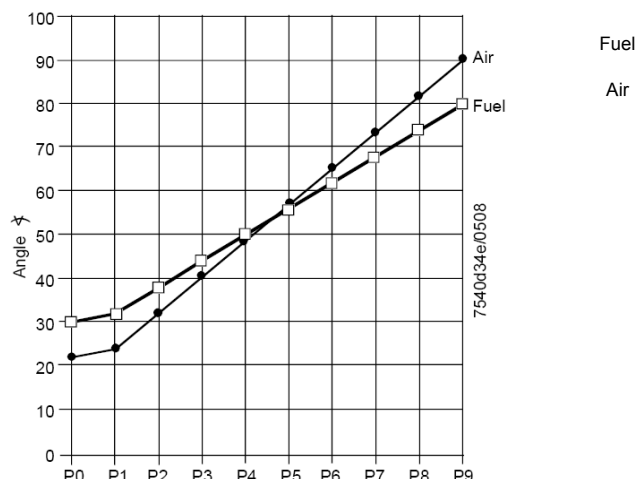
See example below:



- If, while opening the gas throttle, the gas flow rate was too high, reduce it only through the gas governor and keep opening the throttle until the 60÷70° position is got.
 - If the gas train is equipped with a governor and a valve with an adjustable gas flow rate, fully open also this last valve, smoothly! The gas flow rate is always set by means of the governor.
- 7 As soon as all the devices are fully open, set the gas flow rate through the governor.
 - 8 Set the air damper position in order to get the recommended air excess (3÷4.8% O₂ on gas and 2.9÷4.9 % on oil).

Note1: on high flame, if the gas flow rate is changed by means of the governor, all the other points below high flame must be checked again.

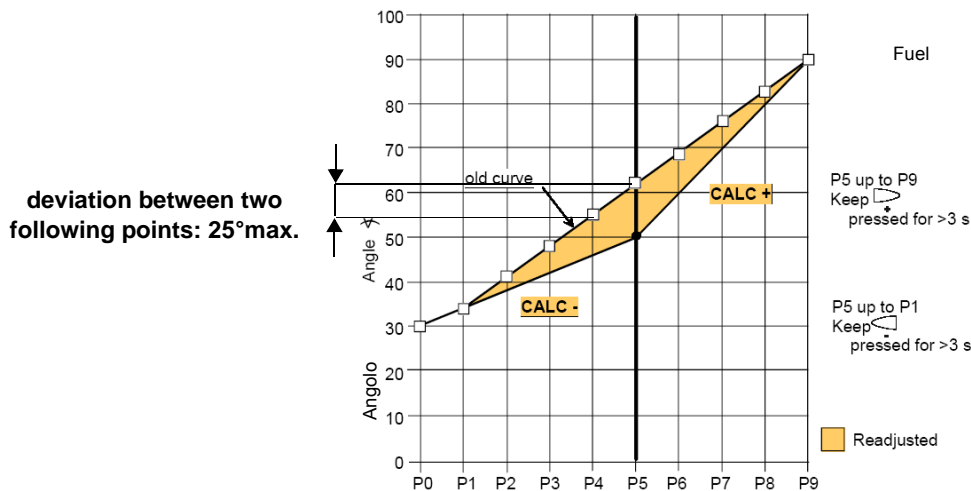
- 9 After having set the high flame point P9, keep “-” pressed for some seconds until “Calc” is displayed in order to have the LMV recalculating all the points:



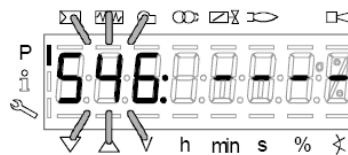
- 10 the unit will automatically reach point P8 processed: check the combustion values in this point and, if necessary, change it.
- 11 Press “-” to go down to the lower points and check the combustion values, change the points if necessary.

Note: if in an intermediate point (for example P5), the change of the actuators position is important according to the processed point

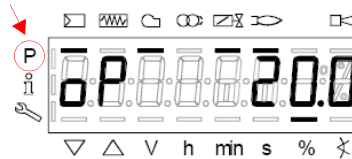
P5, keep pressing “-” until “Calc” is displayed. The curve will be processed again downwards point P1.



- 12 press “-” to go through the lower points and check the combustion values, if necessary change the points as described above.
- 13 By pressing ESC, at the end of the points adjustments, the parameter “546” (setting the maximum load) will be displayed; press ENTER (InFo), then “+” until 100%, then press ENTER (InFo) again, ESC and then “+”.



- 14 The parameter “545” (setting the minimum load) is displayed: press ENTER (InFo), then “+” until 20%. Press ENTER, then press ESC for three times. The message “oP” will be displayed as well as the load percentage at the burner is working on.



The hyphen related to the symbol “P” (highlighted in the picture) will be off to show that the unit exited the programming mode. The burner will then work automatically, following the curve set.

Note1: if the curvepoints settings is quit before end (by pressing ESC or for a faulty shutdown), the message “OFF UPr” (Start prevention) will be displayed until all the curvepoints will be set.

Note2: if the gas flow rate at high flame point (maximum load) is changed by means of the pressure stabiliser, all the curvepoints must be checked by going through the curve downwards and resetting them if necessary.

Note3: if the point does not flash, it means that the actuators have not reached the set position yet.

Note4: if an error occurs causing a safety shutdown during the processing of the curve, the processing itself will be interrupted.

Cold setting

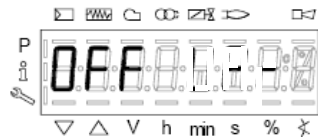
The “cold setting” (without flame) can be performed only when all the curve points values are known (for instance, in case of replacement).



When the burner is off, if you modify one curve set point, when the burner restarts the AZL2x shows OFF UPr (OFF UPr0 or OFF UPr1 for LMV26). The LMV.. then, requires a new “warm” startup (see procedure paragraph “Warm Setting”) by checking again all points of curve from P0 to P9.

BURNER STARTUP WITH LMV2x ALREADY PROGRAMMED

Once the LMV turns on, the AZL display will show



The burners is basically factory set. The air/fuel ratio curve is set with the maximum output point P9 a little higher or equal to P0. To adjust the burner on the plant site, adjust the maximum output point to the flow rate values really requested. Then go through the curve-points, by pressing “+” several times to reach point P9: then adjust the air actuator position (for the air damper) and the fuel actuator (for the butterfly valve, in case of gas or the oil pressure governor incase of oil), by adjusting the fuel flow rate by means of the gas pressure stabiliser (for gas) or the oil pressure governor (for oil), checking the combustion valeus contemporarily. Once the burner is adjusted at the maximum output, press “-” for more than 5 seconds to process the curve downwards. The curve is then a straight line: go on checking the combustion values point by point; change them if necessary and in case linearise the curve again.

Before starting the burner up, press **F** and **A** at the same time

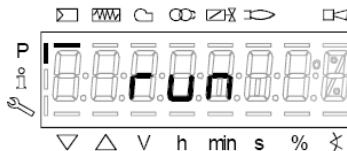



enter the password following the procedure on chapter “Programming LMV2x”.

Press ENTER until the display will show:



Press ENTER again: it will show



press ENTER (InFo)  : the display will show phase 12.

Ph12: *Standby* phase (stationary)

Ph12: *Standby* phase (stationary)

By closing the thermostatic series, the burner startup cycle will take place:

Ph22: *Fan ramp up* phase (fan motor = ON, safety shutoff valve = ON)

Ph24: *Traveling to prepurge position* phase

Ph30: *Prepurge* phase

Ph36: *Traveling to ignition position* phase

Ph38: *Preignition* phase

Ph40: *1st safety time* phase (ignition transformer ON)

Ph42: *1st safety time* phase (ignition transformer OFF), preignition time OFF

Ph44: *Interval1*

The startup sequence stops at phase 44.

The burners is lit and is in “P1” position (low flame point):



Set the air/fuel ratio curvepoints as described on chapter "Programming the LMV2x"

Note: the other phases are


Ph60 = operation (OP= in modulation)


Ph62 = travelling to shutdown

Ph70 = off but in prepurge after the burntime

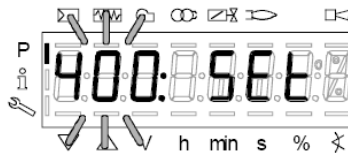
Ph72 = travelling to postpurging


Ph74 = postpurge (countdown is displayed)

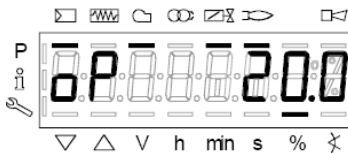
Press ESC  the parameter "546" (Setting the maximum load) is displayed

Then press  to exit the programming mode.

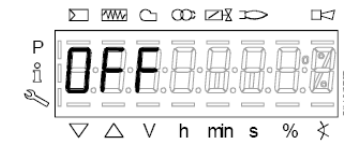
The display will show:



Press  for a second time: the display will show the load percentage the burner is working at.



When the generator reaches the programmed set-point, the burner will be in stand-by: the display will show



Reset / manual lockout

The system can be manually locked by simultaneously pressing the **ENTER (InFo)** button and **any other button** on the AZL2.... This function allows the user to stop the system from the operating level should an emergency occur. When making a reset, the following actions are carried out:

- Alarm relay and the fault display are off
- the lockout position is cancelled
- the unit performs a reset, then it switches to stand-by

If the unit is in the lockout position, a reset can be made by pressing the **InFo** button for 1...3 seconds. The function is available only when the unit is in the lockout position. Longer or shorter pushes on the button do not produce a reset so that the system maintains the lockout position.

| Codice errore / Error code | Codice diagnostico / Diagnostic code | Descrizione / Meaning |
|----------------------------|--------------------------------------|------------------------------|
| 167 | 2 | / Manual lockout via AZL2... |

Timeout for menu operation

The time for automatically leaving the parameter setting level can be adjusted between 10 and 120 minutes, using the parameter 127 (Timeout for menu operation). If, during that period of time, there is no operation via the AZL2..., the parameter setting level is quit and the password level reset to *Info / Service*.

Caution! In addition, this timeout or interruption of communication between the LMV2.. and the AZL2... during the time the curves are set leads to lockout!

| Codice erroreC Error code | Codice diagnostico Diagnostic code | DescrizioneMeaning |
|---------------------------|------------------------------------|--------------------|
| 167 | 8 | Manual locking |

Entering the Parameter levels

By means of a proper use of the keys, it is possible to enter the various level parameters, as shown in the following flow chart:

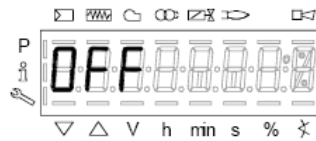


The burner and consequently the LMV2x.. are factory set; the air and fuel curves as set as well.

Info level

To enter the **Info** level, proceed as follows:

- 1 in any menu position, press keys **+** and **-** at the same time, then the program will start again: the display will show **OFF**.



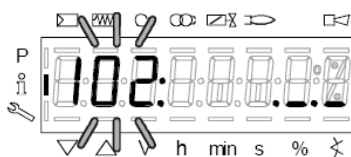
- 2 , until the display will show **InFo**, Press the **enter (InFo)** key



- 3 then it will show the first code (167) flashing, on the right side it will show the data entered. By pressing **+** or **-** it is possible to scroll (up or down) the parameter list.
- 4 If a dot-line is shown on the right, there is no enough room for complete visualisation: press **enter** again the data will be completely shown for 1 to 3 seconds. By pressing **enter** or **+** and **-** at the same time, the system will exit the parameter visualisation and go back to the flashing number. The **Info** level shows some basic parameters as:

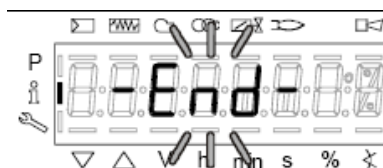
| Parameter | Description |
|-----------|------------------------------------|
| 167 | Cubic meters of fule (resettable) |
| 162 | Operating hours (resettable) |
| 163 | Device operating hours |
| 164 | Burners start-ups (resettable) |
| 166 | Total number of start-ups |
| 113 | Burner number (i.e. serial number) |
| 107 | Software version |
| 102 | Software date |
| 103 | Device serial number |
| 104 | Customer code |
| 105 | Version |
| 143 | Free |

- 5 Example: choose parameter 102 to show the date



the display shows parameter **102** flashing on the left and characters **._.** on the right.

- 6 press **InFo** for 1-3 seconds: the date will appear
- 7 press **InFo** to go back to parameter "102"
- 8 by pressing **+** / **-**, it is possible to scroll up/down the parameter list (see table above), or, by pressing **ESC** or **InFo** for more seconds, the display will show
- 9 Once the last parameter is accessed (143) by pressing **+**, the **End** message will flash.



10 Press **InFo**  for more than three seconds or for more than three seconds orto return to the normal display.



If a message like the one below is shown during operation,



it means that the burner is locked out and the Error code is shown (in the example “error code:4”); this message is alternating with another message



Diagnostic code (in the example “diagnostic code:3”). Record the codes and find out the fault in the Error table
To perform the reset, press InFo for one second:



The unit displays an event which does not lead to shutdown.

The display shows current error code **c**: alternating with diagnostic code **d**:



Press **InFo** to return to the display of phases.
Example: Error code **111** / diagnostic code **0**



To reset, press InFo for a second. Record the codes and check the Error List to find the type of faults.

Service level

To enter the Service mode, press InFo until the display will show:




The service level shows all the information about flame intensity, actuators position, number and lock codes:

| Parameter | Description |
|-----------|--------------------------------------------------------|
| 954 | Flame intensity |
| 121 | % output, if set = automatic operation |
| 922 | Actuators position, 00=combustibile; 01= aria |
| 161 | Lock-outs number |
| 701..725 | Lock-outs History (see chapter 23 in the LMV2x manual) |



- 1 the first parameter will be "954": the percentage of flame is shown on the right. By pressing + or - it is possible to scroll up/down the parameter list.
- 2 Once the last parameter is accessed (143) by pressing + , the **End** message will blink.



- 3 Press **InFo**  for more than three seconds or for more than three seconds orto return to the normal display.



PHASES LIST

| Fase /Phase | Funzione | Function |
|-------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Ph00 | Fase blocco | Lockout phase |
| Ph01 | Fase di sicurezza | Safety phase |
| Ph10 | t10 = tempo raggiungimento posizione riposo | t10 = home run |
| Ph12 | Pausa | Standby (stationary) |
| Ph22 | t22 = tempo di salita ventilatore (motore ventilatore = ON, valvola intercettazione di sicurezza = ON) | t22 = fan ramp up time (fan motor = ON, safety shutoff valve = ON) |
| Ph24 | Verso posizione preventilazione | Traveling to the prepurge position |
| Ph30 | t1 = tempo preventilazione | t1 = prepurge time |
| Ph36 | Verso posizione accensione | Traveling to the ignition position |
| Ph38 | t3 = tempo preaccensione | t3 = preignition time |
| Ph40 | TSA1 = primo tempo sicurezza (trasformatore accensione ON) | TSA1= 1st safety time (ignition transformer ON) |
| Ph42 | TSA1 = primo tempo sicurezza (trasformatore accensione OFF) | TSA1 = 1st safety time (ignition transformer OFF), t42 = preignition time OFF |
| Ph44 | t44 = intervallo 1 | t44 = interval 1 |
| Ph50 | TSA2 = secondo tempo sicurezza | TSA2 = 2nd safety time |
| Ph52 | t52 = intervallo 2 | t52 = interval 2 |
| Ph60 | Funzionamento 1 (stazionario) | Operation 1 (stationary) |
| Ph62 | t62 = massimo tempo bassa fiamma (funzionamento 2, in preparazione per spegnimento, verso bassa fiamma) | t62 = max. time low-fire (operation 2, preparing for shutdown, traveling to low-fire) |
| Ph70 | t13 = tempo postcombustione | t13 = afterburn time |
| Ph72 | Verso posizione postcombustione | Traveling to the postpurge position |
| Ph74 | t8 = tempo postventilazione | t8 = postpurge time |
| Ph80 | t80 = tempo evacuazione controllo tenuta valvole | t80 = valve proving test evacuation time |
| Ph81 | t81 = tempo perdita pressione atmosferica, prova atmosferica | t81 = leakage time test time atmospheric pressure, atmospheric test |
| Ph82 | t82 = test perdita, test riempimento | t82 = leakage test filling test, filling |
| Ph83 | t83 = tempo perdita pressione gas, test pressione | t83 = leakage test time gas pressure, pressure test |
| Ph90 | Tempo attesa "mancanza gas" | Gas shortage waiting time |

BACKUP PARAMETER WITH AZL2x

On the AZL2x you can save the configuration to download on another appliance LMV.

To do this:

access up, press **F** and **A** at the same time



enter the password following the procedure on chapter "Programming LMV2x".

Press ENTER until the display will show:



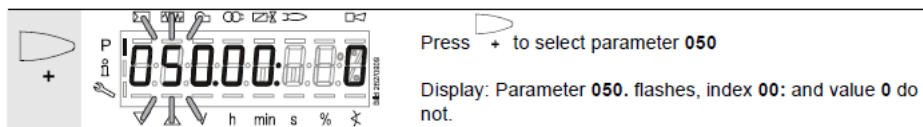
with the button



go to the group **000** of the parameters and press



;with the buttons **+** and **-** go to **050** parameter

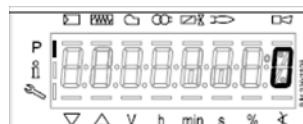


press  the display show  press again  with the button **+** select **1** and start the

backup process by pressing



After about 5 seconds the backup process ends and the display shows



It is recommended that you perform a backup procedure whenever you change the parameters of the LMV for having a copy in AZL2x!

RESTORE PARAMETER FROM AZL2x TO LMV..

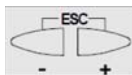
To copy the previously saved configuration on AZL2x proceed as follows:
access up, press **F** and **A** at the same time



enter the password following the procedure on chapter "Programming LMV2x".
Press ENTER until the display will show:



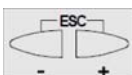
To copy the configuration from AZL2x to LMV. It is important that the type of LMV is the same (for example LMV20 with LMV20, etc.) and that 113 "Burner ID" of the burner is the same value that is saved in the configuration you want to copy.



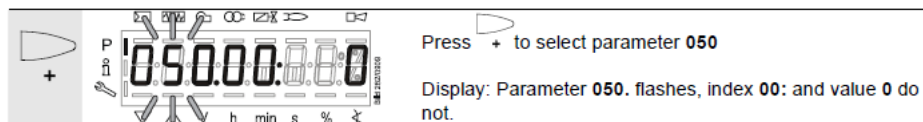
With the buttons go to the group **100** of the parameters, press **на** and always with the buttons **+** and **-** go to



113 parameter "Burner ID", press and verify (and/or change with buttons by pressing enter to confirm)



With the buttons go to the group **000** of the parameters, press and end select the **050** parameter



press the display show



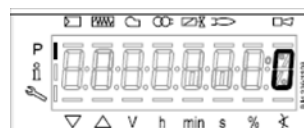
with the button the display shows



press again



with the button **+** select **1** and start the restore process by pressing





After about 5 seconds the restore process ends and the display shows
Now, LMV has the same configuration that was stored on AZL2x.


ERROR CODE TABLE

| Error code | Diagnostic code | Meaning for the LMV2x/3x... system | Remedy |
|------------|-----------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| no Comm | | No communication between LMV26... basic unit and AZL2... | Check wiring for line interruption/loose contact |
| 2 | # | No flame at the end of safety time (TSA) | |
| | 1 | No flame at the end of safety time 1 (TSA1) | |
| | 2 | No flame at the end of safety time 2 (TSA2) | |
| 3 | # | Air pressure failure | |
| | 0 | Air pressure off | |
| | 1 | Air pressure on | |
| | 4 | Air pressure on – prevention of startup | |
| | 20 | Air pressure, combustion pressure – start prevention | |
| | 68 | Air pressure, POC – start prevention | |
| | 84 | Air pressure, combustion pressure, POC – start prevention | |
| 4 | # | Extraneous light | |
| | 0 | Extraneous light during startup | |
| | 1 | Extraneous light during shutdown | |
| | 2 | Extraneous light during startup – prevention of startup | |
| | 6 | Extraneous light during startup, air pressure – start prevention | |
| | 18 | Extraneous light during startup, combustion pressure – start prevention | |
| | 24 | Extraneous light during startup, air pressure, combustion pressure – start prevention | |
| | 66 | Extraneous light during startup, POC – start prevention | |
| | 70 | Extraneous light during startup, air pressure, POC – start prevention | |
| | 82 | Extraneous light during startup, combustion pressure, POC – start prevention | |
| | 86 | Extraneous light during startup, air pressure, combustion pressure, POC – start prevention | |
| 7 | # | Loss of flame | |
| | 0 | Loss of flame | |
| | 3...255 | Loss of flame due to TÜV test (loss-of-flame test) | Diagnostics corresponds to the period of time from shutdown of fuel valves to the detection of loss of flame (resolution 0.2 s → Value 5 = 1 s) |

| Error code | Diagnostic code | Meaning for the LMV20... system | Remedy |
|------------|-----------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| 12 | # | Valve proving | |
| | 0 | Fuel valve 1 (V1) leaking (fuel valve 2 with valve proving via X5-01) | With valve proving via X5-01 (gas pressure switch-min) - Check if valve on the burner side is leaking - Check if pressure switch for valve proving is closed, if gas pressure exist - Check wiring for short-circuit |
| | 1 | Fuel valve 2 (V2) leaking (fuel valve 1 with valve proving via X5-01) | With valve proving via X5-01 (gas pressure switch-min) - Check if valve on the gas side is leaking - Check wiring for short-circuit |
| | 2 | Valve proving not possible | Valve proving activated, but pressure switch-min selected as input function for X9-04 (check parameters 238 and 241) |
| | 3 | Valve proving not possible | Valve proving activated, but no input assigned (check parameters 236 and 237) |
| | 4 | Valve proving not possible | Valve proving activated, but 2 inputs assigned (set parameter 237 to pressure switch-max or POC) |
| | 5 | Valve proving not possible | Valve proving activated, but 2 inputs assigned (check parameters 236 and 237) |
| | 81 | V1 leaking | Check to see if the valve on the gas side is leaking Check wiring to see if there is an open-circuit |
| | 83 | V2 leaking | Check to see if the valve on the burner side is leaking Check to see if the pressure switch for the leakage test is closed when gas pressure is present Check wiring for short-circuit |
| 14 | # | POC | |
| | 0 | POC open | Check to see if the valve's closing contact is closed |
| | 1 | POC close | Check wiring Check to see if the valve's closing contact opens when valve is controlled |
| | 64 | POC open - start prevention | Check wiring to see if there is a line interruption. Check to see if the valve's closing contact is closed |
| 19 | 80 | Combustion pressure, POC – start prevention | Check to see if pressure switch has closed with no combustion pressure present Check wiring for short-circuit |
| 20 | # | Pressure switch-min (Pmin) | |
| | 0 | No minimum gas /oil pressure | Check wiring for open-circuit |
| | 1 | Gas shortage – start prevention | Check wiring for open-circuit |
| 21 | # | Pressure switch-max / POC | |
| | 0 | Pressure switch-max: Max. gas / oil pressure exceeded POC: POC open (software version ≤ V02.00) | Check wiring to see if there is a line interruption. POC: Check to see if the valve's closing contact is closed. |

| Error code | Diagnostic code | Meaning for the LMV2x/3x... system | Remedy |
|--------------|-----------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------|
| 22 | # | Safety loop / burner flange | |
| OFF S | 0 | <i>Safety loop / burner flange open</i> | |
| | 1 | <i>Safety loop / burner flange open - prevention of startup</i> | |
| | 3 | <i>Safety loop/burner flange, extraneous light – start prevention</i> | |
| | 5 | <i>Safety loop/burner flange, air pressure – start prevention</i> | |
| | 17 | <i>Safety loop/burner flange, combustion pressure – start prevention</i> | |
| | 19 | <i>Safety loop/burner flange, extraneous light, combustion pressure – start prevention</i> | |
| | 21 | <i>Safety loop/burner flange, air pressure, combustion pressure – start prevention</i> | |
| | 23 | <i>Safety loop/burner flange, extraneous light, air pressure, combustion pressure – start prevention</i> | |
| | 65 | <i>Safety loop/burner flange, POC – start prevention</i> | |
| | 67 | <i>Safety loop/burner flange, extraneous light, POC – start prevention</i> | |
| | 69 | <i>Safety loop/burner flange, air pressure, POC – start prevention</i> | |
| | 71 | <i>Safety loop/burner flange, extraneous light, air pressure, POC – start prevention</i> | |
| | 81 | <i>Safety loop/burner flange, combustion pressure, POC – start prevention</i> | |
| | 83 | <i>Safety loop/burner flange, extraneous light, combustion pressure, POC – start prevention</i> | |
| | 85 | <i>Safety loop/burner flange, air pressure, combustion pressure, POC – start prevention</i> | |
| | 87 | <i>Safety loop/burner flange, extraneous light, air pressure, combustion pressure, POC – start prevention</i> | |
| 50 | # | Internal error | Make a reset; if error occurs repeatedly, replace the unit |
| 51 | # | Internal error | Make a reset; if error occurs repeatedly, replace the unit |
| 55 | # | Internal error | Make a reset; if error occurs repeatedly, replace the unit |
| 56 | # | Internal error | Make a reset; if error occurs repeatedly, replace the unit |
| 57 | # | Internal error | Make a reset; if error occurs repeatedly, replace the unit |

| Error code | Diagnostic code | Meaning for the LMV2x/3x... system | Remedy |
|-------------|-----------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| 58 | # | Internal error | Make a reset; if error occurs repeatedly, replace the unit |
| 61 Fuel Chg | # | Fuel changeover | |
| Fuel Chg | 0 | Fuel 0 | No error - change to Fuel 0 |
| Fuel Chg | 1 | Fuel 1 | No error - change to Fuel 1 |
| 62 Fuel Err | # | Invalid fuel signals / fuel information | |
| Fuel Err | 0 | Invalid fuel selection (Fuel 0 + 1 = 0) | Check wiring to see if there is an open-circuit  <div>Note</div> Curves cannot be set. |
| Fuel Err | 1 | Different fuel selection between the μ Cs | Make a reset; if error occurs repeatedly, replace the unit |
| Fuel Err | 2 | Different fuel signals between the μ Cs | Make a reset; if error occurs repeatedly, replace the unit |
| Fuel Err | 3 | Invalid fuel selection (Fuel 0 + 1 = 1) | Check wiring for short-circuit  <div>Note</div> Curves cannot be set. LMV26...: Optional press reset button >3 seconds. |
| 65 | # | Internal error | Make a reset; if error occurs repeatedly, replace the unit |
| 66 | # | Internal error | Make a reset; if error occurs repeatedly, replace the unit |
| 67 | # | Internal error | Make a reset; if error occurs repeatedly, replace the unit |
| 70 | # | Internal error fuel-air ratio control: Position calculation modulating | |
| | 23 | Output invalid | No valid output |
| | 26 | Curvepoints undefined | Adjust the curvepoints for all actuators |
| 71 | # | Special position undefined | |
| | 0 | Home position | Parameterize the home position for all actuators used |
| | 1 | Prepurge position | Parameterize the prepurge position for all actuators used |
| | 2 | Postpurge position | Parameterize the postpurge position for all actuators used |
| | 3 | Ignition position | Parameterize the ignition position for all actuators used |
| 72 | # | Internal error fuel-air ratio control | Make a reset; if error occurs repeatedly, replace the unit |
| 73 | # | Internal error fuel-air ratio control: Position calculation multistep | |
| | 23 | Output invalid | No valid output |
| | 26 | Curvepoints undefined | Adjust the curvepoints for all actuators |

| Error code | Diagnostic code | Meaning for the LMV2x/3x... system | Remedy |
|------------|-----------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| 75 | # | Internal error fuel-air ratio control: Data clocking check | |
| | 1 | <i>Current output different</i> | |
| | 2 | <i>Target output different</i> | |
| | 4 | <i>Target positions different</i> | |
| | 16 | <i>Different positions reached</i> | Can be caused by different standardized speeds (e.g. after restore of data set) when the VSD is activated → standardize again and check adjustment of the fuel-air ratio control system |
| 76 | # | Internal error fuel-air ratio control | Make a reset; if error occurs repeatedly, replace the unit |
| 80 | # | Control range limitation of VSD | <p>Basic unit could not correct the difference in speed and reached a control range limit.</p> <p>1. Basic unit is not standardized for this motor → repeat standardization.</p> <p> Caution! Settings of fuel-air ratio control must be checked.</p> <p>2. Ramp time settings of the VSD are not shorter than those of the basic unit (parameters 522, 523).</p> <p>3. Characteristic of the VSD is not linear. Configuration of the voltage input at the VSD must accord with that of the basic unit (parameter 645).</p> <p>4. VSD does not follow quickly enough the changes of the basic unit. Check settings of the VSD (input filter, slippage compensation, hiding different speeds)</p> |
| | 1 | <i>Control range limitation at the bottom</i> | VSD speed was too high |
| | 2 | <i>Control range limitation at the top</i> | VSD speed was too low |
| 81 | 1 | <i>Interrupt limitation speed input</i> | Too much electromagnetic interference on the sensor line → improve EMC |

| Error code | Diagnostic code | Meaning for the LMV2x/3x... system | Remedy |
|------------|-----------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| 82 | # | Error during VSD's speed standardization | |
| | 1 | Timeout of standardization (VSD ramp down time too long) | Timeout at the end of standardization during ramp down of the VSD → ramp time settings of the VSD are not shorter than those of the basic unit (parameter: 523) |
| | 2 | Storage of standardized speed not successful | Error during storage of the standardized speed → lock the basic unit, then reset it and repeat the standardization |
| | 3 | Line interruption speed sensor | Basic unit receives no pulses from the speed sensor: 1. Motor does not turn. 2. Speed sensor is not connected. 3. Speed sensor is not activated by the sensor disk (check distance) |
| | 4 | Speed variation / VSD ramp up time too long / speed below minimum limit for standardization | Motor has not reached a stable speed after ramp up. 1. Ramp time settings of the VSD are not shorter than those of the basic unit (parameters 522, 523). 2. Characteristic of the VSD is not linear. Configuration of the voltage input at the VSD must accord with that of the basic unit (parameter 645). 3. VSD does not follow quickly enough the changes of the basic unit. Check settings of the VSD (input filter, slippage compensation, hiding different speeds) 4. Speed of VSD lies below the minimum for standardization (650 1/min) |
| | 5 | Wrong direction of rotation | Motor's direction of rotation is wrong. 1. Motor turns indeed in the wrong direction → change parameterization of the direction of rotation or interchange 2 live conductors. 2. Sensor disk is fitted the wrong way → turn the sensor disk. |
| | 6 | Unplausible sensor signals | The required pulse pattern (60°, 120°, 180°) has not been correctly identified. 1. Speed sensor does not detect all tappets of the sensor disk → check distance 2. As the motor turns, other metal parts are detected also, in addition to the tappets → improve mounting. 3. Electromagnetic interference on the sensor lines → check cable routing, improve EMC |
| | 7 | Invalid standardized speed | The standardized speed measured does not lie in the permissible range → motor turns too slowly or too fast |
| | 15 | Speed deviation $\mu C1 + \mu C2$ | The speeds of microcomputer 1 and 2 deviated too much. This can be caused by wrong standardized speeds (e.g. after restoring a data set to a new unit) → repeat standardization and check the fuel-air ratio |

| Error code | Diagnostic code | Meaning for the LMV2x/3x... system | Remedy |
|------------|-----------------|----------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| | 20 | <i>Wrong phase of phase manager</i> | Standardization was made in a wrong phase. Permitted are only phases ≤ 12 → controller OFF, start standardization again |
| | 21 | <i>Safety loop / burner flange open</i> | Safety loop or burner flange is open → repeat standardization with safety loop closed |
| | 22 | <i>Air actuator not referenced</i> | Air actuator has not been referenced or has lost its referencing. 1. Check if the reference position can be approached. 2. Check if actuators have been mixed up. 3. If error only occurs after the start of standardization, the actuator might be overloaded and cannot reach its destination. |
| | 23 | <i>VSD deactivated</i> | Standardization was started with VSD deactivated → activate the VSD and repeat standardization |
| | 24 | <i>No valid operating mode</i> | Standardization was started without valid operating mode → activate valid operating mode and repeat standardization |
| | 25 | <i>Pneumatic air-fuel ratio control</i> | Standardization was started with pneumatic air-fuel ratio control → standardization with pneumatic air-fuel ratio control not possible |
| | 128 | <i>Running command with no preceding standardization</i> | VSD is controlled but not standardized → make standardization |
| | 255 | <i>No standardized speed available</i> | Motor turns but is not standardized → make standardization |

| Error code | Diagnostic code | Meaning for the LMV2x/3x... system | Remedy |
|------------|------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| 83 | # | Speed error VSD | Required speed has not been reached |
| | Bit 0 Valency 1 | <i>Lower control range limitation of control</i> | Speed has not been reached because control range limitation has become active → for measures, refer to error code 80 |
| | Bit 1 Valency 2...3 | <i>Upper control range limitation of control</i> | Speed has not been reached because control range limitation has become active → for measures, refer to error code 80 |
| | Bit 2 Valency 4...7 | <i>Interruption via disturbance pulses</i> | Speed has not been reached due to too much electromagnetic interference on the sensor line → for measures, refer to error code 81 |
| | Bit 3 Valency ≥ 8 | <i>Curve too steep in terms of ramp speed</i> | Speed has not been reached because detected curve slope was too steep. 1. With a LMV26... ramp of 20 s, the curve's slope may be a maximum of 10% speed change between 2 curvepoints in modulating mode. With a LMV26... ramp of 10 s, the curve's slope may be a maximum of 20% speed change between 2 curvepoints in modulating mode. With a LMV26... ramp of 5 s, the curve's slope may be a maximum of 40% speed change between 2 curvepoints in modulating mode. → Between the ignition point (P0) and the low-fire point (P1), the speed change in modulating mode may be a maximum of 40%, independent of the LMV26... ramp. 2. The setting of the VSD ramp must be about 20% faster than the ramps in the basic unit (parameters 522, 523). |
| | Bit 4 Valency ≥ 16 | <i>Interruption of speed signal</i> | No speed detected in spite of control. 1. Check if the motor turns. 2. Check if the speed sensor delivers a signal (LED / check distance from the sensor disk). 3. Check wiring of the VSD. |
| | Bit 5 Valency ≥ 32 | <i>Quick shutdown due to excessive speed deviation</i> | Speed deviation was for about 1 s >10% outside the anticipated range. 1. Check ramp times of the LMV26... and VSD. 2. Check wiring of the VSD. |

| Error code | Diagnostic code | Meaning for the LMV2x/3x... system | Remedy |
|------------|------------------------|------------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| 84 | # | Curve slope actuators | |
| | Bit 0 Valency 1 | VSD: Curve too steep in terms of ramp speed | <p>1. The curve's slope may be a maximum of 10% speed change between 2 curvepoints in modulating operation, with a LMV26... ramp of 20 seconds</p> <p>The curve's slope may be a maximum of 20% speed change between 2 curvepoints in modulating operation, with a LMV26... ramp of 10 seconds</p> <p>The curve's slope may be a maximum of 40% speed change between 2 curvepoints in modulating operation, with a LMV26... ramp of 5 seconds</p> <p>→ Between the ignition point (P0) and the low-fire point (P1), the speed change in modulating mode may be a maximum of 40%, independent of the LMV26... ramp.</p> <p>2. Setting of the VSD ramp must be about 20% shorter than the ramps in the basic unit (parameters 522 and 523)</p> |
| | Bit 1 Valency 2..3 | Fuel actuator: Curve too steep in terms of ramp rate | The slope of the curve may be a maximum position change of 31° between 2 curvepoints in modulating mode |
| | Bit 2 Valency 4..7 | Air actuator: Curve too steep in terms of ramp rate | The slope of the curve may be a maximum position change of 31° between 2 curvepoints in modulating mode |
| 85 | # | Referencing error ones actuators | |
| | 0 | Referencing error of fuel actuator | <p>Referencing of fuel actuator not successful.</p> <p>Reference point could not be reached.</p> <p>1. Check to see if actuators have been mixed up.</p> <p>2. Check to see if actuator is locked or overloaded.</p> |
| | 1 | Referencing error of air actuator | <p>Referencing of fuel actuator not successful</p> <p>Reference point could not be reached.</p> <p>1. Check to see if actuators have been mixed up.</p> <p>2. Check to see if actuator is locked or overloaded.</p> |
| | Bit 7 Valency ≥ 128 | Referencing error due to parameter change | <p>Parameterization of an actuator (e.g. the reference position) has been changed.</p> <p>To trigger new referencing, this error is set</p> |
| 86 | # | Error fuel actuator | |
| | 0 | Position error | <p>Target position could not be reached within the required tolerance band</p> <p>→ check to see if actuator is locked or overloaded</p> |
| | Bit 0 Valency 1 | Line interruption | <p>Line interruption detected at actuator's terminals</p> <p>→ check wiring (voltage X54 across pin 5 or 6 and pin 2 >0.5 V)</p> |
| | Bit 3 Valency ≥ 8 | Curve too steep in terms of ramp rate | The slope of the curve may be a maximum position change of 31° between 2 curvepoints in modulating mode |
| | Bit 4 Valency ≥ 16 | Step deviation in comparison with last referencing | <p>Actuator was overloaded or mechanically twisted.</p> <p>1. Check to see if the actuator is blocked somewhere along its working range.</p> <p>2. Check to see if the torque is sufficient for the application.</p> |

| Error code | Diagnostic code | Meaning for the LMV2x/3x... system | Remedy |
|------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| 87 | # | Error air actuator | |
| | 0 | Position error | Target position could not be reached within the required tolerance band → check to see if actuator is locked or overloaded |
| | Bit 0 Valency 1 | Line interruption | Line interruption detected at actuator's terminals → check wiring (voltage X53 across pin 5 or 6 and pin 2 >0.5 V) |
| | Bit 3 Valency ≥ 8 | Curve too steep in terms of ramp rate | The slope of the curve may be a maximum position change of 31° between 2 curvepoints in modulating mode |
| | Bit 4 Valency ≥ 16 | Sectional deviation in comparison with last referencing | Actuator was overloaded or mechanically twisted. 1. Check to see if the actuator is blocked somewhere along its working range. 2. Check to see if the torque is sufficient for the application. |
| 90 | # | Internal error basic unit | |
| 91 | # | Internal error basic unit | |
| 93 | # | Error flame signal acquisition | |
| | 3 | Short-circuit of sensor | Short-circuit at QRB... 1. Check wiring. 2. Flame detector possibly fault. |
| 95 | # | Error relay supervision | |
| | 3 Ignition transformer 4 Fuel valve 1 5 Fuel valve 2 6 Fuel valve 3 | External power supply NO contact | Check wiring |
| 96 | # | Error relay supervision | |
| | 3 Ignition transformer 4 Fuel valve 1 5 Fuel valve 2 6 Fuel valve 3 | Relay contacts have welded | Test the contacts: 1. Unit connected to power: Fan output must be dead. 2. Disconnect power: Disconnect fan. No resistive connection between fan output and neutral conductor allowed. If one of the 2 tests fails, release the unit since contact have definitively welded and safety can no longer be ensured. |
| 97 | # | Error relay supervision | |
| | 0 | Safety relay contacts have welded or external power supply fed to safety relay | Test the contacts: 1. Unit connected to power: Fan output must be dead. 2. Disconnect power: Disconnect fan. No resistive connection between fan output and neutral conductor allowed. If one of the 2 tests fails, release the unit since contacts have definitively welded and safety can no longer be ensured. |

| Error code | Diagnostic code | Meaning for the LMV2x/3x... system | Remedy |
|------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| 98 | # | Error relay supervision | |
| | 2 Safety valve 3 Ignition transformer 4 Fuel valve 1 5 Fuel valve 2 6 Fuel valve 3 | Relay does not pull in | Make a reset; if error occurs repeatedly, replace the unit |
| 99 | # | Internal error relay control | Make a reset; if error occurs repeatedly, replace the unit |
| | 3 | Internal error relay control | Make a reset. If error occurs repeatedly, replace the unit Software version V03.10: If error C:99 D:3 occurs during standardization of the VSD, deactivate temporarily function <i>Alarm in case of start prevention</i> (parameter number 210 = 0, when using a release contact) or <i>interrupt</i> the controller-ON signal |
| 100 | # | Internal error relay control | Make a reset; if error occurs repeatedly, replace the unit |
| 105 | # | Internal error contact sampling | |
| | 0 Pressure switch-min 1 Pressure switch-max / POC 2 Fuel selection 0 / Reset 3 Air pressure 4 Load controller open 5 Load controller on / off 6 Load controller close 7 Safety loop / Burner flange 8 Safety valve 9 Ignition transformer 10 Fuel valve 1 11 Fuel valve 2 12 Fuel valve 3 13 Fuel selection 1 / Reset | Stuck-At failure | Can be caused by capacitive loads or supply of DC voltage to the mains voltage inputs. The diagnostic code indicates the input where the problem occurred |
| 106 | # | Internal error contact request | Make a reset; if error occurs repeatedly, replace the unit |
| 107 | # | Internal error contact request | Make a reset; if error occurs repeatedly, replace the unit |
| 108 | # | Internal error contact request | Make a reset; if error occurs repeatedly, replace the unit |
| 110 | # | Internal error voltage monitor test | Make a reset; if error occurs repeatedly, replace the unit |
| 111 | # | Power failure | Mains voltage to low Exchange ratio diagnostics code → voltage value (230 V: 1.683) |
| 112 | 0 | Mains voltage recovery | Error code for triggering a reset on power restoration (no error) |
| 113 | # | Internal error mains voltage supervision | Make a reset; if error occurs repeatedly, replace the unit |
| 115 | # | Internal error system counter | |
| 116 | 0 | Designed life time exceeded (250'000 startups) | Warning threshold has been reached. The unit should be replaced |

| Error code | Diagnostic code | Meaning for the LMV2x/3x... system | Remedy |
|------------|-----------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| 117 | 0 | <i>Life time exceeded Operation no longer allowed</i> | Switch-off threshold has been reached |
| 120 | 0 | <i>Interrupt limitation fuel meter input</i> | Too many disturbance pulses at the fuel meters input → Improve EMC |
| 121 | # | Internal error EEPROM access | Make a reset, repeat last parameterization / check. Restore the parameter set, if error occurs repeatedly, replace the unit |
| 122 | # | Internal error EEPROM access | Make a reset, repeat last parameterization / check. Restore the parameter set, if error occurs repeatedly, replace the unit |
| 123 | # | Internal error EEPROM access | Make a reset, repeat last parameterization / check. Restore the parameter set, if error occurs repeatedly, replace the unit |
| 124 | # | Internal error EEPROM access | Make a reset, repeat last parameterization / check. Restore the parameter set, if error occurs repeatedly, replace the unit |
| 125 | # | Internal error EEPROM read access | Make a reset, repeat last parameterization / check. If error occurs repeatedly, replace the unit |
| 126 | # | Internal error EEPROM write access | Make a reset, repeat last parameterization / check. If error occurs repeatedly, replace the unit |
| 127 | # | Internal error EEPROM access | Make a reset, repeat last parameterization / check. Restore the parameter set, if error occurs repeatedly, replace the unit |
| 128 | 0 | <i>Internal error EEPROM access - synchronization during initialization</i> | Make a reset; if error occurs repeatedly, replace the unit |
| 129 | # | Internal error EEPROM access – command synchronization | Make a reset, repeat last parameterization / check. If error occurs repeatedly, replace the unit |
| 130 | # | Internal error EEPROM access - timeout | Make a reset, repeat last parameterization / check. If error occurs repeatedly, replace the unit |
| 131 | # | Internal error EEPROM access - page on abort | Make a reset, repeat last parameterization / check. If error occurs repeatedly, replace the unit |
| 132 | # | Internal error EEPROM register initialization | Make a reset; if error occurs repeatedly, replace the unit |
| 133 | # | Internal error EEPROM access – Request synchronization | Make a reset, repeat last parameterization / check. If error occurs repeatedly, replace the unit |
| 134 | # | Internal error EEPROM access – Request synchronization | Make a reset, repeat last parameterization / check. If error occurs repeatedly, replace the unit |
| 135 | # | Internal error EEPROM access – Request synchronization | Make a reset, repeat last parameterization / check. If error occurs repeatedly, replace the unit |
| 136 | 1 | <i>Restore started</i> | Restore of a backup has been started (no error) |

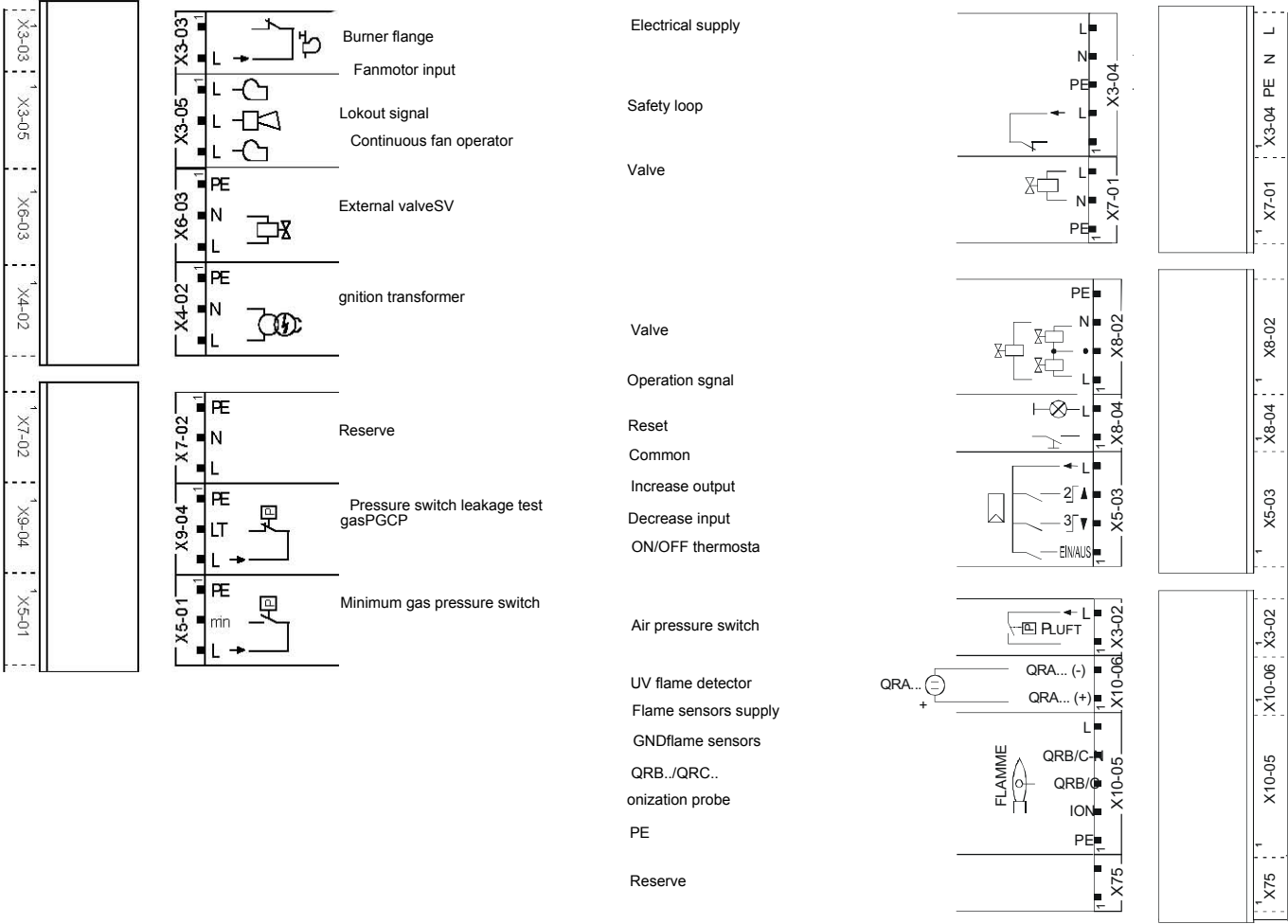
| Error code | Diagnostic code | Meaning for the LMV2x/3x... system | Remedy |
|------------|-----------------|------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| 137 | # | Internal error – backup / restore | |
| | 157 (-99) | Restore – ok, but backup < data set of current system | Restore successful, but backup data record is smaller than in the current system |
| | 239 (-17) | Backup – storage of backup in AZL2... faulty | Reset and repeat backup |
| | 240 (-16) | Restore – no backup in AZL2... | No backup stored in AZL2... |
| | 241 (-15) | Restore – abortion due to unsuitable product no. (ASN) | Backup has an unsuitable product no. (ASN) and must not be restored |
| | 242 (-14) | Backup – backup made is inconsistent | Backup is faulty and cannot be transferred back |
| | 243 (-13) | Backup – data comparison between μ Cs faulty | Reset and repeat backup |
| | 244 (-12) | Backup data are incompatible | Backup data are incompatible with the current software version, restore not possible |
| | 245 (-11) | Access error to parameter Restore_Complete | Reset and repeat backup |
| | 246 (-10) | Restore – timeout when storing in EEPROM | Reset and repeat backup |
| | 247 (-9) | Data received are inconsistent | Backup data record invalid, restore not possible |
| | 248 (-8) | Restore cannot at present be made | Reset and repeat backup |
| | 249 (-7) | Restore – abortion due to unsuitable burner identification | Backup has an unsuitable burner identification and must not be transferred to the unit |
| | 250 (-6) | Backup – CRC of one page is not correct | Backup data record invalid, restore not possible |
| | 251 (-5) | Backup – burner identification is not defined | Define burner identification and repeat backup |
| | 252 (-4) | After restore, pages still on ABORT | Reset and repeat backup |
| | 253 (-3) | Restore cannot at present be made | Reset and repeat backup |
| | 254 (-2) | Abortion due to transmission error | Reset and repeat backup |
| | 255 (-1) | Abortion due to timeout during backup / restore | Make a reset, check the connections and repeat backup / restore In case of repeated backup timeout, the AZL2... does not yet support backup functionality |
| 146 | # | Timeout building automation interface | Refer to Modbus User Documentation (A7541) |
| | 1 | Modbus timeout | |
| | 2 | reserved | |

| Error code | Diagnostic code | Meaning for the LMV2x/3x... system | Remedy |
|------------|-----------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| 150 | # | TÜV test | |
| | 1 (-1) | Invalid phase | TÜV test may only be started in phase 60 (operation) |
| | 2 (-2) | TÜV test default output too low | TÜV test default output must not be smaller than the lower output limit |
| | 3 (-3) | TÜV test default output too high | TÜV test default output must not be greater than the upper output limit |
| | 4 (-4) | Manual interruption | No error: Manual abortion of TÜV test by user |
| | 5 (-5) | TÜV test timeout | No loss of flame after shutdown of fuel valves 1. Check to see if there is extraneous light 2. Check wiring to see if there is a short-circuit 3. Check to see if valve is leaking |
| 165 | # | Internal error | |
| 166 | 0 | Internal error watchdog reset | |
| 167 | # | Manual locking | Unit has been manually locked (no error) |
| | 1 | Manual locking by contact | |
| | 2 | Manual locking by AZL2... | |
| | 3 | Manual locking by PC tool | |
| | 8 | Manual locking by the AZL2... Timeout / communication breakdown | During a curve adjustment via the AZL2..., the timeout for menu operation has elapsed (setting via parameter 127), or communication between the LMV26... and the AZL2... has broken down |
| | 9 | Manual locking by the PC tool Communication breakdown | During a curve adjustment via the ACS410, communication between the LMV26... and the ACS410 was interrupted for more than 30 seconds |
| | 33 | Manual locking by the PC tool Test of lockout | PC tool made a reset attempt with an error-free system |
| 168 | # | Internal error management | Make a reset; if error occurs repeatedly, replace the unit |
| 169 | # | Internal error management | Make a reset; if error occurs repeatedly, replace the unit |
| 170 | # | Internal error management | Make a reset; if error occurs repeatedly, replace the unit |
| 171 | # | Internal error management | Make a reset; if error occurs repeatedly, replace the unit |
| 200 OFF | # | System error-free | No error |

| Error code | Diagnostic code | Meaning for the LMV2x/3x... system | Remedy |
|--------------------------------------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| 201 OFF UP _{r0} or OFF UP _{r1} | # | Prevention of startup | Start prevention due to unparameterized unit Go to error history, entry 702, for initial cause of the error with shutdown in connection with the first curve settings |
| | Bit 0 Valency 1 | No operating mode selected | |
| | Bit 1 Valency 2..3 | No fuel train defined | |
| | Bit 2 Valency 4..7 | No curves defined | |
| | Bit 3 Valency 8..15 | Standardized speed undefined | |
| | Bit 4 Valency 16..31 | Backup / restore was not possible | |
| 202 | # | Internal error operating mode selection | Redefine the operating mode (parameter 201) |
| 203 | # | Internal error | Redefine the operating mode (parameter 201). Make a reset; if error occurs repeatedly, replace the unit |
| 204 | Phase number | Program stop | Program stop is active (no error) |
| 205 | # | Internal error | Make a reset; if error occurs repeatedly, replace the unit |
| 206 | 0 | Inadmissible combination of units (basic unit – AZL2...) | |
| 207 | # | Version compatibility basic unit – AZL2... | |
| | 0 | Basic unit version too old | |
| | 1 | AZL2... version too old | |
| 208 | # | Internal error | Make a reset; if error occurs repeatedly, replace the unit |
| 209 | # | Internal error | Make a reset; if error occurs repeatedly, replace the unit |
| 210 | 0 | Selected operating mode is not released for the basic unit | Select a released operating mode for the basic unit |
| 240 | # | Internal error | Make a reset; if error occurs repeatedly, replace the unit |
| 245 | # | Internal error | Make a reset; if error occurs repeatedly, replace the unit |
| 250 | # | Internal error | Make a reset; if error occurs repeatedly, replace the unit |

WIRING DIAGRAM

Wiring connection for LMV20



Fuel actuator

Air actuator

Wiring variants for LMV27

ConnectorX75

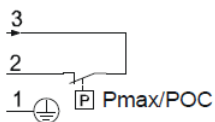


2 - Fuel meter input

1 - Supply fuel meter

Bild 338e/0409

ConnectorX5-02

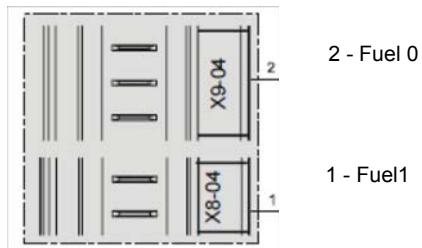


ConnectionsPmax

Bild 279e/1010

Wiring variants for LMV26

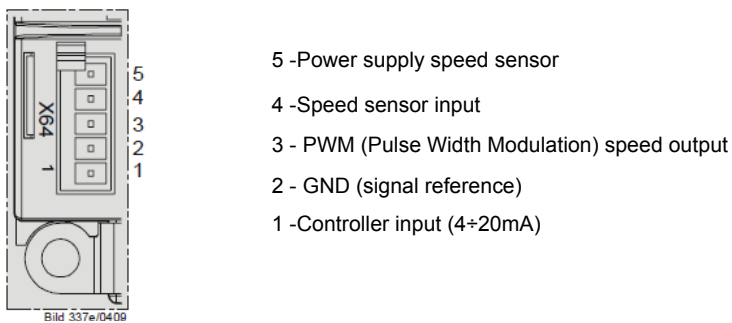
ConnectorX08-04 / X09-04



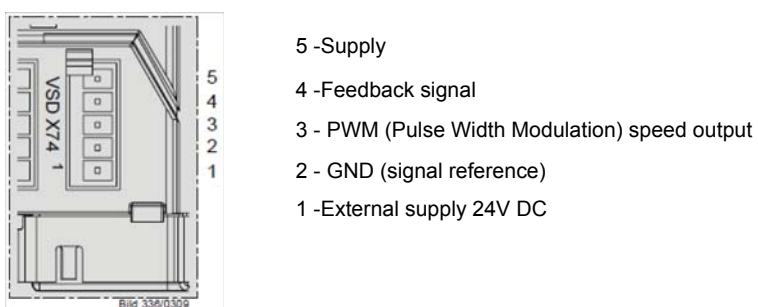
ConnectorX75



ConnectorX64



ConnectorX74



Wiring variants for LMV37

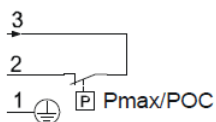
ConnectorX75



- 2 - Fuel meter input
- 1 - Supply fuel meter

Bild 338e/0409

ConnectorX5-02



Connections Pmax

Bild 279e/1010

ConnectorX64

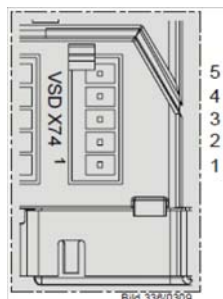


- 5 -Power supply speed sensor
- 4 -Speed sensor input
- 3 - PWM (Pulse Width Modulation) speed output

- 2 - GND (signal reference)
- 1 -Controller input (4÷20mA)

Bild 337e/0409

ConnectorX74



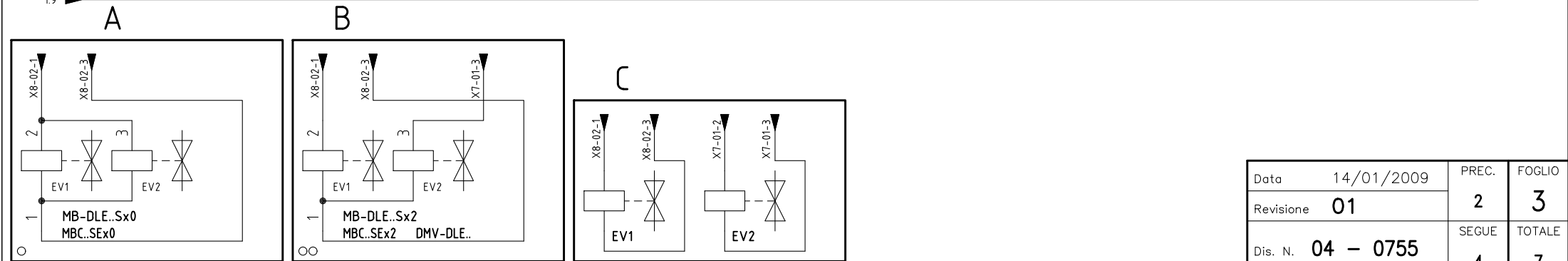
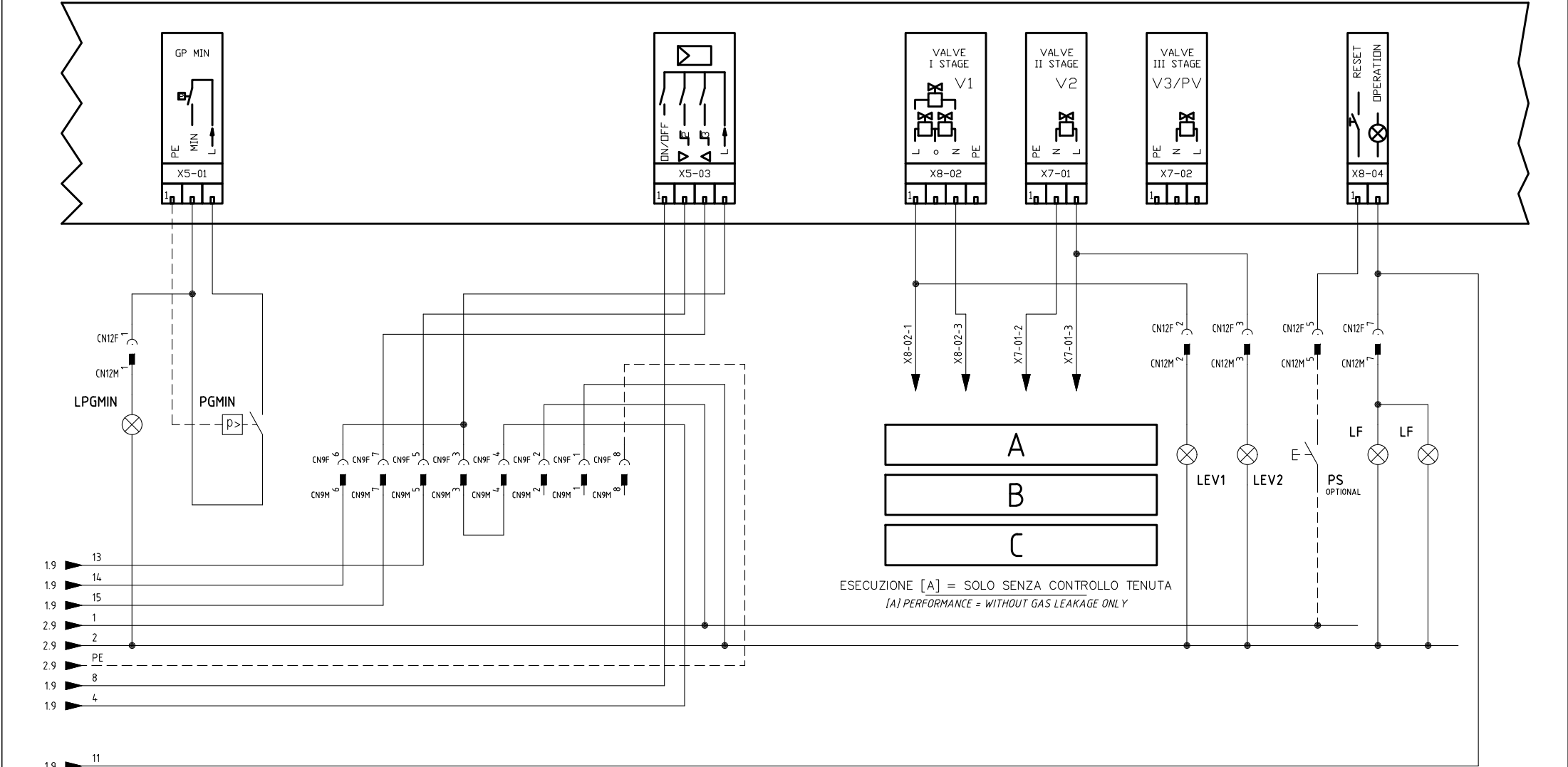
- 5 -Supply
- 4 -Feedback signal
- 3 - PWM (Pulse Width Modulation) speed output
- 2 - GND (signal reference)
- 1 -External supply 24V DC

Bild 336/0309

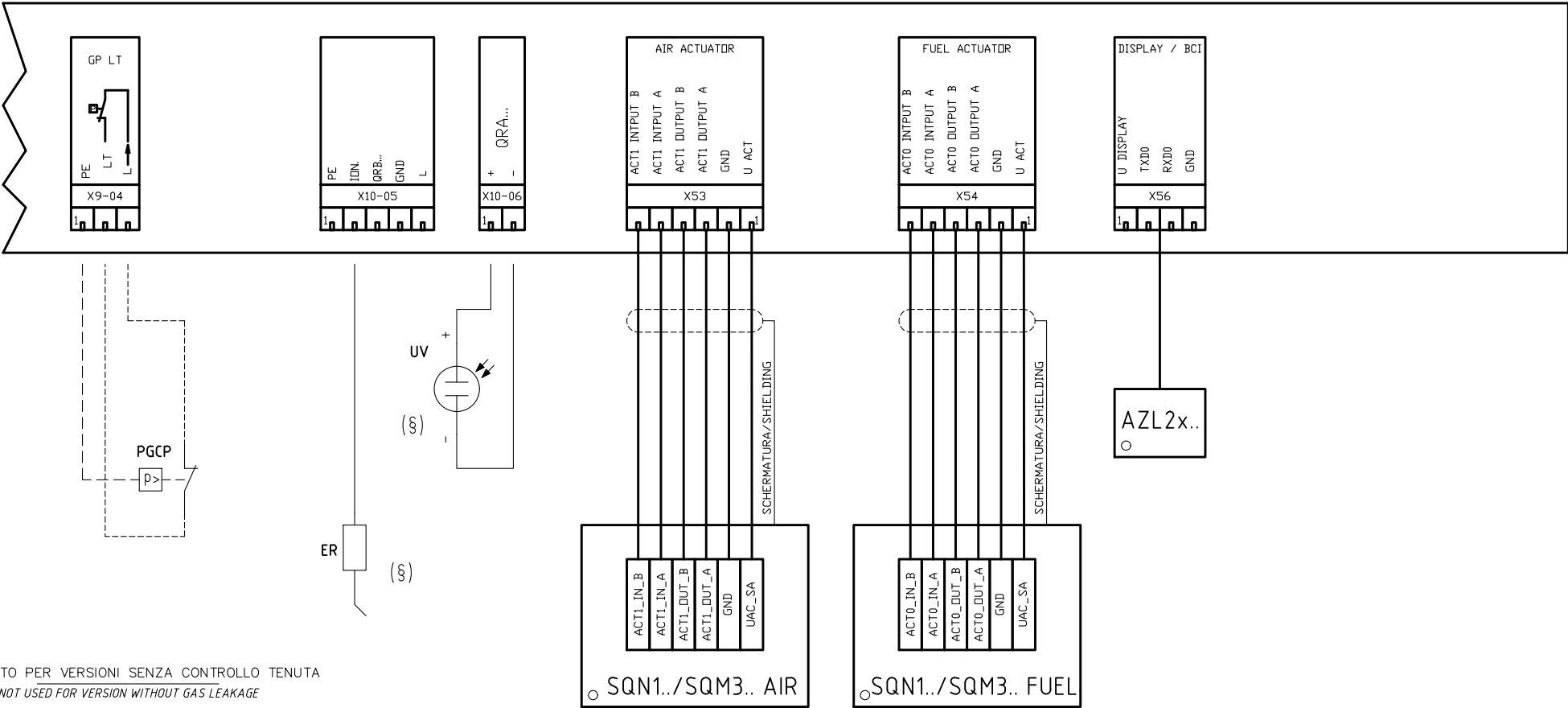


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Note: Specifications and data subject to change. Errors and omissions excepted.



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|-----------|------------|-------|--------|
| Data | 14/01/2009 | PREC. | FOGLIO |
| Revisione | 01 | 2 | 3 |
| Dis. N. | 04 - 0755 | SEGUE | TOTALE |
| | | 4 | 7 |

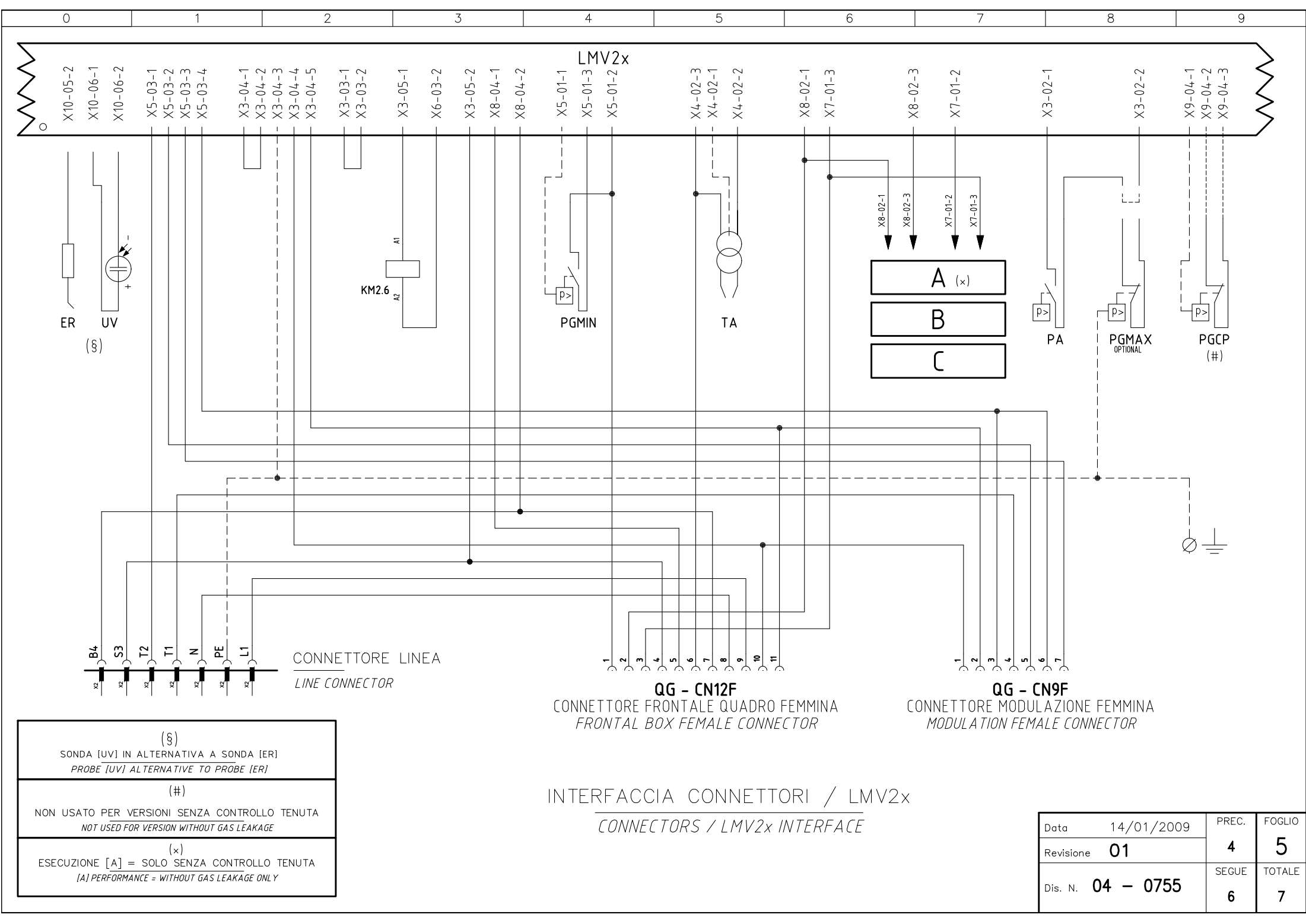


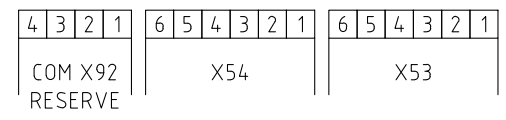
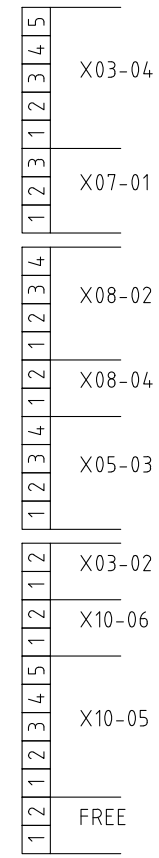
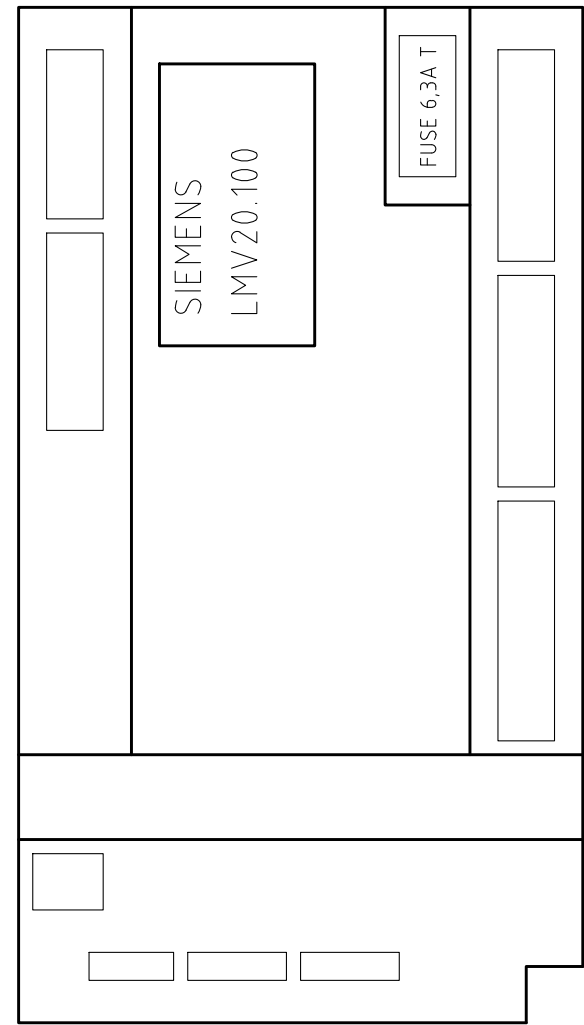
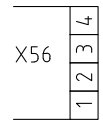
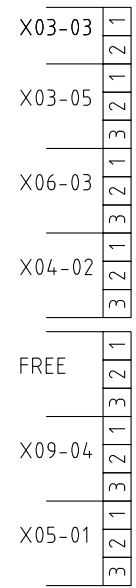
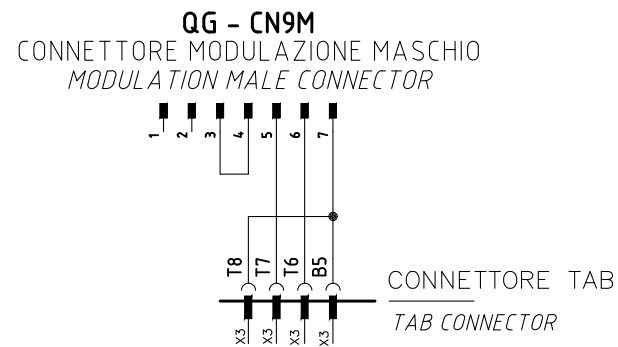
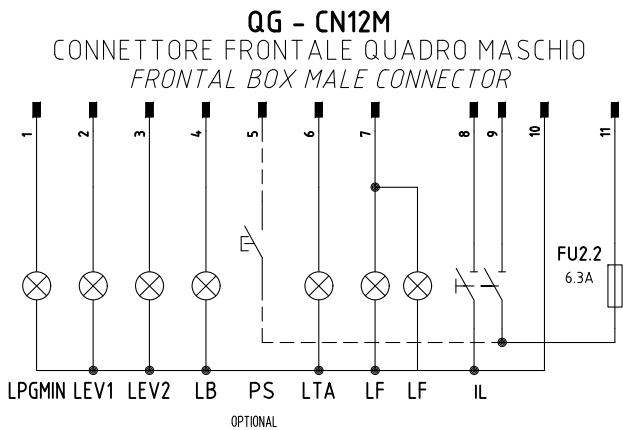
NON USATO PER VERSIONI SENZA CONTROLLO TENUTA
NOT USED FOR VERSION WITHOUT GAS LEAKAGE

(S)

SONDA [UV] IN ALTERNATIVA A SONDA [ER]
PROBE [UV] ALTERNATIVE TO PROBE [ER]

| | | | |
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| Data | 14/01/2009 | PREC. | 5 | FOGLIO | 6 |
| Revisione | 01 | SEGUE | 7 | TOTALE | 7 |
| Dis. N. | 04 - 0755 | | | | |

| 0 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 |
|--------------------|--------------|-------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Sigla/Item | Foglio/Sheet | Funzione | Function | | | | | | |
| AZL2x.. | 4 | INTERFACCIA UTENTE | USER INTERFACE | | | | | | |
| C1 | 1 | CONTAORE FUNZIONAMENTO | OPERATION TIME COUNTER | | | | | | |
| C2 | 1 | CONTAORE ALTA FIAMMA | HIGH FLAME TIME COUNTER | | | | | | |
| DMV-DLE.. | 3 | GRUPPO VALVOLE GAS (ALTERNATIVO) | GAS VALVES GROUP (ALTERNATIVE) | | | | | | |
| ER | 4 | ELETTRODO RILEVAZIONE FIAMMA | FLAME DETECTION ELECTRODE | | | | | | |
| EV1 | 3 | ELETTROVALVOLA GAS LATO RETE | UPSTREAM GAS SOLENOID VALVE | | | | | | |
| EV2 | 3 | ELETTROVALVOLA GAS LATO BRUCIATORE | DOWNSTREAM GAS SOLENOID VALVE | | | | | | |
| EVS | 2 | ELETTROVALVOLA GAS DI SICUREZZA (OPTIONAL) | SAFETY GAS SOLENOID VALVE (OPTIONAL) | | | | | | |
| FU1 | 1 | FUSIBILE LINEA MOTORE VENTILATORE | FAN MOTOR LINE FUSE | | | | | | |
| FU2.2 | 2 | FUSIBILE LINEA AUSILIARI | AUXILIARY LINE FUSE | | | | | | |
| FU3 | 1 | FUSIBILE LINEA BRUCIATORE | BURNER LINE FUSE | | | | | | |
| IB | 1 | INTERRUTTORE LINEA BRUCIATORE | BURNER LINE SWITCH | | | | | | |
| IL | 2 | INTERRUTTORE LINEA AUSILIARI | AUXILIARY LINE SWITCH | | | | | | |
| IM | 1 | INTERRUTTORE LINEA MOTORE VENTILATORE | FAN MOTOR LINE SWITCH | | | | | | |
| KM2.6 | 2 | CONTATTORE MOTORE VENTILATORE | FAN MOTOR CONTACTOR | | | | | | |
| LAF | 1 | LAMPADA SEGNALE ALTA FIAMMA BRUCIATORE | BURNER IN HIGH FLAME INDICATOR LIGHT | | | | | | |
| LB | 2 | LAMPADA SEGNALE BLOCCO BRUCIATORE | INDICATOR LIGHT FOR BURNER LOCK-OUT | | | | | | |
| LB1 | 1 | LAMPADA SEGNALE BLOCCO BRUCIATORE | INDICATOR LIGHT FOR BURNER LOCK-OUT | | | | | | |
| LBF | 1 | LAMPADA SEGNALE BASSA FIAMMA BRUCIATORE | BURNER IN LOW FLAME INDICATOR LIGHT | | | | | | |
| LEV1 | 3 | LAMPADA SEGNALE APERTURA [EV1] | INDICATOR LIGHT FOR OPENING OF ELECTRO-VALVE [EV1] | | | | | | |
| LEV2 | 3 | LAMPADA SEGNALE APERTURA [EV2] | INDICATOR LIGHT FOR OPENING OF ELECTRO-VALVE [EV2] | | | | | | |
| LF | 3 | LAMPADA SEGNALE FUNZIONAMENTO BRUCIATORE | INDICATOR LIGHT BURNER OPERATION | | | | | | |
| LF | 3 | LAMPADA SEGNALE FUNZIONAMENTO BRUCIATORE | INDICATOR LIGHT BURNER OPERATION | | | | | | |
| LMV20.100 | 2 | APPARECCHIATURA DI COMANDO | CONTROL SCHEME | | | | | | |
| LPGMIN | 3 | LAMPADA SEGNALE PRESENZA GAS IN RETE | INDICATOR LIGHT FOR PRESENCE OF GAS IN THE NETWORK | | | | | | |
| LTA | 2 | LAMPADA SEGNALE TRASFORMATORE DI ACCENSIONE | IGNITION TRANSFORMER INDICATOR LIGHT | | | | | | |
| MB-DLE..Sx0 | 3 | GRUPPO VALVOLE GAS | GAS VALVES GROUP | | | | | | |
| MB-DLE..Sx2 | 3 | GRUPPO VALVOLE GAS | GAS VALVES GROUP | | | | | | |
| MBC..SEx0 | 3 | GRUPPO VALVOLE GAS (ALTERNATIVO) | GAS VALVES GROUP (ALTERNATIVE) | | | | | | |
| MBC..SEx2 | 3 | GRUPPO VALVOLE GAS (ALTERNATIVO) | GAS VALVES GROUP (ALTERNATIVE) | | | | | | |
| MV | 1 | MOTORE VENTILATORE | FAN MOTOR | | | | | | |
| PA | 2 | PRESSOSTATO ARIA | AIR PRESSURE SWITCH | | | | | | |
| PGCP | 4 | PRESSOSTATO GAS CONTROLLO PERDITE (OPTIONAL) | GAS LEAKAGE PRESSURE SWITCH (OPTIONAL) | | | | | | |
| PGMAX | 2 | PRESSOSTATO GAS DI MASSIMA PRESSIONE (OPTIONAL) | MAXIMUM PRESSURE GAS SWITCH (OPTIONAL) | | | | | | |
| PGMIN | 3 | PRESSOSTATO GAS DI MINIMA PRESSIONE | MINIMUM GAS PRESSURE SWITCH | | | | | | |
| PS | 3 | PULSANTE SBLOCCO | RESET BUTTON | | | | | | |
| SQN1../SQM3.. AIR | 4 | SERVOCOMANDO SERRANDA ARIA | AIR DAMPER ACTUATOR | | | | | | |
| SQN1../SQM3.. FUEL | 4 | SERVOCOMANDO COMBUSTIBILE | FUEL ACTUATOR | | | | | | |
| ST | 1 | SERIE TERMOSTATI/PRESSOSTATI | SERIES OF THERMOSTATS OR PRESSURE SWITCHES | | | | | | |
| TA | 2 | TRASFORMATORE DI ACCENSIONE | IGNITION TRANSFORMER | | | | | | |
| TAB | 1 | TERMOSTATO/PRESSOSTATO ALTA-BASSA FIAMMA | HIGH-LOW THERMOSTAT/PRESSURE SWITCHES | | | | | | |
| TS | 1 | TERMOSTATO/PRESSOSTATO DI SICUREZZA | SAFETY THERMOSTAT OR PRESSURE SWITCH | | | | | | |
| UV | 4 | SONDA UV RILEVAZIONE FIAMMA (ALTERNATIVA) | UV FLAME DETECTOR (ALTERNATIVE) | | | | | | |

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| Data | 14/01/2009 | PREC. | FOGLIO |
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