

# **HTP1030 HTP1050 HTP1080**

## **LMV5 Microprocessor-controlled Gas - light oil dual fuel burners**

**MANUAL OF INSTALLATION - USE - MAINTENANCE**

***CIB UNIGAS***

**BURNERS - BRUCIATORI - BRULERS - BRENNER - QUEMADORES - ГОРЕЛКИ**

## DANGERS, WARNINGS AND NOTES OF CAUTION

**THIS MANUAL IS SUPPLIED AS AN INTEGRAL AND ESSENTIAL PART OF THE PRODUCT AND MUST BE DELIVERED TO THE USER.**

**INFORMATION INCLUDED IN THIS SECTION ARE DEDICATED BOTH TO THE USER AND TO PERSONNEL FOLLOWING PRODUCT INSTALLATION AND MAINTENANCE.**

**THE USER WILL FIND FURTHER INFORMATION ABOUT OPERATING AND USE RESTRICTIONS, IN THE SECOND SECTION OF THIS MANUAL. WE HIGHLY RECOMMEND TO READ IT.**

**CAREFULLY KEEP THIS MANUAL FOR FUTURE REFERENCE.**

### 1) GENERAL INTRODUCTION

- The equipment must be installed in compliance with the regulations in force, following the manufacturer's instructions, by qualified personnel.
- Qualified personnel means those having technical knowledge in the field of components for civil or industrial heating systems, sanitary hot water generation and particularly service centres authorised by the manufacturer.
- Improper installation may cause injury to people and animals, or damage to property, for which the manufacturer cannot be held liable.
- Remove all packaging material and inspect the equipment for integrity.

In case of any doubt, do not use the unit - contact the supplier.

The packaging materials (wooden crate, nails, fastening devices, plastic bags, foamed polystyrene, etc), should not be left within the reach of children, as they may prove harmful.

- Before any cleaning or servicing operation, disconnect the unit from the mains by turning the master switch OFF, and/or through the cut-out devices that are provided.
- Make sure that inlet or exhaust grilles are unobstructed.
- In case of breakdown and/or defective unit operation, disconnect the unit. Make no attempt to repair the unit or take any direct action.

Contact qualified personnel only.

Units shall be repaired exclusively by a servicing centre, duly authorised by the manufacturer, with original spare parts and accessories.

Failure to comply with the above instructions is likely to impair the unit's safety.

To ensure equipment efficiency and proper operation, it is essential that maintenance operations are performed by qualified personnel at regular intervals, following the manufacturer's instructions.

- When a decision is made to discontinue the use of the equipment, those parts likely to constitute sources of danger shall be made harmless.
- In case the equipment is to be sold or transferred to another user, or in case the original user should move and leave the unit behind, make sure that these instructions accompany the equipment at all times so that they can be consulted by the new owner and/or the installer.
- This unit shall be employed exclusively for the use for which it is meant. Any other use shall be considered as improper and, therefore, dangerous.

The manufacturer shall not be held liable, by agreement or otherwise, for damages resulting from improper installation, use and failure to comply with the instructions supplied by the manufacturer. The occurrence of any of the following circumstances may cause explosions, polluting unburnt gases (example: carbon monoxide CO), burns, serious harm to people, animals and things:

- Failure to comply with one of the WARNINGS in this chapter
- Incorrect handling, installation, adjustment or maintenance of the burner
- Incorrect use of the burner or incorrect use of its parts or optional supply

### 2) SPECIAL INSTRUCTIONS FOR BURNERS

- The burner should be installed in a suitable room, with ventilation openings complying with the requirements of the regulations in force, and sufficient for good combustion.
- Only burners designed according to the regulations in force should be used.
- This burner should be employed exclusively for the use for which it was designed.

- Before connecting the burner, make sure that the unit rating is the same as delivery mains (electricity, gas oil, or other fuel).
- Observe caution with hot burner components. These are, usually, near to the flame and the fuel pre-heating system, they become hot during the unit operation and will remain hot for some time after the burner has stopped.

When the decision is made to discontinue the use of the burner, the user shall have qualified personnel carry out the following operations:

- a) Remove the power supply by disconnecting the power cord from the mains.
- b) Disconnect the fuel supply by means of the hand-operated shut-off valve and remove the control handwheels from their spindles.

#### Special warnings

- Make sure that the burner has, on installation, been firmly secured to the appliance, so that the flame is generated inside the appliance firebox.
- Before the burner is started and, thereafter, at least once a year, have qualified personnel perform the following operations:
  - a) set the burner fuel flow rate depending on the heat input of the appliance;
  - b) set the flow rate of the combustion-supporting air to obtain a combustion efficiency level at least equal to the lower level required by the regulations in force;
  - c) check the unit operation for proper combustion, to avoid any harmful or polluting unburnt gases in excess of the limits permitted by the regulations in force;
  - d) make sure that control and safety devices are operating properly;
  - e) make sure that exhaust ducts intended to discharge the products of combustion are operating properly;
  - f) on completion of setting and adjustment operations, make sure that all mechanical locking devices of controls have been duly tightened;
  - g) make sure that a copy of the burner use and maintenance instructions is available in the boiler room.
- In case of a burner shut-down, reset the control box by means of the RESET pushbutton. If a second shut-down takes place, call the Technical Service, **without trying to RESET further**.
- The unit shall be operated and serviced by qualified personnel only, in compliance with the regulations in force.

### 3) GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS DEPENDING ON FUEL USED

#### 3a) ELECTRICAL CONNECTION

- For safety reasons the unit must be efficiently earthed and installed as required by current safety regulations.
- It is vital that all safety requirements are met. In case of any doubt, ask for an accurate inspection of electrics by qualified personnel, since the manufacturer cannot be held liable for damages that may be caused by failure to correctly earth the equipment.
- Qualified personnel must inspect the system to make sure that it is adequate to take the maximum power used by the equipment shown on the equipment rating plate. In particular, make sure that the system cable cross section is adequate for the power absorbed by the unit.
- No adaptors, multiple outlet sockets and/or extension cables are permitted to connect the unit to the electric mains.
- An omnipolar switch shall be provided for connection to mains, as required by the current safety regulations.
- The use of any power-operated component implies observance of a few basic rules, for example:
  - do not touch the unit with wet or damp parts of the body and/or with bare feet;
  - do not pull electric cables;

- do not leave the equipment exposed to weather (rain, sun, etc.) unless expressly required to do so;
- do not allow children or inexperienced persons to use equipment;
- The unit input cable shall not be replaced by the user.

In case of damage to the cable, switch off the unit and contact qualified personnel to replace.

When the unit is out of use for some time the electric switch supplying all the power-driven components in the system (i.e. pumps, burner, etc.) should be switched off.

### 3b) FIRING WITH GAS, LIGHT OIL OR OTHER FUELS

#### GENERAL

- The burner shall be installed by qualified personnel and in compliance with regulations and provisions in force; wrong installation can cause injuries to people and animals, or damage to property, for which the manufacturer cannot be held liable.
- Before installation, it is recommended that all the fuel supply system pipes be carefully cleaned inside, to remove foreign matter that might impair the burner operation.
- Before the burner is commissioned, qualified personnel should inspect the following:
  - a the fuel supply system, for proper sealing;
  - b the fuel flow rate, to make sure that it has been set based on the firing rate required of the burner;
  - c the burner firing system, to make sure that it is supplied for the designed fuel type;
  - d the fuel supply pressure, to make sure that it is included in the range shown on the rating plate;
  - e the fuel supply system, to make sure that the system dimensions are adequate to the burner firing rate, and that the system is equipped with all the safety and control devices required by the regulations in force.
- When the burner is to remain idle for some time, the fuel supply tap or taps should be closed.

#### SPECIAL INSTRUCTIONS FOR USING GAS

Have qualified personnel inspect the installation to ensure that:

- a the gas delivery line and train are in compliance with the regulations and provisions in force;
  - b all gas connections are tight;
  - c the boiler room ventilation openings are such that they ensure the air supply flow required by the current regulations, and in any case are sufficient for proper combustion.
- Do not use gas pipes to earth electrical equipment.
  - Never leave the burner connected when not in use. Always shut the gas valve off.
  - In case of prolonged absence of the user, the main gas delivery valve to the burner should be shut off.

#### Precautions if you can smell gas

- a do not operate electric switches, the telephone, or any other item likely to generate sparks;
  - b immediately open doors and windows to create an air flow to purge the room;
  - c close the gas valves;
  - d contact qualified personnel.
- Do not obstruct the ventilation openings of the room where gas appliances are installed, to avoid dangerous conditions such as the development of toxic or explosive mixtures.

## DIRECTIVES AND STANDARDS

### Gas burners

#### European directives

- 2009/142/EC (Gas Directive)
- 2014/35/UE (Low Tension Directive)
- 2014/30/UE (Electromagnetic compatibility Directive)
- 2006/42/EC (Machinery Directive)

#### Harmonized standards

- UNI EN 676 (Automatic forced draught burners for gaseous fuels)
- EN 55014-1 (Electromagnetic compatibility- Requirements for household appliances, electric tools and similar apparatus)
- EN 60204-1:2006 (Safety of machinery – Electrical equipment of machines.)
- CEI EN 60335-1 (Specification for safety of household and similar electrical appliances);
- CEI EN 60335-2-102 (Household and similar electrical appliances. Safety. Particular requirements for gas, oil and solid-fuel burning appliances having electrical connections).
- UNI EN ISO 12100:2010 (Safety of machinery - General principles for design - Risk assessment and risk reduction);

### Light oil burners

#### European directives

- 2014/35/UE (Low Tension Directive)
- 2014/30/UE (Electromagnetic compatibility Directive)
- 2006/42/EC (Machinery Directive)

#### Harmonized standards

- UNI EN 267-2011 (Automatic forced draught burners for liquid fuels)
- EN 55014-1 (Electromagnetic compatibility- Requirements for household appliances, electric tools and similar apparatus)
- EN 60204-1:2006 (Safety of machinery – Electrical equipment of machines.)
- CEI EN 60335-1 (Specification for safety of household and similar electrical appliances);
- CEI EN 60335-2-102 (Household and similar electrical appliances. Safety. Particular requirements for gas, oil and solid-fuel burning appliances having electrical connections).
- UNI EN ISO 12100:2010 (Safety of machinery - General principles for design - Risk assessment and risk reduction);

#### National Standard

- UNI 7824 (Atomizing burners of the monobloc type. Characteristics and test methods)

### Heavy oil burners

#### European Directives

- 2014/35/UE (Low Tension Directive)
- 2014/30/UE (Electromagnetic compatibility Directive)
- 2006/42/EC (Machinery Directive)

#### Harmonized standards

- UNI EN 267 (Automatic forced draught burners for liquid fuels)
- EN 55014-1 (Electromagnetic compatibility- Requirements for household appliances, electric tools and similar apparatus)
- EN 60204-1:2006 (Safety of machinery – Electrical equipment of machines.)
- CEI EN 60335-1 (Specification for safety of household and similar electrical appliances);
- CEI EN 60335-2-102 (Household and similar electrical appliances. Safety. Particular requirements for gas, oil and solid-fuel burning appliances having electrical connections).
- UNI EN ISO 12100:2010 (Safety of machinery - General principles for design - Risk assessment and risk reduction);

#### Norme nazionali / National Standard

- UNI 7824 (Atomizing burners of the monobloc type. Characteristics and test methods).

### Gas - Light oil burners

#### European Directives

- 2009/142/EC (Gas Directive)
- 2014/35/UE (Low Tension Directive)
- 2014/30/UE (Electromagnetic compatibility Directive)
- 2006/42/EC (Machinery Directive)

#### Harmonized standards

- UNI EN 676 (Automatic forced draught burners for gaseous fuels)
- UNI EN 267 (Automatic forced draught burners for liquid fuels)
- EN 55014-1 (Electromagnetic compatibility- Requirements for household appliances, electric tools and similar apparatus)

-EN 60204-1:2006 (Safety of machinery – Electrical equipment of machines.)  
 -CEI EN 60335-1 (Specification for safety of household and similar electrical appliances);  
 -CEI EN 60335-2-102 (Household and similar electrical appliances. Safety. Particular requirements for gas, oil and solid-fuel burning appliances having electrical connections).  
 -UNI EN ISO 12100:2010 (Safety of machinery - General principles for design - Risk assessment and risk reduction);  
**Norme nazionali / National Standard**  
 -UNI 7824 (Atomizing burners of the monobloc type. Characteristics and test methods.

## Gas - Heavy oil burners

### European directives:

-2009/142/EC (Gas Directive)  
 -2014/35/UE (Low Tension Directive)  
 -2014/30/UE (Electromagnetic compatibility Directive)  
 -2006/42/EC (Machinery Directive)

### Harmonized standards

-UNI EN 676 (Automatic forced draught burners for gaseous fuels)  
 -EN 55014-1 (Electromagnetic compatibility- Requirements for household appliances, electric tools and similar apparatus)  
 -EN 60204-1:2006 (Safety of machinery – Electrical equipment of machines.)  
 -CEI EN 60335-1 (Specification for safety of household and similar electrical appliances);  
 -CEI EN 60335-2-102 (Household and similar electrical appliances. Safety. Particular requirements for gas, oil and solid-fuel burning appliances having electrical connections).  
 -UNI EN ISO 12100:2010 (Safety of machinery - General principles for design - Risk assessment and risk reduction);

### National Standard

- UNI 7824 (Atomizing burners of the monobloc type. Characteristics and test methods.

## Industrial burners

### European directives

-2009/142/EC (Gas Directive)  
 -2014/35/UE (Low Tension Directive)  
 -2014/30/UE (Electromagnetic compatibility Directive)  
 -2006/42/EC (Machinery Directive)

### Harmonized standards

-EN 55014-1 (Electromagnetic compatibility- Requirements for household appliances, electric tools and similar apparatus)  
 -EN 746-2 (Industrial thermoprocessing equipment - Part 2: Safety requirements for combustion and fuel handling systems)  
 -UNI EN ISO 12100:2010 (Safety of machinery - General principles for design - Risk assessment and risk reduction);  
 -EN 60204-1:2006 (Safety of machinery – Electrical equipment of machines.)  
 -EN 60335-2 (Electrical equipment of non-electric appliances for household and similar purposes. Safety requirements)

## Burner data plate

For the following information, please refer to the data plate:

- burner type and burner model: must be reported in any communication with the supplier
- burner ID (serial number): must be reported in any communication with the supplier
- date of production (year and month)
- information about fuel type and network pressure

|              |    |
|--------------|----|
| Type         | -- |
| Model        | -- |
| Year         | -- |
| S.Number     | -- |
| Output       | -- |
| Oil Flow     | -- |
| Fuel         | -- |
| Category     | -- |
| Gas Pressure | -- |
| Viscosity    | -- |
| El.Supply    | -- |
| El.Consump.  | -- |
| Fan Motor    | -- |
| Protection   | -- |
| Drwaing n°   | -- |
| P.I.N.       | -- |

## SYMBOLS USED



**WARNING!**

Failure to observe the warning may result in irreparable damage to the unit or damage to the environment



**DANGER!**

Failure to observe the warning may result in serious injuries or death.



**WARNING!**

Failure to observe the warning may result in electric shock with lethal consequences

Figures, illustrations and images used in this manual may differ in appearance from the actual product.



## PART I: SPECIFICATIONS

## GENERAL FEATURES

This series of industrial burners is designed for all those applications that require big-sized air fans or air-flue heat exchangers to be installed in sound-proof areas to reduce noise. They can be provided with built-in or separately-mounted control panel (console or wall-mounted).

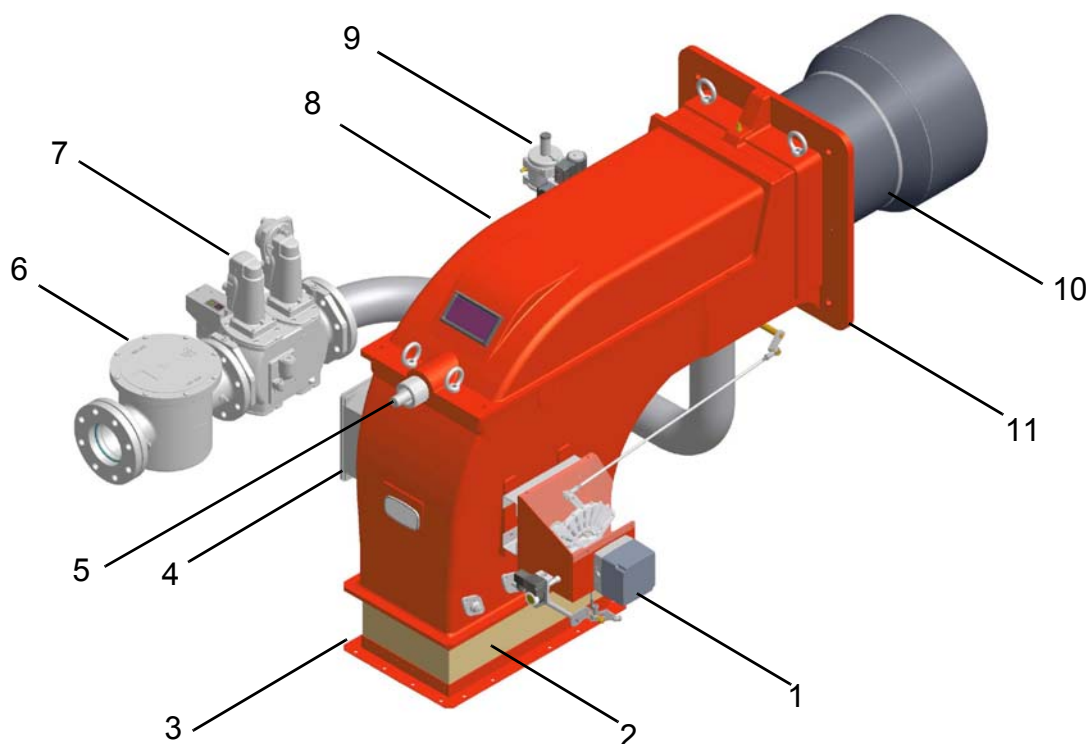


Fig. 1

- 1 Actuator
- 2 Bellows
- 3 Air inlet flange
- 4 Junction box
- 5 Combustion head adjusting screw
- 6 Gas filter
- 7 Gas valves group
- 8 Cover
- 9 Ignitor gas train
- 10 Combustion head-blast tube ass.y
- 11 Burner flange

**Gas operation:** the gas coming from the supply line, passes through the valves group provided with filter and stabiliser. This one forces the pressure in the utilisation limits. The actuator (2) moves proportionally the air damper and the gas butterfly valve. It drives an adjusting cam (1) with variable shape. This one allows the optimisation of the gas flue values, as to get an efficient combustion.

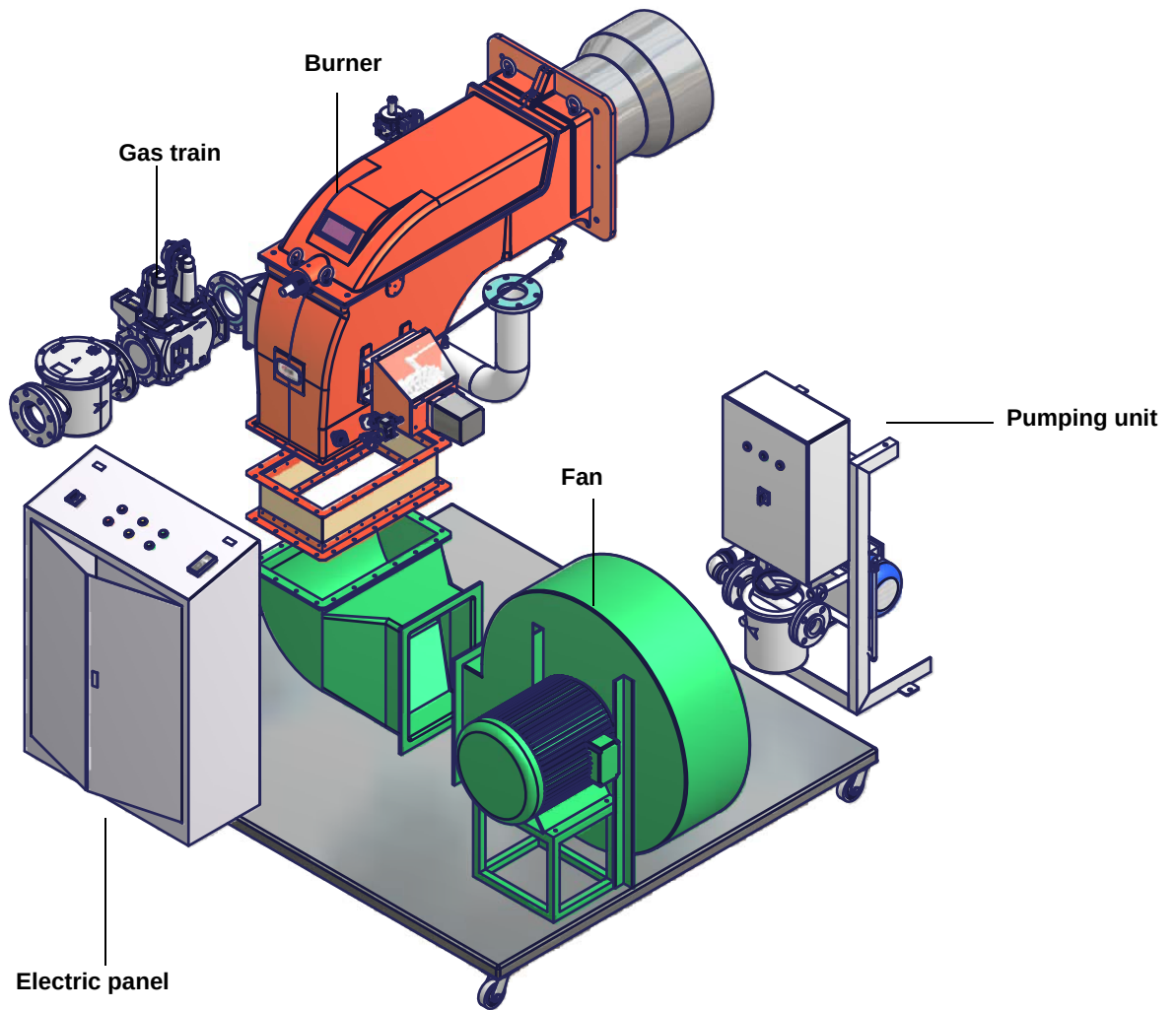
**Light oil operation:** the fuel coming from the supply line, is pushed by the pump to the nozzle and then into the combustion chamber, where the mixture between fuel and air takes place and consequently the flame.

In the burners, the mixture between fuel and air, to perform clean and efficient combustion, is activated by atomisation of oil into very small particles. This process is achieved making pressurised oil passing through the nozzle.

The pump (8) main function is to transfer oil from the tank to the nozzle in the desired quantity and pressure. To adjust this pressure, pumps are provided with a pressure regulator (except for some models for which a separate regulating valve is provided). Other pumps are provided with two pressure regulators: one for the high and one for low pressure (in double-stage systems with one nozzle).

The adjustable combustion head can improve the burner performance. The combustion head (11) determines the energetic quality and the geometry of the flame. Fuel and comburent are routed into separated ways as far as the zone of flame generation (combustion chamber).

**Example of installation**



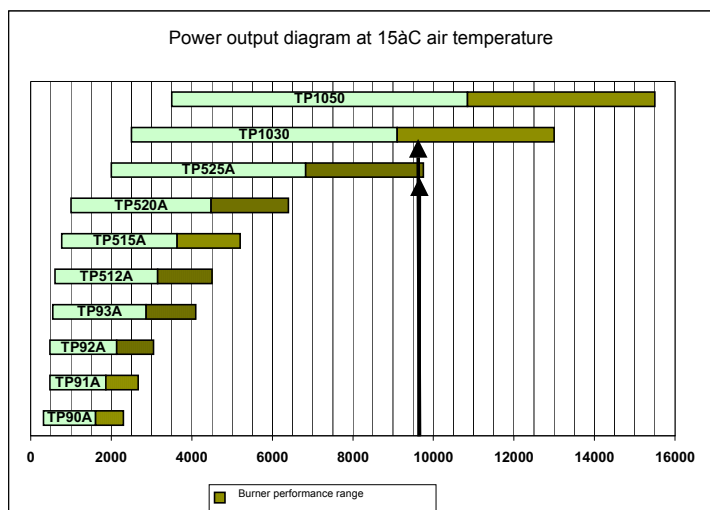
Note: the picture shows one of the possible installations. Fan, electrical panel and pumping unit can be placed according to the customer needs.

### How to choose the burner

To check if the burner is suitable for the boiler to which it must be installed, the following parameters are needed:

- fuel
- furnace input, in kW or kcal/h ( $\text{kW} = \text{kcal/h} / 860$ );
- boiler type;
- combustion head type (reverse flame or three phase)
- temperature or pressure of the thermal carrier fluid
- Comburent air temperature
- Air duct positioning
- Pressure in the combustion chamber
- Elevation (altitude) of burner installation
- Gas train (only for gas burners)
- Pumping unit (only for light-oil or heavy-oil burners)
- Air fan
- Built-in or separated control panel
- backpressure (data are available on the boiler's ID plate or in the user's manual).

Burners provided with built-in control panel are designed for IP40 index of protection. For other values of IP, please contact the manufacturer Technical Dpt.



#### Data requested:

- furnace input;
- air temperature
- altitude
- generator pressure or temperature

#### Example:

- furnace input: 9600kW
- air temperature: 15°C
- altitude: 0m

Fig. 2

See the diagram in Fig. 2, as to find the burners that better suite the power range requested in the example (9600kW). Once the models are founded out, the choice regards technical and economical features. Technical features can be summarised in a higher modulation ratio (fewer start-ups, less consumption, fewer swigings in the generator temperature and pressure values).

**BURNERS FEATURES****Burner model identification**

Burners are identified by burner type and model. Burner model identification is described as follows.

| Type                             | HTP1030                                                                                                               | Model | M-. | PR. | S.  | *   | A.  | 1.  | 80  | EI  |
|----------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|
|                                  | (1)                                                                                                                   |       | (2) | (3) | (4) | (5) | (6) | (7) | (8) | (9) |
| (1) BURNER TYPE                  | <b>HTP1030 - HTP1050 - HTP1080</b>                                                                                    |       |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |
| (2) FUEL                         | MG - Natural gas-light oil                                                                                            |       |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |
| (3) OPERATION Available versions | PR - Progressive MD - Fully modulating                                                                                |       |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |
| (4) BLAST TUBE                   | S - Standard                                                                                                          |       |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |
| (5) DESTINATION COUNTRY          | * - see data plate                                                                                                    |       |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |
| (6) BURNER VERSION               | A - StandardY - Special                                                                                               |       |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |
| (7) EQUIPMENT                    | 1 = 2 valves + gas proving system<br><br>8 = 2 valves + gas proving system + high gas pressure switch                 |       |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |
| (8) GAS CONNECTION               | 80 = DN80 100 = DN100 125 = DN125                                                                                     |       |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |
| (9) MICRO-PROCESSOR CONTROL      | EI = with no O <sub>2</sub> trim control, with VSD control<br>EK = with O <sub>2</sub> trim control, with VSD control |       |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |

**Technical specifications**

| BURNER TYPE                                |                                | HTP1030                        | HTP1050    | HTP1080    |
|--------------------------------------------|--------------------------------|--------------------------------|------------|------------|
| Output                                     | min - max kW                   | 2550-13300                     | 3500-15500 | 4500-19000 |
| Fuel                                       |                                | Natural gas-light oil          |            |            |
| Gas category                               |                                | (see next paragraph)           |            |            |
| Gas rate                                   | min.-max.(Stm <sup>3</sup> /h) | 265-1407                       | 370-1640   | 476-2010   |
| Oil Density                                |                                | 840 kg/m                       |            |            |
| Oil Viscosity                              |                                | 2 - 7.4 cSt@ 40°C              |            |            |
| Light oil rate                             | min.-max. kg/h                 | 211 - 1121                     | 295 - 1307 | 380 - 1600 |
| Power supply                               |                                | 400V 3N~ 50                    |            |            |
| Pump motor                                 | kW                             | 5.5                            |            |            |
| Fan motor power consumption                | kW                             | see fan ID plate               |            |            |
| Total power consumption (fan not included) | kW                             | 6                              |            |            |
| Protection                                 |                                | IP40                           |            |            |
| Operation                                  |                                | Progressive - Fully modulating |            |            |
| Gas pressure                               |                                | (see Note 2)                   |            |            |
| Gas train 80                               | ØValves / Connection           | 80 / DN80                      |            |            |
| Gas train 100                              | ØValves / Connection           | 100 / DN100                    |            |            |
| Gas train 125                              | ØValves / Connection           | 125 / DN125                    |            |            |
| Weight                                     | kg                             | 300                            |            |            |
| Operating temperature                      | °C                             | -10 ÷ +50                      |            |            |
| Storage Temperature                        | °C                             | -20 ÷ +60                      |            |            |
| Working service                            |                                | Continuous                     |            |            |

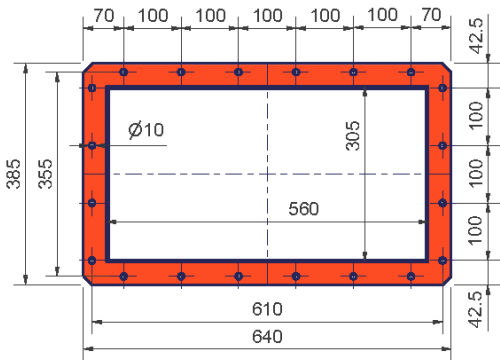
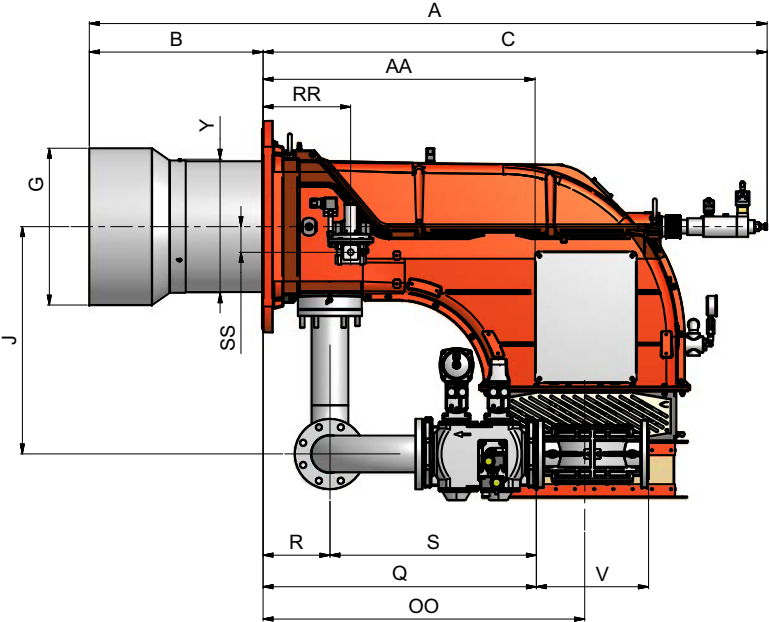
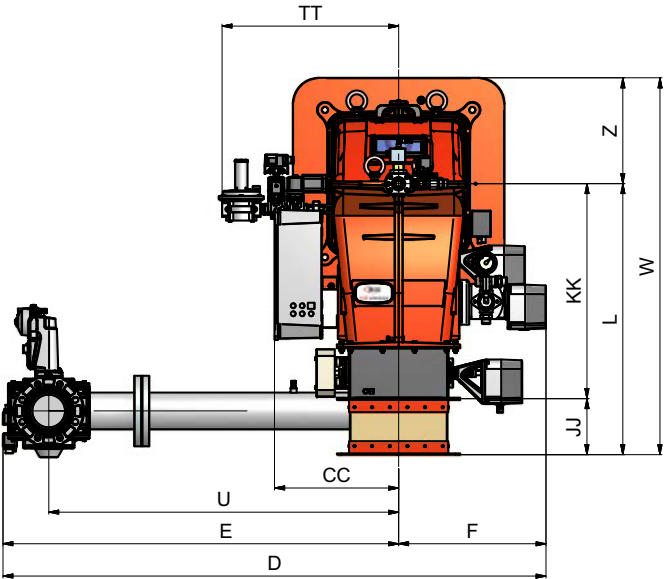
|               |                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
|---------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Note1:</b> | All gas flow rates are referred to Stm <sup>3</sup> /h (1013 mbar absolute pressure, 15 °C temperature) and are valid for G20 gas (net calorific value H <sub>i</sub> = 34.02 MJ/Stm <sup>3</sup> ); |
| <b>Note2:</b> | Maximum gas pressure = 500mbar (with Siemens VGD)<br>Minimum gas pressure = see gas curves.                                                                                                          |
| <b>Note3:</b> | Burners are suitable only for indoor operation with a maximum relative humidity of 80%                                                                                                               |

**Country and usefulness gas categories**

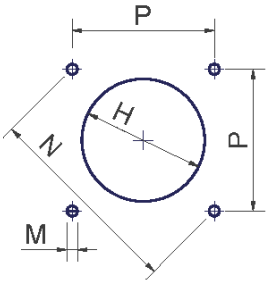
| GAS<br>CATEGORY        | COUNTRY |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |  |
|------------------------|---------|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|--|
|                        | AT      | ES | GR | SE | FI | IE | HU | IS | NO | CZ | DK | GB | IT | PT | CY | EE | LV | SI | MT | SK | BG | LT | RO | TR | CH |  |
| I <sub>2H</sub>        |         |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |  |
| I <sub>2E</sub>        | LU      | PL | -  | -  | -  | -  | -  | -  | -  | -  | -  | -  | -  | -  | -  | -  | -  | -  | -  | -  | -  | -  | -  | -  | -  |  |
| I <sub>2E( R ) B</sub> | BE      | -  | -  | -  | -  | -  | -  | -  | -  | -  | -  | -  | -  | -  | -  | -  | -  | -  | -  | -  | -  | -  | -  | -  | -  |  |
| I <sub>2L</sub>        | NL      | -  | -  | -  | -  | -  | -  | -  | -  | -  | -  | -  | -  | -  | -  | -  | -  | -  | -  | -  | -  | -  | -  | -  | -  |  |
| I <sub>2ELL</sub>      | DE      | -  | -  | -  | -  | -  | -  | -  | -  | -  | -  | -  | -  | -  | -  | -  | -  | -  | -  | -  | -  | -  | -  | -  | -  |  |
| I <sub>2Er</sub>       | FR      | -  | -  | -  | -  | -  | -  | -  | -  | -  | -  | -  | -  | -  | -  | -  | -  | -  | -  | -  | -  | -  | -  | -  | -  |  |



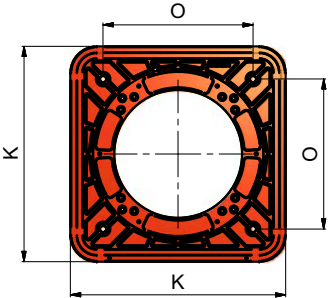
Overall dimensions (mm)



Air inlet flange



Boiler recommended drilling jig

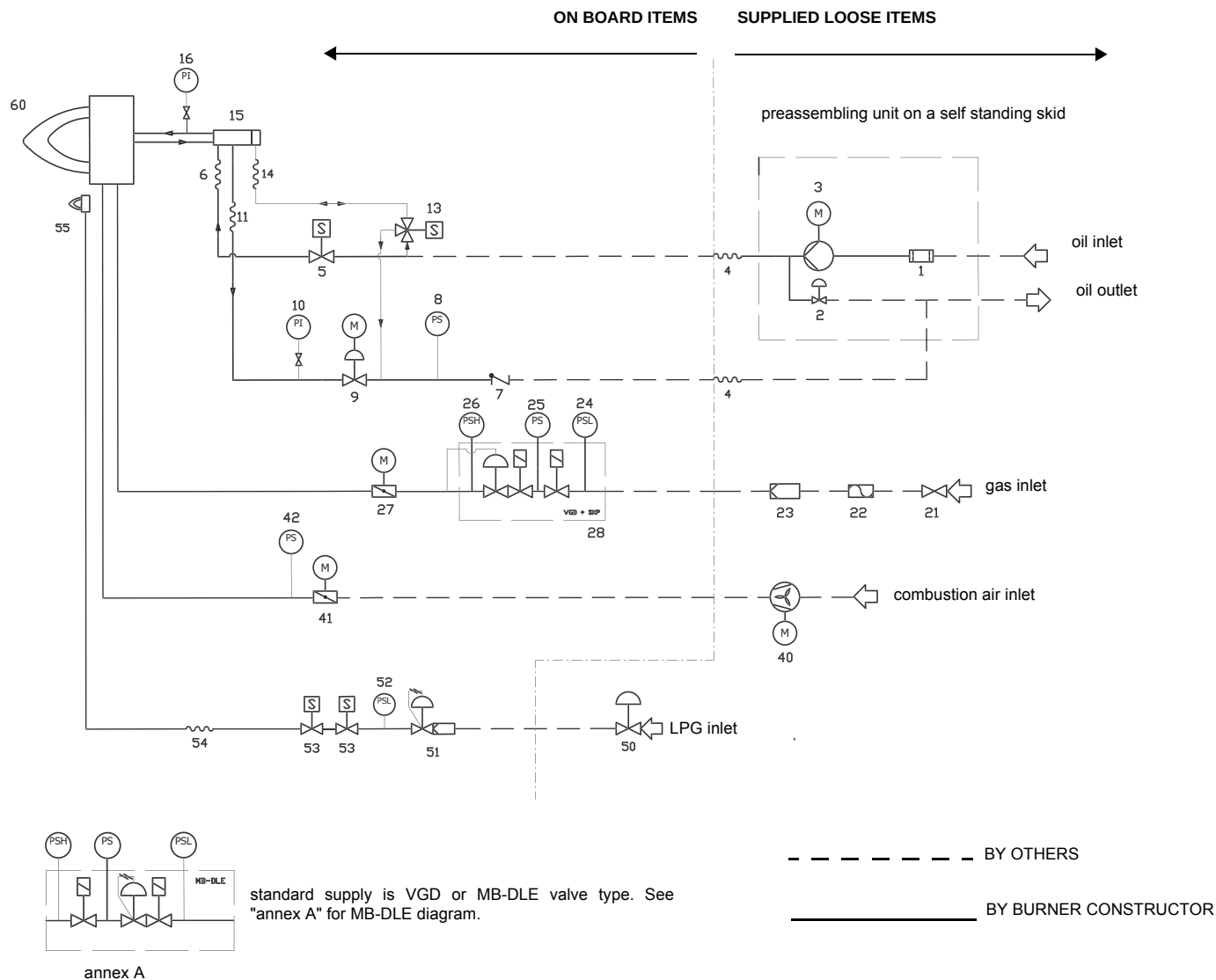


Burner flange

\*DN = gas valves size

|         | DN* | A    | AA  | B   | C    | CC  | D    | E    | F   | G   | H   | J   | JJ  | K   | KK  | L   | M   | N   | O   | OO   | P   | Q   | R   | RR  | S   | SS | TT  | U    | V   | W    | Y   | Z   |
|---------|-----|------|-----|-----|------|-----|------|------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|----|-----|------|-----|------|-----|-----|
| HTP1030 | 80  | 2114 | 848 | 542 | 1572 | 387 | 1679 | 1219 | 460 | 464 | 504 | 710 | 185 | 671 | 660 | 845 | M16 | 651 | 460 | 1000 | 460 | 947 | 209 | 274 | 736 | 80 | 551 | 1092 | 322 | 1175 | 385 | 330 |
| HTP1030 | 100 | 2114 | 848 | 542 | 1572 | 387 | 1695 | 1235 | 460 | 464 | 504 | 710 | 185 | 671 | 660 | 845 | M16 | 651 | 460 | 1000 | 460 | 853 | 209 | 274 | 642 | 80 | 551 | 1092 | 350 | 1175 | 385 | 330 |
| HTP1050 | 80  | 2114 | 848 | 542 | 1572 | 387 | 1679 | 1219 | 460 | 489 | 539 | 710 | 185 | 671 | 660 | 845 | M16 | 651 | 460 | 1000 | 460 | 947 | 209 | 274 | 736 | 80 | 551 | 1092 | 322 | 1175 | 417 | 330 |
| HTP1050 | 100 | 2114 | 848 | 542 | 1572 | 387 | 1695 | 1235 | 460 | 489 | 539 | 710 | 185 | 671 | 660 | 845 | M16 | 651 | 460 | 1000 | 460 | 853 | 209 | 274 | 642 | 80 | 551 | 1092 | 350 | 1175 | 417 | 330 |
| HTP1080 | 100 | 2114 | 848 | 542 | 1572 | 387 | 1695 | 1235 | 460 | 514 | 564 | 710 | 185 | 671 | 660 | 845 | M16 | 651 | 460 | 1000 | 460 | 853 | 209 | 274 | 642 | 80 | 551 | 1092 | 350 | 1175 | 417 | 330 |
| HTP1080 | 125 | 2114 | 848 | 542 | 1572 | 387 | 1727 | 1267 | 460 | 514 | 564 | 710 | 185 | 671 | 660 | 845 | M16 | 651 | 460 | 1000 | 460 | 965 | 209 | 274 | 754 | 80 | 551 | 1192 | 480 | 1175 | 417 | 330 |

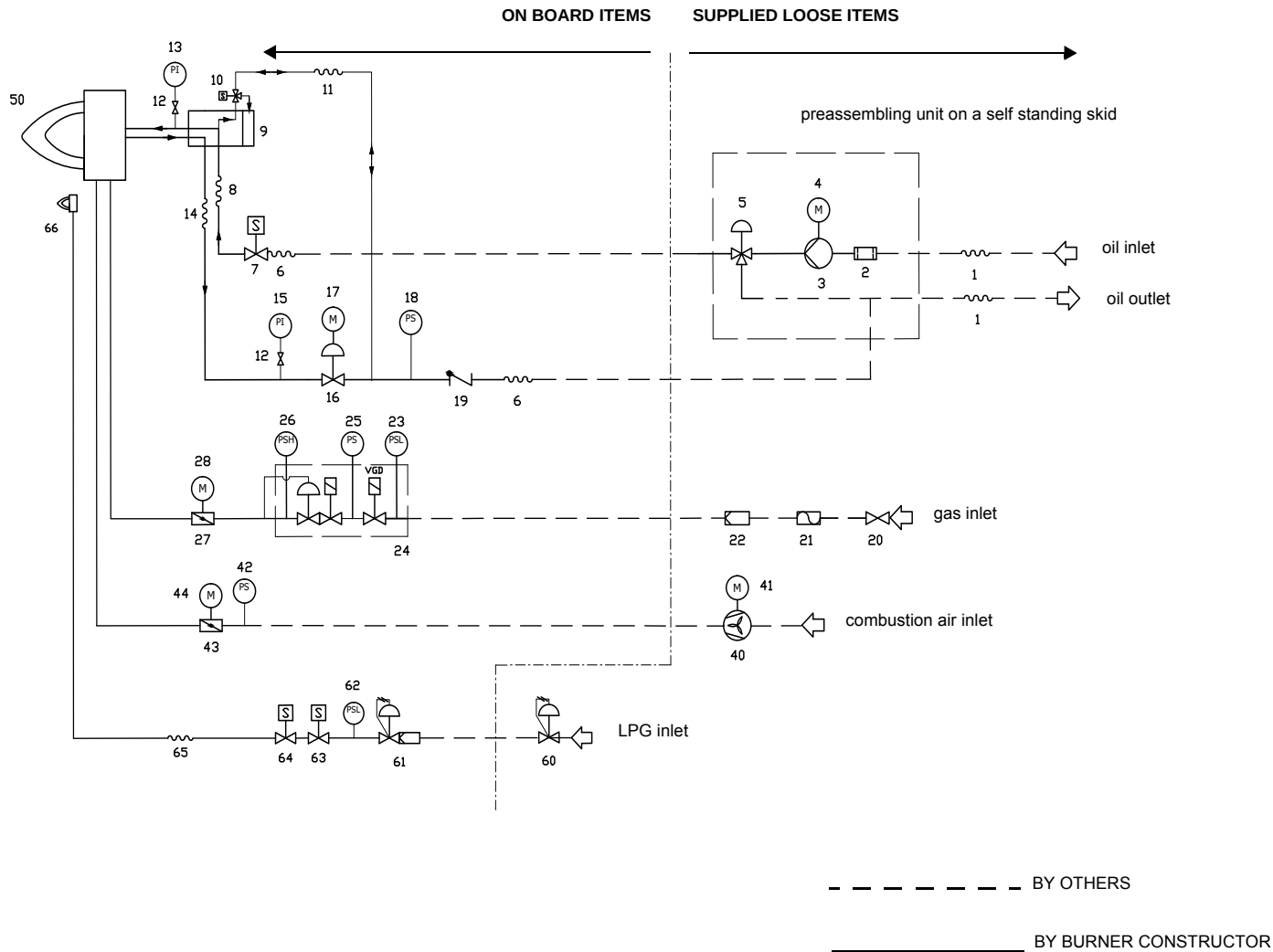
Fig. 3 - 3I2MG71 v0 Hydraulic diagram - nozzle M3



| POS                         | OIL TRAIN                               |
|-----------------------------|-----------------------------------------|
| 1                           | Filter                                  |
| 2                           | Pressure governor                       |
| 3                           | Electrical motor                        |
| 4                           | Flexible hose                           |
| 5                           | Solenoid valve                          |
| 6                           | Flexible hose                           |
| 7                           | One-way valve                           |
| 8                           | Pressure switch                         |
| 9                           | Pressure governor                       |
| 10                          | Pressure gauge with manual valve        |
| 11                          | Flexible hose                           |
| 13                          | 3-way solenoid valve                    |
| 14                          | Flexible hose                           |
| 15                          | Oil distributor                         |
| 16                          | Pressure gauge with manual valve        |
| <b>MAIN GAS TRAIN</b>       |                                         |
| 21                          | Manual valve                            |
| 22                          | Bellows unit                            |
| 23                          | Filter                                  |
| 24                          | Pressure switch - PGMIN                 |
| 25                          | Proving system                          |
| 26                          | Pressure switch - PGMAX                 |
| 27                          | Butterfly valve                         |
| 28                          | Safety valve with built in gas governor |
| <b>COMBUSTION AIR TRAIN</b> |                                         |
| 40                          | Draught fan with electromotor           |
| 41                          | Air damper with actuator                |
| 42                          | Pressure switch - PA                    |
| <b>PILOT GAS TRAIN</b>      |                                         |
| 50                          | Pressure governor for L.P.G. tank       |
| 51                          | Pressure governor with filter           |
| 52                          | Pressure switch - PGP                   |
| 53                          | Solenoid valve                          |
| 54                          | Flexible hose                           |
| 55                          | Pilot burner                            |
| 60                          | Burner                                  |

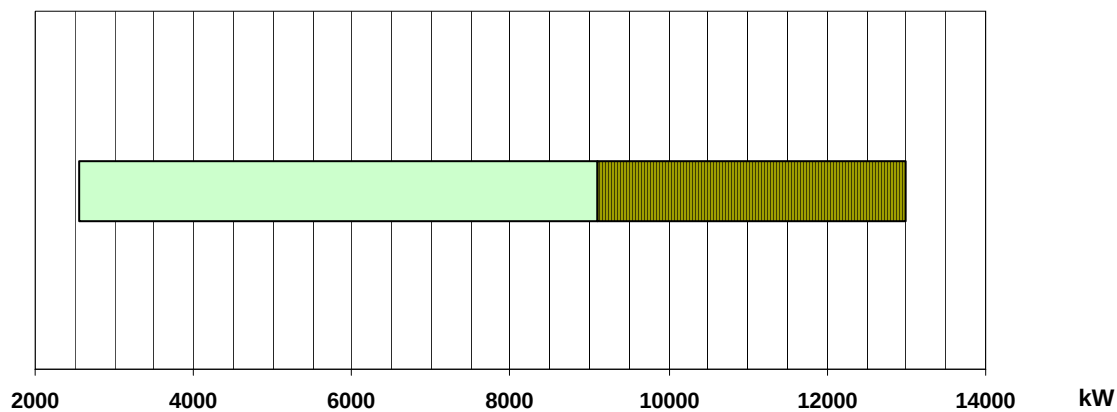
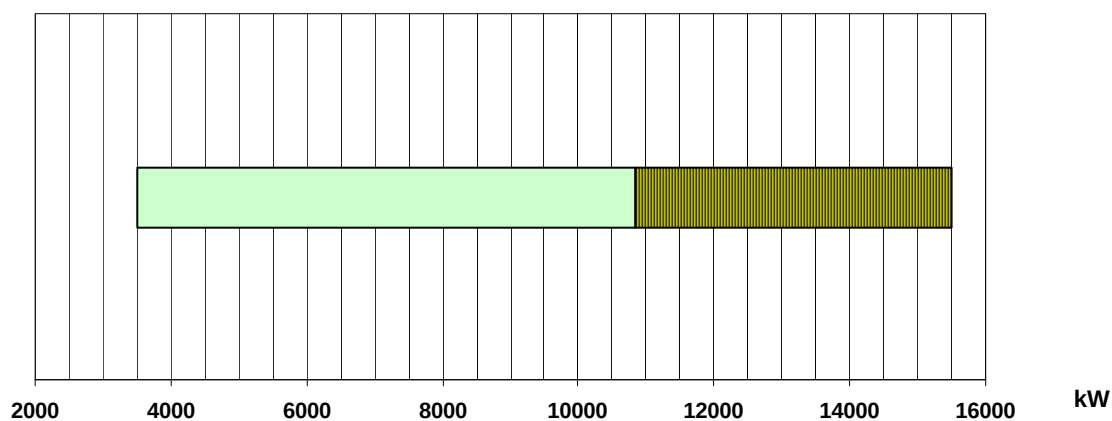
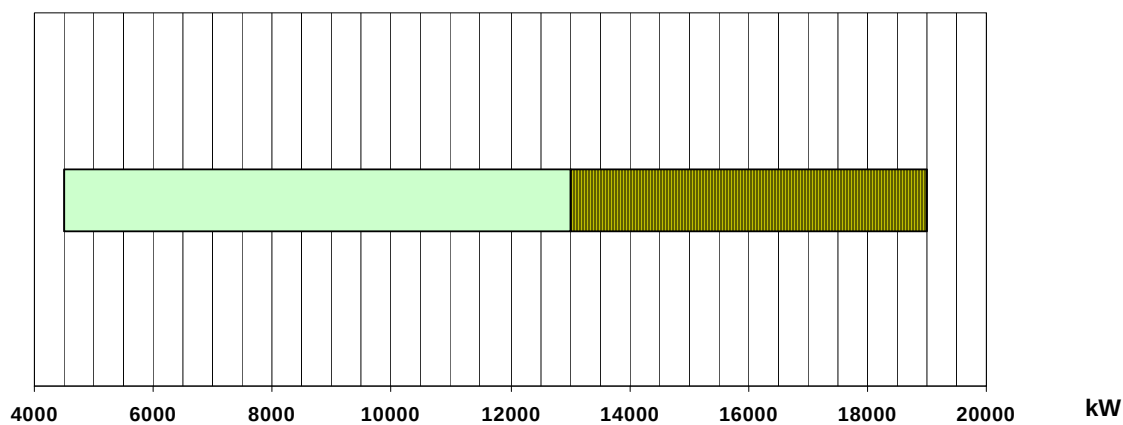
**NOTE:** The following items are optional: POS 40; POS 26; POS 21; POS 22; POS 16; POS 50

Fig. 4 - 3I2MG72 v0 Hydraulic diagram - nozzle type G



**NOTE:** The following items are optional: 12, 15, 20, 21, 26, 40, 41, 60

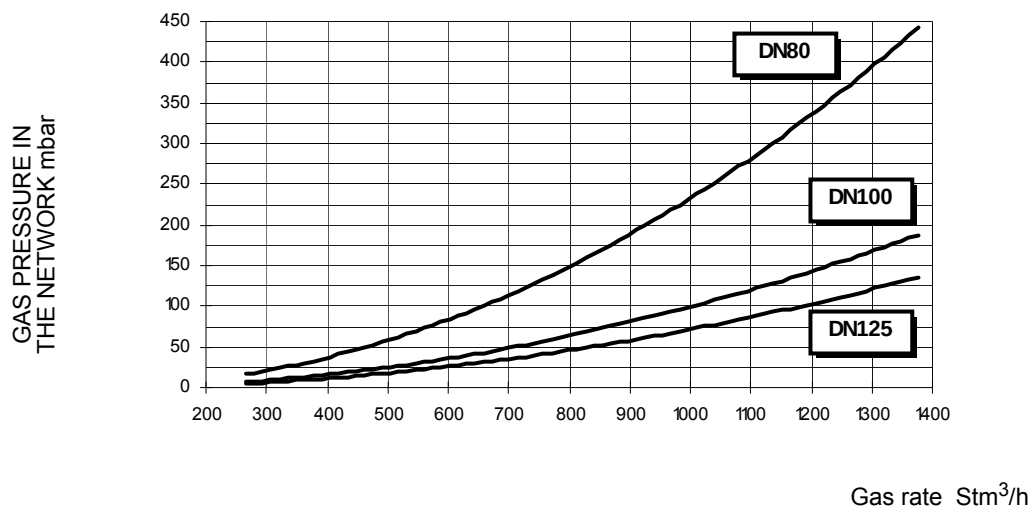
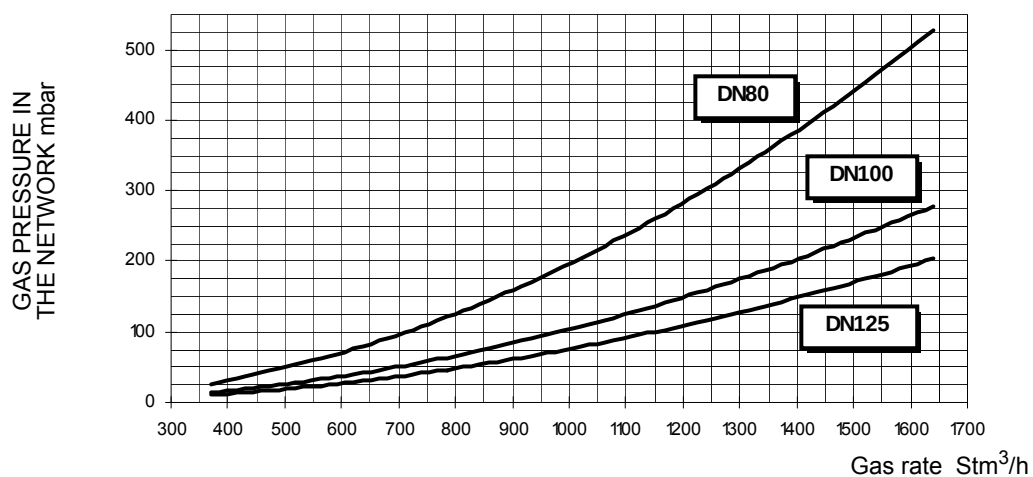
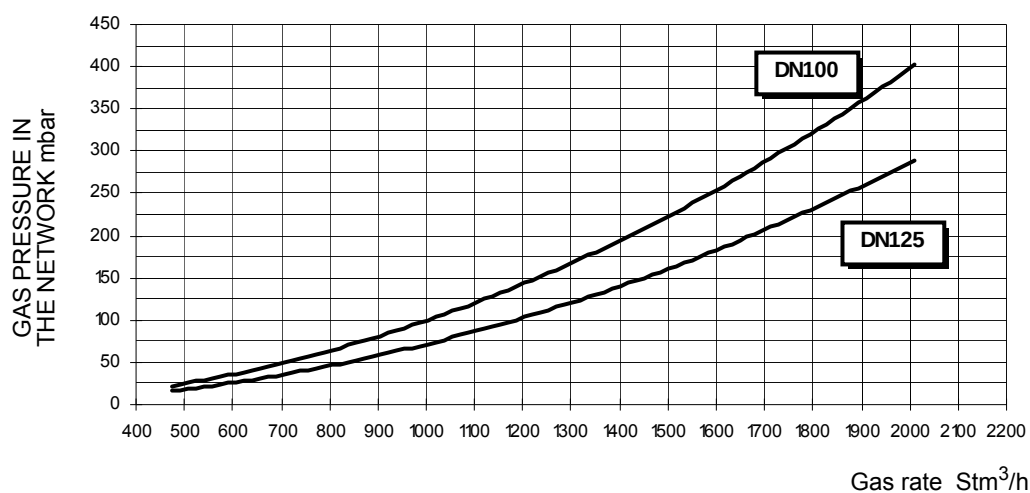
| POS                         | OIL TRAIN                               |
|-----------------------------|-----------------------------------------|
| 1                           | Flexible hose                           |
| 2                           | Filter                                  |
| 3                           | Pump                                    |
| 4                           | Electrical motor                        |
| 5                           | Pressure governor                       |
| 6                           | Flexible hose                           |
| 7                           | Solenoid valve                          |
| 8                           | Flexible hose                           |
| 9                           | Oil distributor                         |
| 10                          | 3-way solenoid valve                    |
| 11                          | Flexible hose                           |
| 12                          | Manual valve                            |
| 13                          | Pressure gauge                          |
| 14                          | Flexible hose                           |
| 15                          | Pressure gauge                          |
| 16                          | Pressure governor                       |
| 17                          | Actuator                                |
| 18                          | Pressure switch                         |
| 19                          | One-way valve                           |
| <b>MAIN GAS TRAIN</b>       |                                         |
| 20                          | Manual valve                            |
| 21                          | Bellows unit                            |
| 22                          | Filter                                  |
| 23                          | Pressure switch - PGMIN                 |
| 24                          | Safety valve with built in gas governor |
| 25                          | Pressure switch - PGCP                  |
| 26                          | Pressure switch - PGMAX                 |
| 27                          | Butterfly valve                         |
| 28                          | Actuator                                |
| <b>COMBUSTION AIR TRAIN</b> |                                         |
| 40                          | Draught fan                             |
| 41                          | Electrical motor                        |
| 42                          | Air damper with actuator                |
| 43                          | Pressure switch - PA                    |
| 50                          | Burner                                  |
| <b>PILOT GAS TRAIN</b>      |                                         |
| 60                          | Pressure governor for L.P.G. tank       |
| 61                          | Pressure governor with filter           |
| 62                          | Pressure switch - PGP                   |
| 63                          | Solenoid valve                          |
| 64                          | Solenoid valve                          |
| 65                          | Flexible hose                           |
| 66                          | Pilot burner                            |

**Performance curves****HTP1030****HTP1050****HTP1080**

Performance range

To get the input in kcal/h, multiply value in kW by 860.

Data are referred to standard conditions: 1013mbar, 15°C.

**Pressure in the network / gas rate curves****HTP1030****HTP1050****HTP1080**

**Caution:** the gas rate value is quoted on the x-axis, the related network pressure is quoted on the y-axis (pressure value in the combustion chamber is not included). To know the minimum pressure at the gas train inlet, necessary to get the requested gas rate, add the pressure value in the combustion chamber to the value read on the y-axis.

## PART II: INSTALLATION

### MOUNTING AND CONNECTING THE BURNER

#### Transport and storage

**ATTENTION!** The equipment must be installed in compliance with the regulations in force, following the manufacturer's instructions, by qualified personnel. All handling operations must be carried out with appropriate resources and qualified personnel

**ATTENTION:** Use intact and correctly dimensioned hoisting equipment, conforms to the local regulations and health and safety regulations. Do not stand under lifted loads.

If the product must be stored, avoid humid and corrosive places. Observe the temperatures stated in the burner data table at the beginning of this manual.

#### Packing

The burners are despatched in wooden crates whose dimensions are:

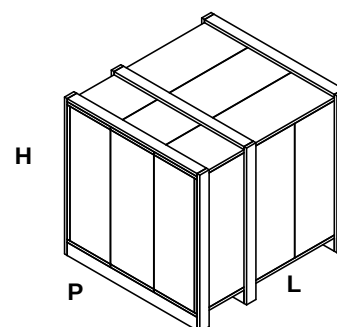
**HTP1030 - HTP1050:** 2180 mm x 1180 mm x 1210 mm (L x P x H)

**HTP1080:** 2180 mm x 1580 mm x 1560 mm (L x P x H)

Packing cases of this type are affected by humidity and are not suitable for stacking.

In each packing case, find:

- 1 burner with gas train detached;
- 1 gasket to be inserted between the burner and the boiler;
- 2 flexible oil pipes;
- 1 oil filter;
- 1 oil pumping unit (\*optional);
- 1 envelope containing this manual



To get rid of the burner's packing, follow the procedures laid down by current laws on disposal of materials.

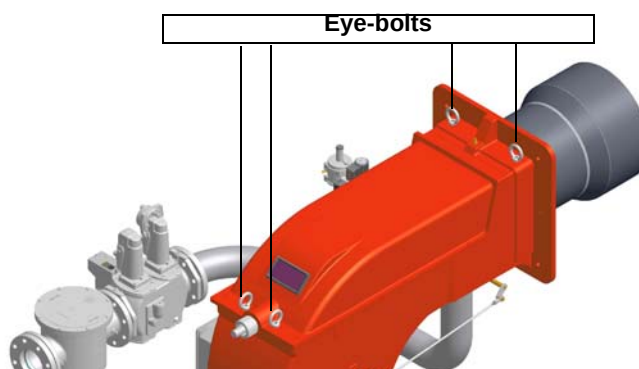
#### Handling the burner



**ATTENTION!** Handling operations must be performed by trained personnel specialised on handling loads. If these operations are not carried out correctly, the residual risk for the machine to overturn and fall down remains.

To handle the machine, use means suitable to handle requested loads (see par. "Technical specifications").

The burner is provided with eye-bolts for lifting.



### Fitting the burner to the boiler

- 1 To perform the installation, it is necessary to drill the boiler door as described on paragraph "Overall dimensions";
- 2 screw the studbolts (5) on the boiler door, according to the drilling plate (see paragraph "Overall dimensions");
- 3 move the burner towards the boiler: lift the burner by means of the eyebolts placed on its top side;
- 4 remove the balst tube, by loosening the three screws beside the burner flange;
- 5 place the the ceramic fibre plait on the burner flange;
- 6 replace the blast tube: before fastening completely the screws, avoid any misalignment between the blast tube axis and the combustion head axis;
- 7 install the burner to the boiler;
- 8 fix the burner to the stud bolts, by means of the fixing nuts, according to Fig. 5.
- 9 After fitting the burner to the boiler, ensure that the gap between the blast tube and the refractory lining is sealed with appropriate insulating material (ceramic fibre cord or refractory cement).

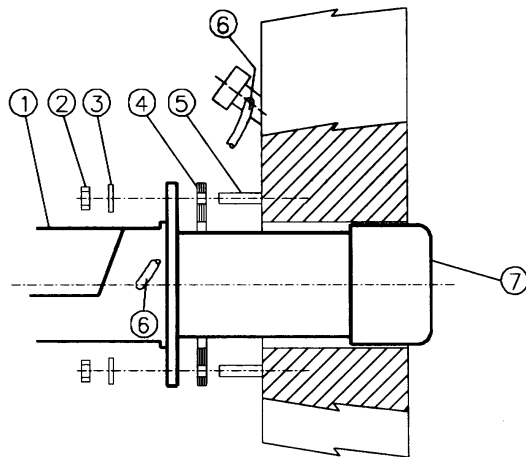
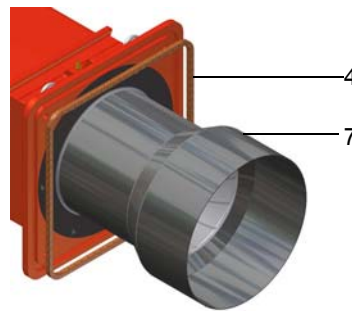


Fig. 5

#### Keys

- |   |                     |
|---|---------------------|
| 1 | Burner              |
| 2 | Fixing nut          |
| 3 | Washer              |
| 4 | Ceramic fibre plait |
| 5 | Stud bolt           |
| 7 | Blast tube          |



### Fan installation

Pay attention when designing the air duct: dimensioning must be performed according to the flow rate, the temperature, the distance between the fan and the burner and according to the fan features as well.

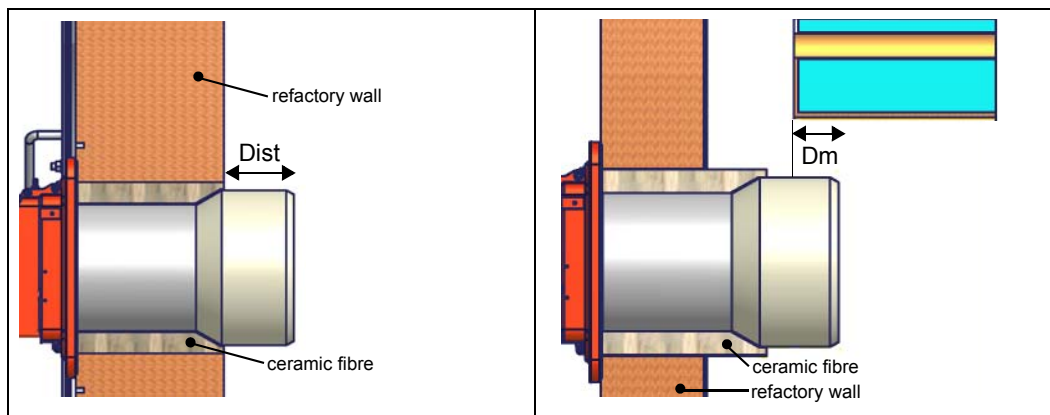


**ATTENTION!** The bellows unit provided is made of canvas and is provided with blocking spacers to avoid breaking it during installation: **first** place the bellows unit between flanges, **then** remove the spacers. Canvas has to be stretched after the installation, but not stressed.

### Matching the burner to the boiler

The burners described in this manual have been tested with combustion chambers that comply with EN676 regulation and whose dimensions are described in the diagram. In case the burner must be coupled with boilers with a combustion chamber smaller in diameter or shorter than those described in the diagram, please contact the supplier, to verify that a correct matching is possible, with respect of the application involved. To correctly match the burner to the boiler verify the type of the blast tube. Verify the necessary input and the pressure in combustion chamber are included in the burner performance curve; otherwise the choice of the burner must be revised consulting the burner manufacturer. To choose the blast tube length follow the instructions of the boiler manufacturer. In absence of these consider the following:

- Cast-iron boilers, three pass flue boilers (with the first pass in the rear part): the blast tube must protrude no more than **Dist** = 100 mm into the combustion chamber. (please see the picture below)
- Pressurised boilers with flame reversal: in this case the blast tube must penetrate **Dm** 50 ÷ 100 mm into combustion chamber in respect to the tube bundle plate.(please see the picture below)



**ATTENTION! Carefully seal the free space between blast tube and the refractory lining with ceramic fibre rope or other suitable means.**

The length of the blast tubes does not always allow this requirement to be met, and thus it may be necessary to use a suitably-sized spacer to move the burner backwards or to design a blast tube that suits the utilisation (please, contact the manufacturer).



## GAS TRAIN CONNECTIONS

Referring to the P&ID of the burner, execute the connection.



**WARNING: BEFORE EXECUTING THE CONNECTIONS TO THE GAS PIPE NETWORK, BE SURE THAT THE MANUAL CUTOFF VALVES ARE CLOSED.**

The pilot gas train is already installed to the burner, the following connections must be executed:

- connection from the filter with stabiliser to the gas supply network

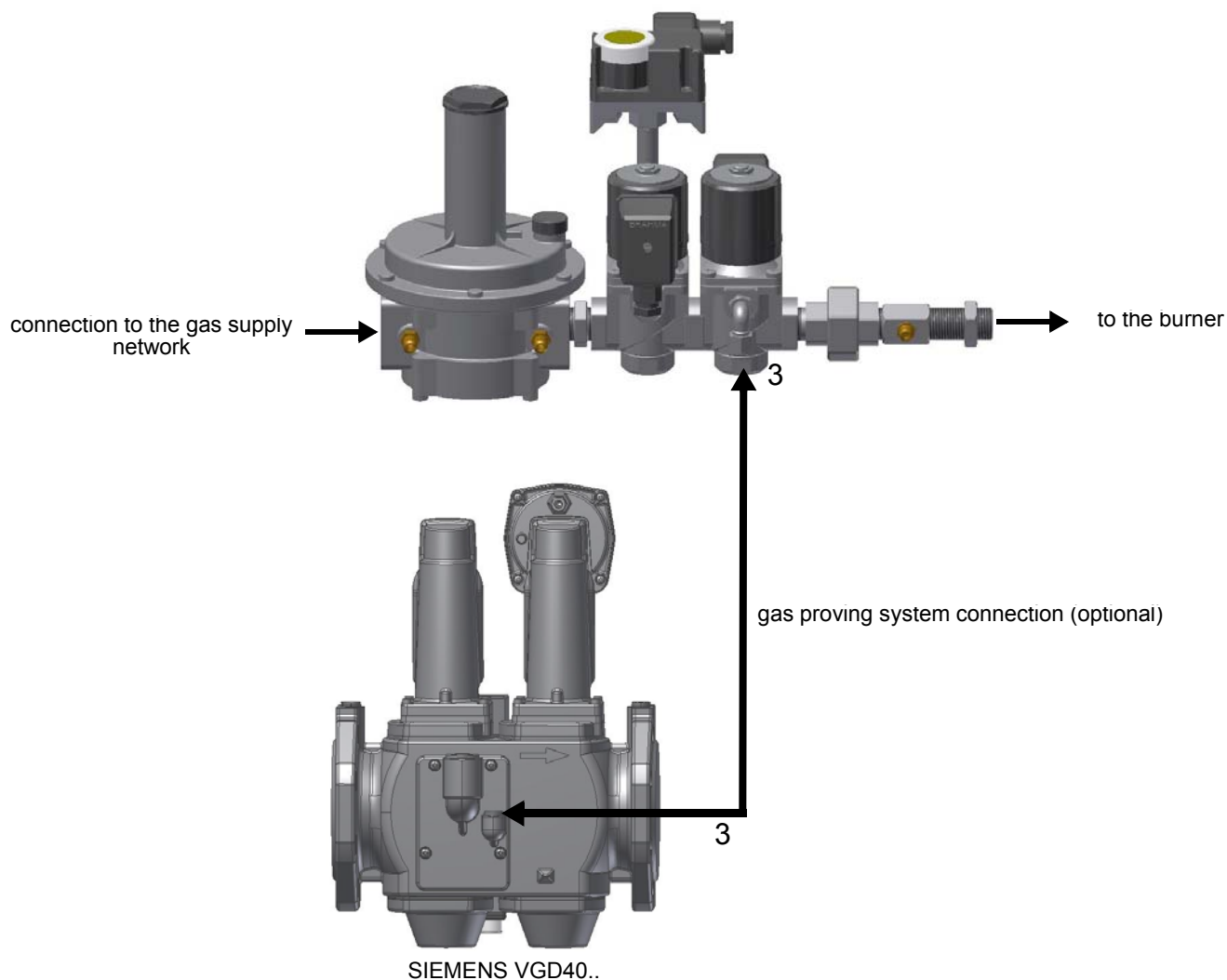
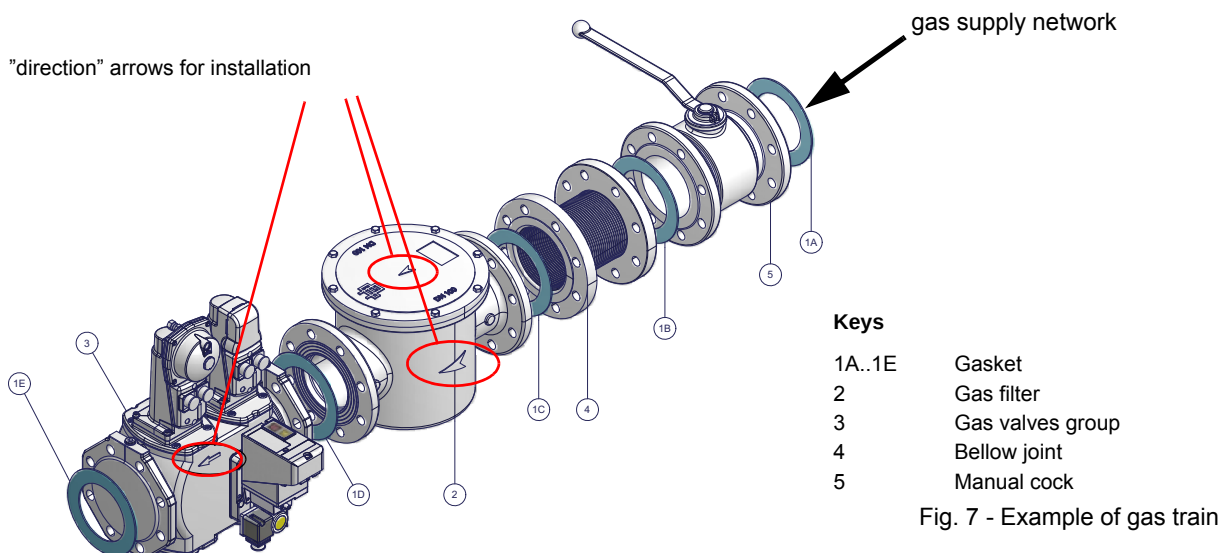


Fig. 6 - pipe port (3) for connecting the pilot gas train to the valves group of the main gas train

## Assembling the gas grain

To assemble the main gas train, proceed as follows:



- 1) in case of flanged joints: place a gasket (no. 1A..1E - Fig. 7) between the elements
- 2) fasten all the items by means of screws, according to the schemes showed before, observing the mounting direction for each item.

**NOTE:** the bellow joint, the manual valve and the gaskets are not part of the standard supply.



**ATTENTION:** once the gas train is mounted according to the diagram on Fig. 7, the gas proving test must be performed, according to the procedure set by the laws in force.

The procedures of installation for the gas valves are shown in the next paragraphs, according to the gas train used:

- flanged gas trains with Multibloc Dungs MBC..SE 1900-3100-5000 or Siemens VGD40.. (flanged valves group)

### Siemens VGD20.. and VGD40.. gas valves - with SKP2.. (pressure governor)

#### Mounting

- When mounting the VGD.. double gas valve, two flanges are required (as for VGD20.. model, the flanges are threaded);
- to prevent cuttings from falling inside the valve, first fit the flanges to the piping and then clean the associated parts;
- install the valve;
- the direction of gas flow must be in accordance with the direction of the arrow on the valve body;
- ensure that the bolts on the flanges are properly tightened;
- ensure that the connections with all components are tight;
- make certain that the O-rings and gaskets between the flanges and the double gas valve are fitted.
- Connect the reference gas pipe (**TP** in figure; 8mm-external size pipe supplied loose), to the gas pressure nipples placed on the gas pipe, downstream the gas valves: gas pressure must be measured at a distance that must be at least 5 times the pipe size.

Leave the blowhole free (**SA** in figure). Should the spring fitted not permit satisfactory regulation, ask one of our service centres for a suitable replacement.



**Caution:** the SKP2 diaphragm D must be vertical (see Fig. 10).



**WARNING:** removing the four screws BS causes the device to be unserviceable!

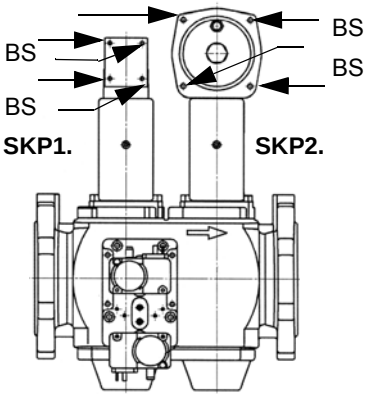


Fig. 8

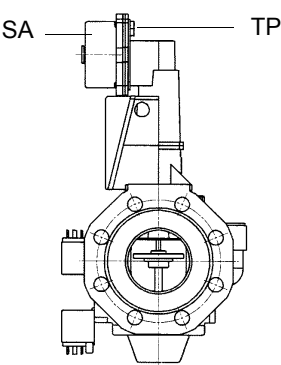


Fig. 9

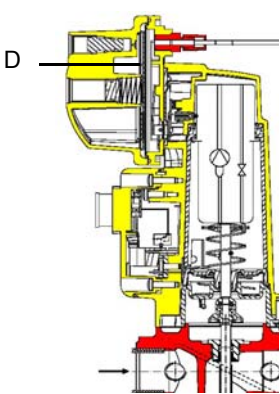


Fig. 10

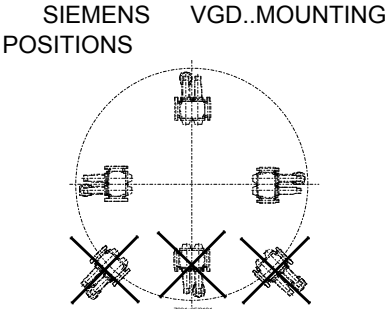


Fig. 11

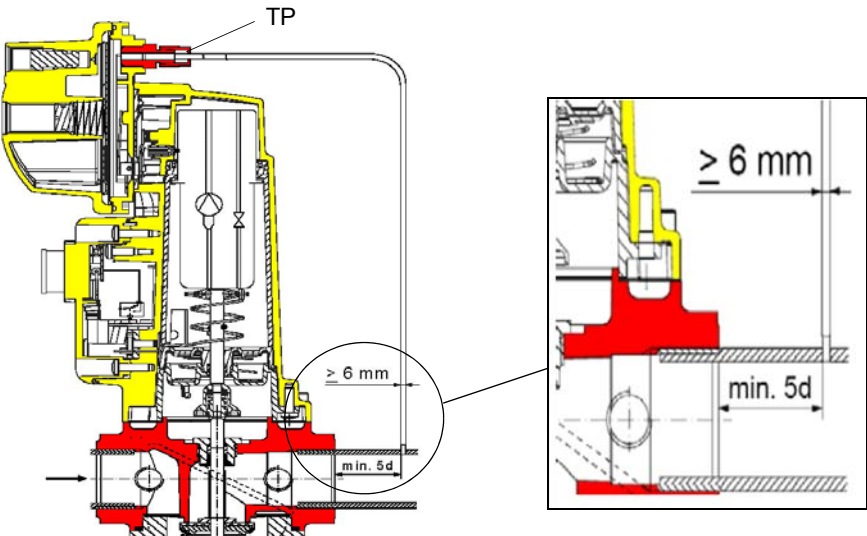
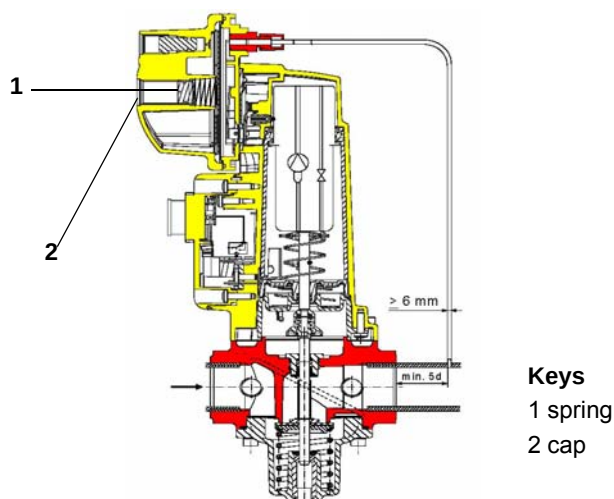


Fig. 12

### Pressure adjusting range

The pressure adjusting range, downstream the gas valves group, changes according to the spring provided with the valve group.



**Keys**  
1 spring  
2 cap

**Siemens SKP actuator**

**Siemens VGD valves with SKP actuator:**

|                                 |         |          |           |
|---------------------------------|---------|----------|-----------|
| <b>Performance range (mbar)</b> | 0 - 22  | 15 - 120 | 100 - 250 |
| <b>Spring colour</b>            | neutral | yellow   | red       |

Once the train is installed, electrically connect all its elements: gas valves group, pressure switches, gas proving system.



**ATTENTION:** once the gas train is mounted according to the diagram on Fig. 7, the gas proving test must be performed, according to the procedure set by the laws in force.

### Gas proving system

#### Integrated proving system (burners equipped with LME7x, LMV, LDU)

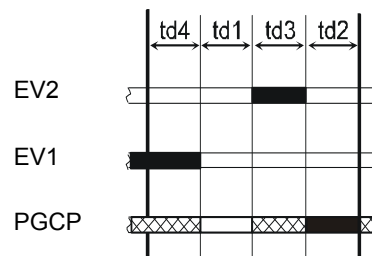
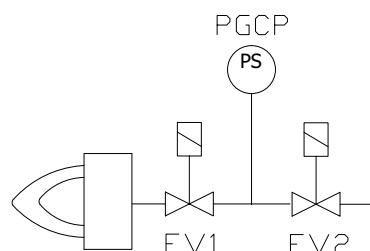
This paragraph describes the integrated proving system operation sequence:

- At the beginning both the valves (EV1 and EV2) must be closed.
- Test space evacuating: EV1 valve (burner side) opens and keep this position for a preset time (td4), in order to bring the test space to ambient pressure. Test atmospheric pressure: EV1 closes and keep this position for a preset time (test time td1). The pressure switch PGCP has not to detect a rise of pressure.
- Test space filling: EV2 opens and keep this position for a preset time (td3), in order to fill the test space.
- Test gas pressure: EV2 closes and keep this position for a preset time (td2). The pressure switch PGCP has not to detect a pressure drop down.

If all of the test phases are passed the proving system test is successful, if not a burner lockout happens.

On LMV5x and LMV2x/3x and LME73 (except LME73.831BC), the valve proving can be parameterized to take place on startup, shut-down, or both.

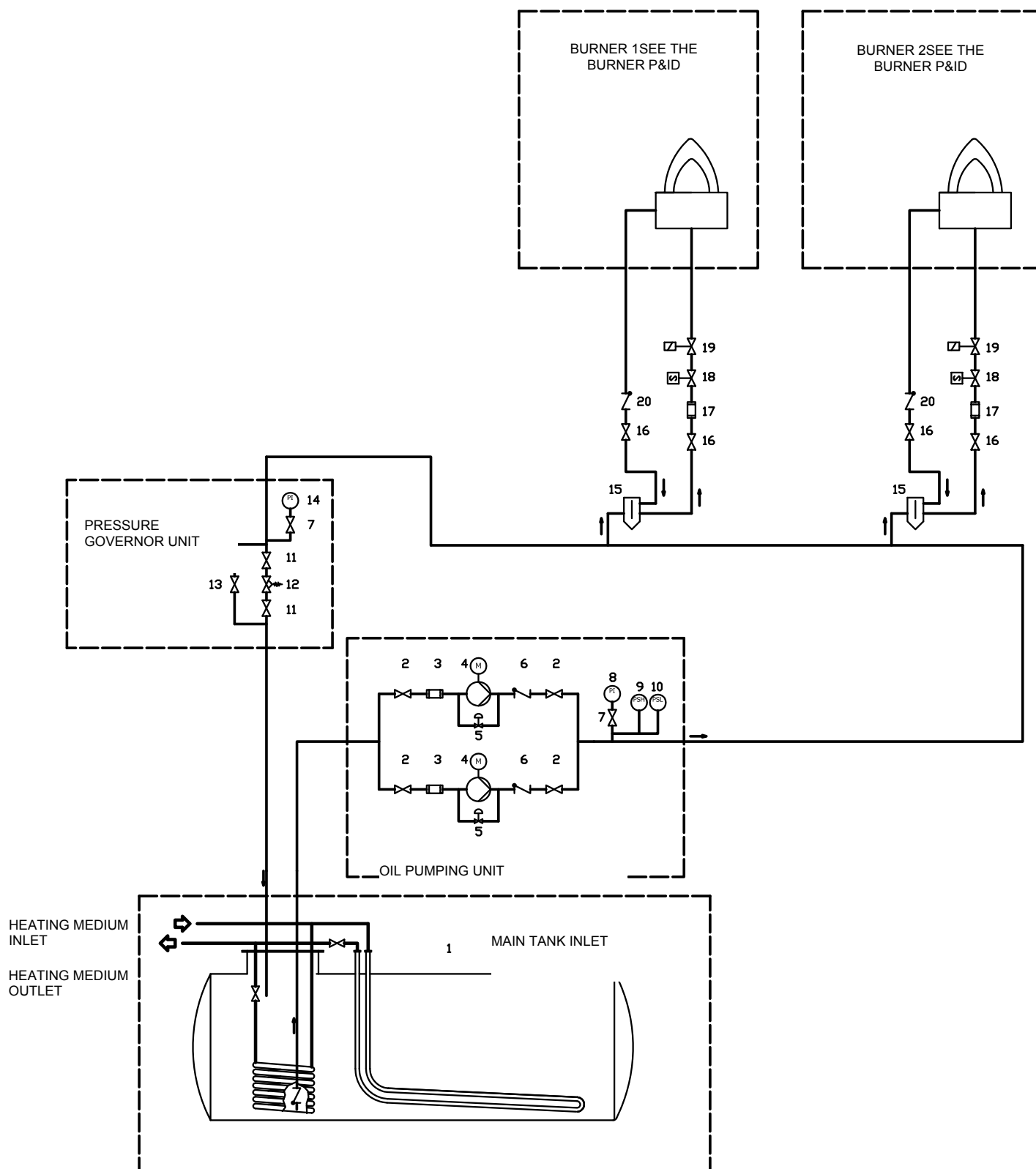
On LME73.831BC the valve proving is parameterized to take place on startup only.



The diagram illustrates a water supply system with two pumps and two storage tanks. On the left, a large storage tank is connected to a pump (3) via a pipe with a valve (1) and a filter (2). The pump (3) is connected to a network of pipes. One branch leads to a smaller storage tank at the top, which is connected to a second pump (4) via a pipe with a valve (1) and a filter (2). The second pump (4) is connected to a network of pipes that leads to a third storage tank on the right. The pipes are labeled with numbers 1, 2, 3, 4, and 5, indicating different sections of the system. The system is shown in a cross-section view, with the ground level indicated by a hatched line.

- 1 Manual valve
- 2 Light oil filter
- 3 Light oil feeding pump
- 4 One way valve
- 5 Flexible hoses
- 6 Relief valve

**NOTE:** in plants where gravity or ring feed systems are provided, install an automatic interception device (see n. 18 - Fig. 15).



|    |                                  |    |                                         |
|----|----------------------------------|----|-----------------------------------------|
| 1  | Main tank                        |    | <b>PRESSURE GOVERNOR UNIT</b>           |
|    | <b>OIL PUMPING UNIT</b>          | 11 | Manual valve                            |
| 2  | Manual valve                     | 12 | Pressure governor                       |
| 3  | Filter                           | 13 | Needle valve                            |
| 4  | Pump coupled to electrical motor | 14 | Pressure gauge                          |
| 5  | Safety valve                     |    | <b>TO THE BURNER</b>                    |
| 6  | One-way valve                    | 15 | Degassing bottle                        |
| 7  | Manual valve                     | 16 | Manual valve                            |
| 8  | Pressure gauge                   | 17 | Filter (supplied loose with the burner) |
| 9  | Maximum pressure switch          | 18 | Solenoid valve                          |
| 10 | Minimum pressure switch          | 19 | Safety valve                            |

Fig. 15 - 3ID0077 v1 - Ring circuit

**PUMP SUNTEC T**

The gear set draws oil from the tank and transfers it to an external valve that regulates the oil pressure.

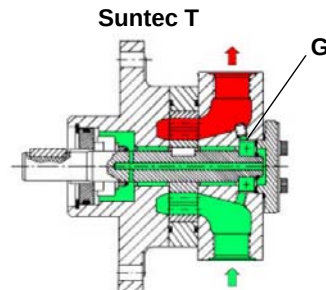
**Bleed**

The plug of the pressure gauge port must be loosened until the air is evacuated from the system.

**Note**

The bypass plug **G** inserted between high pressure and shaft seal is only intended to change the pump rotation, check the presence of this plug with a 4 mm Allen key in the pressure outlet of the pump.

**Caution :** changing the direction of pump rotation involves changing all pump connections.

**About the use of fuel pumps**

- Do not use fuel with additives to avoid the possible formation over time of compounds which may deposit between the gear teeth, thus obstructing them.
- After filling the tank, wait before starting the burner. This will give any suspended impurities time to deposit on the bottom of the tank, thus avoiding the possibility that they might be sucked into the pump.
- On initial commissioning a "dry" operation is foreseen for a considerable length of time (for example, when there is a long suction line to bleed). To avoid damages inject some lubrication oil into the vacuum inlet.
- Care must be taken when installing the pump not to force the pump shaft along its axis or laterally to avoid excessive wear on the joint, noise and overloading the gears.
- Pipes should not contain air pockets. Rapid attachment joint should therefore be avoided and threaded or mechanical seal junctions preferred. Junction threads, elbow joints and couplings should be sealed with removable seal component. The number of junctions should be kept to a minimum as they are a possible source of leakage.
- Do not use PTFE tape on the suction and return line pipes to avoid the possibility that particles enter circulation. These could deposit on the pump filter or the nozzle, reducing efficiency. Always use O-Rings or mechanical seal (copper or aluminium gaskets) junctions if possible.
- An external filter should always be installed in the suction line upstream the fuel unit.

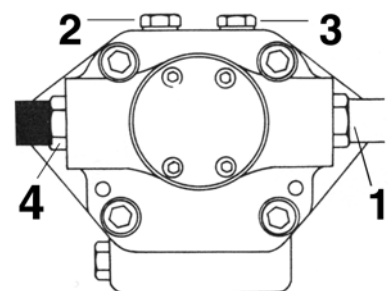


**ATTENTION:** before the burner first start, it is mandatory to fill the adduction pipes with diesel fuel and bleed out residual air bubbles. Prior to switching on the burner, check direction of rotation of the pump motor by briefly pressing the starter switch; ensure there are no anomalous sounds during equipment operation, and only then turn on the burner. Neglect to comply with this requirement will invalidate the burner warranty.

| <b>Suntec T..</b>        |                              |
|--------------------------|------------------------------|
| Viscosity                | 3 - 75 cSt                   |
| Oil temperature          | 0 - 150 °C                   |
| Minimum suction pressure | - 0.45 bar to prevent gasing |
| Maximum suction pressure | 5 bar                        |
| Rated speed              | 3600 rpm max.                |

**Key**

- 1 Inlet G3/4
- 2 Pressure gauge port G1/4
- 3 Vacuum gauge port to measure the inlet vacuum G1/4
- 4 To pressure adjusting valve G3/4



"Note: pump with "C" rotation.

## Suntec TV **Pressure governor**

### Pressure adjustment

Remove cap-nut 1 and the gasket 2, unscrew the lock nut 4. To increase pressure, twist adjusting screw 3 clockwise.

To decrease the pressure, twist screw counterclockwise. Tight the lock nut 4, refit the gasket 2 and the cap nut 1.

### Key

- 1 Cap nut
- 2 Gasket
- 3 Adjusting screw
- 4 Lock nut
- 5 Gasket

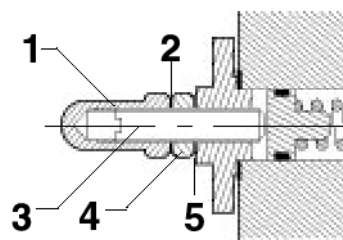


Fig. 16

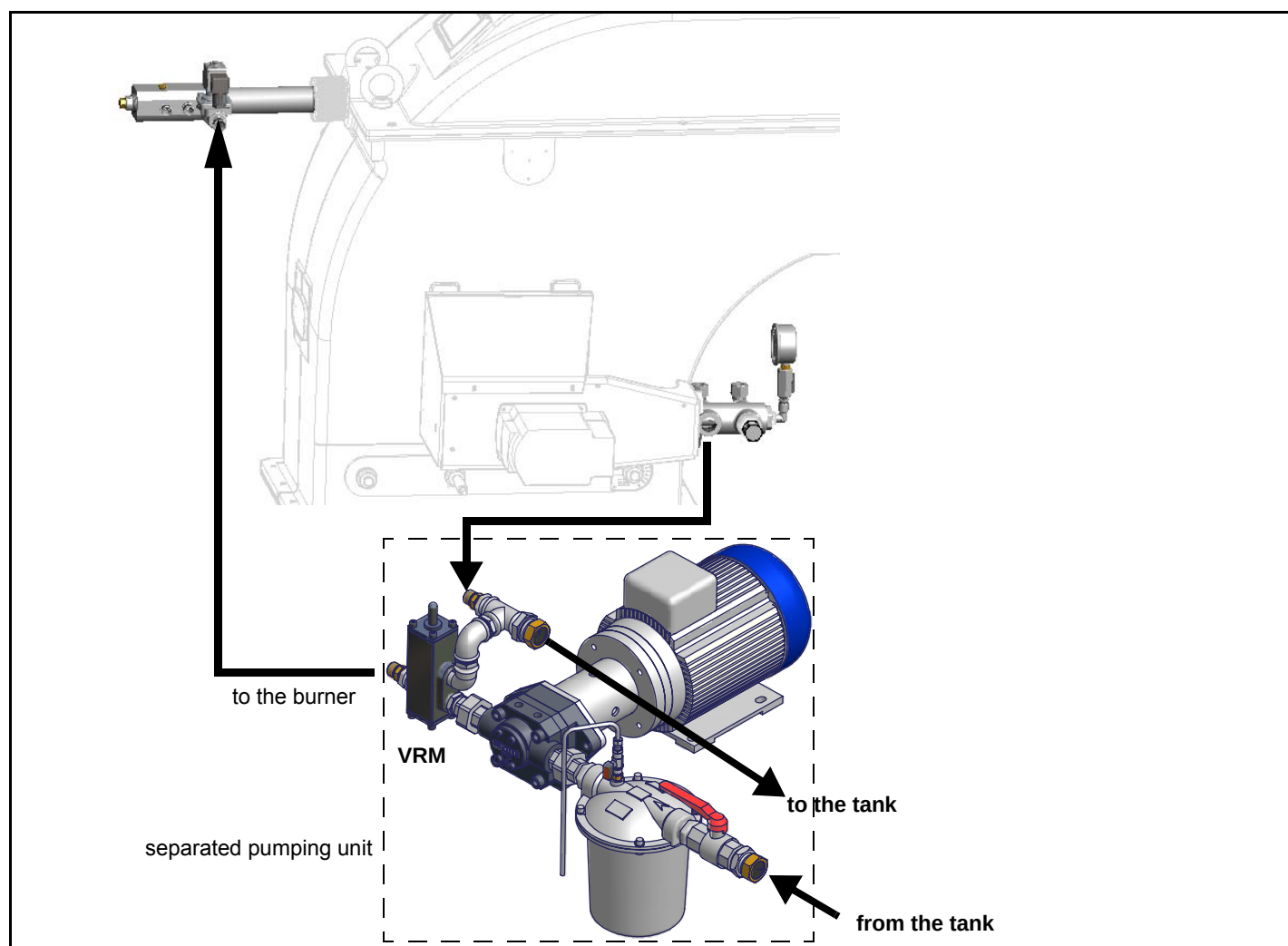
### Assembling the light oil flexible hoses

To connect the flexible light oil hoses to the pump, proceed as follows, according to the pump provided:

- 1 remove the closing nuts **A** and **D** on the inlet and return connections of the pump;
- 2 screw the rotating nut of the two flexible hoses on the pump **being careful to avoid exchanging the inlet and return lines**: see the arrows marked on the pump that show the inlet and the return (see previous paragraph).

### Connecting the burner to the oil pumping unit Suntec T+TV

Follow the scheme in the picture below to connect the burner to the oil pumping unit. The pump sends the oil coming from the tank to the burner. The pressure governor makes the oil reach the nozzle at the required pressure, while the excess of oil goes back to the tank. To change the delivery pressure act on the VRM adjusting screw of the pressure governor, reading the oil pressure at the nozzle (put a pressure gauge on the oil lance manifold).



**CAUTION:** caps are not sealing type but used for shipment only. The flexible hoses between the pump and the burner are the ones called (on the label) "Oil high pressure flexible hose". The flexible hose called "Oil low pressure flexible hose" is the one to be connected upstream the oil filter.



## Electrical connections



**WARNING!** Respect the basic safety rules. make sure of the connection to the earthing system. do not reverse the phase and neutral connections. fit a differential thermal magnet switch adequate for connection to the mains.

**WARNING!** before executing the electrical connections, pay attention to turn the plant's switch to OFF and be sure that the burner's main switch is in 0 position (OFF) too. Read carefully the chapter "WARNINGS", and the "Electrical connections" section.

**ATTENTION:** Connecting electrical supply wires to the burner terminal block MA, be sure that the ground wire is longer than phase and neutral ones.

To execute the electrical connections, proceed as follows:

- 1 remove the cover from the electrical board, unscrewing the fixing screws;
- 2 execute the electrical connections to the supply terminal board as shown in the attached wiring diagrams;
- 3 check the direction of the fan motor (see next paragraph);
- 4 refit the panel cover.



**WARNING:** (only for double stage and progressive burners) The burner is provided with an electrical bridge between terminals 6 and 7; when connecting the high/low flame thermostat, remove this bridge before connecting the thermostat.

### Rotation of electric motor

Once the electrical connection of the burner is executed, remember to check the rotation of the electric motor. The motor should rotate according to the "arrow" symbol on the body. In the event of wrong rotation, reverse the three-phase supply and check again the rotation of the motor.



**CAUTION:** check the motor thermal cut-out adjustment

**NOTE:** the burners are supplied for three-phase 380 V or 400 V supply, and in the case of three-phase 220 V or 230 V supply it is necessary to modify the electrical connections into the terminal box of the electric motor and replace the overload tripped relay.

**PART III: OPERATION**

**ATTENTION:** before starting the burner up, be sure that the manual cutoff valves are open and check that the pressure upstream the gas train complies the value quoted on paragraph “Technical specifications”.

**LIMITATIONS OF USE**

THE BURNER IS AN APPLIANCE DESIGNED AND CONSTRUCTED TO OPERATE ONLY AFTER BEING CORRECTLY CONNECTED TO A HEAT GENERATOR (E.G. BOILER, HOT AIR GENERATOR, FURNACE, ETC.), ANY OTHER USE IS TO BE CONSIDERED IMPROPER AND THEREFORE DANGEROUS.

THE USER MUST GUARANTEE THE CORRECT FITTING OF THE APPLIANCE, ENTRUSTING THE INSTALLATION OF IT TO QUALIFIED PERSONNEL AND HAVING THE FIRST COMMISSIONING OF IT CARRIED OUT BY A SERVICE CENTRE AUTHORIZED BY THE COMPANY MANUFACTURING THE BURNER.

A FUNDAMENTAL FACTOR IN THIS RESPECT IS THE ELECTRICAL CONNECTION TO THE GENERATOR'S CONTROL AND SAFETY UNITS (CONTROL THERMOSTAT, SAFETY, ETC.) WHICH GUARANTEES CORRECT AND SAFE FUNCTIONING OF THE BURNER.

THEREFORE, ANY OPERATION OF THE APPLIANCE MUST BE PREVENTED WHICH DEPARTS FROM THE INSTALLATION OPERATIONS OR WHICH HAPPENS AFTER TOTAL OR PARTIAL TAMPERING WITH THESE (E.G. DISCONNECTION, EVEN PARTIAL, OF THE ELECTRICAL LEADS, OPENING THE GENERATOR DOOR, DISMANTLING OF PART OF THE BURNER).

NEVER OPEN OR DISMANTLE ANY COMPONENT OF THE MACHINE EXCEPT FOR ITS MAINTENANCE.

TO SECURE THE MACHINE, ACT ON THE ISOLATOR SWITCH. IN CASE OF ANOMALIES THAT REQUIRED A SHUT DOWN OF THE BURNER, IT'S POSSIBLE TO ACT ON THE AUXILIARY LINE SWITCH, LOCATED ON THE BURNER FRONT PANEL.

IN CASE OF A BURNER SHUT-DOWN, RESET THE CONTROL BOX BY MEANS OF THE RESET PUSHBUTTON. IF A SECOND SHUT-DOWN TAKES PLACE, CALL THE TECHNICAL SERVICE, WITHOUT TRYING TO RESET FURTHER.

**WARNING:** DURING NORMAL OPERATION THE PARTS OF THE BURNER NEAREST TO THE GENERATOR (COUPLING FLANGE) CAN BECOME VERY HOT, AVOID TOUCHING THEM SO AS NOT TO GET BURNT.

- Choose the type of fuel by turning the switch, on the burner control panel.  
**CAUTION:** if the fuel chosen is light oil, be sure the cutoff valves on the feed and return pipes are open.
- Check the control box is not locked; if so, reset it by means of the reset LMV button.
- Check the series of thermostats and pressure switches allow the burner to start.

### Light oil operation

In compliance with the regulations in force, the cycle starts with the pre-ventilation phase. The fan starts and the air damper, driven by the servomotor, opens. The air pressure switch, detecting a differential pressure, ensures the fan's operation. Failing which a safety interlock is tripped.

The pump starts when the ignition transformer is energized.

The pre-ventilation phase can then be completed and the ignition phase started. In sequence, the burner management system (BMS) moves the servomotor to a suitable position, supplies the ignition transformer and the valves allowing the nozzle to spray the oil into the combustion chamber, where it will mix with the comburent air.

The spark between the ignition electrodes on the burner head must ignite the flame in a safety time not exceeding 5 s, as provided for by the reference regulations.

The presence of the flame is detected by UV or IR sensor. Failing which a safety interlock is tripped.

From now on flame detection will be continuous, until the burner is switched off.

At the end of the safety time, the control unit de-energizes the ignition transformer, moving the servomotor to the low or high flame position according to system demand.

The burner operation is now controlled by the modulator, if any, or by the boiler controller (i.e.: high-low flame thermostat).

The dedicated actuators move, simultaneously and proportionally, the air damper, the fuel valve, the head position (if the burner include this option) and the VSD optimizing exhaust gas values and obtaining efficient combustion.

The position of the combustion head contributes to adjust the power supplied.

If the monitored variable (pressure or temperature) of the boiler/generator/oven fluid exceeds a preset value, the machine switch-off phase is started. The flame control unit moves the servomotor to the low flame position (minimum power supplied), closes the safety valves and starts the post-ventilation phase, if any.

At the end of this stage, the burner remains in stand-by waiting for a new start-up sequence.

### Gas operation

The gas minimum pressure switch, installed upstream from the safety valves, ensures the network distributes the gas at a pressure suitable to switch on the machine start cycle.

In compliance with the regulations in force, the cycle starts with the pre-ventilation phase.

(Burners fitted with gas proving system). The gas safety valves proving system can be executed during this phase and/or at the burner shut-off, according to the device setting. Failing which a safety interlock is tripped.

The fan starts and the air damper, driven by the servomotor, opens as far as the high flame position. The air pressure switch, detecting a pressure, ensures the fan's operation. Failing which a safety interlock is tripped.

At the end of pre-ventilation, in sequence, the burner management system moves the servomotor to the ignition position, supplies the ignition transformer and orders the opening of the gas safety valve group.

The gas from the net passes through a filter, the double safety valves and the pressure regulator. The regulator holds the gas head pressure within the use limits.

Fuel and comburent are channelled separately till they meet in the flame development area (combustion chamber) where the spark, discharged by the ignition electrodes located on the burner's head, must ignite the flame in a safety time of less than 3 s, as provided for by the reference regulations.

The flame is detected by a sensor that can be an ionization or UV or IR sensor. Failing which a safety interlock is tripped. From now on flame detection will be continuous, until the burner is switched off.

At the end of the safety time, the control unit de-energizes the ignition transformer, moving the servomotor to the low or high flame position according to system demand.

The burner operation is now controlled by the modulator, if any, or by the boiler controller (i.e.: high-low flame thermostat).

The dedicated actuators move, simultaneously and proportionally, the air damper, the fuel butterfly valve, the head position (if the burner include this option) and the VSD optimizing exhaust gas values and obtaining efficient combustion.

The position of the combustion head, set manually or automatically (if the option is included in the supply), contributes to adjust the burner's output.

If the monitored variable (pressure or temperature) of the boiler/generator/oven fluid exceeds a preset value, the machine switch-off phase is started. The flame control unit moves the servomotor to the low flame position (minimum power supplied), closes the safety valves and starts the post-ventilation phase, if any.

At the end of this stage, the burner remains in stand-by waiting for a new start-up sequence



*For further details, see the attached equipment manual.*

## ADJUSTMENTS



**ATTENTION:** before starting the burner up, be sure that the manual cutoff valves are open and check that the pressure upstream the gas train complies the value quoted on paragraph "Technical specifications". Be sure that the mains switch is closed.

**ATTENTION:** During commissioning operations, do not let the burner operate with insufficient air flow (danger of formation of carbon monoxide); if this should happen, make the gas decrease slowly until the normal combustion values are achieved.

**WARNING:** EVER LOOSE THE SEALED SCREWS, OTHERWISE THE DEVICE WARRANTY WILL BE IMMEDIATELY INVALIDATE!

### Combustion head gas pressure curves depending on the flow rate

The curves referred to the gas pressure in the combustion head, depending on the gas flow rate, are referred to the burner properly adjusted (percentage of residual  $O_2$  in the flues as shown in the "Recommended combustion values" table and CO in the standard limits). During this stage, the combustion head, the gas butterfly valve and the actuator are at the maximum opening. Refer to Fig. 17, showing the correct way to measure the gas pressure, considering the values of pressure in combustion chamber, surveyed by means of the pressure gauge or taken from the boiler's Technical specifications.

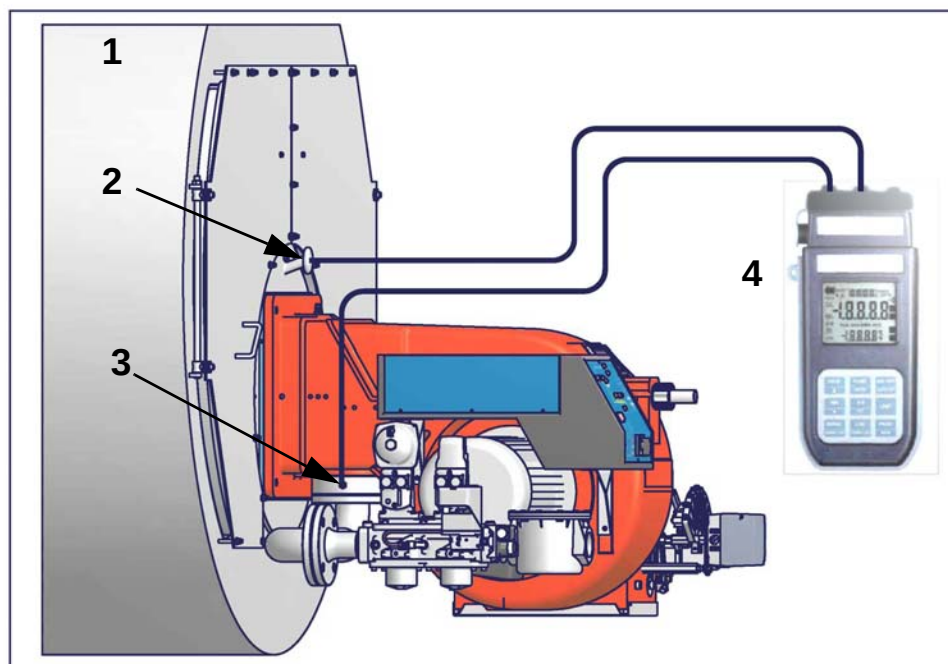


Fig. 17

Note: the figure is indicative only.

#### Key

- 1 Generator
- 2 Pressure outlet on the combustion chamber
- 3 Gas pressure outlet on the butterfly valve
- 4 Differential pressure gauge

### Measuring the gas pressure in the combustion head

In order to measure the pressure in the combustion head, insert the pressure gauge probes: one into the combustion chamber's pressure outlet to get the pressure in the combustion chamber and the other one into the butterfly valve's pressure outlet of the burner. On the basis of the measured differential pressure, it is possible to get the maximum flow rate: in the pressure - rate curves (showed on the next paragraph), it is easy to find out the burner's output in  $Stm^3/h$  (quoted on the x axis) from the pressure measured in the combustion head (quoted on the y axis). The data obtained must be considered when adjusting the gas flow rate.



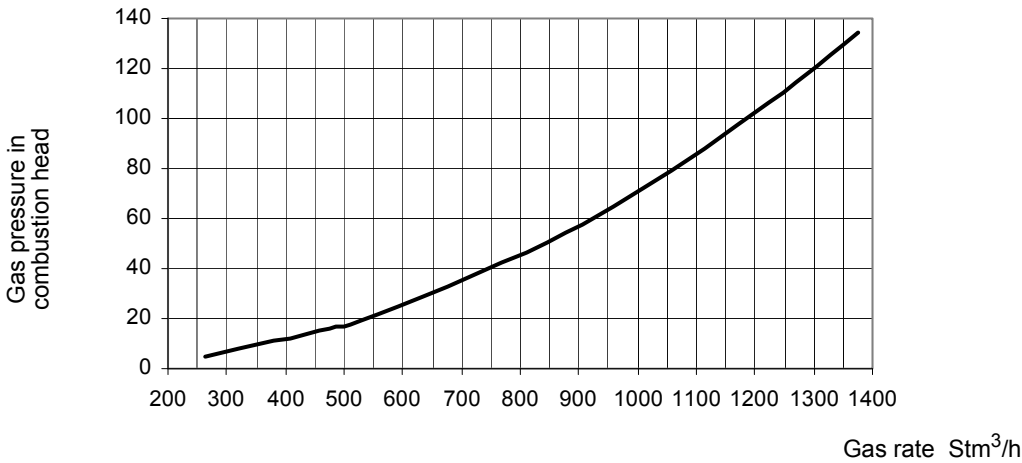
**ATTENTION:** THE BURNED GAS RATE MUST BE READ AT THE GAS FLOW METER. WHEN IT IS NOT POSSIBLE, THE USER CAN REFERS TO THE PRESSURE-RATE CURVES AS GENERAL INFORMATION ONLY.

### Pressure - rate in combustion head curves

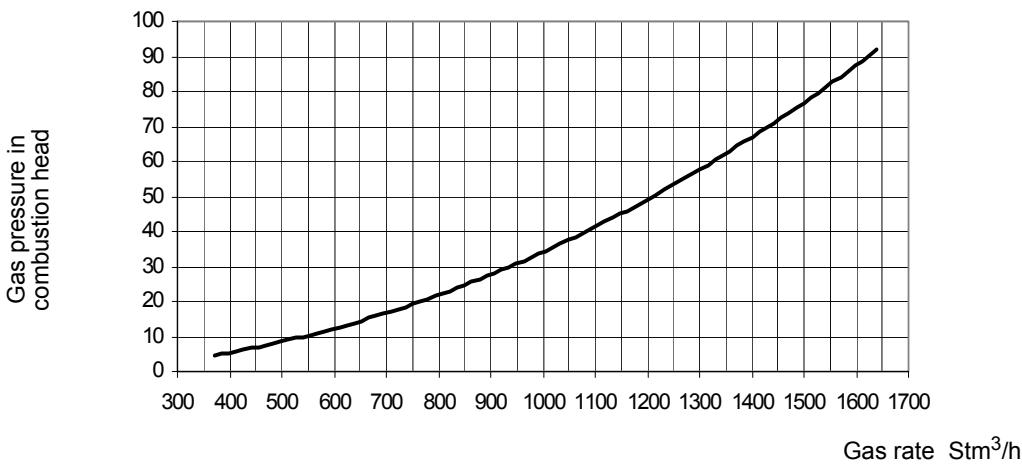


*Curves are referred to pressure = 0mbar in the combustion chamber!*

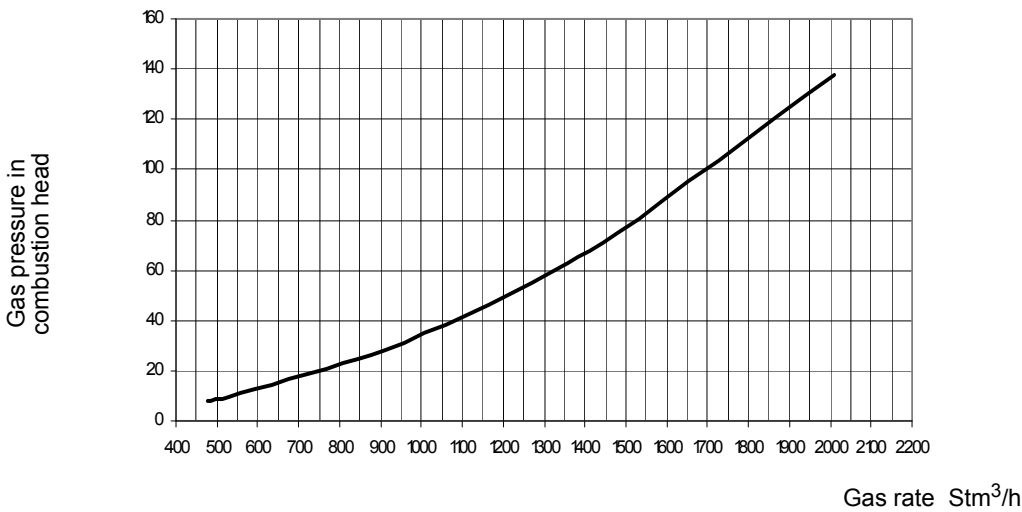
**HTP1030**



**HTP1050**



**HTP1080**





**IMPORTANT!** the combustion air excess must be adjusted according to the in the following chart:

| Recommended combustion parameters |                                 |                                |
|-----------------------------------|---------------------------------|--------------------------------|
| Fuel                              | Recommended (%) CO <sub>2</sub> | Recommended (%) O <sub>2</sub> |
| Natural gas                       | 9 ÷ 10                          | 3 ÷ 4.8                        |
| Light oil                         | 11.5 ÷ 13                       | 2.9 ÷ 4.9                      |

### Gas Filter (if provided)

The gas filters remove the dust particles that are present in the gas, and prevent the elements at risk (e.g.: burner valves, counters and regulators) from becoming rapidly blocked. The filter is normally installed upstream from all the control and on-off devices.



**ATTENTION:** it is recommended to install the filter with gas flow parallel to the floor in order to prevent dust fall on the safety valve during maintenance operation.

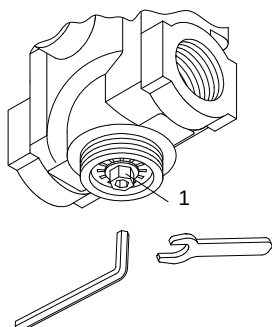
### Adjusting the pilot gas flow rate: gas valve Brahma EG12xR and pressure governor

To change the pilot gas valve flow rate, proceed as follows:

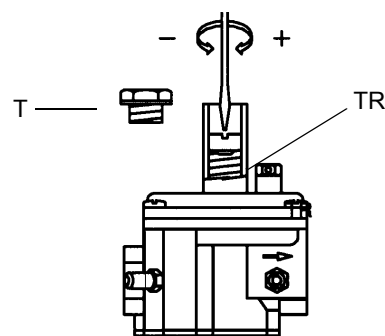
- 1 remove the protection on the bottom of the valve, moving it counterclockwise (see next picture);
- 2 rotate clockwise the nut 1 as shown in to close the valve or counterclockwise to open.

To perform gas pressure adjustment, act on the pressure governor as follows (see next picture):

- 3 remove the cap T: to increase the gas pressure at the outlet use a screwdriver on the screw TR as shown in the next picture. Screw to increase the pressure, unscrew to decrease; once the regulation is performed, replace cap T.



Brahma gas valve EGRx12

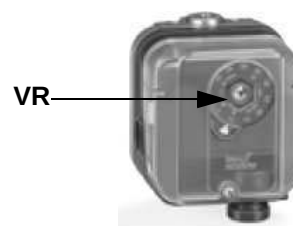


Gas pressure governor

### Setting air and gas pressure switches

The **air pressure switch** locks the control box if the air pressure is not the one requested. If it happens, unlock the burner by means of the control box unlock pushbutton, placed on the burner control panel.

The **gas pressure switches** check the pressure to avoid the burner operate when the pressure value is not in the requested pressure range.



### Calibration of low gas pressure switch

As for the gas pressure switch calibration, proceed as follows:

- Be sure that the filter is clean.
- Remove the transparent plastic cap.
- While the burner is operating at the maximum output, test the gas pressure on the pressure port of the minimum gas pressure switch.
- Slowly close the manual cutoff valve (placed upstream the pressure switch, see gas train installation diagram), until the detected pressure is reduced by 50%. Pay attention that the CO value in the flue gas does not increase: if the CO values are higher than the limits laid down by law, slowly open the cutoff valve as to get values lower than these limits.
- Check that the burner is operating correctly.
- Clockwise turn the pressure switch adjusting ring nut (as to increase the pressure value) until the burner stops.
- Slowly fully open the manual cutoff valve.
- Refit the transparent plastic cover on the pressure switch.

**Adjusting the maximum gas pressure switch (when provided)**

To calibrate the maximum pressure switch, proceed as follows according to its mounting position:

- 1 remove the pressure switch plastic cover;
- 2 if the maximum pressure switch is mounted upstream the gas valves: measure the gas pressure in the network, when flame is off; by means of the adjusting ring nut **VR**, set the value read, increased by the 30%.
- 3 if the maximum pressure switch is mounted downstream the “gas governor-gas valves” group and upstream the butterfly valve: light the burner, adjust it according to the procedure in the previous paragraph. Then, measure the gas pressure at the operating flow rate, downstream the “gas governor-gas valves” group and upstream the butterfly valve; by means of the adjusting ring nut **VR**, set the value read on step 2, increased by the 30%;
- 4 replace the plastic cover.

**Calibration of air pressure switch**

To calibrate the air pressure switch, proceed as follows:

- Remove the transparent plastic cap.
- Once air and fuel setting have been accomplished, startup the burner.
- During the pre-purge phase of the operation, turn slowly the adjusting ring nut **VR** in the clockwise direction (to increase the adjusting pressure) until the burner lockout, then read the value on the pressure switch scale and set it to a value reduced by 15%.
- Repeat the ignition cycle of the burner and check it runs properly.
- Refit the transparent plastic cover on the pressure switch.

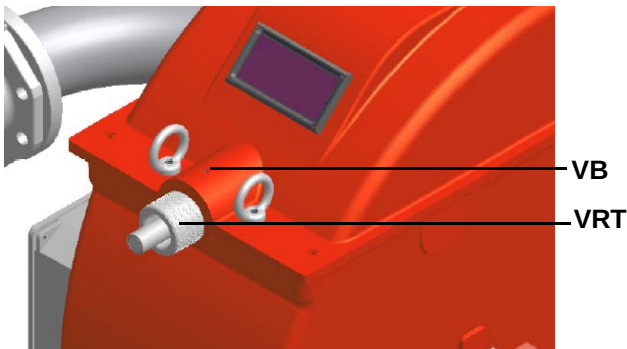
**PGCP Gas leakage pressure switch (with Siemens LDU/LME7x burner control/Siemens LMV Burner Management System)**

- remove the pressure switch plastic cover;
- adjust the PGCP pressure switch to the same value set for the minimum gas pressure switch;
- replace the plastic cover.

**Setting the combustion head position**

**CAUTION:** perform these adjustments once the burner is turned off and cooled.

Only if necessary, change the combustion head position: to let the burner operate at a lower output, loose the **VB** screw and move progressively back the combustion head towards the MIN position, by turning clockwise the **VRT** ring nut. Fasten **VB** screw when the adjustment is accomplished.



“MAX” head position



head position



**Attention!** if it is necessary to change the head position, repeat the air and fuel adjustments described above.

## ADJUSTMENTS FOR GAS OPERATION

### Adjustments - brief description

The air and fuel rates adjustments must be performed at the maximum output first ("high flame"): see the LMV5.. related manual..

- Check that the combustion parameters are in the suggested limits.
- Check the flow rate measuring it on the counter or, if it was not possible, verifying the combustion head pressure by means of a differential pressure gauge, as described on par. "Measuring the gas pressure in the combustion head".
- Then, adjust the combustion values by setting the "gas/air" ratio" curvepoints (see the LMV5.. related manual).
- Set, now, the low flame output, in order to avoid the low flame output increasing too much or that the flues temperature gets too low to cause condensation in the chimney.

### Adjusting procedure

Go on adjusting the burner.

Users can set only the LMV parameters that can be accessed without password: (see "Adjusting the temperature set-point").

The Siemens AZL User Interface allows programming the Siemens LMV system and monitoring the system data.



The user interface is made of:

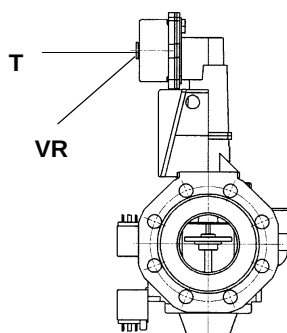
1. display: it shows menus and parameters
2. ESC key (previous level): it goes back to the previous level menu or exits the programming mode without changing data.
3. ENTER key (next level): it confirms the data changing and jumps to the next menu/parameter.
4. SELECT keys: they select a menu item and change the parameter values.

As far as the settings, see the LMV5 related manual.

By following the "air/gas ratio" curvepoints setting procedure on the LMV5.. manual, adjusting the air and gas flow rates: check, continuously, the flue gas analysis, as to avoid combustion with little air; dose the air according to the gas flow rate change following the steps quoted below.

Once the throttle valve is completely opened, acting on the pressure stabiliser of the valves group, adjust the **gas flow rate in the high flame stage** as to meet the values requested by the boiler/utilisation:

- **Siemens VGD valves group:** remove cap **T** and act on the **VR** adjusting screw to increase or decrease the pressure and consequently the gas rate; screwing **VR** the rate increases, unscrewing it decreases (see next figure).



Siemens VGD..

### Start-up procedure

- 1 Turn the burner on.
- 2 the LMV control box starts the system test cycle: the AZL display shows the **System Test** message; at the end of the test, it shows the main page and the system stops (the safety chain is open) waiting for the startup enabling signal (standby - Program phase no. 12)



|           |      |
|-----------|------|
| Setpoint  | 80°C |
| Act.value | 78°C |
| Fuel      | GAS  |
| Standby   | 12   |

Main page

- 3 check the fan motor rotation (see related paragraph).
- 4 make the safety chain enabling the system to start up
- 5 the combustion cycle starts: the system will show the operating stages

- **Prepurging** (program phase no.30)
- **Driving to ignition position** (program phase no.36)
- **Ignition position** (program phase no.38)
- **Fuel** (the fuel solenoid valves open)
- **Flame** (the flame lights up)
- **Driving to low flame** (the actuator drives to low flame).

**NOTE:** the **C** and **A**, on the .

Once the ignition cycle ends, the main page is shown:

|           |      |
|-----------|------|
| Setpoint  | 80°C |
| Act.value | 78°C |
| Load      | 24%  |
| Flame     | 60%  |

Main page

**Set point:** temperature set-point

**Act value:** actual temperature value

**Load:** load percentage (burner output)

**Flame:** percentage of flame detection current.

By pressing the ENTER key the display shows the second page:

|      |     |     |     |
|------|-----|-----|-----|
| Fuel | 0.0 | Air | 1.8 |
| Ax   |     | VSD | 0.0 |
| Ax   |     | O2  |     |
| Ax   |     | Ld. | 0.0 |

Second page

**Fuel:** it shows (in degrees) the fuel actuator position.

**Air:** it shows (in degrees) the air actuator position.

**Ax1..3:** auxiliaries.

**VSD:** % value on the inverter maximum frequency

**O2:** oxygen percentage

**Ld:** load percentage (burner output).

Press the ENTER key to go back to the main page.

To access the **main menu**, from the main page, press the ESC key twice:

|                             |
|-----------------------------|
| OperationalStat             |
| Operation                   |
| ManualOperation             |
| <b>Params &amp; Display</b> |

Main menu

By pressing the ESC key once, the **Operational Status** (first item in the main menu) menu is directly shown:

|                  |
|------------------|
| Normal operation |
| Status/Reset     |
| Fault History    |
| Lockout History  |

the **Operational Status** menu provides the following items:

**Normal operation:** by selecting this item and pressing the ENTER key, the main page is showed; press ESC to go back to the main menu.

**Status/Reset:** it shows system errors or faults occurring / it represents the lockout reset function.

**Fault History:** by selecting this item and pressing the ENTER key, the Lockout History will be showed about the last 21 faults occurred.

**Lockout History:** by selecting this item and pressing the ENTER key, the Lockout History will be showed about the last 9 lockouts occurred, and the related date and hour.

**Alarm act/deact:** enable/disable the horn in case of alarm.

### **Fault History**

To visualise the **Fault History**, select it and press the ENTER key. The message will be as:

|           |    |        |       |
|-----------|----|--------|-------|
| 1 Class:  |    |        | 05Gas |
| code      | BF | Phase: | 10    |
| Diag.:    | 00 | Lod:   | 0.0   |
| Start No. |    |        | 88    |

alternating by an error message as:

|                                                  |
|--------------------------------------------------|
| O2 control and<br>limiter automat<br>deactivated |
|--------------------------------------------------|

To see the other Fault History pages, press the arrow keys.

To exit the Fault History pages, press ESC.

### **Lockout History**

To visualise the **Lockout History**, choose the related item and press ENTER. The message will be:

|           |          |    |       |
|-----------|----------|----|-------|
| 1         | 10.08.07 |    | 13.47 |
| C:71      | D:00     | F: | 12    |
| Start No. |          |    | 88    |
| Load      | 0.0      |    | Gas   |

alternating by an error message as:

|                                   |
|-----------------------------------|
| No flame at end<br>of safety time |
|-----------------------------------|

To see the other Lockout History pages, press the arrow keys.

To exit the Lockout History pages, press ESC.

### **Setting the temperature/pressure set-point value**

To set the temperature/pressure set-point value, that is the generator operating temperature/pressure; proceed as follows.

From the main page, enter the main menu by pressing the ESC key twice:

|                             |
|-----------------------------|
| OperationalStat             |
| Operation                   |
| ManualOperation             |
| <b>Params &amp; Display</b> |

by means of the arrow keys, select “Params&Display”, press ENTER: the system will ask you to enter the proper password

|                 |
|-----------------|
| Access w-out PW |
| Access Serv     |
| Access OEM      |
| Access LS       |

by means of the arrow keys, select “Access w-out pass” (access without password - user level), confirm by pressing ENTER.

The other levels require password reserved to the Technical Service, to the Manufacturer, etc.

The menu shown accessing without password is the following:

|                       |
|-----------------------|
| BurnerControl         |
| RatioControl          |
| O2Contr./Guard.       |
| <b>LoadController</b> |

Choose “LoadController” and press ENTER: the following menu is shown:

|                        |
|------------------------|
| <b>ControllerParam</b> |
| Configuration          |
| Adaption               |
| SW Version             |

Choose “ControllerParam” and press ENTER: the following menu is shown:

|                   |
|-------------------|
| ContrlParamList   |
| MinActuatorStep   |
| SW_FilterTmeCon   |
| <b>SetPointW1</b> |

Choose “SetPointW1” and press ENTER:

|            |     |
|------------|-----|
| SetpointW1 |     |
| Curr:      | 90° |
| New:       | 90° |

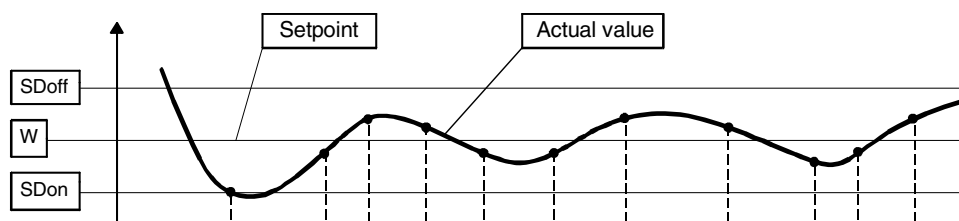
**Curr:** it shows the current set-point; use the arrows keys to change.

**NOTE:** the available range for this parameter depends on the probe provided; the unit measure of the detected value and its limits are bound up with parameters set at the “Service” level.

Once the new set-point is set, confirm by pressing ENTER, otherwise exit without changes by pressing ESC.

Press ESC to exit the set-point programming mode.

Once the temperature set-point W1 is imposed, set the Switch-on (SDon) and the Switch-off (SDoff) point of the 2-position controller:



To set these values, select the item SD\_ModOn (SDOn), by scrolling down the “Load controller” menu with the arrow keys and press ENTER:

```
SetpointW1
SetpointW2
SD_ModOn
SD_ModOff
```

the display will show:

```
SD_ModOn
Curr::                1.0%
New:                  1.0%
```

The default value for this parameter is 1% that is, the burner will light again at a temperature 1% lower than the set-point. Change value, if needed, by means of the arrow keys; press ENTER to confirm and the press ESC to exit. Press only ESC to exit without changing. Now choose SD\_ModOff always scrolling down the Load Controller menu, by means of the arrow keys, and press ENTER.

```
SetpointW1
SetpointW2
SD_ModOn
SD_ModOff
```

the display will show:

```
SD_ModOff
Curr::                10.0%
New:                  10.0%
```

The default value for this parameter is 10% that is, the burner will turn off at a temperature 1% higher than the set-point. Change value, if needed, by means of the arrow keys; press ENTER to confirm and the press ESC to exit. Press only ESC to exit without changing. Press the ESC key until the following menu is shown:

```
BurnerControl
RatioControl
O2Contr./Guard.
LoadController
```

scroll this menu down until the item “AZL” is reached

```
LoadController
AZL
Actuators
VSD Module
```

confirm by pressing ENTER:

|               |
|---------------|
| Times         |
| Languages     |
| DateFormat    |
| PhysicalUnits |

**Times:** it sets the “Summer (SUM) Time / Winter (WIN) Time” operation and the continent (EU - Europe; US - United States)

|                 |
|-----------------|
| Sum/Winter Time |
| Time EU/US      |

choose the Summertime/Wintertime mode desired and confirm by pressing ENTER; press ESC to exit. Set the time zone (Time EU/US) in the same way.

**Languages:** it allows setting the current language

|          |          |
|----------|----------|
| Language |          |
| Curr::   | Italiano |
| New:     | English  |

choose the desired language and confirm by pressing ENTER; press ESC to exit.

**DateFormat:** it allows setting the date format as DD-MM-YY (day-month-year) or MM-DD-YY (month-day-year)

|            |          |
|------------|----------|
| DateFormat |          |
| Curr::     | DD-MM-YY |
| New:       | MM-DD-YY |

choose the desired format and confirm by pressing ENTER; press ESC to exit.

**PhysicalUnits:** it allows setting the measuring units for temperature and pressure

|                 |
|-----------------|
| UnitTemperature |
| UnitPressure    |

Settable temperature units: °C or °F

Settable pressure units: bar or psi.

- choose the desired unit and confirm by pressing ENTER; press ESC to exit.
- choose the temperature and pressure unit and confirm by pressing ENTER; press ESC to exit.

### System lockout

If the system locks out, the following message will appear:

|           |          |       |
|-----------|----------|-------|
| 1         | 10.08.07 | 13.47 |
| C:71      | D:00     | F: 12 |
| Start No. |          | 88    |
| Load      | 0.0      | Gas   |

call the Technical Service and tell the message data.

### **Cold start thermal shock (CSTP)**

If the generator cannot suffer thermal shocks, the CSTP (Cold Start Thermal Schock) function can be enabled. This function is already set by the Technical service (access by reserved password).

if this function is enabled, when the burner starts up the “Thermal shock protection activated” message will be showed.

If this function is not enabled, after startup, the burner will rapidly increase the load according to the requested value and, if necessary, to the maximum output.

### **Manual mode**

To by-pass the thermal protection or not to let the burner operate in high flame stage (maximum output) after ignition, the manual mode is provided.

To choose the manual mode (Manual Operation), use the SELECT arrow keys

|                             |
|-----------------------------|
| OperationalStat             |
| Operation                   |
| ManualOperation             |
| <b>Params &amp; Display</b> |

Items to be set are the following:

|                  |
|------------------|
| SetLoad          |
| Autom/Manual/Off |

**SetLoad:** to set the required load percentage

|             |
|-------------|
| SetLoad     |
| Curr:: 0.0% |
| New: 20.0%  |

set the required percentage and confirm by pressing ENTER; press ESC to exit.

choose “Autom/Manual/Off

|                  |
|------------------|
| SetLoad          |
| Autom/Manual/Off |

|                  |
|------------------|
| Autom/Manual/Off |
| Curr:: Automatic |
| New: Burner On   |

three modes are provided:

**Automatic:** automatic operation

**Burner on:** manual operation

**Burner off:** burner in stand-by

If the BurnerOn mode is chosen, the burner does not follow the modulator and probe settings, but operates at the set load.

|                                                                                     |                                                                                               |
|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
|  | <b>Caution:</b> if BurnerOff mode is selected, the burner stays in stand-by.                  |
|                                                                                     | <b>Caution:</b> in the BurnerOn mode, the safety thresholds are set by the Technical Service. |

For further details, see the LMV5x annexed manuals.

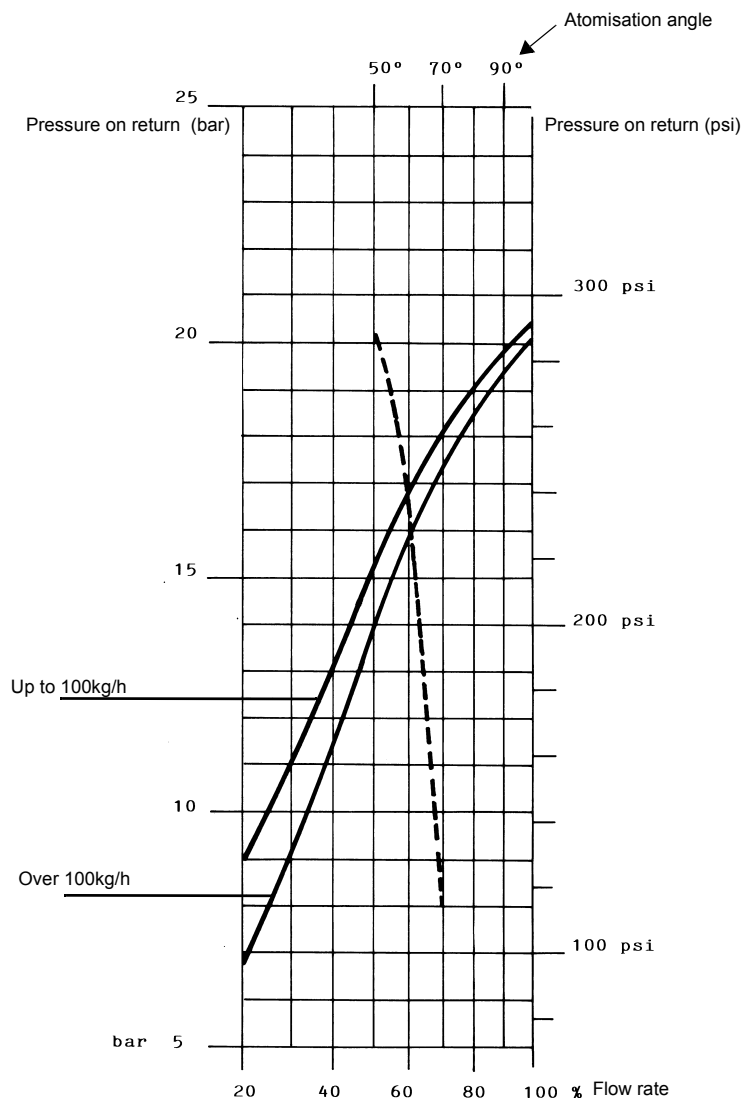
## Adjustment for light oil operation

The light oil flow rate can be adjusted choosing a by-pass nozzle that suits the boiler/utilisation output and setting the delivery and return pressure values according to the ones quoted on the below diagram (as far as reading the pressure values, see next paragraphs).

### FLUIDICS NOZZLE: REFERENCE DIAGRAM (INDICATIVE ONLY)

| DIMENSIONS | FLOW RATE kg/h |     | Indicative pressure on return (bar) |
|------------|----------------|-----|-------------------------------------|
|            | Min            | Max |                                     |
| 40         | 13             | 40  | 19                                  |
| 50         | 16             | 50  | 22                                  |
| 60         | 20             | 60  | 20                                  |
| 70         | 23             | 70  | 23                                  |
| 80         | 26             | 80  | 23                                  |
| 90         | 30             | 90  | 22                                  |
| 100        | 33             | 100 | 22                                  |
| 115        | 38             | 115 | 21                                  |
| 130        | 43             | 130 | 22                                  |
| 145        | 48             | 145 | 21                                  |
| 160        | 53             | 160 | 21                                  |
| 180        | 59             | 180 | 22                                  |
| 200        | 66             | 200 | 21                                  |
| 225        | 74             | 225 | 22                                  |
| 250        | 82             | 250 | 22                                  |
| 275        | 91             | 275 | 22                                  |
| 300        | 99             | 300 | 23                                  |
| 330        | 109            | 330 | 23                                  |
| 360        | 119            | 360 | 22                                  |
| 400        | 132            | 400 | 22                                  |
| 450        | 148            | 450 | 22                                  |
| 500        | 165            | 500 | 22                                  |
| 550        | 181            | 550 | 22                                  |
| 600        | 198            | 600 | 23                                  |
| 650        | 214            | 650 | 23                                  |
| 700        | 231            | 700 | 23                                  |
| 750        | 250            | 750 | 23                                  |
| 800        | 267            | 800 | 22                                  |

Tab. 1



**NOZZLE SUPPLY PRESSURE = 25 bar**

----- Atomisation angle according to the return pressure  
 ————— % Flow rate  
 viscosity at nozzle = 5 cSt



**ATTENTION! To achieve the maximum flow rate close completely the return line.**

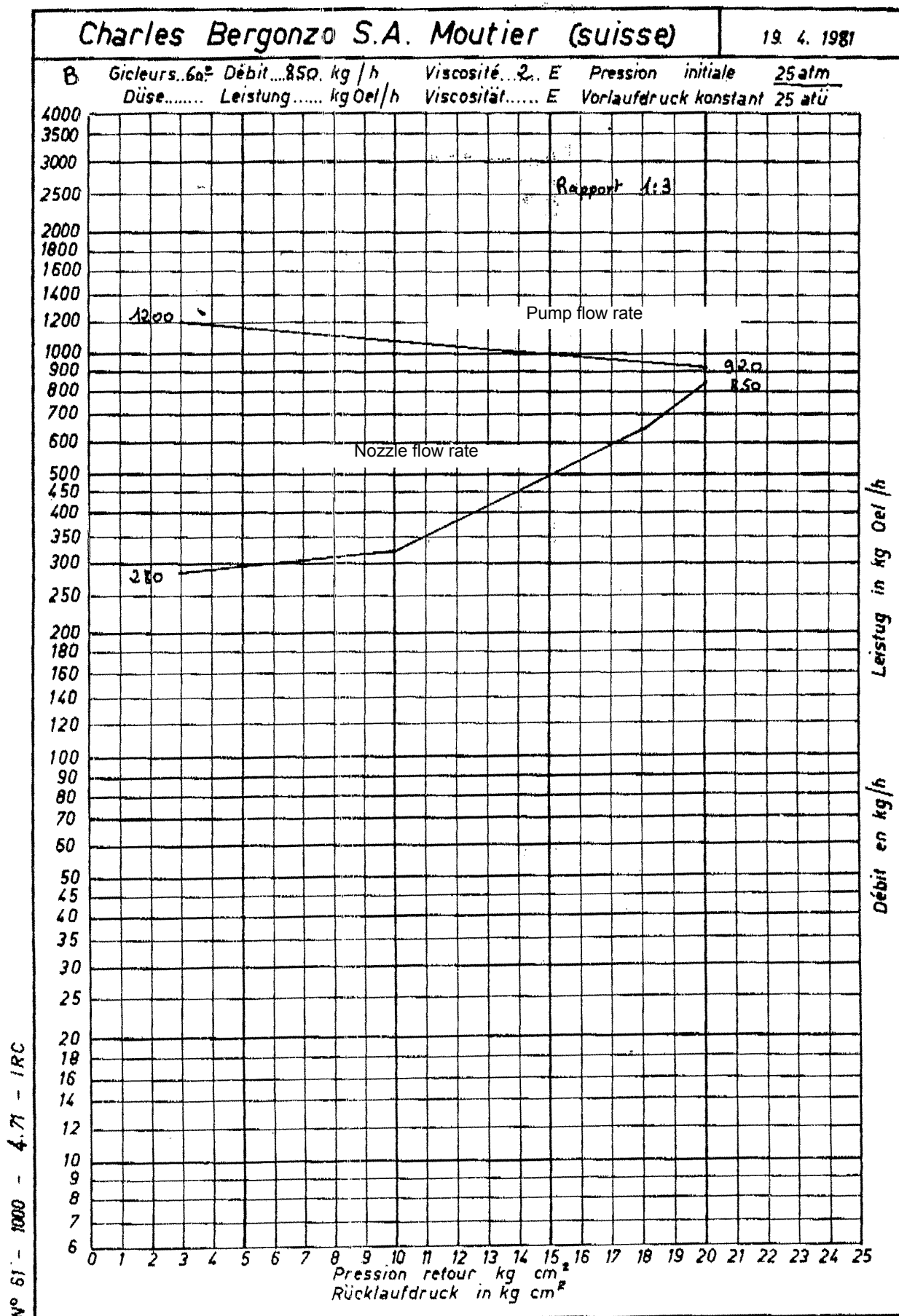
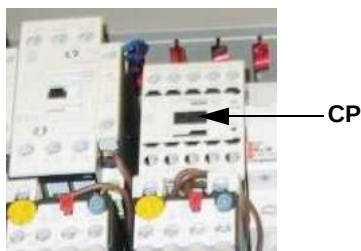


Fig. 18 - Bergonzo B nozzle - example with 850kg/h nozzle



Fig. 19 - Bergonzo nozzle - example with 850kg/h nozzle

- 1 Once the air and gas flow rates are adjusted, turn the burner off, turn the burner on again by means of the **CM** selector to switch to the light oil operation (OIL, on the burner control panel).
- 2 with the electrical panel open, prime the oil pump acting directly on the related **CP** contactor (see next picture): check the pump motor rotation and keep pressing for some seconds until the oil circuit is charged;



- 3 bleed the air from the **M** pressure gauge port (Fig. 20) by loosening the cap without removing it, then release the contactor.

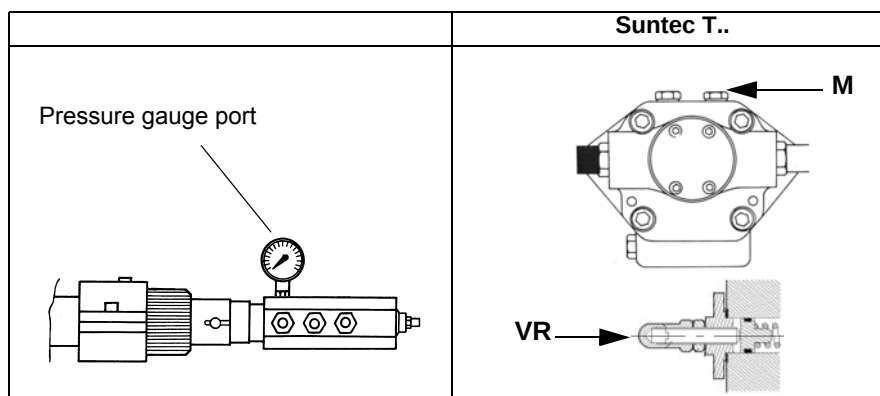


Fig. 20

- 4 Only if necessary, adjust the supply pressure as follows (see related paragraph); insert a pressure gauge into the port shown on Fig. 20 and act on the pump adjusting screw **VR** (see Fig. 20) as to get the nozzle pressure at 25bar (according to the nozzle model provided- see page 40).

**Maximum oil pressure switch**

The oil pressure switch on the return line, checks that the pressure does not exceed a default value. This value must not be higher than the maximum acceptable pressure on the return line (this value is reported on the specification table). A pressure change on the return line could affect the combustion parameters: for this reason, the pressure switch must be set, say, at 20% over the pressure recorded during the combustion adjustment. The factory setting is 4 bar.

It is recommended to verify that the combustion parameters are within the range of acceptable values even against a pressure variation that gets close to the limit of the pressure switch.

This check should be carried out along the whole range of the burner output.

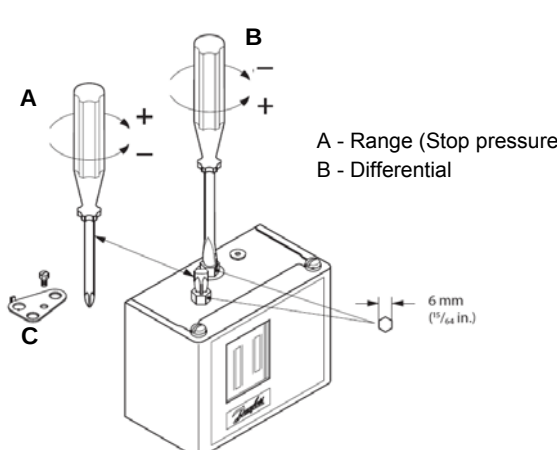
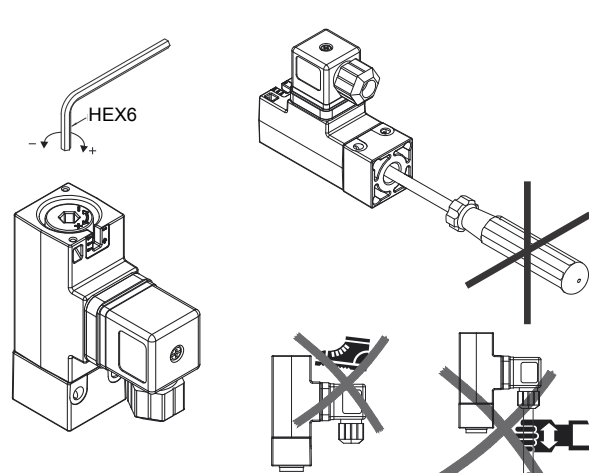
In case of unacceptable values, reduce from 20% to 15% the overpressure; later on, repeat the adjustments described above.

**Minimum oil pressure switch (when provided)**

The minimum oil pressure switch on the inlet line, checks that the pressure does not drop below a default value. The pressure switch must be set, say, at 10% under the pressure at the nozzle.

**Oil pressure switch adjustment**

Follow the below instruction, according to the pressure switch installed.

|                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |                                                                                                 |
|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
|  <p>A - Range (Stop pressure)<br/>B - Differential</p> <p>6 mm (9/64 in.)</p> <p>NB: Remove lockplate (C) before adjustment</p> |  <p>HEX6</p> |
| <b>Danfoss KP..</b>                                                                                                                                                                                               | <b>Trafag Picostat 9B4..</b>                                                                    |

**Light oil circuit**

The fuel is pushed into the pump 1 to the nozzle 3 at the delivery pressure set by the pressure governor. The solenoid valve 2 stops the fuel immission into the combustion chamber. The fuel flow rate that is not burnt goes back to the tank through the return circuit. The spill-back nozzle is feeded at constant pressure, while the return line pressure is adjusted by means of the pressure governor controlled by an actuator coupled to an adjusting cam. The fuel amount to be burnt is adjusted by means of the burner actuator according to the adjustments set (see previous paragraph).

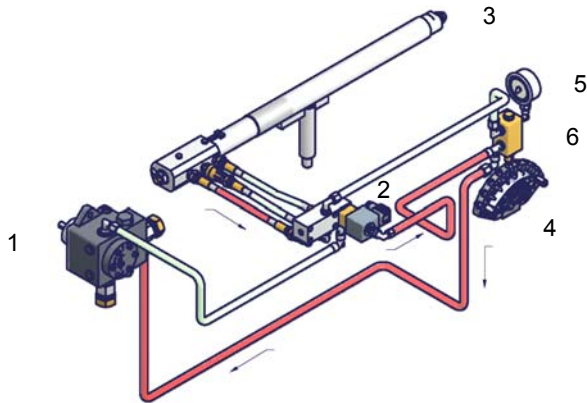


Fig. 21 - Stand-by

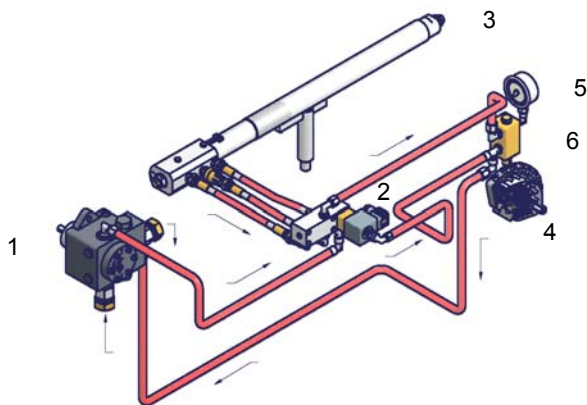


Fig. 22 - Prepurge

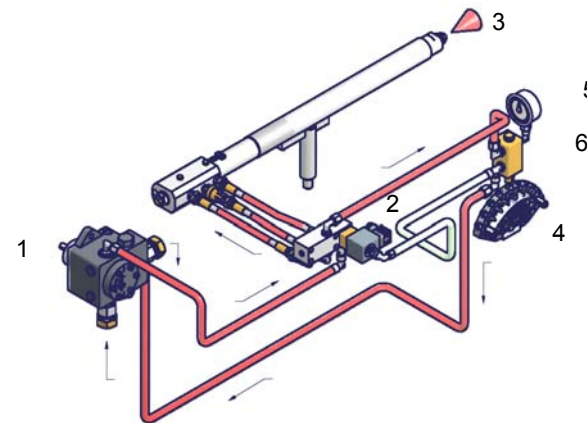


Fig. 23 - Low flame

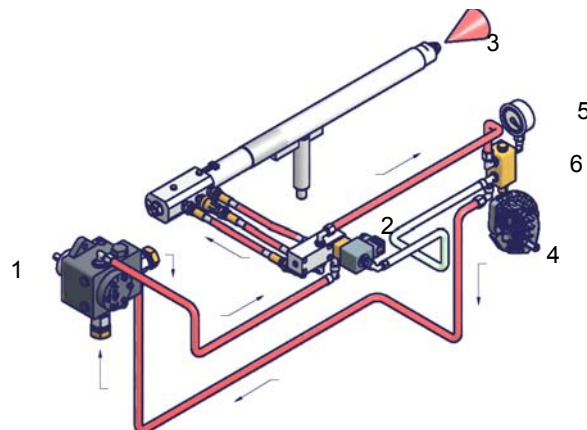


Fig. 24 - High flame

**Key**

- 1 Oil pump
- 2 Oil solenoid valve
- 3 Nozzle
- 4 Adjusting cam
- 5 Pressure gauge
- 6 Pressure governor

## PART IV: MAINTENANCE

At least once a year carry out the maintenance operations listed below. In the case of seasonal servicing, it is recommended to carry out the maintenance at the end of each heating season; in the case of continuous operation the maintenance is carried out every 6 months.



**WARNING: ALL OPERATIONS ON THE BURNER MUST BE CARRIED OUT WITH THE MAINS DISCONNECTED AND THE FUEL MANUAL CUTOFF VALVES CLOSED!**

**ATTENTION: READ CAREFULLY THE "WARNINGS" CHAPTER AT THE BEGINNING OF THIS MANUAL..**

### ROUTINE MAINTENANCE

- Check and clean the gas filter cartridge, if necessary replace it (see next paragraphs);
- Check and clean the fuel filter cartridge, replace if necessary.
- Check and clean the filter inside the light oil pump: filter must be thoroughly cleaned at least once in a season to ensure correct working of the fuel unit. To remove the filter, unscrew the four screws on the cover. When reassemble, make sure that the filter is mounted with the feet toward the pump body. If the gasket between cover and pump housing should be damaged, it must be replaced. An external filter should always be installed in the suction line upstream of the fuel unit.
- Check the fuel hoses for possible leaks.
- Remove, check and clean the combustion head (see page 46);
- Check ignition electrodes, clean, adjust and, if necessary, replace them (see page 47);
- Check and carefully clean the UV detector, replace it if necessary; if in doubt, check the detection current, once the burner starts up (see on page 48).
- Remove and clean the fuel nozzle  (**Important: cleaning must be performed using solvent, not metal tools!**). At the end of maintenance operations after the burner reassembly, light the flame and check its shape, replacing the nozzle whenever a questionable flame shape appears. Whenever the burner is used intensely, we recommend preventively replacing the nozzle at the start of each heating season.
- Clean and grease sliding and rotating parts.



**ATTENTION: when servicing, if it was necessary to disassemble the gas train parts, remember to execute the gas proving test, once the gas train is reassembled, according to the procedure imposed by the law in force.**

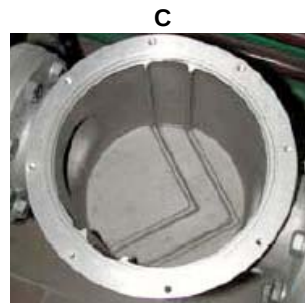
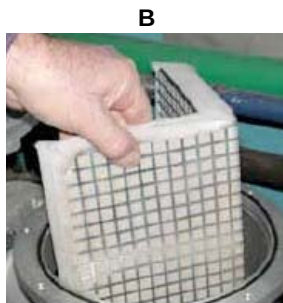
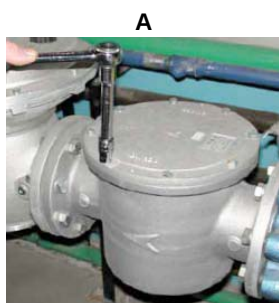
### Gas filter maintenance



**ATTENTION: Before opening the filter, close the manual cutoff valve downstream the filter and bleed the gas; check that inside the filter there is no pressurised gas.**

To clean or remove the filter, proceed as follows:

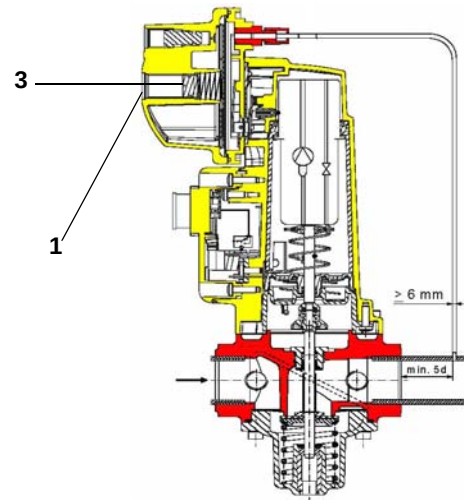
- 1 remove the cap unscrewing the fixing screws (A);
- 2 remove the filtering cartridge (B), clean it using water and soap, blow it with compressed air (or replace it, if necessary)
- 3 replace the cartridge in its proper position taking care to place it in between the guides as not to hamper the cap replacement;
- 4 be sure to replace the "O" ring into its place (C) and replace the cover fastening by the proper screws (A).



### Replacing the spring in the gas valve group

To replace the spring in the gas valve group, proceed as follows:

- 1 Carefully twist the protection cap 1 and the O-ring 2.
- 2 remove the "set value" spring 3 from housing 4.
- 3 Replace spring 3.
- 4 Carefully insert the new "set value" spring. Pay attention to mount properly. First insert the spring part with smaller diameter in the housing.
- 5 Place O-ring 2 in protective cap 1. Screw in the protective cap with the O-ring in it.
- 6 Stick the adhesive label for spring identification on the type plate.



SKP Siemens actuator

### Light oil filter maintenance

For correct and proper servicing, proceed as follows:

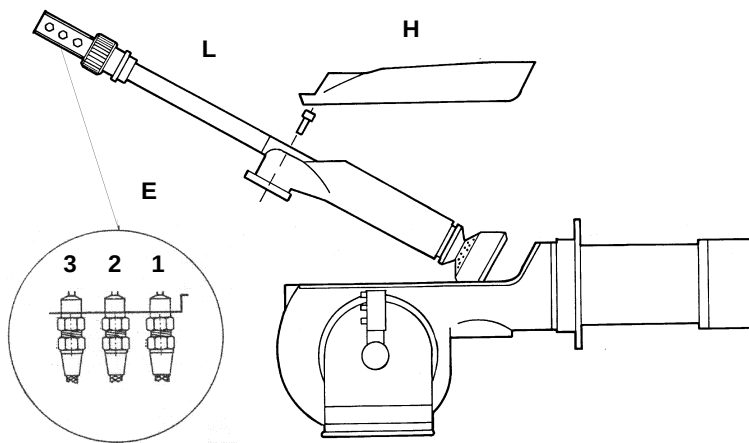
- 1 cutoff the required pipe section;
- 2 unscrew the filter cup;
- 3 remove the filtering cartridge, wash it with gasoline; if necessary, replace it; check the tightening O-rings and replace them if necessary;
- 4 replace the cup and restore the pipe line.



### Removing the combustion head

- 1 Remove the cover H.
- 2 Slide the photoresistance out of its housing.
- 3 Unscrew the V screws that block the gas collector G, loosen the three joints E and remove the ass.y as shown on the following picture.
- 4 Clean the combustion head by means of a vacuum cleaner; scrape off the scale by means of a metallic brush.

**Note:** to remount the burner, follow the same procedure in the reversed order.



#### Key

- 1 Inlet
- 2 Return
- 3 Gun opening
- E Oil piping connections
- H Cover
- L Oil gun

## Adjusting the ignition electrode



**ATTENTION:** avoid the ignition electrode to contact metallic parts (blast tube, head, etc.), otherwise the boiler's operation would be compromised. Check the electrode position after any intervention on the combustion head.

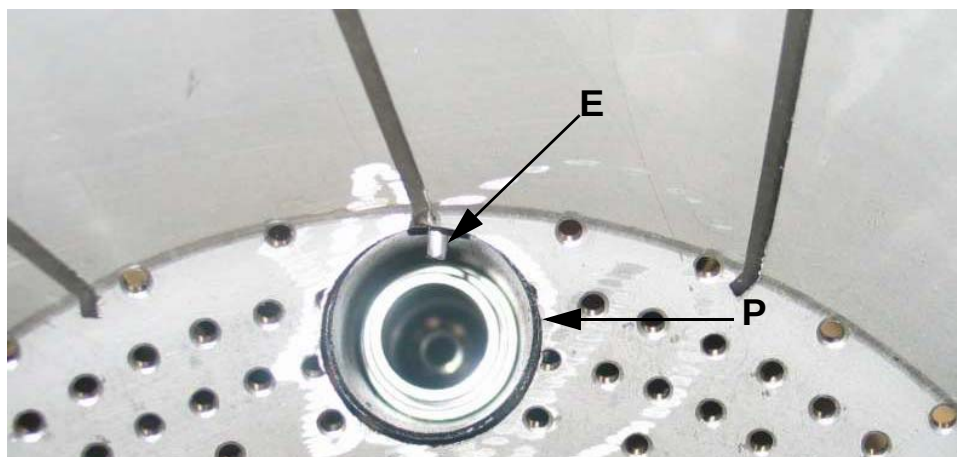


Fig. 25 - Detailed view of the diffuser with pilot (P) and ignition electrode (E)

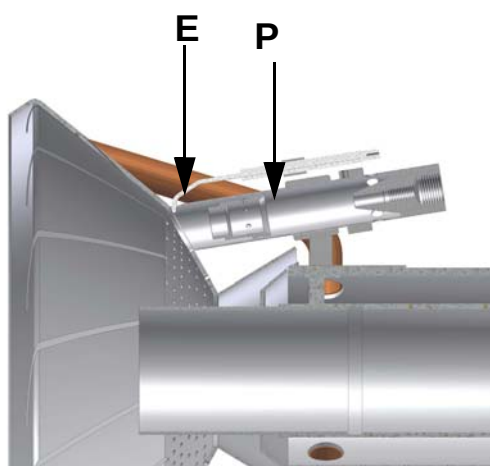


Fig. 26 - Detailed view of the combustion head with pilot (P) and ignition electrode (E)

Observe the values quoted on figure.

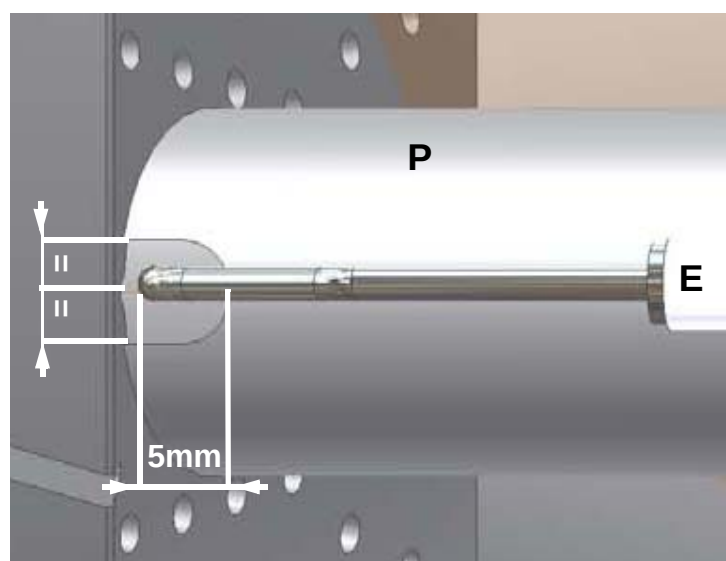


Fig. 27



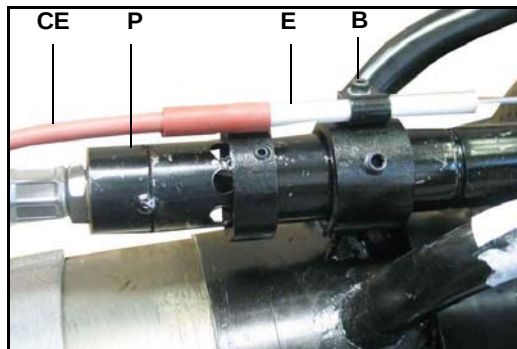
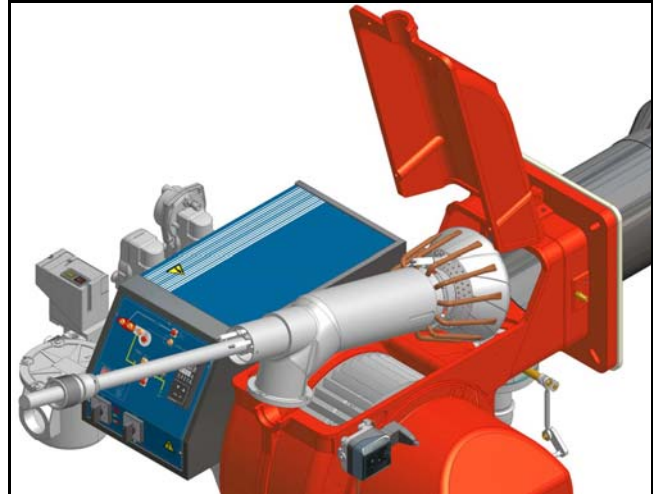
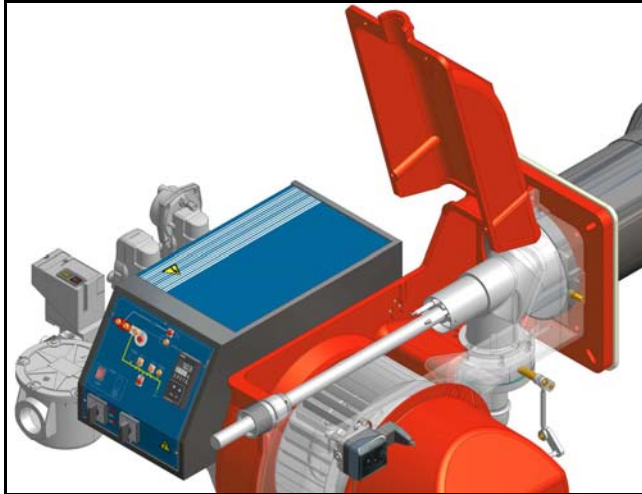
## Replacing the ignition electrode



**ATTENTION:** avoid the ignition electrode to contact metallic parts (blast tube, head, etc.), otherwise the boiler's operation would be compromised. Check the electrode position after any intervention on the combustion head.

To replace the ignition electrode, proceed as follows:

- 1 remove the burner cover
- 2 disconnect the electrode (E) cable (CE);
- 3 remove the combustion head (see par. "Removing the combustion head");
- 4 loose screw (B) that fasten the ignition electrode (E) to the burner pilot (P);
- 5 remove the electrode and replace it, referring to the values quoted on Fig. 27;



## Cleaning and replacing the detection photocell

To clean/replace the detection photocell, proceed as follows:

- 1 Disconnect the system from the electrical power supply.
- 2 Shut off the fuel supply;
- 3 remove the photocell from its slot (see next figure);
- 4 clean the bulbe if dirty, taking care not to touch it with bare hands;
- 5 if necessary, replace the bulb;
- 6 replace the photocell into its slot.



**Checking the detection current**

To check the detection signal follow the scheme in the picture below. If the signal is less than the value indicated, check the position of the detection electrode or detector, the electrical contacts and, if necessary, replace the electrode or the detector.

Minimum detection signal: 3.5Vdc

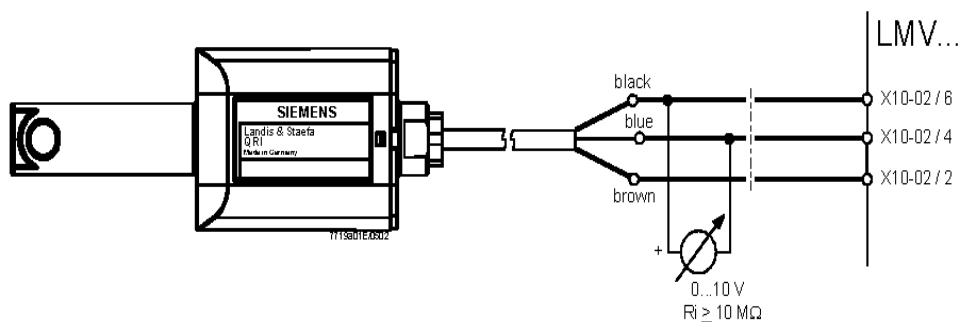


Fig. 28 - Detection with detector QRI...

**Seasonal stop**

To stop the burner in the seasonal stop, proceed as follows:

- 1 turn the burner main switch to 0 (Off position)
- 2 disconnect the power mains
- 3 close the fuel valve of the supply line

**Burner disposal**

In case of disposal, follow the instructions according to the laws in force in your country about the "Disposal of materials".



**TROUBLESHOOTING GUIDE - Gas operation**

|                                                                                                                           |                                                                                          |                                                                                                                                                        |
|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>BURNER DOESN'T LIGHT</b>                                                                                               | * No electric power supply                                                               | * Wait until power supply is back                                                                                                                      |
|                                                                                                                           | * Main switch open                                                                       | * Close the switch                                                                                                                                     |
|                                                                                                                           | * Thermostats open                                                                       | * Check set points and thermostat connections                                                                                                          |
|                                                                                                                           | * Bad thermostat set point or broken thermostat                                          | * Set or replace the thermostat                                                                                                                        |
|                                                                                                                           | * No gas pressure                                                                        | * Restore gas pressure                                                                                                                                 |
|                                                                                                                           | * Safety devices (manually operated safety thermostat or pressure switch and so on) open | * Restore safety devices; wait that boiler reaches its temperature then check safety device functionality.                                             |
|                                                                                                                           | * Broken fuses                                                                           | * Replace fuses. Check current absorption                                                                                                              |
|                                                                                                                           | * Fan thermal contacts open (only three phases)                                          | * Reset contacts and check current absorption                                                                                                          |
|                                                                                                                           | * Burner control locked out                                                              | * Reset and check its functionality                                                                                                                    |
| <b>GAS LEAKAGE: BURNER LOCKS OUT (NO FLAME)</b>                                                                           | * Burner control damaged                                                                 | * Replace burner control                                                                                                                               |
|                                                                                                                           | * Gas flow too low                                                                       | * Increase the gas flow<br>* Check gas filter cleanness<br>* Check butterfly valve opening when burner is starting (only Hi-Low flame and progressive) |
|                                                                                                                           | * Ignition electrodes discharge to ground because dirty or broken                        | * Clean or replace electrodes                                                                                                                          |
|                                                                                                                           | * Bad electrodes setting                                                                 | * Check electrodes position referring to instruction manual                                                                                            |
|                                                                                                                           | * Electrical ignition cables damaged                                                     | * Replace cables                                                                                                                                       |
|                                                                                                                           | * Bad position of cables in the ignition transformer or into the electrodes              | * Improve the installation                                                                                                                             |
| <b>BURNER LOCKS OUT WITH FLAME PRESENCE</b>                                                                               | * Ignition transformer damaged                                                           | * Replace the transformer                                                                                                                              |
|                                                                                                                           | * Bad flame detector set                                                                 |                                                                                                                                                        |
|                                                                                                                           | * Flame detector damaged                                                                 | * Replace or adjust flame detector                                                                                                                     |
|                                                                                                                           | * Bad cables of flame detector                                                           | * Check cables                                                                                                                                         |
|                                                                                                                           | * Burner control damaged                                                                 | * Replace burner control                                                                                                                               |
|                                                                                                                           | * Phase and neutral inverted                                                             | * Adjust connections                                                                                                                                   |
|                                                                                                                           | * Ground missing or damaged                                                              | * Check ground continuity                                                                                                                              |
|                                                                                                                           | * Voltage on neutral                                                                     | * Take off tension on neutral                                                                                                                          |
|                                                                                                                           | * Too small flame (due to not much gas)                                                  | * Adjust gas flow<br>* Check gas filter cleanness                                                                                                      |
| <b>BURNER CONTINUES TO PERFORM PRE-PURGE</b>                                                                              | * Too much combustion air                                                                | * Adjust air flow rate                                                                                                                                 |
|                                                                                                                           | * Burner control damaged                                                                 | * Replace burner control                                                                                                                               |
| <b>BURNER CONTINUES TO PERFORM ALL ITS FEATURES WITHOUT IGNITING THE BURNER</b>                                           | * Air servomotor damaged                                                                 | * Replace servomotor                                                                                                                                   |
|                                                                                                                           | * Air pressure switch damaged or bad links                                               | * Check air pressure switch functions and links                                                                                                        |
| <b>BURNER LOCKS OUT WITHOUT ANY GAS FLOW</b>                                                                              | * Burner control damaged                                                                 | * Replace burner control                                                                                                                               |
|                                                                                                                           | * Gas valves don't open                                                                  | * Check voltage on valves; if necessary replace valve or the burner control<br>* Check if the gas pressure is so high that the valve cannot open       |
|                                                                                                                           | * Gas valves completely closed                                                           | * Open valves                                                                                                                                          |
|                                                                                                                           | * Pressure governor too closed                                                           | * Adjust the pressure governor                                                                                                                         |
|                                                                                                                           | * Butterfly valve too closed                                                             | * Open the butterfly valve                                                                                                                             |
|                                                                                                                           | * Maximum pressure switch (if installed ) open.                                          | * Check connection and functionality                                                                                                                   |
|                                                                                                                           | * Air pressure switch doesn't close the NO contact                                       | * Check connections<br>* Check pressure switch functionality                                                                                           |
| <b>BURNER LOCKS OUT AND THE CONTROL WINDOW SHOWS A P (SIEMENS &amp; STAEFA ONLY)</b>                                      | * Air pressure switch damaged (it keeps the stand-by position or badly set)              | * Check air pressure switch functionality<br>* Reset air pressure switch                                                                               |
|                                                                                                                           | * Air pressure switch connections wrong                                                  | * Check connections                                                                                                                                    |
|                                                                                                                           | * Air fan damaged                                                                        | * Replace motor                                                                                                                                        |
|                                                                                                                           | * No power supply                                                                        | * Reset power supply                                                                                                                                   |
|                                                                                                                           | * Air damper too closed                                                                  | * Adjust air damper position                                                                                                                           |
| <b>BURNER LOCKS OUT DURING NORMAL RUNNING</b>                                                                             | * Flame detector circuit interrupted                                                     | * Check wiring<br>* Check photocell                                                                                                                    |
|                                                                                                                           | * Burner control damaged                                                                 | * Replace burner control                                                                                                                               |
|                                                                                                                           | * Maximum gas pressure switch damaged or badly set                                       | * Reset pressure switch or replace it                                                                                                                  |
| <b>WHEN STARTING THE BURNER OPENS FOR A WHILE THE VALVES AND THEN REPEATS FROM THE BEGINNING THE CYCLE FROM PRE-PURGE</b> | * Gas pressure switch badly set                                                          | * Reset the pressure switch                                                                                                                            |
|                                                                                                                           | * Gas filter dirty                                                                       | * Clean gas filter                                                                                                                                     |
|                                                                                                                           | * Gas governor too low or damaged                                                        | * Reset or replace the governor                                                                                                                        |
| <b>BURNER STANDS WHILE RUNNING WITHOUT ANY SWITCHING OF THERMOSTATS</b>                                                   | * Thermal contacts of fan motor open                                                     | * Reset contacts and check values<br>* Check current absorption                                                                                        |
| <b>FAN MOTOR DOESN'T START</b>                                                                                            | * Internal motor wiring broken                                                           | * Replace wiring or complete motor                                                                                                                     |
|                                                                                                                           | * Fan motor starter broken                                                               | * Replace starter                                                                                                                                      |
|                                                                                                                           | * Fuses broken (three phases only)                                                       | * Replace fuses and check current absorption                                                                                                           |
| <b>BURNER DOESN'T SWITCH TO HIGH FLAME</b>                                                                                | * Hi-low flame thermostat badly set or damaged                                           | * Reset or replace thermostat                                                                                                                          |
|                                                                                                                           | * Servomotor cam badly set                                                               | * Reset servomotor cam                                                                                                                                 |
| <b>SOMETIMES THE SERVOMOTOR RUNS IN THE WRONG WAY</b>                                                                     | * Servomotor capacitor damaged                                                           | * Replace capacitor                                                                                                                                    |

## TROUBLESHOOTING GUIDE - Light oil operation

|                                                       |                                                                                                   |                                                                                                            |
|-------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| BURNER DOESN'T LIGHT                                  | * No electric power supply                                                                        | * Wait for electric power supply is back                                                                   |
|                                                       | * Main switch open                                                                                | * Close the switch                                                                                         |
|                                                       | * Thermostats open                                                                                | * Check set points and thermostat connections                                                              |
|                                                       | * Bad thermostat set point or broken thermostat                                                   | * Set or replace the thermostat                                                                            |
|                                                       | * No gas pressure                                                                                 | * Restore gas pressure                                                                                     |
|                                                       | * Safety devices (manually operated safety thermostat or pressure switch, and so on ...) open     | * Restore safety devices; wait that boiler reaches its temperature then check safety device functionality. |
|                                                       | * Broken fuses                                                                                    | * Replace fuses. Check current absorption                                                                  |
|                                                       | * Fan thermal contacts open (only three phases)                                                   | * Reset contacts and check current absorption                                                              |
|                                                       | * Burner control locked out                                                                       | * Reset and check its functionality                                                                        |
|                                                       | * Burner control damaged                                                                          | * Replace burner control                                                                                   |
| BURNER LOCKS OUT WITH FLAME PRESENCE                  | * Flame detector dirty or damaged                                                                 | * Clean or replace flame detector                                                                          |
|                                                       | * Burner control damaged                                                                          | * Replace burner control                                                                                   |
|                                                       | * Smoking flame                                                                                   | * Reset combustion air flow rate                                                                           |
|                                                       |                                                                                                   | * Check the nozzle and, if necessary, replace it                                                           |
|                                                       |                                                                                                   | * Check cleanliness of combustion head                                                                     |
| BURNER LOCKS OUT WITHOUT ANY FUEL FLOW RATE           | * Check chimney suction                                                                           | * Check boiler cleanliness                                                                                 |
|                                                       | * Combustion head dirty                                                                           | * Clean combustion head                                                                                    |
|                                                       | * No fuel                                                                                         | * Fill the tank                                                                                            |
|                                                       | * Pump joint broken                                                                               | * Check pump pressure                                                                                      |
|                                                       | * Pump damaged                                                                                    | * Check pump suction                                                                                       |
|                                                       |                                                                                                   | * Replace pump                                                                                             |
|                                                       | * Compressed air (or steam) too high                                                              | * Released compressed air (or steam) pressure                                                              |
|                                                       | * Oil metering valve not open far enough                                                          | * Check air pressure                                                                                       |
|                                                       |                                                                                                   | * Check servomotor position                                                                                |
|                                                       | * Oil valve not energized                                                                         | * Check wiring path or replace valve                                                                       |
|                                                       | * Fan motor not efficient                                                                         | * Adjust or replace the motor                                                                              |
|                                                       | * Fan or pump motor runs in the wrong way                                                         | * Change rotation                                                                                          |
|                                                       | * Obstructed nozzle                                                                               | * Clean or replace the nozzle                                                                              |
|                                                       | * Check valve in the tank locked or leaking                                                       | * Clean or replace the valve                                                                               |
|                                                       | * Oil filter dirty                                                                                | * Clean filter                                                                                             |
| BURNER LOCKS OUT WITH FUEL FLOW RATE (NO FLAME)       | * Pump filter dirty                                                                               |                                                                                                            |
|                                                       | * Solenoid valve dirty or broken                                                                  | * Clean or replace solenoid valve                                                                          |
|                                                       | * Oil pressure too low                                                                            | * Reset oil pressure                                                                                       |
|                                                       | * Nozzle dirty or damaged                                                                         | * Clean or replace nozzle                                                                                  |
|                                                       | * Water in the tank                                                                               | * Take off all the water from the tank                                                                     |
|                                                       |                                                                                                   | * Clean all filters                                                                                        |
|                                                       | * Suction too high                                                                                | * Check suction before pump. If necessary clean filters.                                                   |
|                                                       | * Ignition electrodes grounded because dirty or damaged                                           | * Clean or replace electrodes                                                                              |
|                                                       | * Ignition electrodes badly set                                                                   | * Check electrodes position referring to instruction manual                                                |
|                                                       | * Cables damaged                                                                                  | * Replace cables                                                                                           |
| PUMP TOO NOISY                                        | * Bad position of cables in the ignition transformer or into the electrodes                       | * Improve the installation                                                                                 |
|                                                       | * Ignition transformer damaged                                                                    | * Replace the transformer                                                                                  |
|                                                       | * Suction too high (over 0,35 bar) (dirty filters, check valve in the tank locked, and so on ...) | * Clean filters                                                                                            |
|                                                       | * Flexible hoses damaged                                                                          | * Replace check valve in the tank                                                                          |
|                                                       | * Air infiltration in the pipes                                                                   | * Replace flexible hoses                                                                                   |
| BURNER RUMBLES WHEN MODULATING TO HIGH FIRE           | * Pipe too long or too narrow                                                                     | * Take off all infiltration                                                                                |
|                                                       |                                                                                                   | * Increase line size                                                                                       |
|                                                       | * Burner is too lean                                                                              | * Adjust air-oil ratio                                                                                     |
|                                                       | * Drawer assembly not set properly                                                                | * Check drawer position                                                                                    |
| CARBON BUILD-UP ON THE FIRESIDES OF THE BOILER        | * Oil may be too hot                                                                              | * Check oil temperature                                                                                    |
|                                                       | * Flame is blowing off head                                                                       | * Check head position                                                                                      |
|                                                       | * Oil flame not retaining to head                                                                 |                                                                                                            |
|                                                       | * Dirty nozzle                                                                                    | * Clean the nozzle                                                                                         |
| FLAME IRREGULAR OR SPARKING                           | * Oil spray impinging on burner head                                                              | * Check position of the nozzle respect to the head                                                         |
|                                                       | * Spray angle of the nozzle too wide                                                              | * Reduce spray angle                                                                                       |
|                                                       | * Oil pressure at nozzle too low                                                                  | * Reset oil pressure                                                                                       |
|                                                       | * Air flow rate too high                                                                          | * Adjust air flow rate                                                                                     |
|                                                       | * Oil is too cold                                                                                 | * Adjust oil temperature                                                                                   |
|                                                       | * Dirt in the oil                                                                                 | * Check filters                                                                                            |
|                                                       | * Water in the fuel                                                                               | * Take off all the water                                                                                   |
|                                                       | * Oil impingement on the combustion head                                                          | * Drawer assembly far too rear                                                                             |
|                                                       |                                                                                                   | * Nozzle is not protruding through centerhole of air diffuser                                              |
|                                                       | * Nozzle dirty or damaged                                                                         | * Oil flame not retaining to the head                                                                      |
| BURNER LIGHTS BUT FLAME DOESN'T RETAIN TO BURNER HEAD |                                                                                                   | * Clean or, if necessary, replace the nozzle                                                               |
|                                                       | * Drawer assembly not positioned correctly                                                        | * Move forward or backward                                                                                 |
|                                                       | * Nozzle too far forward through centerhole of diffuser                                           | * Move nozzle backward respect to diffuser                                                                 |
|                                                       | * Oil or air pressure at nozzle is too low                                                        | * Increase oil or air pressure                                                                             |
|                                                       | * Air louver too open                                                                             | * Reduce air louver opening                                                                                |
| FLAME IRREGULAR OR SMOKING                            | * Too much spread between oil and air (or steam) pressure                                         | * Set the spread to a proper value                                                                         |
|                                                       | * Not enough combustion air                                                                       | * Adjust air flow rate                                                                                     |
|                                                       | * Nozzle dirty or damaged                                                                         | * Clean or, if necessary, replace the nozzle                                                               |
|                                                       | * Flame is too big for furnace or nozzle spray angle is wrong                                     | * Check burner-furnace coupling                                                                            |
|                                                       |                                                                                                   | * Change nozzle with a suitable one                                                                        |
|                                                       | * Nozzle spray angle wrong (flame too long or too wide)                                           | * Replace nozzle                                                                                           |
|                                                       | * Boiler dirty                                                                                    | * Clean the boiler                                                                                         |
|                                                       | * Not enough suction at chimney                                                                   | * Check chimney cleanliness or size                                                                        |
|                                                       | * Pressure at nozzle too low                                                                      | * Reset oil pressure                                                                                       |
|                                                       | * Oil too cold                                                                                    | * Reset oil temperature                                                                                    |
| FUEL GAS TEMPERATURE TOO HIGH                         | * Combustion air inlet dirty                                                                      | * Clean the air inlet                                                                                      |
|                                                       | * Flame is too small respect to furnace volume                                                    | * Replace nozzle or reset pump pressure                                                                    |
|                                                       | * Boiler dirty                                                                                    | * Clean the boiler                                                                                         |
|                                                       | * Oil flow rate too high                                                                          | * Adjust oil pressure or replace nozzle                                                                    |



## **WIRING DIAGRAMS**

Refer to the attached wiring diagrams.

### **WARNING**

- 1 - Electrical supply 400V 50Hz 3N a.c.
- 2 - Do not reverse phase with neutral
- 3 - Ensure burner is properly earthed







C.I.B. UNIGAS S.p.A.  
Via L.Galvani, 9 - 35011 Campodarsego (PD) - ITALY  
Tel. +39 049 9200944 - Fax +39 049 9200945/9201269  
web site: [www.cibunigas.it](http://www.cibunigas.it) - e-mail: [cibunigas@cibunigas.it](mailto:cibunigas@cibunigas.it)

Note: specifications and data subject to change. Errors and omissions excepted.

# Siemens LMV5x



## Service Manual



**Warnings:**

To avoid injury to persons, damage to property or the environment, the following warning notes must be observed

**Qualified personal**

In the sense of this documentation, qualified personal are those who are knowledgeable and qualified to install, mount, commission, operate and service / maintain LMV5 system together with burner & boiler products.

The personal must have the appropriate qualifications to carry out these activities, for example:

Trained and authorized to energize and de-energize, ground and tag circuits and equipment according to applicable safety standards.

Trained or instructed according to the latest related standards (e.g. EN298, EN676, EN267, ..).

**Notes of caution:**

The equipment must be installed in compliance with the regulations in force, following the manufacturer's instructions, by qualified personnel.

Qualified personnel means those having technical knowledge in the field of components for civil or industrial heating systems, sanitary hot water generation and particularly service centres authorised by the manufacturer.

Improper installation may cause injury to people and animals, or damage to property, for which the manufacturer cannot be held liable.

Remove all packaging material and inspect the equipment for integrity.

In case of any doubt, do not use the unit - contact the supplier.

The packaging materials (wooden crate, nails, fastening devices, plastic bags, foamed polystyrene, etc), should not be left within the reach of children, as they may prove harmful.

Before any cleaning or servicing operation, disconnect the unit from the mains by turning the master switch OFF, and/or through the cut- out devices that are provided.

Make sure that inlet or exhaust grilles are unobstructed.

In case of breakdown and/or defective unit operation, disconnect the unit. Make no attempt to repair the unit or take any direct action.

Contact qualified personnel only.

Units shall be repaired exclusively by a servicing centre, duly authorised by the manufacturer, with original spare parts.

Failure to comply with the above instructions is likely to impair the unit's safety.

To ensure equipment efficiency and proper operation, it is essential that maintenance operations are performed by qualified personnel at regular intervals, following the manufacturer's instructions.

When a decision is made to discontinue the use of the equipment, those parts likely to constitute sources of danger shall be made harmless.

In case the equipment is to be sold or transferred to another user, or in case the original user should move and leave the unit behind, make sure that these instructions accompany the equipment at all times so that they can be consulted by the new owner and/or the installer.

For all the units that have been modified or have options fitted then original accessory equipment only shall be used.

This unit shall be employed exclusively for the use for which it is meant. Any other use shall be considered as improper and, therefore, dangerous.

The manufacturer shall not be held liable, by agreement or otherwise, for damages resulting from improper installation, use and failure to comply with the instructions supplied by the manufacturer.

|       |                                                                                          |    |
|-------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----|
| 1     | WIRING RECOMMENDATIONS .....                                                             | 4  |
| 1.1   | Earthing .....                                                                           | 4  |
| 1.1.1 | TN earthing system .....                                                                 | 4  |
| 1.1.2 | Protective Earth (PE) and Functional Earth (FE).....                                     | 4  |
| 1.2   | Frequency inverter / Variable Speed Drive (VSD).....                                     | 5  |
| 1.3   | Ignition electrodes and transformers .....                                               | 5  |
| 1.3.1 | Recommendations .....                                                                    | 6  |
| 1.3.2 | Shielding .....                                                                          | 6  |
| 1.4   | Wireway and electrical conduit.....                                                      | 7  |
| 1.4.1 | Servomotor wiring example .....                                                          | 9  |
| 1.4.2 | Bus cable wiring on LMV5x and AZL doors .....                                            | 9  |
| 1.4.3 | EARTH connection example.....                                                            | 9  |
| 2     | AZL display/programming unit .....                                                       | 10 |
| 2.1   | LMV5x program operating phases .....                                                     | 11 |
| 2.2   | LMV5x program structure.....                                                             | 12 |
| 2.3   | Burner ID number .....                                                                   | 13 |
| 2.4   | Password.....                                                                            | 14 |
| 2.4.1 | Access to service levels by password.....                                                | 14 |
| 2.4.2 | Password Logout.....                                                                     | 14 |
| 2.4.3 | Changing password.....                                                                   | 14 |
| 3     | Thermostatic series and safety loop .....                                                | 15 |
| 4     | Actuators .....                                                                          | 16 |
| 4.1   | Addressing the actuators .....                                                           | 16 |
| 4.2   | Actuator doors configuration .....                                                       | 17 |
| 4.3   | Setting the actuator speed .....                                                         | 17 |
| 5     | Setting the load controller .....                                                        | 18 |
| 6     | Setting the probes and set-points .....                                                  | 19 |
| 6.1   | Configuration of a temperature probe at X60 door.....                                    | 19 |
| 6.2   | Configuration of a pressure or a temperature probe type at X61 door .....                | 20 |
| 6.2.1 | Configuration of a pressure or a temperature probe signal at X61 door .....              | 20 |
| 6.3   | Configuration of the X62 door input signal.....                                          | 20 |
| 6.4   | Setting the setpoint and the burner and the PID operative band.....                      | 21 |
| 6.4.1 | Set-point.....                                                                           | 21 |
| 6.4.2 | SD_ModON e SD_Mod Off.....                                                               | 21 |
| 6.4.3 | PID control parameters.....                                                              | 22 |
| 6.5   | Setting functions "TL_ThreshOff" and "TL_SD_On".....                                     | 23 |
| 7     | VSD Standardization.....                                                                 | 24 |
| 8     | SPECIAL POSITIONS .....                                                                  | 25 |
| 8.1   | Ignition position.....                                                                   | 25 |
| 8.2   | Prepurge position.....                                                                   | 25 |
| 8.3   | Home position.....                                                                       | 25 |
| 8.4   | Postpurge position .....                                                                 | 25 |
| 9     | ADJUSTING THE AIR/FUEL RATIO CURVES.....                                                 | 26 |
| 9.1   | Fuel burner settings - curve-points .....                                                | 26 |
| 9.2   | Setting the load points output (burners with no FGR) .....                               | 27 |
| 10    | Configurations for burner with FGR .....                                                 | 30 |
| 10.1  | Recommendations .....                                                                    | 30 |
| 10.2  | Address and activate the AUX3 servomotor .....                                           | 31 |
| 10.3  | Setting the special positions.....                                                       | 32 |
| 10.4  | Setting the load controller mode: see the previous chapter (regolazione senza FGR) ..... | 32 |
| 10.5  | FGR mode choice .....                                                                    | 33 |
| 10.6  | Main parameter of the FGR function .....                                                 | 34 |
| 10.7  | Example of FGR factor and FGR Maps Factor on the burner regulation.....                  | 35 |
| 11    | Cold start thermal shock (CSTP).....                                                     | 36 |
| 12    | BURNER MANUAL OPERATION .....                                                            | 38 |

# 1 WIRING RECOMMENDATIONS

## 1.1 Earthing

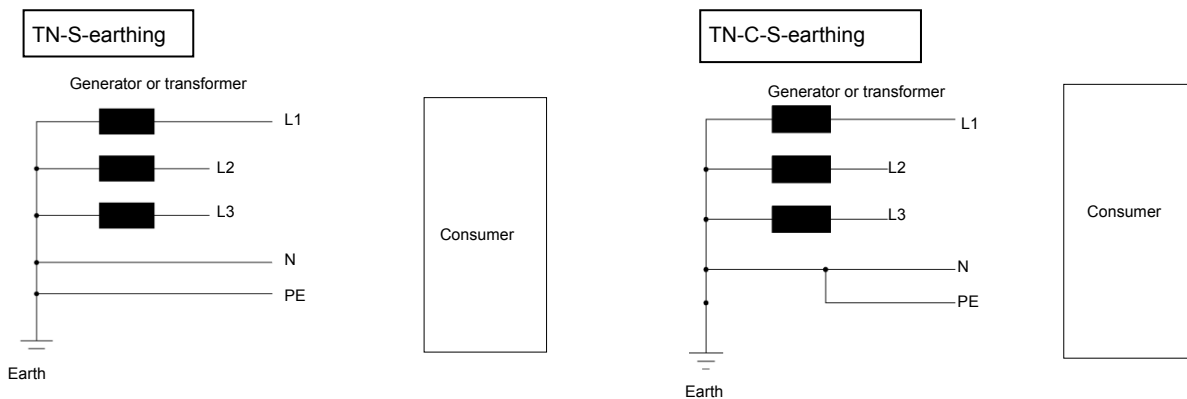
### 1.1.1 TN earthing system

For the LMV5x-System it is preconditioned that a TN earthing system is used.

In a TN earthing system, one of the points in the generator or transformer is connected with earth, usually the star point in a three-phase system.

TN-S: PE and N are separate conductors that are connected together only near the power source. This arrangement is the current standard for most residential and industrial electric systems in North America and Europe.

TN-C-S: Combined PEN conductor from transformer to building distribution point, but with separate PE and N conductors in fixed indoor wiring.



LMV system must be connected to earth (PE).  $\Delta$ Volt must be 0 V between N-PE.

NOTE: PE = protection earth, it is not FE

FE = functional earth

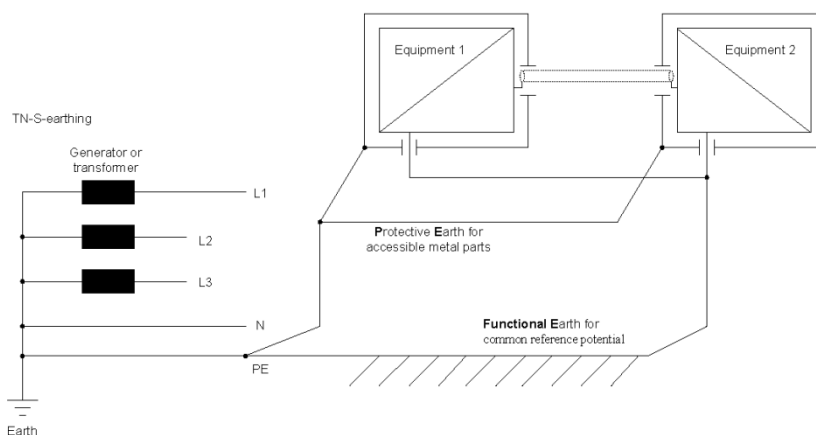
### 1.1.2 Protective Earth (PE) and Functional Earth (FE)

**Protective Earth (PE):**

Known as an equipment grounding conductor, avoids hazards by keeping the exposed conductive surfaces of a device at earth potential.

To avoid possible voltage drop no current is allowed to flow in this conductor under normal circumstances, but fault currents will usually trip or blow the fuse or circuit breaker protecting the circuit.

For example: burner body or the third wire in a 3 wire cable (N L E)



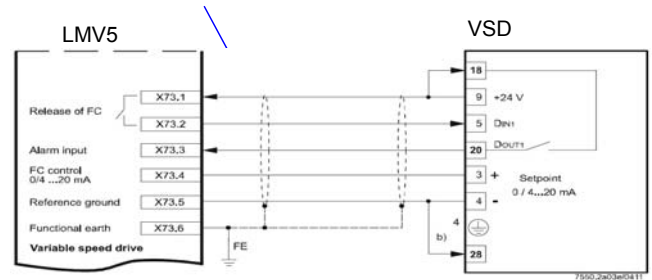
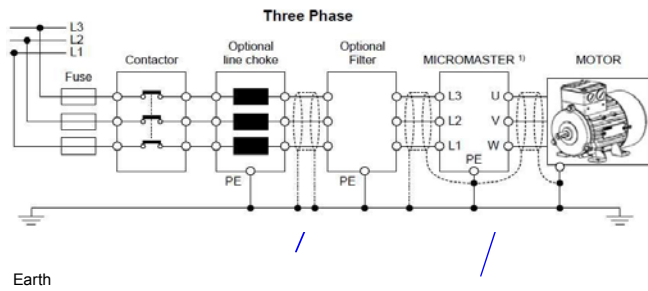
**Functional Earth (FE):**

Is not intended for shock protection. It is used for a common reference potential.

For example: cable shields.

## 1.2 .Frequency inverter / Variable Speed Drive (VSD)

A VSD is one of the strongest EMC sources in a boiler house, so the following is recommended:



**Note:** If the LMV5 is mounted in a cabinet, alternative to (X73.6 / FE), also a connection with the PE- rail in the cabinet is possible

Use only VSD with EMC- filter!

Cable from VSD to the fan motor (Line voltage)

Use a complete separate and shielded cable from the VSD to the fan motor! Connect the shield at VSD- and at the motor- side with PE.

Details and further information see related VSD- documentation.

Cable from LMV5 to VSD (Low voltage)

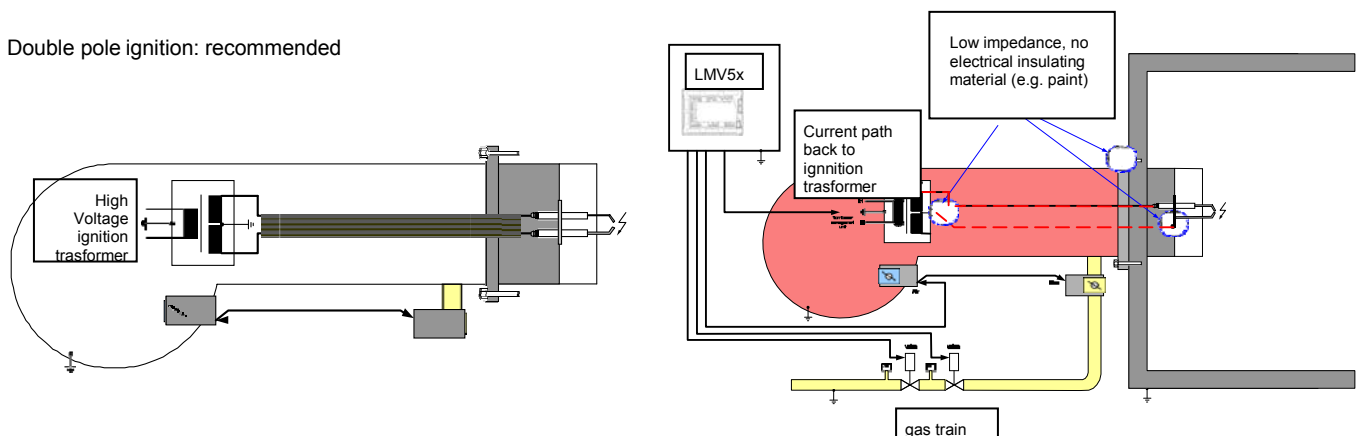
Use a shielded cable from LMV5 to VSD. The shield of this cable has to be connected only at LMV5 side with X73.6 (FE), not at the VSD side:

## 1.3 Ignition electrodes and transformers

The Ignition is also one of the strong EMC sources, so the following is recommended:

- Keep the cable loop/length in the high voltage ignition circuit as short as possible.
- Use special EMC-ignition cable
- Avoid capacitive and inductive coupling to other signalpaths.
- Use separate wiring for the ignition high voltage cable, with max. possible distance to other cables and to the burner housing.
- e.g.: use a electrical insulating conduit or distance parts (e.g. plastic material), see also Appendix "Example for wiring, earthing and shielding the LMV5-System"
- Prefer a double pole ignition (see drawings below).
- When using a double probe ignition, the cables should be run close together to ensure that the area of emissions is as small as possible.

Double pole ignition: recommended



If a **single pole ignition must be used**, it is very important to have a low impedance at the mechanical connections (no insulation material, e.g. paint), because then you get a **good** current path from the ignition spark back to the ignition transformer, that results in **low** EMC-emissions:

If you have high impedance at the mechanical connections, e.g. caused by paint, you get **bad** multiple current paths from the ignition spark back to the ignition transformer, that results in **high** EMC-emissions

### 1.3.1 Recommendations

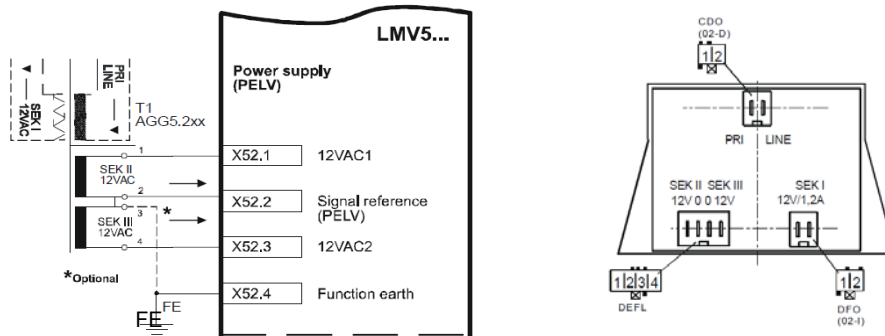
It is recommended to use a metal "mounting plate" for the LMV5 Base Unit and the TransformerAGG5.220.

Use this plate to provide the Functional Earth (FE), see also [/EARTH connection example](#)

The connection of the FE to the LMV5 has to be made by connecting the X52.4 terminal with FE!



Follow exactly the shield and earth connection in the wiring diagram



In some cases connecting the terminal X52.2 with FE results in an improved EMC- immunity of the LMV5. Make this connection and check the result, if there is no improvement, remove this connection.

The FE is wired LMV- internal to the terminals for the shields (e.g. for Temperature- & Pressure- Sensors, ...), see "4. Shielding"

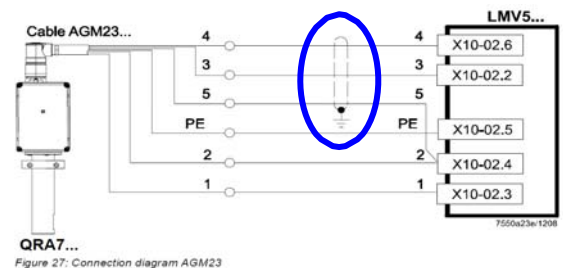
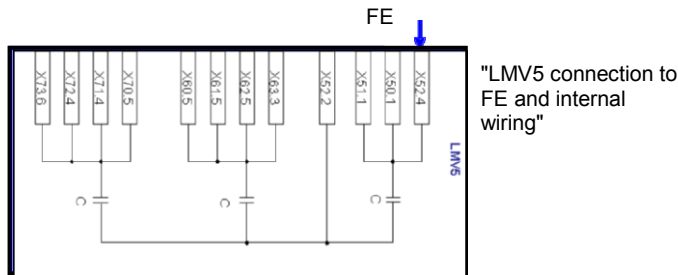
To have a good connection of FE to the actuators SQM4/9, make certain that there is a proper electrical contact between the housing of the actuators and FE.

If necessary connect the actuators SQM45/48/91 with a separate cable with the maximum possible diameter to FE, see also Appendix "Example for wiring, earthing and shielding the LMV5-System"

### 1.3.2 Shielding

The LMV5-FE-terminals for the shields are LMV5 internally connected with X52.4, this terminal must be connect external with FE!, see also "3.3".

The shield terminals for the CAN-Bus (X50.1, X51.1) are connected direct with X52.4, the other shield terminals are connected via capacitors to prevent DC- current.



For the cables listed below use shielded cables:

For the CAN-Bus cable use AGG5.631 and/or AGG5.641 together with AGG5.110 = CAN bus connection shield, for connecting the CAN bus to the basic unit. More details see page 36 "Installation Guide CC1J7550.1"

- Cables for the VSD:
- Line voltage cable VSD - Fan motor
- Low voltage cable LMV5 – VSD (terminals X73)
- Cables for Temperature or Pressure sensors, set points, load output at the LMV5 Base Unit: X60, X61, X62, X63
- Cables for the Fuel Counters at the LMV5 Bas Unit: X71, X72
- Cable for the Speed sensor: X70
- Cable for the QGO20 sensor at the PLL52: X81
- Cables for Temperature sensors at PLL52: X86, X87

(only if present) Cable for QRA7- Signal wires no. 3, 4 and 5, for cable length > 10m and < 100m; consider reinforced insulation to signal cable and connect it to PE at the cabinet PE- rail.

## 1.4 Wireway and electrical conduit

The following cables are recommended for separate wiring;

Complete separate from all other cables:

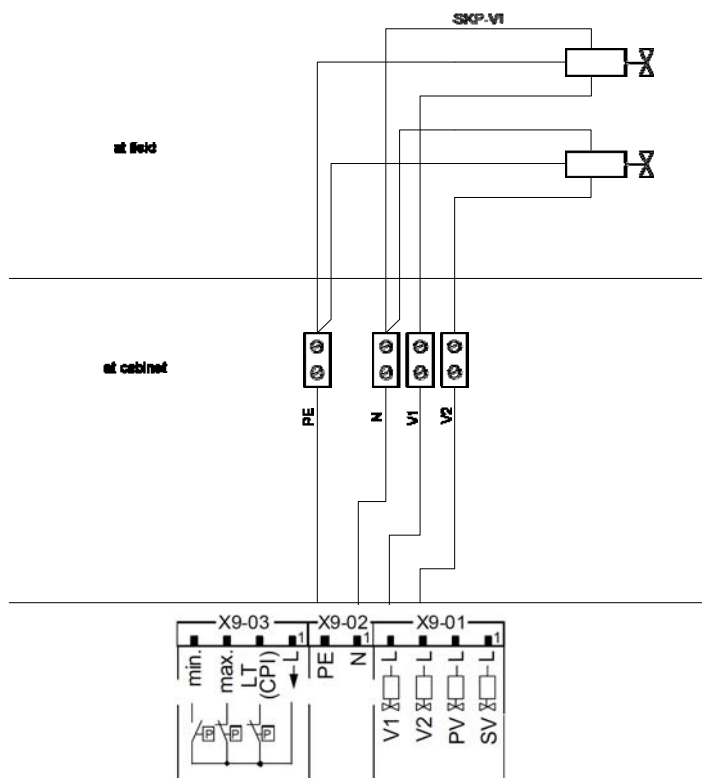
- Cable for "VSD to Fan motor" Line voltage, see also "1. Frequency inverter / Variable Speed Drive (VSD)"
- Cable for ignition high voltage, see also "2. Ignition"
- Cable for the Flame sensors

Together in cable duct 1 for Low voltage, e.g.:

- Cable for CAN-Bus
- Cable for VSD speed sensor, LMV5 X70
- Cable for VSD Release & Set point , LMV5 X73
- Cables for the Load controller: Temperature or Pressure sensor, set point, load output at the LMV5 X60, X61, X62, X63

Together in cable duct 2 for Line voltage, e.g.:

- Cable for Ignition transformer
- Cables for other Line voltage signals, e.g. Gas pressure switches, Air pressure switches, ....
- Cable for Gas valves SKP/VGD

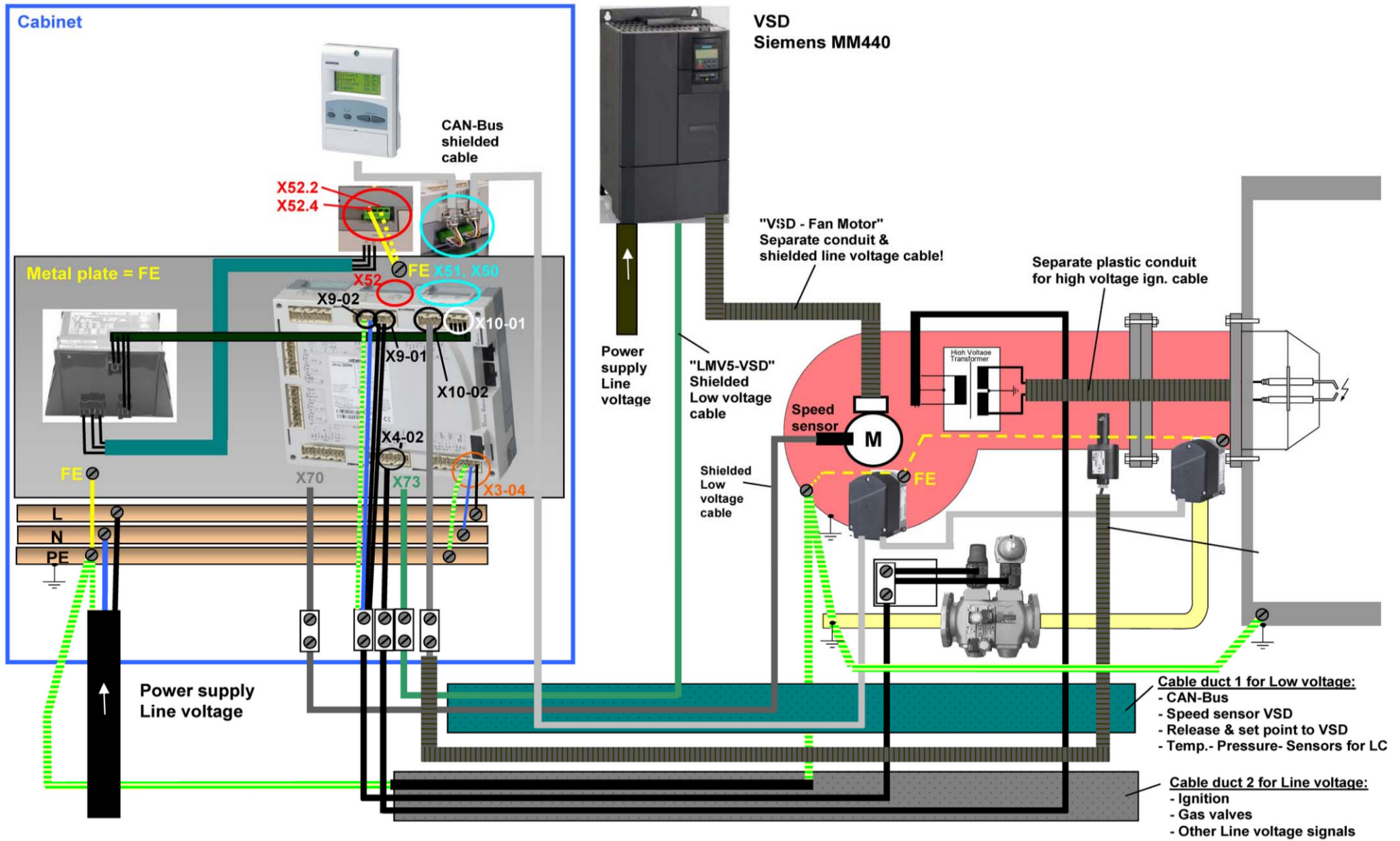


The cables from the LMV5 to the SKP/VGD -Gas vales shall be connected at the LMV5 side with X9-01: L-Valve1, L-Valve2 and with X9-02, N, PE) and connected at the SKP side separate to each SKP.

Example of wiring, see next paragraph Wireway and electrical conduit



NOTE: KEEP SEPARATE SIGNALS CABLES, OUTPUT CABLES, PHOTOCCELL CABLE AS SHOWN IN THE BELOW PICTURE



1.4.1 Servomotor wiring example



1.4.2 Bus cable wiring on LMV5x and AZL doors.



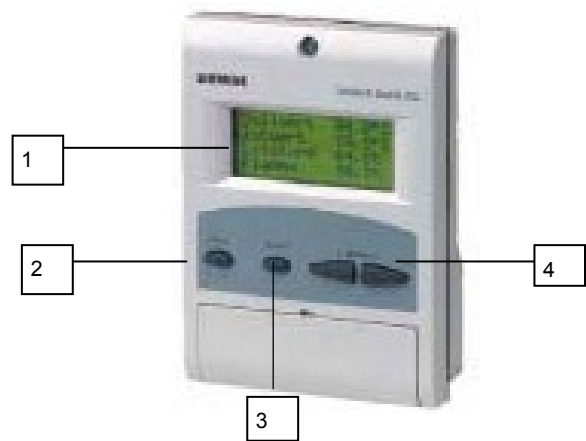
1.4.3 EARTH connection example





## 2 AZL display/programming unit

Users can set only the LMV parameters that can be accessed without password: (see “Adjusting the temperature set-point”). The Siemens AZL User Interface allows programming the Siemens LMV control box and monitoring the system data.



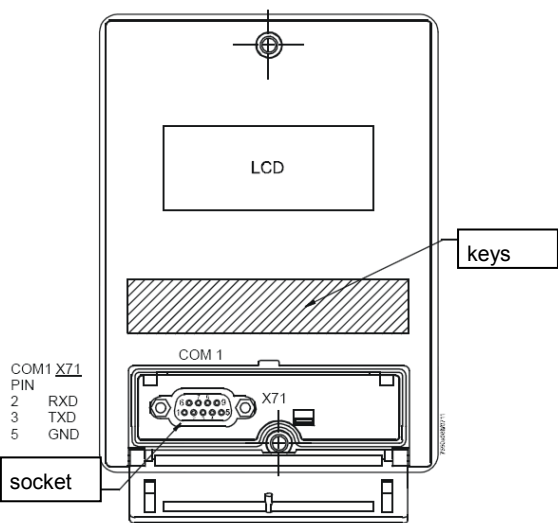
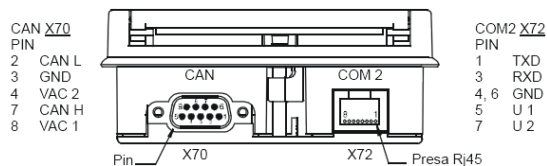
The user interface is made of:

display: it shows menus and parameters

**ESC**  key (previous level): it goes back to the previous level menu or exits the programming mode without changing data.

**ENTER**  key (next level): it confirms the data changing and jumps to the next menu/parameter.

**SELECT**   keys: they select a menu item and change the parameter values.



AZL5x provides three sockets to interface with other devices:

X70 socket for CAN bus connection: it provides power supply to display also.

COM1 (X71) for connection to PC/laptop by RS232 connector

COM2 (X72) for connection to building automation system by RJ45 connector.

Note: COM1 and COM2 ports do not work at the same time.



**Caution:** when MODBUS is active, it is not possible to execute the backup via ACS450; if backup is executed the set-point will be missing and the burner will immediately turns off.

## 2.1 LMV5x program operating phases

| Phase number | Description              | Sequence      |
|--------------|--------------------------|---------------|
| 10           |                          | Home run      |
| 12           |                          | Stand by      |
| 20,21        | Waiting to start realase | Startup       |
| 22           | Start fan on             | Startup       |
| 24           | Driving to pre-purge     | Startup       |
| 30....34     | Pre purging              | Startup       |
| 36           | Driving to ignition pos  | Startup       |
| 38           | Ingnition pos            | Startup       |
| 40,42,44     | Fuel release 1           | Startup       |
| 50,52        | Fuel release 2           | Startup       |
| 54           | Driving to low flame     | Startup       |
| 60,62        | Shut-down low fire       | Operation     |
| 70,72        | Driving to prepurge      | Shutdown      |
| 74....78     | Post-prepurging          | Shutdown      |
| 79           | Test Air PressSwitch     | Shutdown      |
| 80....83     |                          | Valve proving |
| 01           |                          | Safety Phase  |
| 00           |                          | Lockout       |

At burner startup, the AZL display shows, one by one, the various phases of the start-up program, until it reaches normal operation phase (Phase 60).

LMV5x controller is factory preset. Changing are possible according to the password input

By closing the "thermostat series" and once the start-up sequence is accomplished (from phase 12 to pahse34), the burner is driven to the factory-set ignition position (phase 38).

The burner remains in that position because this is the only one work point in memory.

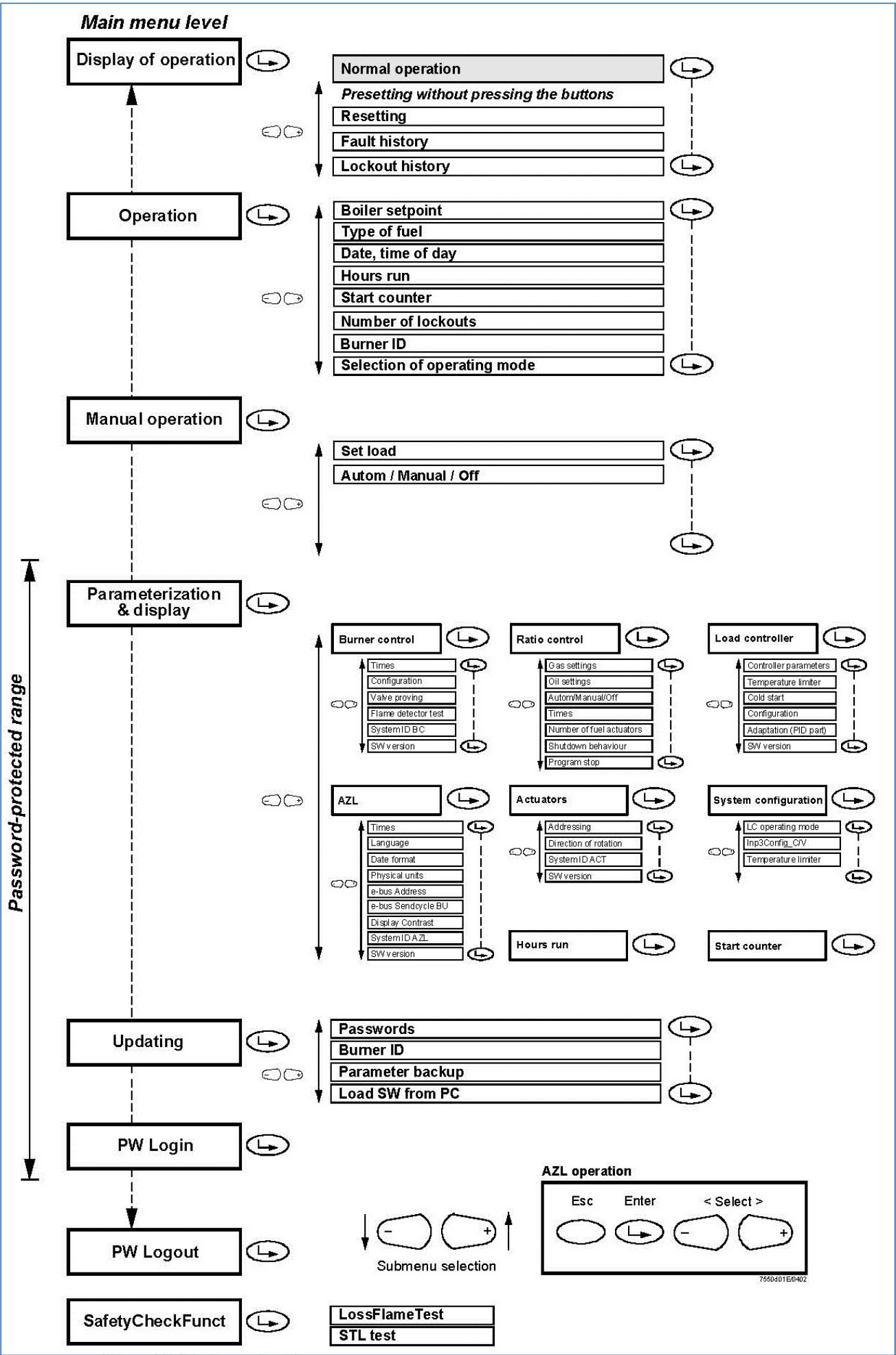
The fuel/air ratio curve must be set, until the maximum load limit (100% output).

During the setting, the actuators move according to the curve points. While the actuators move, always check the combustion analysis, point by point, and the flame stability.

The fuel/air curve points must be set during the commissioning, by a qualified operator.

|                                                                                    |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |
|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
|  | <b>CAUTION!</b> The procedure requires a password: qualified personnel only must check all changes to combustion parameters by means of the combustion analyzer. Remember that the password will elapse if no key is pressed for a certain period. The unit will ask for the password again |
|  | <b>ATTENTION!</b> During the cold start phase, it is necessary to set the burner load. Too low output values could damage the combustion head, blast tube, oil nozzle (if present). The minimum working point must be set by qualified personal.                                            |
|  | <b>CAUTION!:</b> check the combustion analysis, point by point, and the flame stability.                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
|  | <b>ATTENTION!</b> Set the real load output percentage at the corresponding curve-point on AZL during the burner regulation.                                                                                                                                                                 |

2.2 LMV5x program structure



**NOTE:**

(1) only for LMV52.400, LMV51.300 without temperature compensation

(2) only for LMV5.200 (controlling the oxygen level in the exhaust gas flue) and LMV52.400 (monitoring the oxygen level in the exhaust gas flue, a lock out occur if a limit value is overcoming)

(3) Only for LMV51.300 (in this case VSD cannot be used), LMV52.xxx



**ATTENTION: LMV51.300: HAS ONE AUX. IT CAN BE SET FOR FGR OR VSD OR "VSD AND FGR" TOGETHER**



**ATTENTION: IT IS RECOMMENDED TO NOT USE O2 MONITORING IF FGR IS INSTALLED AND ACTIVE**

## 2.3 Burner ID number

The burner ID number corresponds to the **burner serial number**.

**NOTE:** in case of call to the Service Center, always tell the burner type and serial number (see burner data plate).

**NOTE:** burner ID number must be set.

Following the below route access to the programming levels of the menu:

| 1st level       | 2nd level | 3rd level | 4th level | 5th level | 6th level | Description              |
|-----------------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|--------------------------|
| OperationalStat |           |           |           |           |           |                          |
|                 | BurnerID  |           |           |           |           | Identification of burner |

the product ID number is an OEM parameter, entered by the burner manufacturer and it can not be changed; it consist of minimum 4 and maximum 15 characters.

2.4 Password

2.4.1 Access to service levels by password

Depending on password (service or OEM), different parameters are visible.

"Service" parameters, as per the actuator curves and the set-point values, are password protected. The operator must logon using the "9876" password.

"User" level doesn't need a password.

If a password shall be entered, line Enter password is selected by means of decrementing (pointer points to the first character of that line) and then finally selected by pressing Enter.

Then, the pointer jumps to the first position of the password entry line. Now, through incrementing or decrementing, a character (digit or letter) can be selected. A character is confirmed by pressing Enter. If a wrong entry has been made, the last character can be edited again by pressing Esc.

The other password positions can be selected, edited and entered in a similar way. Hence, when making an entry, only 1 character is visible. When the last character of the password is reached, the entry is to be confirmed by pressing Enter.

Display before the first password character is entered:



The example displays when entering the third password character:



If the check of the password entered is positive, the change to the next menu level takes place. Otherwise, the display returns to the main menu level.

To go back to the main menu, press "Esc"  until the first level menu is reached, then press the "right arrow"  till the first item is reached, then press "Enter" twice. 

2.4.2 Password Logout

To avoid customer changes on parameter settings and consequently changes in regulation, the password must be logged out. The "password logout" functions on the first level menu: press  to choose "PW Logout" then press "Enter".

**Note:** if no key is pressed within a settable period, the password is deactivated automatically.

**Note:** if a power supply drop occurs to the unit, the password will be automatically deactivated.

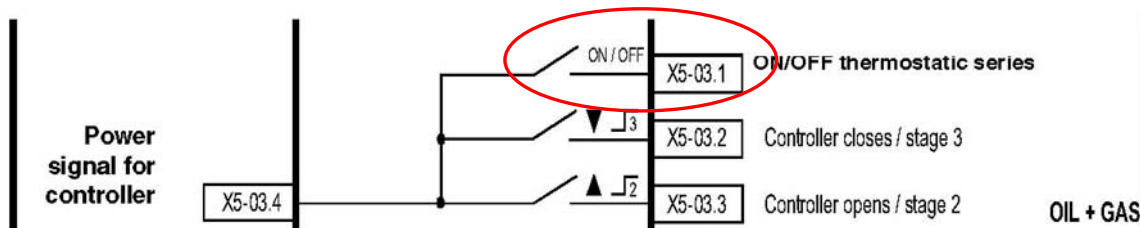
2.4.3 Changing password.

Following the below route access to the programming levels of the menu by means the Esc

| 1st level                                                                           | 2nd level                                                                           | 3rd level       | 4th level | 5th level | 6th level | Description        |
|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------|-----------|-----------|-----------|--------------------|
| Updating                                                                            |                                                                                     |                 |           |           |           |                    |
|  | Password                                                                            |                 |           |           |           | To change password |
|                                                                                     |  | ServicePassword |           |           |           | For service only   |
|                                                                                     |  | OEM Password    |           |           |           | For OEM only       |

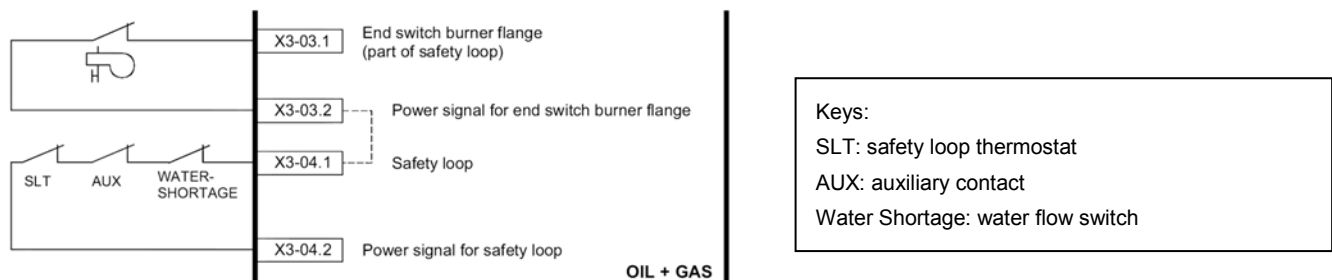
### 3 Thermostatic series and safety loop

The burner shuts down properly when the thermostatic series (X5-03.1 and X5-03.4 - terminals 3 and 4 of the burner terminal block) opens. In this way, before shut-down, the burner drives to the minimum load, then the fuel valve will close. The post-purging phase will be performed if set. By re-closing the thermostatic series, the burner will start-up again.

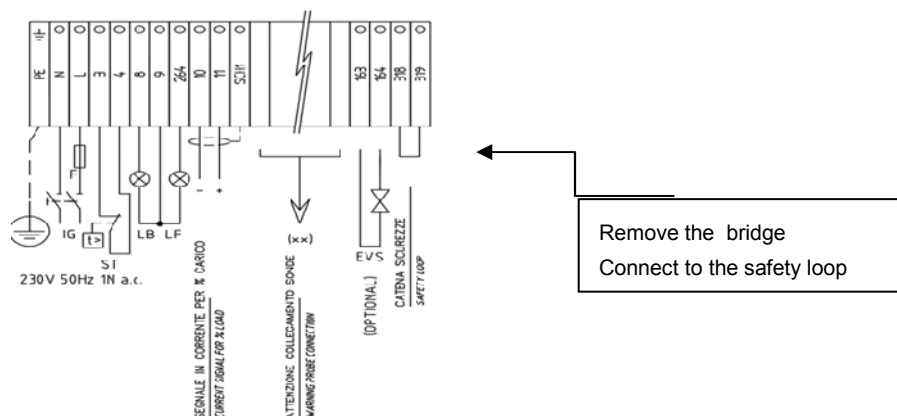


In the plant other safety devices are provided (levels, pressure switches, thermostats, air damper) . All these contacts are connected in series to the 318-319 terminals of the burner supply terminal block. When the safety loop closes, the burner is ready to restart. The actuators move to "home position" (standby position), and if terminals 3-4 are closed the start-up cycle resumes; otherwise the burner enters the standby phase.

In the plant the safety thermostat is provided as well. If this thermostat switches (terminals X3-04.1 e X3-04.2 corresponding to terminals 318 and 319 of the burner supply terminal block - see below), the system will lead to an immediate burner lockout.



In case of burner designed with automatic pull-out system from the generator, the burner flange end switch is connected to terminals X3-03.1 e X3-03.2. If the contact open, the burner automatically shuts down.



**NOTE:** When the safety loop opens, the burner will immediately turns off, skipping the low flame stage. It's important to distinguish between "safety loop" and "thermostatic series"

The maximum number of emergency shut-downs is 16. When this number is reached a lockout will occur AZL will show the message: "Open safety loop".

Following the below route access to the programming levels of the menu:

| 1st level                                                                           | 2nd level                                                                           | 3rd level                                                                           | 4th level                                                                           | 5th level  | 6th level | Description                                        |
|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------|-----------|----------------------------------------------------|
| Params & Display                                                                    |                                                                                     |                                                                                     |                                                                                     |            |           | Menu level for making the parameter settings       |
|  | BurnerControl                                                                       |                                                                                     |                                                                                     |            |           | Setting the burner control parameters              |
|                                                                                     |  | Configuration                                                                       |                                                                                     |            |           |                                                    |
|                                                                                     |                                                                                     |  | RepetitCounter                                                                      |            |           | It sets the maximum number of possible repetitions |
|                                                                                     |                                                                                     |                                                                                     |  | SafetyLoop | 1...16    | Default is set on 16                               |

# 4 Actuators

## 4.1 Addressing the actuators

The addressing assigns to each actuator its proper function. The addressing is factory set by the burner manufacturer.

If an actuator must be replaced, it is necessary to address it, otherwise the system will not work. The parameter that sets the actuator function is protected by the Service level password. Remember to check that the jumper “Bus termination” of the last actuator on the CAN bus is set to “On”, before starting addressing.

Following the below route access to the programming levels of the menu by means the Esc

| 1st level                                                                        | 2nd level                                                                         | 3rd level                                                                         | 4th level                                                                                             | 5th level | 6th level | Description                        |
|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------|-----------|------------------------------------|
| Params & Display                                                                 |                                                                                   |                                                                                   |                                                                                                       |           |           |                                    |
|  | Actuators                                                                         |                                                                                   |                                                                                                       |           |           |                                    |
|                                                                                  |  | Addressing                                                                        |                                                                                                       |           |           | Addressing unad- dressed actuators |
|                                                                                  |                                                                                   |  | AirActuator<br>GasActuat (Oil)<br>OilActuator<br>AuxActuator 1<br>AuxActuator 2<br>AuxActuator 3 (**) |           |           | (**) used with FGR                 |

To address an actuator, choose the corresponding actuator and follow the instructions on display:

When the actuator green LED flashes, it means that one of the following function is set according to the number of blinks:

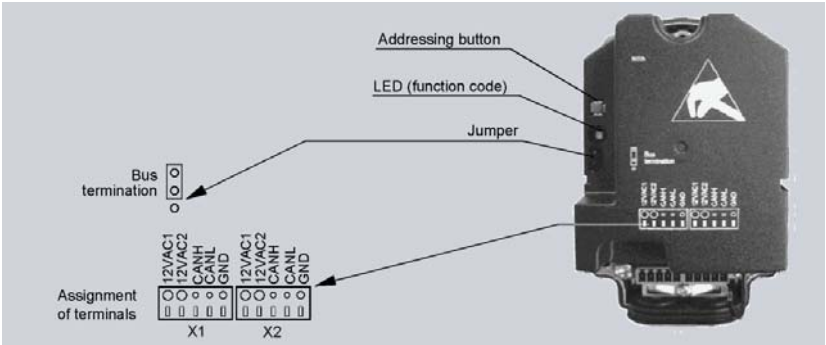
| Blinks   | Actuator function              |
|----------|--------------------------------|
| 1 blink  | air damper actuator            |
| 2 blinks | gas butterfly valve actuator   |
| 3 blinks | oil pressure governor actuator |
| 4 blinks | auxiliary actuator AUX1        |
| 5 blinks | auxiliary actuator AUX2        |
| 6 blinks | auxiliary actuator AUX3        |

If the burner is equipped with FGR, AUX3 must be used



**CAUTION:** it is recommended not to adjust the actuators. Anyway, never press the actuator red button, otherwise the fundamental parameters, necessary for the burner operation, will be cancelled. The burner will therefore continuously lock out

In case P1 was pressed for a long time, it will be necessary to perform a new addressing of the actuator.





**ATTENTION:** when the actuator LV green LED is always lit, it means that the actuator has not been addressed yet or it has been reset and needs to be addressed again.

## 4.2 Actuator doors configuration

After the addressing of the actuators, it is necessary to activate and to configure the operation way for each servomotor.

|                                                                                  |                                                                                                       |
|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
|  | <b>ATTENTION: Activate only the actuators that are really present, otherwise an error will occur.</b> |
|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|

| 1st level                                                                        | 2nd level                                                                         | 3rd level                                                                         | 4th level                                                                                        | Possible choices                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |
|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Params&Display                                                                   |                                                                                   |                                                                                   |                                                                                                  |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |
|  | RatioControl                                                                      |                                                                                   |                                                                                                  |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |
|                                                                                  |  | Gas/OilSetting                                                                    |                                                                                                  |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |
|                                                                                  |                                                                                   |  | AuxActuator<br>AirActuator<br>AuxActuator1<br>AuxActuator2<br>AuxActuator3<br>VSD<br>GasActuator | Deactivated<br>Activated<br>Air influencing (only with LMV52x if O2 control is present)<br><br>(values available Only with LMV51.300)<br>VSD = VSD only<br>AUX3 = FGR only, without temperature compensation<br>VSD+AUX3 = VSD and FGR |

|                                                                                  |                                                                                                |
|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
|  | <b>LMV 51.300 has the possibility to operate with VGD+FGR without temperature compensation</b> |
|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|

## 4.3 Setting the actuator speed

LMV sees VSD as an actuator, that's why the speed ramp up and the stop times must not be higher than the actuator stroke time. If it is necessary to increase the VSD times, change the actuator stroke time also, according to the next procedure. By following the next table, set both parameter "OperatRampMod" and "TimeNoFlame" to set the ramp up/stop times for the VSD and the actuator opening speed (from 0° to 90°).

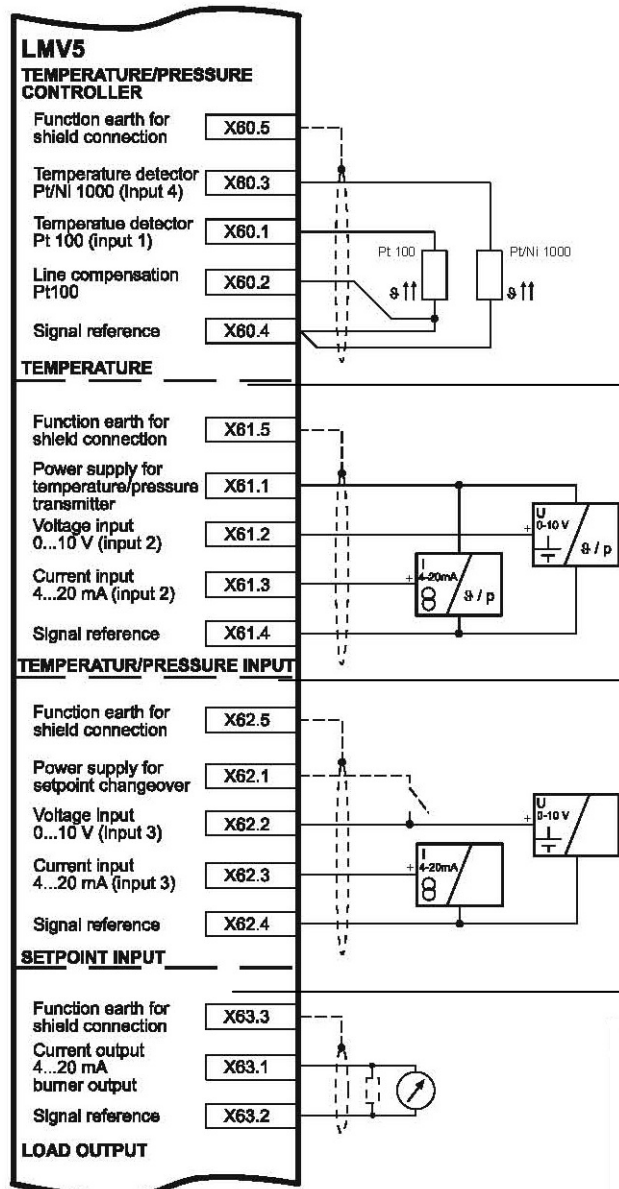
Following the below route access to the programming levels of the menu by means the Esc

| 1st level                                                                          | 2nd level                                                                           | 3rd level                                                                           | 4th level     | 5th level | 6th level | Description                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |
|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------|-----------|-----------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Params&Display                                                                     |                                                                                     |                                                                                     |               |           |           | Menu level for making the parameter settings                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
|  | RatioControl                                                                        |                                                                                     |               |           |           | Parameter settings for fuel/ air ratio control                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |
|                                                                                    |  | Times                                                                               |               |           |           |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |
|                                                                                    |                                                                                     |  | OperatRampMod | Service   | 40 s      | Operating ramp modulating is the maximum speed of the actuators during operation (phase 60 ÷ 62).<br>A setting of 30 seconds generates a maximum speed of 90° in 30 seconds (3°/s).<br>The LMV5 calculates an individual speed for each actuator, so that all actuators reach their target positions at the same time.<br>Range 10..60s |
|                                                                                    |                                                                                     |  | TimeNo- Flame | Service   | 40 s      | Drive ramp is the speed of the actuators when traveling to the home, prepurge, ignition, and postpurge positions.<br>A setting of 10 seconds generates a maximum speed of 90° in 10 seconds (9°/s).<br>Range 10..120s                                                                                                                   |

|                                                                                    |                                                                                                                          |
|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
|  | <b>ATTENTION: It is suggested to set the ramp up and stop time to a value about 35% lower then the slowest actuator.</b> |
|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|



## 5 Setting the load controller



Door X60 is used for IntLC... choice and a temperature modulating probe is used.



**ATTENTION:** in case of FGR, it is not possible to connect a modulating temperature probe at the X60 door of the LMV5...

See the proper chapter for configuration.

Door X60 is used for IntLC.... choice and a pressure probe is used.

It can be used also if the temperature probe has an analogue exit or a converter from Ohm to mA /V is used.

In this case the right input must be set.



**ATTENTION:** in case of FGR, it is possible to connect a modulating temperature probe at the X61 door of the LMV5...

Door X62 is used for ExtLC...

The input signal come from an external load modulator.

Door X62 is also used to switch from one setpoint to another one when IntLC... is used, by means the opening and closing of the contact between X62.1 and X62.2 terminals

Door X63 is used to remote a load % signal output from the LMV to the client DCS or PLC

Output Value Selection are: Load / Load 0 / O2 / Pos Air / Pos Fuel / Pos Aux1 / Pos Aux2 / Pos Aux3 / Speed VSD / Flame / Temp Pt1000 / TempNi1000 / Temp Pt100 / Temp X61 / Press X61)

IntLC....must be set together with a modulating probe (temperature or pressure). The probe and its signal must be configured. Doors allowed are X60 for temperature probe and X61 for pressure probes or analogue output probes.

ExtLC... must be set together with an external input signal of modulation (analogue or bus) coming from an external output modulator. The input must be configured. Doors allowed are X62 for the type of signal choice.

Following the below route access to the programming levels of the menu

| 1st level        | 2nd level      | 3rd level     | 4th level   | 5th level                                                                     | 6th level | Description                                  |
|------------------|----------------|---------------|-------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------|----------------------------------------------|
| Params & Display |                |               |             |                                                                               |           | Menu level for making the parameter settings |
|                  | LoadController |               |             |                                                                               |           | Settings for the internal load controller    |
|                  |                | Configuration |             |                                                                               |           | General configuration of the load controller |
|                  |                |               | LC_OptgMode |                                                                               |           | Operating mode with load controller          |
|                  |                |               |             | ExtLC X5-03<br>Int LC<br>Int LC Bus<br>Int LC X62<br>Ext LC X62<br>Ext LC Bus |           | See below.                                   |

**ExtLC X5-03** = three-point external controller (X5-03 terminals)

**Int LC** = internal controller (LMV5x) (it switches between 2 set points, W1,W2 set thought AZL. the switch from W1 and W2 is realized opening/closing the LMV5x... terminals X62.1, X62.2).

**Int LC Bus** = internal controller and set point setting via bus connection

**Int LC X62** = internal controller (LMV), but set point is externally controlled by means of a voltage/current signal on X62 terminals

**Ext LC X62** = external controller, the burner output is controlled by means of a voltage/current signal on X62 terminals

**Ext LC Bus** = external controller, the burner output is controlled via bus



**ATTENTION:** in case of FGR, it is not possible to connect a modulating temperature probe at the X60 door of the LMX5... See the proper chapter for configuration.

## 6 Setting the probes and set-points

If the LMV5x internal load controlled is used, a temperature or pressure probe can be connected to the terminal X60 or X61. In this case, set the type of probe and its operating range.

### 6.1 Configuration of a temperature probe at X60 door



**ATTENTION:** If the external load controller is set do not connected to terminals X60 or X61.



**ATTENTION:** If the burner is equipped with FGR with temperature compensation a Pt1000 must be set.



**ATTENTION:** Depending on the sensor, the value is visualized as °C or bar.

Following the below route access to the programming levels of the menu by means the Esc

| 1st level        | 2nd level      | 3rd level     | 4th level     | 5th level                                                                                | 6th level | Description                                        |
|------------------|----------------|---------------|---------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------|----------------------------------------------------|
| Params & Display |                |               |               |                                                                                          |           | Menu level for making the parameter set- tings     |
|                  | LoadController |               |               |                                                                                          |           | Settings for the internal load controller          |
|                  |                | Configuration |               |                                                                                          |           | General configuration of the load controller       |
|                  |                |               | Sensor Select |                                                                                          |           | Select actual value input                          |
|                  |                |               |               | Pt100<br>Ni1000<br>Temp sensor<br>Press sensor<br>Pt100Pt1000<br>Pt100Ni1000<br>NoSensor |           | See the table below for the meaning of the choice. |

Possible settings are:

| Probe           | Description                                                                                                                                                                                |
|-----------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Pt100           | Temperature sensor Pt100 at the input X60, internal temperature limiter function = activated                                                                                               |
| Pt1000          | Temperature sensor Pt1000 at the input X60, internal temperature limiter function = activated                                                                                              |
| Ni1000          | Temperature sensor LG-Ni1000 at the input X60, internal temperature function = activated                                                                                                   |
| TempSens        | Temperature sensor at the input X61, internal temperature switch function = deactivated                                                                                                    |
| PressSens       | Pressure sensor at the input X61, internal temperature switch function = deactivated                                                                                                       |
| Pt100<br>Pt1000 | Temperature sensor Pt100 at input X60 for temperature controller and temperature limiter function and temperature sensor Pt1000 at input X60 additionally for temperature limiter function |
| Pt100<br>Ni1000 | Temperature sensor Pt100 at input X60 for temperature controller and temperature limiter function and temperature sensor LG-Ni at input X60 additionally for temperature limiter function. |
| No Sensor       | No actual value sensor (e.g. in the case of external predefined loads and without internal temperature limiter).                                                                           |



**ATTENTION:** If a boiler second probe is to be connected to terminals (1000 Ohm only), internal functions TL\_ThreshOff and DiffIntervTL\_SD\_On are activated automatically (see paragraph **SETTING FUNCTIONS "TL\_ThreshOff" AND "TL\_SD\_On"**).

## 6.2 Configuration of a pressure or a temperature probe type at X61 door



**ATTENTION:** If the external load controller is set do not connected to terminals X60 or X61.

If a modulation probe is connected to the X61 terminal, proceeding as follows:

| 1st level        | 2nd level      | 3rd level     | 4th level        | 5th level                                      | 6th level | Description                                         |
|------------------|----------------|---------------|------------------|------------------------------------------------|-----------|-----------------------------------------------------|
| Params & Display |                |               |                  |                                                |           | Menu level for making the parameter settings        |
|                  | LoadController |               |                  |                                                |           | Settings for the internal load controller           |
|                  |                | Configuration |                  |                                                |           | General configuration of the load controller        |
|                  |                |               | Ext Inp X61 U/ I |                                                |           | Configuration of external input X61                 |
|                  |                |               |                  | 4...20 mA<br>2...10 V<br>0...10 V<br>0...20 mA |           | Set the proper value according to the probe output. |

### 6.2.1 Configuration of a pressure or a temperature probe signal at X61 door

Once the pressure sensor signal type is set, the sensor range must be set as well, proceeding as follows:

| 1st level      | 2nd level      | 3rd level     | 4th level        | 5th level                   | 6th level                   | Description                                   |
|----------------|----------------|---------------|------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------------------------------|
| Params&Display |                |               |                  |                             |                             | Menu level for making the parameter settings  |
|                | LoadController |               |                  |                             |                             | Settings for the internal load controller     |
|                |                | Configuration |                  |                             |                             | General configuration of the load controller  |
|                |                |               | MRange PressSens |                             |                             | End of pressure measuring range for input X61 |
|                |                |               |                  | 0...99.9 bar<br>0...2000 °C | 0...99.9 bar<br>0...2000 °C | Set the probe value                           |

**Example:** if a max 10bar Siemens sensor is used, the voltage output signal will be 0 V at 0 bar, while the 10 V signal will correspond to its maximum pressure 10 bar. If the sensor is replaced with a max 16bar one, the 0 V output signal will correspond to 0 bar, while the 10 V output signal will correspond to 16bar pressure: the parameter "MRange Press-Sens" has to be set at 16bar.

## 6.3 Configuration of the X62 door input signal

Following the below route access to the programming levels of the menu by means the Esc

| 1st level        | 2nd level      | 3rd level     | 4th level       | 5th level                                      | 6th level | Description                                                                                      |
|------------------|----------------|---------------|-----------------|------------------------------------------------|-----------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Params & Display |                |               |                 |                                                |           | Menu level for making the parameter settings                                                     |
|                  | LoadController |               |                 |                                                |           | Settings for the internal load controller                                                        |
|                  |                | Configuration |                 |                                                |           | General configuration of the load controller                                                     |
|                  |                |               | Ext Inp X62 U/I |                                                |           | Configuration of external input X62: input signal on X62 can change setpoint or control the load |
|                  |                |               |                 | 4...20 mA<br>2...10 V<br>0...10 V<br>0...20 mA |           | According to the external modulator output.                                                      |

If a boiler second probe is to be connected to terminals (1000 Ohm only), internal functions TL\_ThreshOff and DiffIntervTL\_SD\_On are activated automatically (see paragraph SETTING FUNCTIONS "TL\_ThreshOff" AND "TL\_SD\_On").

## 6.4 Setting the setpoint and the burner and the PID operative band.

### 6.4.1 Set-point

To set the temperature set-point value, that is the generator operating temperature; proceed as follows.

| 1st level                                                                        | 2nd level                                                                         | 3rd level       | 4th level | 5th level | 6th level | Description                                  |
|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------|-----------|-----------|-----------|----------------------------------------------|
| Params & Display                                                                 |                                                                                   |                 |           |           |           | Menu level for making the parameter settings |
|  | LoadController                                                                    |                 |           |           |           | General configuration of the load controller |
|                                                                                  |  | ControllerParam |           |           |           | Controller parameters                        |

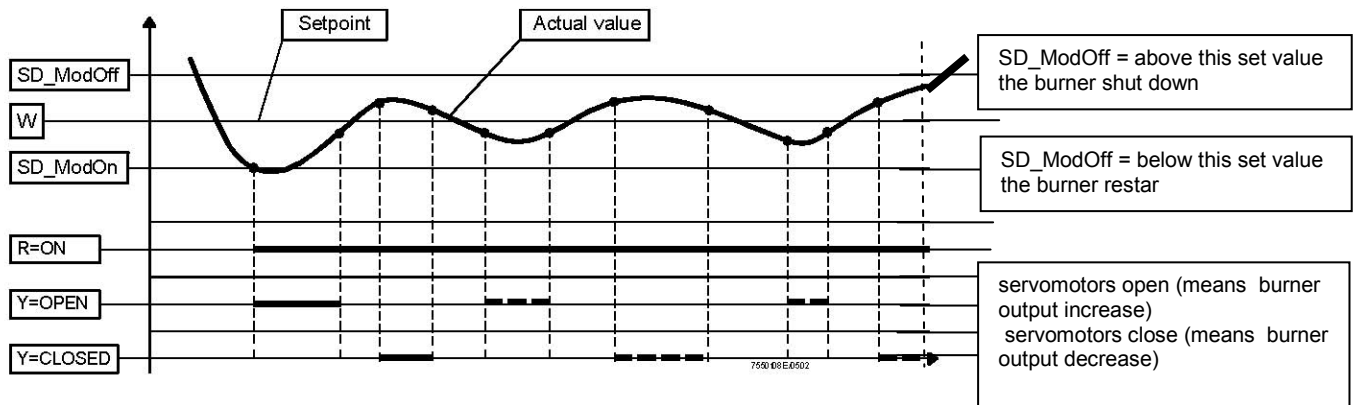
It appears the below screen:

|                                     |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |
|-------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| SetPointW1<br>Curr: 90°<br>New: 90° | <b>Curr:</b> it shows the current set-point; use the arrows keys to change it.<br><b>New:</b> it is the new set value. Enter to confirm, otherwise exit without changing by pressing ESC.<br>Press ESC one more time to exit the set-point programming mode. |
|-------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|

After setting the set-point it is necessary to set the operation range of the burner. See paragraph SD\_ModON e SD\_Mod Off

### 6.4.2 SD\_ModON e SD\_Mod Off

Once the temperature set-point W1 is stored, set the burner switch-on (SDon) and the switch-off (SDoff) point:



To set these values, choose the item SD\_ModOn (SDOn), by scrolling down the “Load controller” menu with the arrow keys and press ENTER:

| 1st level                                                                          | 2nd level | 3rd level | 4th level | 5th level                         | 6th level                                                                            | Description |
|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------|
| Params & Display                                                                   |           |           |           | Menu level for making the         | Params & Display                                                                     |             |
|  | SD:ModOn  |           |           | General configuration of the load |  | SD:ModOn    |
|  | SD:ModOff |           |           | General configuration of          |  | SD:ModOff   |

the display will show:

|                                     |                                        |
|-------------------------------------|----------------------------------------|
| SD_ModOn<br>Curr: 1.0%<br>New: 1.0% | SD_ModOff<br>Curr: 10.0%<br>New: 10.0% |
|-------------------------------------|----------------------------------------|

The **SD\_ModOn** default value for this parameter is 1% that is, the burner will light again at a temperature 1% lower than the set-point.

Change value, if needed, by means of the arrow keys; press ENTER to confirm and the press ESC to exit. Press only ESC to exit without changing.

Now choose **SD\_ModOff** always scrolling down the Load Controller menu, by means of the arrow keys, and press ENTER.

The default value for this parameter is 10% that is, the burner will turn off at a temperature 1% higher than the set-point.

Press the ENTER to confirm, the press ESC to exit. Otherwise press ESC to exit without changing data. Press the ESC to exit

### 6.4.3 PID control parameters

The controller's memory contains 5 standard parameter sets.

If required, 1 of these 5 PID triple values can be copied to the storage locations for the actual values so that it becomes active.

PID standard values for the following applications:

| 1st level                                                                        | 2nd level                                                                         | 3rd level                                                                         | 4th level                                                                         | 5th level     | 6th level                                                    | Description                                                   |
|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------|--------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------|
| Params & Display                                                                 |                                                                                   |                                                                                   |                                                                                   |               |                                                              | Menu level for making the parameter settings                  |
|  | LoadController                                                                    |                                                                                   |                                                                                   |               |                                                              | Settings for the internal load controller                     |
|                                                                                  |  | ControllerParam                                                                   |                                                                                   |               |                                                              | Settings for internal load controller                         |
|                                                                                  |                                                                                   |  | ContrlParamList                                                                   |               |                                                              | Settings of controller parameter for internal load controller |
|                                                                                  |                                                                                   |                                                                                   |  | StandardParam | Adaption<br>very fast<br>fast<br>normal<br>slow<br>very slow |                                                               |

It is possible to manually set the PID parameters to any value in the setting range shown below, to activate a PID regulation from the predefined standard values described below (and edit it further if required), or to use the adaption function (self-setting function) instead of making the settings manually. The LMV5... then acquires the PID parameters itself.

See the LMV5x Siemens manual for instructions. Generally the choice of the proper pre-set PID that LMV5x suggest (very fast / fast / normal / slow / very slow) are enough for a proper operation.

| Adaption                             | The values acquired by the LMV5... adaption function are |        |        |
|--------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------|--------|--------|
|                                      | Xp [%]                                                   | Tn [s] | Tv [s] |
| Very fast<br>(e.g. for small boiler) | 42,5                                                     | 68     | 12     |
| Fast                                 | 14,5                                                     | 77     | 14     |
| Normal                               | 6,4                                                      | 136    | 24     |
| Slow                                 | 4,7                                                      | 250    | 44     |
| Very slow<br>(e.g. for large boiler) | 3,4                                                      | 273    | 48     |

Table shows the pre set parameter of the PID regulator according to the internal modulator reaction choice.

The parameter Xp is the proportional band in % of the set-point

6.5 Setting functions “TL\_ThreshOff” and “TL\_SD\_On”

These functions enable the settable threshold for the immediate shutdown, if value set on TL\_ThreshOff is exceeded. The automatic restart is performed for values lower than the one set on TL\_SD\_On.

On display, values detected by temperature/pressure probe are shown at the same time.

TL\_ThreshOff turns the burner off if temperature exceeds the set value. Gas/Oil valves are suddenly closed.

TL\_SD\_On automatically restart the burner if the temperature is lower than the set value.

SD\_ModOff automatically turns the burner to low flame and then shut down the burner if temperature exceeds the set value.

SD\_ModOn automatically restart the burner if the temperature is lower than the set value.

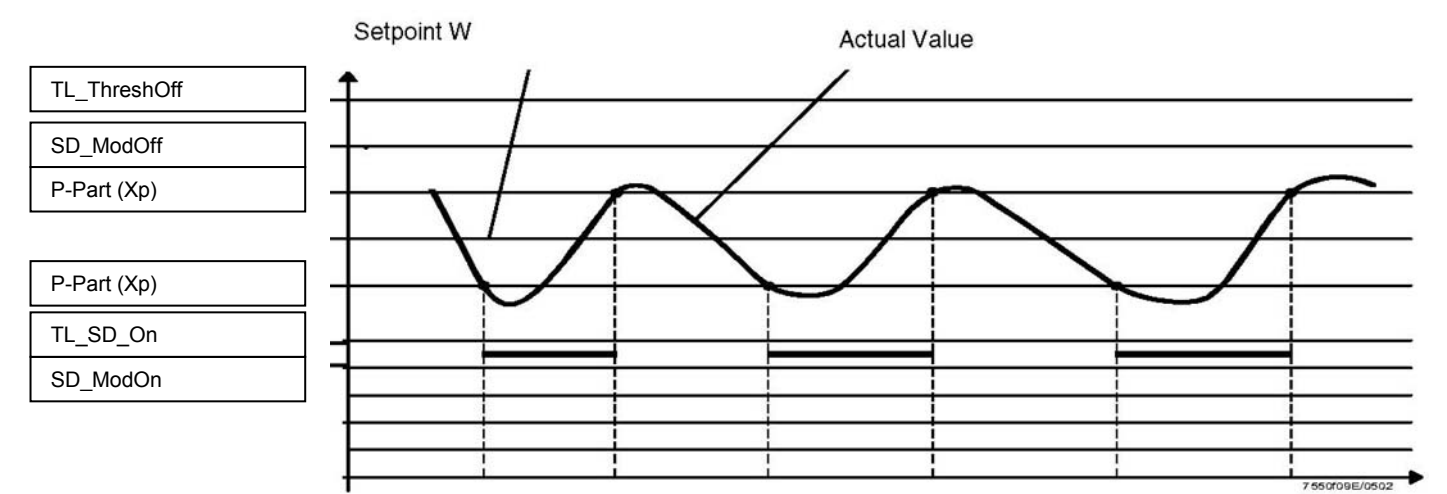
P-Part (Xp) proportional band of modulation.

**Note:** this function is available if a Pt100 Ni1000 or Pt 1000 temperature sensor is connected to X60.3 and X60.4 terminals.



**ATTENTION:** basically, these parameters provide a function similar to the safety thermostat one, but can not replace it. The boiler must **always** operate with its safety thermostat connected properly.

**NOTE:** the parameter TL\_ThreshOff for the immediate shutdown, must always be set to a value higher than the SD\_ModOff threshold for the normal shutdown. TL\_SD\_On must be set at a higher temperature than SD\_ModOn.



Following the below route access to the programming levels of the menu by means the Esc

| 1st level                                                                          | 2nd level                                                                           | 3rd level                                                                           | 4th level    | Range                     |  | Default | Description                                    |
|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------|---------------------------|--|---------|------------------------------------------------|
| Params & Display                                                                   |                                                                                     |                                                                                     |              |                           |  |         | Menu level for making the parameter set- tings |
|  | LoadController                                                                      |                                                                                     |              |                           |  |         | Settings for the internal load controller      |
|                                                                                    |  | TempLimiter                                                                         |              |                           |  |         | Settings for the temperature limiter function  |
|                                                                                    |                                                                                     |  | TL_ThreshOff | 0...2000 °C               |  | 95°C    | Temperature limiter OFF threshold, in °C       |
|                                                                                    |                                                                                     |  | TL_SD_On     | -50...0%<br>TL_Thresh_Off |  | - 5%    | Temperature limiter switching differential ON  |

## 7 VSD Standardization

Motor standardization (speed acquisition) allows the LMV unit to control the motor rounds at the maximum frequency signal coming from the VSD. A temporary standardization is factory set only for test purpose. The definite standardization must be performed on site by the Service Center (only if the fan is supplied), before the plant test.

|                                                                                  |                                                                                                                                                  |
|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
|  | <b>ATTENTION:</b> To perform standardization, the burner must be in stand-by mode, not it lockout stage. The Safety loop must be closed (X3-04). |
|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|

Following the below route access to the programming levels of the menu by means the Esc

| 1st level                                                                        | 2nd level                                                                         | 3rd level                                                                         | 4th level                                                                         | 5th level       | Range                    | Description                                  |
|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------|--------------------------|----------------------------------------------|
| Params & Display                                                                 |                                                                                   |                                                                                   |                                                                                   |                 |                          | Menu level for making the parameter settings |
|  | VSD Module                                                                        |                                                                                   |                                                                                   |                 |                          | Settings for the VSD module                  |
|                                                                                  |  | Configuration                                                                     |                                                                                   |                 |                          |                                              |
|                                                                                  |                                                                                   |  | Speed                                                                             |                 |                          |                                              |
|                                                                                  |                                                                                   |                                                                                   |  | Standardization | Deactivated<br>Activated | Standardization process for fan speed        |

By activating the standardization, without starting the burner up, the air actuator drives to its maximum opening. Then the fan motor starts and the VSD drives the motor to its maximum speed. The speed sensor, mounted on the motor, detects the rpm value. LMV stores the data and the motor stops.

|                                                                                     |                                                                                                              |
|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
|   | <b>ATTENTION:</b> do not enter manually the rpm value of the motor data plate on parameter "StandardizedSp". |
|  | <b>ATTENTION:</b> the power cable that connects VSD to motor must be screened.                               |

## 8 SPECIAL POSITIONS

### 8.1 Ignition position

The ignition point is independent from the other curve points of the air/fuel ratio curve.

As far as dual fuel burners, the ignition point set for the gas operation does not depend on the one set for the oil operation. LMV5x allow two different ignition position for gas mode and oil mode.

The burner is provided with a factory-set ignition point, to make easier the first ignition procedure by the Service Centre.

The air actuator at the ignition point, is factory set at a 6°/7° opening, while the gas actuator is set at 12°/15°. In case of burner provided with VSD, it is suggested to set ignition at 100% VSD frequency.

Following the below route access to the programming levels of the menu by means the Esc

| 1st level                                                                        | 2nd level                                                                         | 3rd level                                                                         | 4th level                                                                         | 5th level                                                                           | 6th level        | Description                                  |
|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------|----------------------------------------------|
| Params & Display                                                                 |                                                                                   |                                                                                   |                                                                                   |                                                                                     |                  | Menu level for making the parameter settings |
|  | RatioControl                                                                      |                                                                                   |                                                                                   |                                                                                     |                  |                                              |
|                                                                                  |  | GasSettings<br>OilSettings                                                        |                                                                                   |                                                                                     |                  | Choose according to the fired fuel.          |
|                                                                                  |                                                                                   |  | Special Positions                                                                 |                                                                                     |                  |                                              |
|                                                                                  |                                                                                   |                                                                                   |  | IgnitionPos                                                                         |                  |                                              |
|                                                                                  |                                                                                   |                                                                                   |  | HomePos                                                                             |                  |                                              |
|                                                                                  |                                                                                   |                                                                                   |  | PrepurgePos                                                                         |                  |                                              |
|                                                                                  |                                                                                   |                                                                                   |  | PostpurgePos                                                                        |                  |                                              |
|                                                                                  |                                                                                   |                                                                                   |                                                                                   |   | IgnitionPosGas   | Set the proper position                      |
|                                                                                  |                                                                                   |                                                                                   |                                                                                   |  | IgnitionPosAir   | Set the proper position                      |
|                                                                                  |                                                                                   |                                                                                   |                                                                                   |  | IgnitionPosAux 1 | Set the proper position                      |
|                                                                                  |                                                                                   |                                                                                   |                                                                                   |  | IgnitionPosAux 2 | Set the proper position                      |
|                                                                                  |                                                                                   |                                                                                   |                                                                                   |  | IgnitionPosAux 3 | Set the proper position                      |
|                                                                                  |                                                                                   |                                                                                   |                                                                                   |  | IgnitionPosVSD   | Set the proper position                      |

### 8.2 Prepurge position

Following the same route up to the 4th level, choose the pre-purge position of the servomotors

### 8.3 Home position

Following the same route up to the 4th level, choose the home position of the servomotors

### 8.4 Postpurge position

Following the same route up to the 4th level, choose the postpurge position of the servomotors



## 9 ADJUSTING THE AIR/FUEL RATIO CURVES



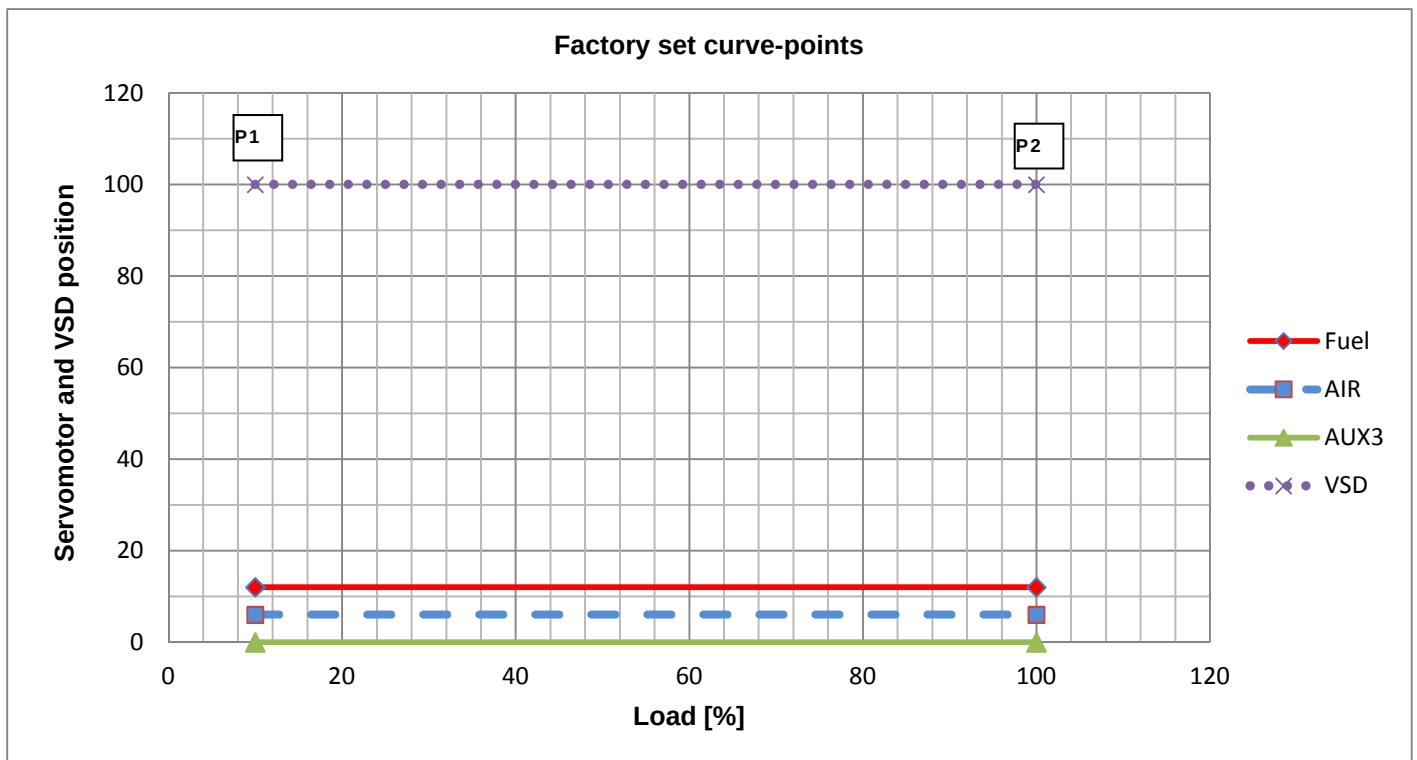
**ATTENTION:** when burners are provided with VSD, before setting the air/fuel ratio curves, the Standardization of the motor speed must be performed (see chapter "Standardization").

| 1st level                                                                        | 2nd level                                                                         | 3rd level                                                                         | 4th level   | 5th level | 6th level | Description                                    |
|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------|-----------|-----------|------------------------------------------------|
| Params & Display                                                                 |                                                                                   |                                                                                   |             |           |           | Menu level for making the parameter settings   |
|  | RatioControl                                                                      |                                                                                   |             |           |           | Parameter settings for fuel/air ratio control  |
|                                                                                  |  | GasSettings<br>OilSettings                                                        |             |           |           | Parameter settings for firing on gas or on oil |
|                                                                                  |                                                                                   |  | CurveParams |           |           |                                                |

### 9.1 Fuel burner settings - curve-points

Two curve points are factory set (default settings) corresponding to a hypothetic low flame stage

**Note:** points P1 and P2, are temporally mentioned 10% and 100% load, independently from the actual load. The operator can name the load on each point, without respecting the actual load value in that point. LMV5x will order those points automatically according to the load values set by the operator.



With this setting, by closing the thermostat series, the burner drives to minimum load position **P1**, after ignition. Then it drives to position **P2** without increasing the output, as both the points are set with actuators minimum opening.

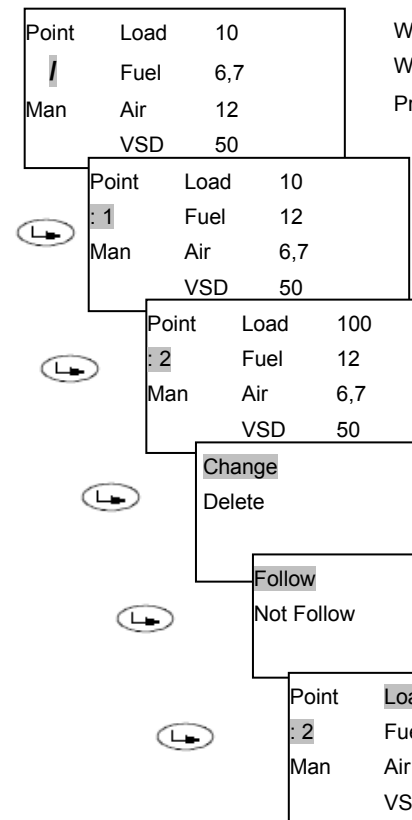


**ATTENTION:** For burners with FGR and LMV52.400, the parameter is set to "deactivated".

## 9.2 Setting the load points output (burners with no FGR)

Following the below route access to the programming levels of the menu

| 1st level                                                                        | 2nd level                                                                         | 3rd level                                                                         | 4th level   | 5th level | 6th level | Description                                                      |
|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------|-----------|-----------|------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Params & Display                                                                 |                                                                                   |                                                                                   |             |           |           |                                                                  |
|  | RatioControl                                                                      |                                                                                   |             |           |           | Parameter settings for fuel/air ratio control                    |
|                                                                                  |  | GasSettings<br>GasSettings                                                        |             |           |           | Parameter settings for firing on Gas or on Oil                   |
|                                                                                  |                                                                                   |  | CurveParams |           |           | At this level, the air/fuel ratio during operation is to be set. |



Wait until symbol “\” stops twisting. It indicates that actuators are moving to the displayed position. When the position is reached it will show the number of the point the LMV5x is at.

Press Enter  to see Point1.

Press “right arrow”  to scroll to the desired point

Press Enter  to change the curve point.

Press “right arrow”  to scroll to the desired point

Press Enter  to change the curve point.

Select "change" to change the point, or "delete" to cancel it

Press “right arrow”  to scroll to the desired point

Press Enter  on “Follow”. The actuator moves in real time as the operator change its setting

The selector will be on Load.

By means the arrow  scroll to the desired actuator

Now it is possible to change Point2 with the next procedure

Checking continuously the air excess means of the combustion analyzer, increasing by few degrees\* the air damper opening and the VSD if provided. Then increase by few degrees\* the gas butterfly valve (or the fuel actuator). Go on step by step, until the butterfly valve complete opening is reached (actuator at 90° - see diagram).

The target is to reach the gas butterfly valve maximum with a sufficient excess of air. While progressively increasing the actuator positions, besides increasing the air quantity the fuel rate must be controlled by means of the valve pressure governor, in order to not exceed the requested maximum flow rate.

Once the gas butterfly valve maximum opening is reached, adjust the fuel **rate** only acting on the gas valve pressure governor (or on the oil pressure governor in case of oil).



**ATTENTION:** as for “increasing by few degrees” it means that the increasing must be performed in order to avoid great excess of air or defect of air.

Therefore the increasing operation must be performed always checking the flue gas analysis by means of the combustion analyzer. It is recommended to make increasing while maintaining O2 % between max 7,5% and min 3%.

It is recommended to save new points increasing the burner output at step of 10÷20% load. Measuring the burner output at the flow meter. In this way, if for any reason, you must interrupt the commissioning and restart it later, you would help yourself.

|       |      |     |
|-------|------|-----|
| Point | Load | 100 |
| :2    | Fuel | 12  |
| O2    | Air  | 6.7 |
|       | VSD  | 70  |

To choose the actuator to set, press the "left arrow"  and choose Air or VSD

|       |      |     |
|-------|------|-----|
| Point | Load | 100 |
| :2    | Fuel | 12  |
| O2    | Air  | 6.7 |
|       | VSD  | 70  |

Press "Enter"  to access the Air actuator value to be set.

|       |      |     |
|-------|------|-----|
| Point | Load | 100 |
| :2    | Fuel | 12  |
| O2    | Air  | 6.7 |
|       | VSD  | 70  |

Press keys   to change value.

|       |      |     |
|-------|------|-----|
| Point | Load | 100 |
| :2    | Fuel | 12  |
| O2    | Air  | 9.5 |
|       | VSD  | 70  |

Press Enter  to confirm the value and go back to Air actuator. (Do not exit by pressing Esc from the values column because data will not be stored)

|       |      |     |
|-------|------|-----|
| Point | Load | 100 |
| :2    | Fuel | 12  |
| O2    | Air  | 9.5 |
|       | VSD  | 70  |

Press arrows   to select another actuator to be set, for example, press  to choose Fuel)

|       |      |     |
|-------|------|-----|
| Point | Load | 100 |
| :2    | Fuel | 12  |
| O2    | Air  | 9.5 |
|       | VSD  | 70  |

Press keys   to change the value. Press Enter to confirm the value and go back to Fuel actuator

|       |      |     |
|-------|------|-----|
| Point | Load | 100 |
| :2    | Fuel | 12  |
| O2    | Air  | 9.5 |
|       | VSD  | 70  |

Press keys   to change value.

|       |      |     |
|-------|------|-----|
| Point | Load | 100 |
| :2    | Fuel | 15  |
| O2    | Air  | 9.5 |
|       | VSD  | 70  |

Press Enter  to confirm the value and go back to Fuel actuator. (Do not exit by pressing Esc from the values column because data will not be stored)

Checking parameters by means of the combustion analyzer go on increasing the Air (and/or VSD if provided) and the Fuel actuators.  
At the end the last point will be set.

|       |      |     |
|-------|------|-----|
| Point | Load | 100 |
| :10   | Fuel | 90  |
| O2    | Air  | 50  |
|       | VSD  | 85  |

Act on the pressure governor to adjust the fuel pressure at the proper value in order to reach the real 100% load of the generator/boiler.

Act only on the AIR or VSD actuators, to adjust the combustion.

|       |      |     |
|-------|------|-----|
| Point | Load | 100 |
| :10   | Fuel | 90  |
| O2    | Air  | 90  |
|       | VSD  | 100 |

An example of final point will be as per the display aside, imaging to set 10 curve-points.

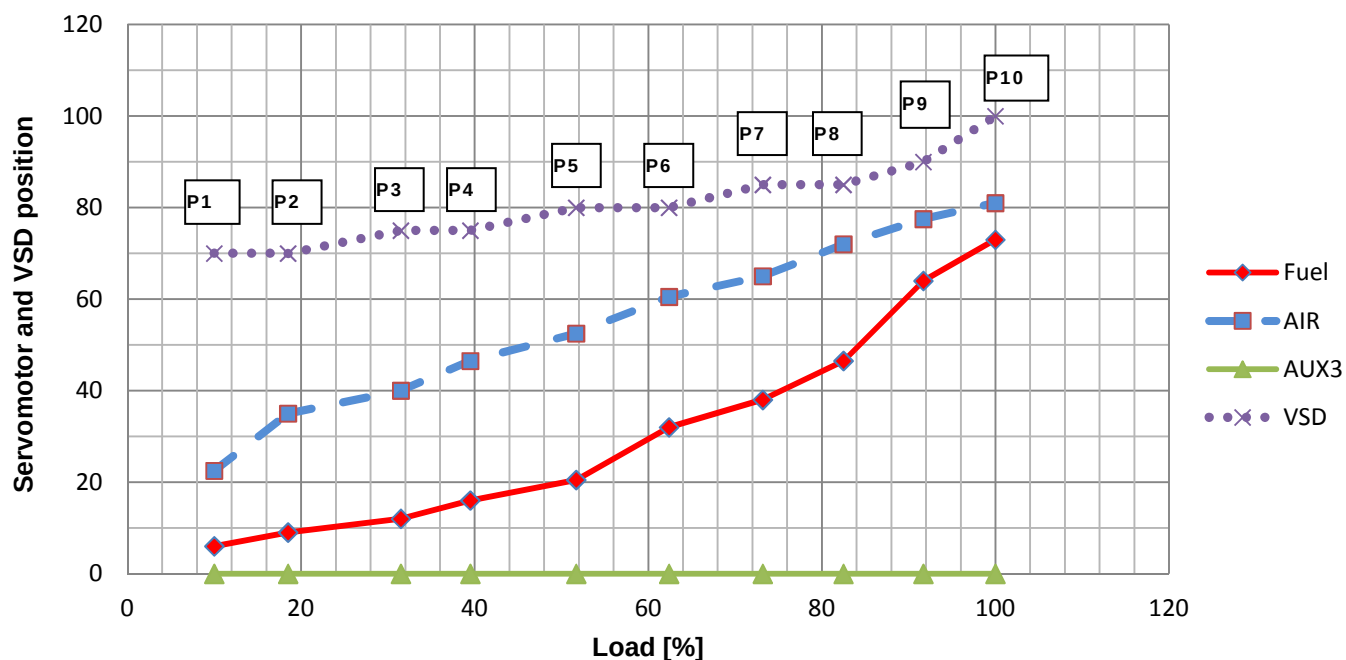
|                                                                                    |                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
|  | <b>ATTENTION: Set the % output load values, for every curve-point</b>                                                                                                                                |
|  | <b>ATTENTION: Adjust actuators position by small changes, always checking combustion parameters.</b>                                                                                                 |
|  | <b>Caution! For safety reasons, once the maximum load point P2 is set, never go down to the minimum load point P1, without having set the other intermediate points before (see next paragraph).</b> |



Caution! In case it is necessary to immediately shut the burner down while working at high flame and the maximum load point is not already set observing the combustion parameters, decrease gas by means of the pressure governor as to drive the burner to a sufficient excess of air, then shut the burner down by the main switch.

At next start-up, start again with point P2 to the minimum load (factory-setting - see previous paragraph) and go on setting the curve points.

Commissioned curve-points - example



P1



ATTENTION: When the maximum load is reached (100%), check again the curve-points. The pressure at the governor has changed and therefore also the gas flow rate to the other points. So, it is necessary to check the adjustment of the points already set.



ATTENTION: for proper operation, it is necessary that the curve of each actuator does not reverse its slope.



ATTENTION: When % load value is changed by user, LMV recalculates all the curve-points according the new load value. It may happen that the point you are adjusting, once saved, is moved to another position.

| Point | Load | 53,2 |
|-------|------|------|
|-------|------|------|

|    |       |      |    |
|----|-------|------|----|
| :5 | Point | Load | 70 |
| :6 | Fuel  | 53.1 |    |
| O2 | Air   | 65.5 |    |
|    | VSD   | 90   |    |

|       |      |      |
|-------|------|------|
| Point | Load | 61,8 |
| :7    | Fuel | 53.1 |
| O2    | Air  | 65.5 |
|       | VSD  | 90   |

| Point | Load | 53,2 |
|-------|------|------|
|-------|------|------|

|    |       |      |      |
|----|-------|------|------|
| :5 | Point | Load | 61,8 |
| :6 | Fuel  | 53.1 |      |
| O2 | Air   | 65.5 |      |
|    | VSD   | 90   |      |

|       |      |      |
|-------|------|------|
| Point | Load | 70   |
| :7    | Fuel | 53.1 |
| O2    | Air  | 65.5 |
|       | VSD  | 90   |

new order position

# 10 Configurations for burner with FGR

## 10.1 Recommendations

|                                                                                    |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |
|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
|    | <p><b>Note!</b></p> <p>Reduction of maximum burner output</p> <p>Use of the flue gas recirculation (FGR) function or the flue gas mass introduced to the supply air duct might lower the burner's maximum output.</p> <p>This means that the maximum amount of combustion air that can be introduced will be reduced.</p> <p>It is recommended to consider a proper air excess during the regulation of the burner in order to have to the right O2 content in the smoke, after the flue gas recirculation.</p> <p>Hence, the amount of fuel for high-fire operation must be reduced to ensure correct combustion values.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
|    | <p><b>Caution!</b></p> <p>Temperature-compensated flue gas recirculation (FGR) can be correctly set only when selecting with <i>DriveLowfire</i> in operation!</p> <p>A change in the curve point without the corresponding flue gas recirculation temperature (e.g. <i>without driving</i> in operation or in standby) results in an incorrect <i>pairing</i> of the values <i>Flue gas recirculation position</i> and <i>Flue gas recirculation temperature</i>.</p> <p>This can lead to excessive amounts of recirculated flue gas, which might cause the flame to lift: Stability limit of flame.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |
|    | <p><b>Caution!</b></p> <p>A subsequent change of the curve point without an associated flue gas recirculation (FGR) temperature (e.g. without <i>DriveLowfire</i> in operation or standby) leads to an incorrect pairing of <i>flue gas recirculation-position</i> and <i>flue gas recirculation-temperature</i>.</p> <p>This can lead to excessive amounts of recirculated flue gas, which might cause the flame to lift: Stability limit of flame.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
|  | <p><b>Note!</b></p> <p>Flue gas recirculation (FGR) in combination with O2 trim control Recommendation: Do not use flue gas recirculation (FGR) in combination with O2 trim control.</p> <p>This has no impact on the use of the O2 alarm.</p> <p>The physical effects are the following:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Pressures have reciprocal effects.</li> <li>2. The reduction of O2 can lead to a significant increase of NOx levels.</li> </ol> <p>As a result of these reciprocal effects, it is difficult, if not impossible, to adjust fuel-air ratio control, O2 trim control, and the flue gas recirculation (FGR) function.</p> <p>Even if an adjustment was possible, the flame may become unstable during operation, or the required NOx levels might not be reached.</p>                               |
|  | <p><b>Note!</b></p> <p>The full scope of setting <i>TCautoDeact</i> is possible only when the flue gas temperature is acquired via the load controller input (X60...).</p> <p>When the temperature is acquired via the PLL52... input (X86...) and the O2 trim controller / alarm is active (not <i>CtrlAutoDeac</i>), flue gas recirculation (FGR) mode <i>temperature-compensated</i> cannot be used (would lead to error C:F6 D:2).</p> <p>When operating mode <i>O2 Control</i> is deactivated (<i>man deact</i>), operating mode <i>TCautoDeact</i> can be used if the flue gas temperature is acquired via PLL52... (X86...).</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
|  | <p><b>Attention!</b></p> <p>If at an dual-fuel burner the FGR function is used for only one fuel (e.g. gas operation with FGR and oil operation without FGR) pay attention to the following:</p> <p>When the fuel selection is switched over to the fuel without FGR it must be assured that the FGR actuator is closed and is supervised kept in the closed position.</p> <p>This is accomplished by making the following settings for the fuel without FGR:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- Activation of the AUX3 actuator</li> <li>- Parameterization of the positions Home, Prepurge , Ignition and Postpurge to <i>closed</i></li> <li>- Parameterization of all AUX3 actuator positions at all curve points to <i>closed</i></li> <li>- Parameterization of the FGR operating mode to <i>Aux3onCurve</i></li> </ul> |

Before to activate the FGR system, it is mandatory to complete the air/fuel ratio curve for each point, up to the maximum burned output.

Check the previous chapter for instructions.

|                                                                                    |                                                                                                                                                                             |
|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
|  | <p><b>WARNING:</b> Activating or increasing the FGR butterfly valve opening, it is mandatory to check the combustion by means a properly and calibrated smoke analyzer.</p> |
|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|

## 10.2 Address and activate the AUX3 servomotor.

Usually these operations are already set in the manufacturer factory.

They would be necessary in same cases as: the substitution of the servomotor, in case the FGR mode were not activated yet or the LMV5x were be supplied loose...



**WARNING:** for LMV52.400 device, in case of FGR servomotor addressing: the only possible choice is **AuxActuator3**. Don't set the FGR servomotor for a different one.

| 1st level        | 2nd level | 3rd level  | 4th level                                                                              | 5th level | 6th level     | Description                                    |
|------------------|-----------|------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------|---------------|------------------------------------------------|
| Params & Display |           |            |                                                                                        |           |               |                                                |
|                  | Actuators |            |                                                                                        |           |               | Parameter settings for fuel/ air ratio control |
|                  |           | Addressing |                                                                                        |           |               | Parameter settings for firing on Gas or on Oil |
|                  |           |            | AirActuator<br>GasActuat<br>OilActuat<br>AuxActuator<br>AuxActuator 2<br>AuxActuator 3 |           | AuxActuator 3 | AuxActuator 3 MUST be chosen                   |

After the addressing, activate the FGR servomotor.

| 1st level        | 2nd level    | 3rd level                  | 4th level                  | 5th level                                                   | 6th level                                           | Description                                                        |
|------------------|--------------|----------------------------|----------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Params & Display |              |                            |                            |                                                             |                                                     |                                                                    |
|                  | RatioControl |                            |                            |                                                             |                                                     | Parameter settings for fuel/ air ratio control                     |
|                  |              | GasSettings<br>OilSettings |                            |                                                             |                                                     | Parameter settings for firing on Gas or on Oil                     |
|                  |              |                            | AuxActuator                | deactivated<br>damper act<br>VSD active<br>AUX3<br>VSD+Aux3 | Deactivated for LMV52.xxx<br><br>AUX3 for LMV51.300 | Deactivated for LMV52.xxx<br>AUX3 for LMV51.300                    |
|                  |              |                            | AirActuator                | deactivated<br>activated<br>air influen                     | activated                                           |                                                                    |
|                  |              |                            | AuxActuator 1              |                                                             |                                                     |                                                                    |
|                  |              |                            | AuxActuator 2              |                                                             |                                                     |                                                                    |
|                  |              |                            | AuxActuator 3              |                                                             | Activated for LMV52.xxx                             |                                                                    |
|                  |              |                            | VSD                        |                                                             |                                                     |                                                                    |
|                  |              |                            | GasActuator<br>OilActuator |                                                             | Activated<br>Activated                              | Choice according to the Operation mode gas setting or oil setting. |

### 10.3 Setting the special positions

| 1st level                                                                        | 2nd level                                                                         | 3rd level                                                                         | 4th level       | 5th level | 6th level | Description |
|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------|-----------|-----------|-------------|
| Param & Display                                                                  |                                                                                   |                                                                                   |                 |           |           |             |
|  | RatioControl                                                                      |                                                                                   |                 |           |           |             |
|                                                                                  |  | GasSettings<br>OilSettings                                                        |                 |           |           |             |
|                                                                                  |                                                                                   |  | SpecialPosition |           |           |             |

Suggested positions are below. They can be modify during the commissioning according to right needs.

#### Special Position: AUX3 POS

- Home position 0° (Closed)
- Prepurge position 90° (Open)
- Ignition position 0° (Closed)
- Postpurge position 90° (Open)

### 10.4 Setting the load controller mode: see the previous chapter (regolazione senza FGR)

|                                                                                    |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |
|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
|   | <b>WARNING:</b> If one of the intLC (internal Load Controller) option must be choice, a temperature sensor cannot be connected to the terminal X60. A temperature sensor with analogue output or a converter Ohm → mA or V must be used. They must be connected to the terminals X61. |
|  | <b>WARNING:</b> If one of the extLC (External Load Controller) options must be used, set "no sensor", "Temperature sensor" or "Pressure Sensor" on the choice for the modulation probe.                                                                                               |
|  | <b>WARNING:</b> The X61 door must be configured in according to the used sensor or signal.                                                                                                                                                                                            |

## 10.5 FGR mode choice

| 1st level                                                                        | 2nd level                                                                         | 3rd level                                                                                     | 4th level                                                                                      | 5th level | 6th level | Description                                                     |
|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------|-----------|-----------------------------------------------------------------|
| Param & Display                                                                  |                                                                                   |                                                                                               |                                                                                                |           |           |                                                                 |
|  | Flue Gas Recirc                                                                   |                                                                                               |                                                                                                |           |           |                                                                 |
|                                                                                  |  | FGR-Mode<br> | AUX3onCurve<br>time<br>temperature<br>temp. contr.<br>TCautoDeact<br>deactMinpos<br>auto deact |           |           | According to the preference and instruction in the table below. |

Description of the FGR mode.

| FGR-Mode    | Description                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             | LMV50<br>LMV51.3<br>LMV52.2 | LMV52.4.. |
|-------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------|-----------|
| Aux3onCurve | Flue gas recirculation (FGR) function is deactivated.<br>Auxiliary actuator 3 is driven along its parameterized ratio control curve                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     | ●                           | ●         |
| deactivated | After the ignition position, auxiliary actuator 3 is always held at the minimum position for flue gas recirculation (indicated with #) and the flue gas recirculation temperature is not evaluated (display XXX).<br><br>This ensures that the system is operated in a safe state if the flue gas recirculation setting could not be fully realized.<br><br>We recommend performing burner start-up using this setting prior to setting the flue gas recirculation curve                                |                             | ●         |
| time        | Auxiliary actuator 3 maintains the ignition position until an adjustable time is reached (parameter "DelaytimeFGR...").<br><br>During the operation, the burner regulate its load as per the set curve points, without flue gas recirculation.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          | ●                           | ●         |
| temperature | Auxiliary actuator 3 maintains the ignition position until an adjustable temperature is reached (parameter "FRG On Temp ...").<br><br>During the operation, the burner regulate its load as per the set curve points, without flue gas recirculation.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   | ●                           | ●         |
| temp.contr. | The position of auxiliary actuator 3 is determined depending on the flue gas temperature and the ratio control curve.<br><br>In addition, the actuator can maintain the ignition position until an adjustable time (parameter FGR On Time ...) is reached                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |                             | ●         |
| TCautoDeact | Same manner of operation as temp.contr., but the function is automatically deactivated should the flue gas sensor become faulty.<br><br>The actuator is driven to the minimum flue gas recirculation (FGR) position and a warning is issued                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |                             | ●         |
| deactMinpos | After the ignition position, auxiliary actuator 3 always maintains the minimum flue gas recirculation (FGR) position (indicated by #) and the flue gas recirculation (FGR) temperature is not evaluated (display of XXX).<br><br>The system can thus be driven to a secure state, if it was not possible to fully complete the flue gas recirculation (FGR) settings.<br><br>It is recommended to use this setting for commissioning the burner before adjusting the flue gas recirculation (FGR) curve |                             |           |
| auto deact  | Flue gas recirculation (FGR) with temperature compensation was automatically deactivated. Same operation mode as deactMinpos, but a warning is issued                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |                             | ●         |



## 10.6 Main parameter of the FGR function

| Parameter                                                           | Description                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              | LMV50<br>LMV51.3<br>LMV52.2 | LMV52.4.. |
|---------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------|-----------|
| DelaytimeFGR Gas<br>DelaytimeFGR Oil                                | Setting of delay time for auxiliary actuator 3 to be kept in the ignition position after entering phase <i>OPERATION</i>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 | ●                           | ●         |
| ThresholdFGR Gas<br>ThresholdFGR Oil                                | Setting of temperature that must not be exceeded so that auxiliary actuator 3 can be kept in the ignition position                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       | ●                           |           |
| <i>FGR-sensor</i><br>(X86 PtNi1000 /<br>X60 Pt1000 /<br>X60 Ni1000) | Selection of temperature sensors for temperature-compensated flue gas recirculation (FGR)                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                | ●                           | ●         |
| <i>Factor FGR Gas</i><br><br><i>Factor FGR Oil</i>                  | Readjustment of calculated temperature-dependent position of auxiliary actuator 3.<br>The setting is made in steps of 1%.<br>100% means no readjustment.<br>Settings <100% reduce the amount of recirculate flue gas (moving the damper toward the fully closed position).<br>The factor has an impact only when there is a deviation from the learned flue gas recirculation (FGR) temperature.<br>This means that when reaching the initially acquired flue gas recirculation (FGR) temperature, the stored position is approached, independent of the flue gas recirculation (FGR) factor.<br>See the <i>Examples of tables showing the damper positions with FGR</i> |                             | ●         |
| <i>FGR MinPos</i>                                                   | Minimum limitation of position of auxiliary actuator 3 for <i>temp.comp.</i> and <i>TCautoDeact</i> modes.<br>The setting is made as an absolute value and ensures that flue gas recirculation (FGR) always operates with at least a minimum amount of flue gas.<br>The position is also used to ensure a defined damper position for emergency operation or automatically deactivated flue gas recirculation (FGR)                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |                             | ●         |
| <i>FGR MaxPos Fact</i>                                              | Maximum limitation of the required position of auxiliary actuator 3 calculated from the current temperature and the warm position.<br>The setting is made in steps of 1% and refers to the relevant curve-point.<br>Interpolation between the curve-points is linear                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |                             | ●         |

The parameter are in side the AZL menu with following structure:

| 1st level       | 2nd level       | 3rd level                            | 4th level                | 5th level | 6th level | Description                       |
|-----------------|-----------------|--------------------------------------|--------------------------|-----------|-----------|-----------------------------------|
| Param & Display |                 |                                      |                          |           |           |                                   |
|                 | Flue Gas Recirc |                                      |                          |           |           |                                   |
|                 |                 | FGR-sensor                           | X60 Pt1000<br>X60 Ni1000 |           |           | According to the available probe  |
|                 |                 | ThresholdFGR Gas<br>ThresholdFGR Oil | 0...850 °C               |           |           | According to the regulation needs |
|                 |                 | DelaytimeFGR Gas<br>DelaytimeFGR Oil | 0...63 min               |           |           | According to the regulation needs |
|                 |                 | Factor FGR Gas<br>Factor FGR Oil     | 10..100%                 |           |           | According to the regulation needs |
|                 |                 | FGR MinPos                           |                          |           |           | According to the regulation needs |
|                 |                 | FGR MaxPos Fact                      | 0..100%                  |           |           | According to the regulation needs |

|                                                                                    |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |
|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
|  | <p><b>WARNING: Only in case of FGR temperature compensation function.</b></p> <p>If the detected temperature value is lower than the value recorded during the curve setting, the AUX3 servomotor doesn't reach the set position, but it will be closer. In this condition flue gas recirculation flow could be not sufficient or too much.</p> <p>NOx value could be different from the expected or the flame could be instable. Try to reduce the correction factor ("Factor FGR Gas" or "Factor FGR Oil"). In case readjust the FGR curve. Probably the point was saved also if the flue gas temperature were too far from the regime condition.</p> |
|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|

10.7 Example of FGR factor and FGR Maps Factor on the burner regulation.

We consider to set the AUX3 for FGR with the “temp.contr.” Mode  
The curve is as per the below table.

|                 |        |        |        |        |                                                                                                               |
|-----------------|--------|--------|--------|--------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Point           | 1      | 2      | 3      | 4      | Note                                                                                                          |
| Load %          | 37,5 % | 62,5 % | 75 %   | 100 %  |                                                                                                               |
| AUX3 FGR Curve  | 19,3 ° | 25,0 ° | 28,5 ° | 37,0 ° |                                                                                                               |
| FGR temperature | 72 °C  | 105 °C | 121 °C | 150 °C | The flue gas value increase from low to high flame.<br>The temperature is with burner in operative condition. |

LMV52.400 will calculate a “Zero Curve” referred to flue gas 0°C temperature.  
The “Zero Curve” is calculated in reference to the effect of the temperature on the smoke density.  
If “FGR factor” is set at 100% LMV will not make any additional correction.

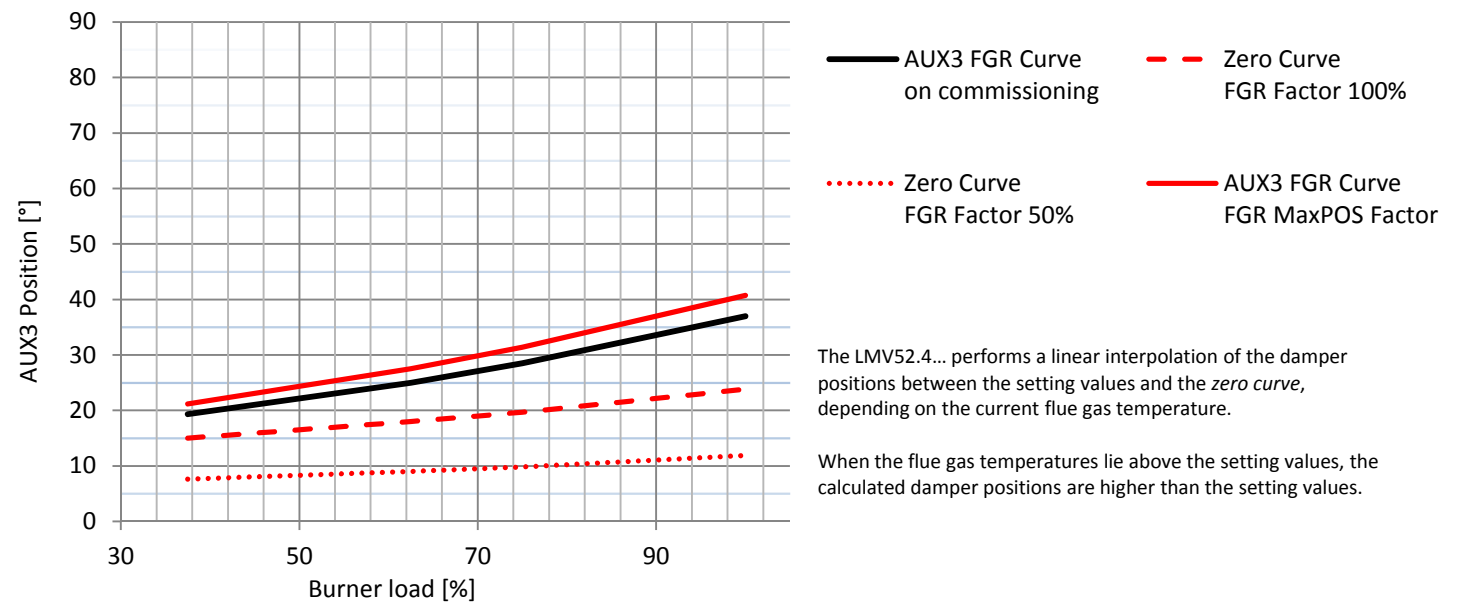
|                                  |       |       |         |         |                        |
|----------------------------------|-------|-------|---------|---------|------------------------|
| Point                            | 1     | 2     | 3       | 4       | Note                   |
| Pos. FGR con T = 0 °C zero curve | 15 °C | 18 °C | 19,7 °C | 23,8 °C | FGR Factor set on 100% |

If “FGR factor” is set at lower value than 100% LMV will apply an additional correction to calculate the “Zero Curve”.  
If “FGR factor” is 50%, the new “zero Curve” will be

|                                  |       |       |       |        |                                                                                                                                                                                  |
|----------------------------------|-------|-------|-------|--------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Point                            | 1     | 2     | 3     | 4      | Note                                                                                                                                                                             |
| Pos. FGR con T = 0 °C zero curve | 7,6 ° | 9,0 ° | 9,8 ° | 11,9 ° | FGR Factor set on 50%<br><br>The above example shows that – with the zero curve – a flue gas recirculation (FGR) factor of 50% leads to a 50% reduction of the damper positions. |

If the temperature value of the smoke during the operation of the burner is higher than the temperature value during the commissioning, the AUX3 position will be bigger than the set values.  
To avoid a wide opening of the FGR butterfly valve it could be necessary to limit the automatic correction LMV52.400.  
This could be necessary if the AUX3 opening become bigger than 90°, if a flame instability happen, or the flue gas recirculation is too big...  
To limit the correction due to a higher temperature value, it become necessary to set the parameter “FGR MaxPOS Factor”.

|          |        |        |        |        |                                                                                                              |
|----------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Point    | 1      | 2      | 3      | 4      | Note                                                                                                         |
| Pos. FGR | 21,2 ° | 27,5 ° | 31,4 ° | 40,7 ° | FGR MaxPOS Factor set on 10%<br>I valori sono il 10% in più rispetto ai corrispondenti settati inizialmente. |



## 11 Cold start thermal shock (CSTP)

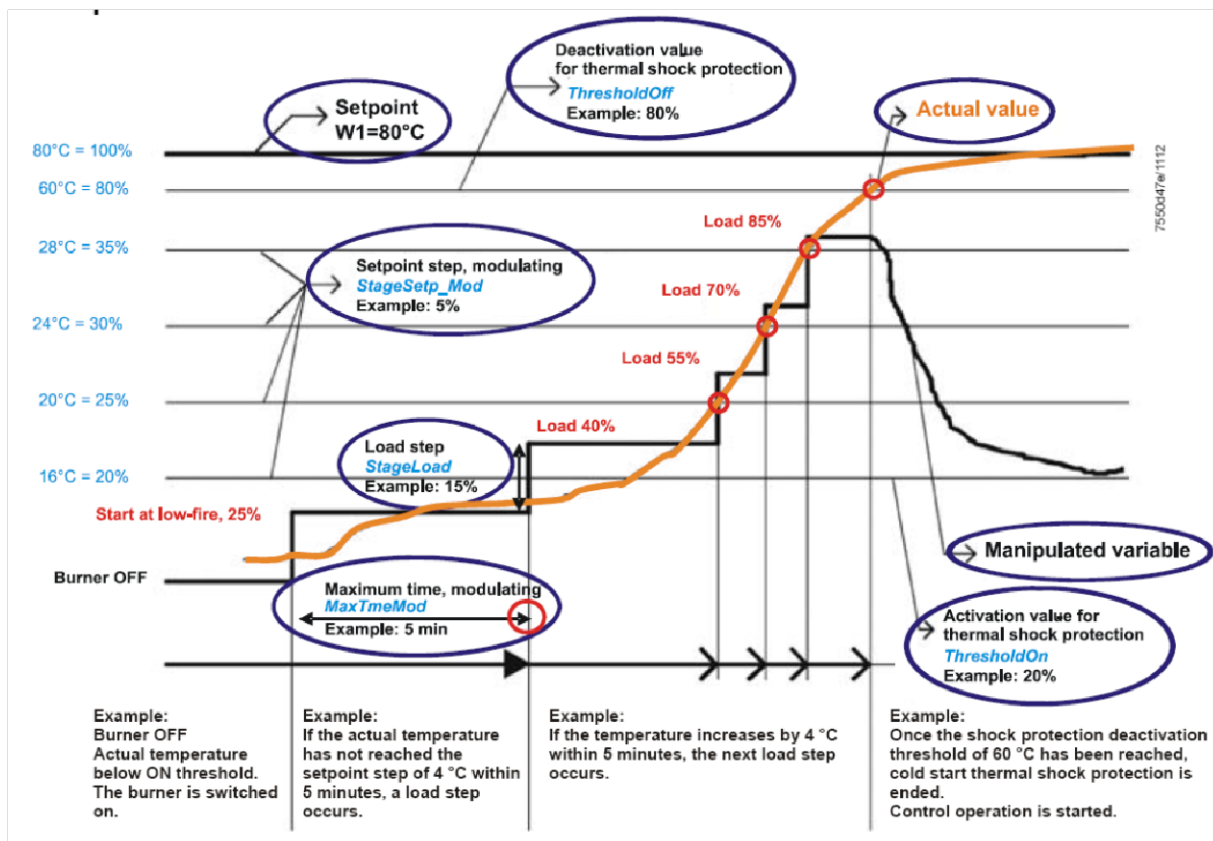
If there is a steam boiler or a boiler that must start up cold in the plant and to avoid thermal shocks a slow heating is required for the boiler by maintaining the burner at the minimum output, the automatic function "Cold start thermal shock" can be performed instead of the manual operation at minimum load.

The CSTP (Cold Start Thermal Schock) function can be enabled by the Technical service only (access by reserved password). if this function is enabled, when the burner starts up the "Thermal shock protection activated" message will be shown.

If this function is not enabled, after start-up, the burner will rapidly increase the load according to the requested value.

The CSTP function is a Service level paramter, to enable this function proceed as follows:

| 1st level                                                                        | 2nd level                                                                         | 3rd level                                                                           | 4th level            | 5th level                                | 6th level   | Description                                                                                                                                                                                             |
|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------------|------------------------------------------|-------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Params & Display                                                                 |                                                                                   |                                                                                     |                      |                                          |             | Menu level for making the parameter settings                                                                                                                                                            |
|  | LoadController                                                                    |                                                                                     |                      |                                          |             | Settings for the internal load controller                                                                                                                                                               |
|                                                                                  |  | ColdStart                                                                           |                      |                                          |             | Settings for the cold start (thermal shock protection)                                                                                                                                                  |
|                                                                                  |                                                                                   |    | ColdStartOn          | Deactivated<br>Activated                 |             | The parameter <b>ColdStartOn</b> deactivates or activates the Cold start protection function, the other parameters are factory set and can be changed following the next programming rows (see diagram) |
|                                                                                  |                                                                                   |    | ThresholdOn          | 0...100%Wcurrent                         | 20%         |                                                                                                                                                                                                         |
|                                                                                  |                                                                                   |    | StageLoad            | 0..100%                                  | 15%         |                                                                                                                                                                                                         |
|                                                                                  |                                                                                   |    | StageSetp_M od       | 1...100% Wcurrent                        | 5%          |                                                                                                                                                                                                         |
|                                                                                  |                                                                                   |    | Stage- Setp_Stage    | 1...100% Wcurrent                        | 5%          |                                                                                                                                                                                                         |
|                                                                                  |                                                                                   |   | MaxTme- Mod          | 1...63 min                               | 3 min       |                                                                                                                                                                                                         |
|                                                                                  |                                                                                   |  | MaxTmeStage          | 1...63 min                               | 3 min       | Cold start thermal shock protection, maximum time per step (multistage)                                                                                                                                 |
|                                                                                  |                                                                                   |  | ThresholdOff         | 1...100% Wcurrent                        | 80%         | Cold start thermal shock protection deactivation level referred to the current set-point (Wcurrent)                                                                                                     |
|                                                                                  |                                                                                   |  | Additional-Sens      | Deactivated<br>Pt100<br>Pt1000<br>Ni1000 | Deactivated | Select extra sensor for cold start thermal shock protection                                                                                                                                             |
|                                                                                  |                                                                                   |  | Temp Cold- Start     | 0...2000 °C                              |             | Display of temperature acquired by extra sensor for the cold start thermal shock protection function                                                                                                    |
|                                                                                  |                                                                                   |  | Setpoint AddSensor   | 0...450 °C                               | 60°C        | Set-point for extra sensor for cold start thermal shock protection                                                                                                                                      |
|                                                                                  |                                                                                   |  | Release Stages       | no release/ release                      | release     | Cold start thermal shock protection load step stage mode (multistage operation)                                                                                                                         |
|                                                                                  |                                                                                   |  | MaxTmeStage          | 1...63 min                               | 3 min       | Cold start thermal shock protection, maximum time per step (multistage)                                                                                                                                 |
|                                                                                  |                                                                                   |  | ThresholdOff         | 1...100% Wcurrent                        | 80%         | Cold start thermal shock protection deactivation level referred to the current set-point (Wcurrent)                                                                                                     |
|                                                                                  |                                                                                   |  | AdditionalSens       | deactivated Pt100<br>Pt1000 Ni1000       | deactivated | Select extra sensor for cold start thermal shock protection                                                                                                                                             |
|                                                                                  |                                                                                   |  | Temp Cold- Start     | 0...2000 °C                              |             | Display of temperature acquired by extra sensor for the cold start thermal shock protection function                                                                                                    |
|                                                                                  |                                                                                   |  | Setpoint Add- Sensor | 0...450 °C                               | 60 °C       | Set-point for extra sensor for cold start thermal shock protection                                                                                                                                      |
|                                                                                  |                                                                                   |  | Release Stages       | no release/ release                      | release     | Cold start thermal shock protection load step stage mode (multistage operation)                                                                                                                         |



**Note:** by enabling the manual operation (this function can be set at user level also -see chapter "manual operation") the CSTP function is momentary excluded, when enabling the automatic operation again, the CSTP function (previously set at Service level) will be enabled as well.

## 12 BURNER MANUAL OPERATION

The operator can decide if choosing burner manual operation at a settable fixed load or modulating operation through the automatic load controller, then can also set the burner shutdown by means of the "burner off" function.

Choose the type of operation (Au-tom / Manual / Off).

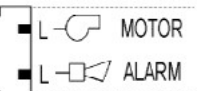
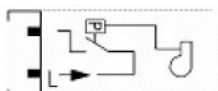
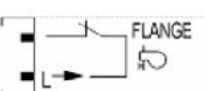
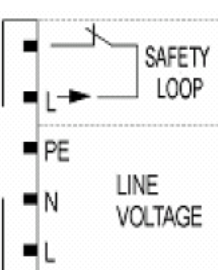
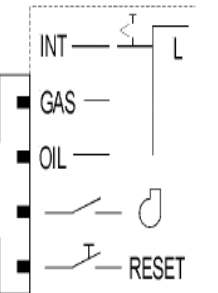
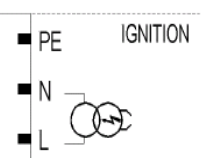
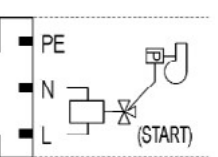
| 1st level                                                                        | 2nd level                                                                         | 3rd level                            | Password | Description                                                          |
|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------|----------|----------------------------------------------------------------------|
| ManualOpe- ration                                                                |                                                                                   |                                      |          | Menu level for activating manual operation with the preselected load |
|  | Au-tom/<br>Manual/Off                                                             |                                      |          | Selection of manual or automatic operation                           |
|                                                                                  |  | Automatic/ Burner<br>on / Burner off | User     |                                                                      |

Setting the load percentage for the manual operation

To set the load percentage at which the burner must operate in manual mode, proceed as described below.

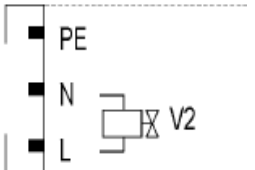
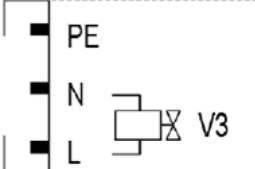
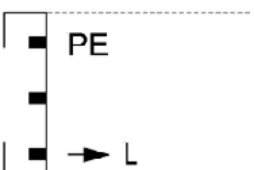
| 1st level                                                                         | 2nd level                                                                           | 3rd level | Password | Description                                                          |
|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------|----------|----------------------------------------------------------------------|
| ManualOpe- ration                                                                 |                                                                                     |           |          | Menu level for activating manual operation with the preselected load |
|  | SetLoad                                                                             |           |          | Set target load                                                      |
|                                                                                   |  | 0..100%   | User     |                                                                      |

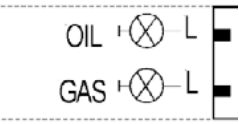
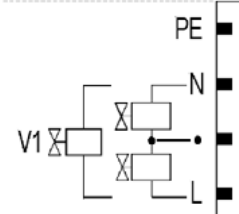
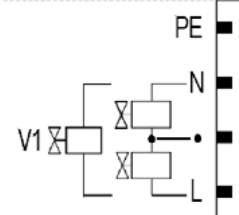
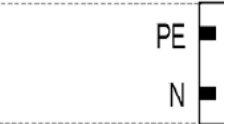
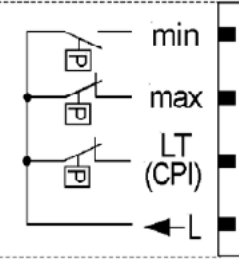


| Terminal group | Connection symbol |                                                                                     | Input | Output | Description of connection terminals                                     | Electrical rating                                                     |
|----------------|-------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------|--------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------|
| X3-01          | PIN1              |    |       | x      | Fan motor contactor                                                     | AC 230 V +10 % / -15 %, 50...60 Hz, 1 A, cos.0.4                      |
|                | PIN2              |                                                                                     |       | x      | Alarm                                                                   | AC 230 V +10 % / -15 %, 50...60 Hz, 1 A, cos.0.4                      |
| X3-02          | PIN1              |    | x     |        | Air pressure switch (LP)                                                | AC 230 V +10 % / -15 %, 50...60 Hz, I <sub>max</sub> 1.5 mA           |
|                | PIN2              |                                                                                     |       | x      | Power signal for air pressure switch (LP)                               | AC 230 V +10 % / -15 %, 50...60 Hz, I <sub>max</sub> 500 mA           |
| X3-03          | PIN1              |    | x     |        | End switch burner flange                                                | AC 230 V +10 % / -15 %, 50...60 Hz, I <sub>max</sub> 5 A              |
|                | PIN2              |                                                                                     |       | x      | Power signal for end switch burner flange                               | AC 230 V +10 % / -15 %, 50...60 Hz, I <sub>max</sub> 5 A              |
| X3-04          | PIN1              |    | x     |        | Safety loop                                                             | AC 230 V +10 % / -15 %, 50...60 Hz, I <sub>max</sub> 5 A              |
|                | PIN2              |                                                                                     |       | x      | Power signal for safety loop                                            | AC 230 V +10 % / -15 %, 50...60 Hz, I <sub>max</sub> 5 A              |
|                | PIN3              |                                                                                     | x     |        | Protective earth (PE)                                                   |                                                                       |
|                | PIN4              |                                                                                     | x     |        | Supply voltage neutral conductor (N)                                    |                                                                       |
|                | PIN5              |                                                                                     | x     |        | Supply voltage live conductor (L)                                       | AC 230 V +10 % / -15 %, 50...60 Hz, fuse 6.3 AT (DIN EN 60 127 2 / 5) |
| X4-01          |                   |   |       |        | Fuel selection "internal" if pin 1-2 is not used                        |                                                                       |
|                | PIN1              |                                                                                     | x     |        | Fuel selection gas                                                      | AC 230 V +10 % / -15 %, 50...60 Hz, I <sub>max</sub> 1.5 mA           |
|                | PIN2              |                                                                                     | x     |        | Fuel selection oil                                                      | AC 230 V +10 % / -15 %, 50...60 Hz, I <sub>max</sub> 1.5 mA           |
|                | PIN3              |                                                                                     | x     |        | Fan contactor contact (FCC) or flue gas recirculation pressure switch   | AC 230 V +10 % / -15 %, 50...60 Hz, I <sub>max</sub> 1.5 mA           |
|                | PIN4              |                                                                                     | x     |        | Reset / manual lockout                                                  | AC 230 V +10 % / -15 %, 50...60 Hz, I <sub>max</sub> 1.5 mA           |
| X4-02          | PIN1              |  |       | x      | Protective earth (PE)                                                   |                                                                       |
|                | PIN2              |                                                                                     |       | x      | Neutral conductor (N)                                                   |                                                                       |
|                | PIN3              |                                                                                     |       | x      | Ignition                                                                | AC 230 V +10 % / -15 %, 50...60 Hz, 2 A, cos.0.2                      |
| X4-03          | PIN1              |  |       | x      | Protective earth (PE)                                                   |                                                                       |
|                | PIN2              |                                                                                     |       | x      | Neutral conductor (N)                                                   |                                                                       |
|                | PIN3              |                                                                                     |       | x      | Start signal or pressure switch relief (air pressure switch test valve) | AC 230 V +10 % / -15 %, 50...60 Hz, 0.5 A, cos.0.4                    |

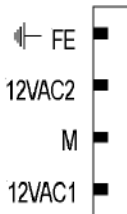
| Terminal group | Connection symbol |  | Input | Output | Description of connection terminals                  | Electrical rating                                           |
|----------------|-------------------|--|-------|--------|------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------|
| X5-01          | PIN1              |  |       | x      | Protective earth (PE)                                |                                                             |
|                | PIN2              |  | x     |        | Pressure switch min-oil (DWmin-oil)                  | AC 230 V +10 % / -15 %, 50...60 Hz, I <sub>max</sub> 1.5 mA |
|                | PIN3              |  |       | x      | Power signal for pressure switch-min-oil (DWmin-oil) | AC 230 V +10 % / -15 %, 50...60 Hz, I <sub>max</sub> 500 mA |
| X5-02          | PIN1              |  |       | x      | Protective earth (PE)                                |                                                             |
|                | PIN2              |  | x     |        | Pressure switch-max-oil (DWmax-oil)                  | AC 230 V +10 % / -15 %, 50...60 Hz, I <sub>max</sub> 1.5 mA |
|                | PIN3              |  |       | x      | Power signal for pressure switch-max-oil (DWmax-oil) | AC 230 V +10 % / -15 %, 50...60 Hz, I <sub>max</sub> 500 mA |
| X5-03          | PIN1              |  | x     |        | Controller (ON / OFF)                                | AC 230 V +10 % / -15 %, 50...60 Hz, I <sub>max</sub> 1.5 mA |
|                | PIN2              |  | x     |        | Controller closes / stage 3                          | AC 230 V +10 % / -15 %, 50...60 Hz, I <sub>max</sub> 1.5 mA |
|                | PIN3              |  | x     |        | Controller opens / stage 2                           | AC 230 V +10 % / -15 %, 50...60 Hz, I <sub>max</sub> 1.5 mA |
|                | PIN4              |  |       | x      | Power signal for control of controller               | AC 230 V +10 % / -15 %, 50...60 Hz, I <sub>max</sub> 500 mA |
| X6-01          | PIN1              |  | x     |        | Start release oil                                    | AC 230 V +10 % / -15 %, 50...60 Hz, I <sub>max</sub> 1.5 mA |
|                | PIN2              |  |       | x      | Power signal start release oil                       | AC 230 V +10 % / -15 %, 50...60 Hz, I <sub>max</sub> 500 mA |
|                | PIN3              |  | x     |        | Direct heavy oil start                               | AC 230 V +10 % / -15 %, 50...60 Hz, I <sub>max</sub> 1.5 mA |
|                | PIN4              |  |       | x      | Power signal direct heavy oil start                  | AC 230 V +10 % / -15 %, 50...60 Hz, I <sub>max</sub> 500 mA |
| X6-02          | PIN1              |  |       | x      | Protective earth (PE)                                |                                                             |
|                | PIN2              |  |       | x      | Neutral conductor (N)                                |                                                             |
|                | PIN3              |  |       | x      | Oil pump / magnetic coupling                         | AC 230 V +10 % / -15 %, 50...60 Hz, 2 A, cos.0.4            |
| X6-03          | PIN1              |  |       | x      | Protective earth (PE)                                |                                                             |
|                | PIN2              |  |       | x      | Neutral conductor (N)                                |                                                             |
|                | PIN3              |  |       |        | Fuel valve (shutoff valve-oil)                       | AC 230 V +10 % / -15 %, 50...60 Hz, 1 A, cos.0.4            |

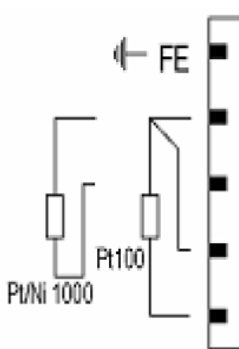
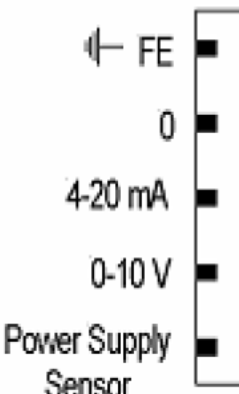
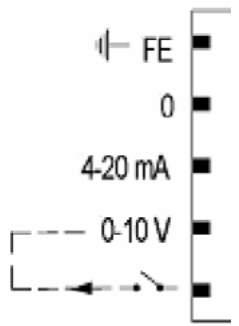
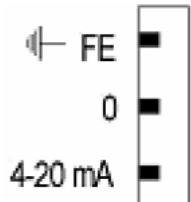


| Terminal group | Connection symbol |                                                                                   | Input | Output | Description of connection terminals | Electrical rating                                           |
|----------------|-------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------|--------|-------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------|
| X7-01          | PIN1              |  |       | x      | Protective earth (PE)               |                                                             |
|                | PIN2              |                                                                                   |       | x      | Neutral conductor (N)               |                                                             |
|                | PIN3              |                                                                                   |       |        | Fuel valve 2 (oil)                  | AC 230 V +10 % / -15 %, 50...60 Hz, 1 A, cos.0.4            |
| X7-02          | PIN1              |  |       | x      | Protective earth (PE)               |                                                             |
|                | PIN2              |                                                                                   |       | x      | Neutral conductor (N)               |                                                             |
|                | PIN3              |                                                                                   |       |        | Fuel valve 3 (oil)                  | AC 230 V +10 % / -15 %, 50...60 Hz, 1 A, cos.0.4            |
| X7-03          | PIN1              |  |       | x      | Protective earth (PE)               |                                                             |
|                | PIN2              |                                                                                   | x     |        | Start release gas CPL (LMV52...)    | AC 230 V +10 % / -15 %, 50...60 Hz, I <sub>max</sub> 1.5 mA |
|                | PIN3              |                                                                                   |       | x      | Power signal (reserve)              | AC 230 V +10 % / -15 %, 50...60 Hz, I <sub>max</sub> 500 mA |

| Terminal group | Connection symbol                                                                   |      | Input | Output | Description of connection terminals                                             | Electrical rating                                           |
|----------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------|-------|--------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------|
| X8-01          |    | PIN2 |       | x      | Firing on oil                                                                   | AC 230 V +10 % / -15 %, 50...60 Hz, 1 A, cos.0.4            |
|                |                                                                                     | PIN1 |       | x      | Firing on gas                                                                   | AC 230 V +10 % / -15 %, 50...60 Hz, 1 A, cos.0.4            |
| X8-02          |    | PIN4 |       | x      | Protective earth (PE)                                                           |                                                             |
|                |                                                                                     | PIN3 |       | x      | Neutral conductor (N)                                                           |                                                             |
|                |                                                                                     | PIN2 |       | x      | Wiring point for valves connected in series                                     |                                                             |
|                |                                                                                     | PIN1 |       | x      | Fuel valve 1 (oil)                                                              | AC 230 V +10 % / -15 %, 50...60 Hz, 1 A, cos.0.4            |
| X8-03          |    | PIN4 |       | x      | Protective earth (PE)                                                           |                                                             |
|                |                                                                                     | PIN3 |       | x      | Neutral conductor (N)                                                           |                                                             |
|                |                                                                                     | PIN2 |       | x      | Wiring point for valves connected in series                                     |                                                             |
|                |                                                                                     | PIN1 |       | x      | Fuel valve 1 (oil)                                                              | AC 230 V +10 % / -15 %, 50...60 Hz, 1 A, cos.0.4            |
| X9-01          |   | PIN4 |       | x      | Fuel valve 1 (gas)                                                              | AC 230 V +10 % / -15 %, 50...60 Hz, 2 A, cos.0.4            |
|                |                                                                                     | PIN3 |       | x      | Fuel valve 2 (gas)                                                              | AC 230 V +10 % / -15 %, 50...60 Hz, 2 A, cos.0.4            |
|                |                                                                                     | PIN2 |       | x      | Fuel valve (gas)                                                                | AC 230 V +10 % / -15 %, 50...60 Hz, 2 A, cos.0.4            |
|                |                                                                                     | PIN1 |       | x      | Fuel valve (shutoff valve-(gas)                                                 | AC 230 V +10 % / -15 %, 50...60 Hz, 2 A, cos.0.4            |
| X9-02          |  | PIN2 |       | x      | Protective earth (PE)                                                           |                                                             |
|                |                                                                                     | PIN1 |       | x      | Neutral conductor (N)                                                           |                                                             |
| X9-03          |  | PIN4 | x     |        | Pressure switch-min-gas, start release gas                                      | AC 230 V +10 % / -15 %, 50...60 Hz, I <sub>max</sub> 1.5 mA |
|                |                                                                                     | PIN3 | x     |        | Pressure switch-max-gas (DWmax- gas)                                            | AC 230 V +10 % / -15 %, 50...60 Hz, I <sub>max</sub> 1.5 mA |
|                |                                                                                     | PIN2 | x     |        | Pressure switch-valve proving-gas / leakage test or valve closing contact (CPI) | AC 230 V +10 % / -15 %, 50...60 Hz, I <sub>max</sub> 1.5 mA |
|                |                                                                                     | PIN1 |       | x      | Power signal for pressure switch                                                | AC 230 V +10 % / -15 %, 50...60 Hz, I <sub>max</sub> 500 mA |

| Termi-<br>nal<br>group | Connection symbol |      | Input | Output | Description of connection termi- nals                                                                                           | Electrical rating                                           |
|------------------------|-------------------|------|-------|--------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------|
| X10-01                 |                   | PIN4 |       | x      | Neutral conductor (N)                                                                                                           | AC 230 V +10 % / -15 %, 50...60 Hz, max 1 mA                |
|                        |                   | PIN3 |       | x      | Power signal transformer                                                                                                        |                                                             |
|                        |                   | PIN2 | x     |        | AC power signal GO                                                                                                              | AC 12 V +10 % / -15 %, 50...60 Hz, max 1.2 mA               |
|                        |                   | PIN1 | x     |        | AC power signal fan motor (G)                                                                                                   |                                                             |
| X10-02                 |                   | PIN6 | x     |        | QRI... (IR detector) / QRA7... signal voltage                                                                                   | Umax DC 5 V                                                 |
|                        |                   | PIN5 |       | x      | Protective earth (PE)                                                                                                           |                                                             |
|                        |                   | PIN4 |       | x      | Neutral conductor (N)                                                                                                           |                                                             |
|                        |                   | PIN3 |       | x      | Power signal                                                                                                                    | AC 230 V +10 % / -15 %, 50...60 Hz, I <sub>max</sub> 500 mA |
|                        |                   | PIN2 |       | x      | QRI... (IR detector) / QRA7... power supply                                                                                     | DC 14 / 21 V <sub>DC</sub> I <sub>max</sub> 100 mA          |
|                        |                   | PIN1 | x     |        | QRB... signal voltage                                                                                                           | Max. DC 8 V                                                 |
|                        |                   |      |       |        |                                                                                                                                 |                                                             |
| X10-03                 |                   | PIN1 |       | x      | Ionization probe (ION) (alternati- vely QRA2.../ QRA4.U/QRA10..., refer to section <i>Description of inputs and out- puts</i> ) | Umax (X3-04-PINS) I <sub>max</sub> 0.5 mA                   |
| X50                    |                   | PIN6 |       | x      | Reference ground (PELV)                                                                                                         |                                                             |
|                        |                   | PIN5 |       | x      | Communication signal (CANL)                                                                                                     | DC U <5 V, R <sub>w</sub> = 120 Ω, level to ISO-DIS 11898   |
|                        |                   | PIN4 |       | x      | Communication signal (CANH)                                                                                                     |                                                             |
|                        |                   | PIN3 |       | x      | AC power supply for actuators / display and operating unit AZL5...                                                              | AC 12 V +10 % / -15 %, 50...60 Hz, Fuse max. 4 A            |
|                        |                   | PIN2 |       | x      | AC power supply for actuators / display and operating unit AZL5...                                                              |                                                             |
|                        |                   | PIN1 | x     |        | Shield connec-<br>tion (functional earth)                                                                                       |                                                             |
|                        |                   |      |       |        |                                                                                                                                 |                                                             |
| X51                    |                   | PIN6 |       | x      | Reference ground (PELV)                                                                                                         |                                                             |
|                        |                   | PIN5 |       | x      | Communication signal (CANL)                                                                                                     | DC U <5 V, R <sub>w</sub> = 120 Ω, level to ISO-DIS 11898   |
|                        |                   | PIN4 |       | x      | Communication signal (CANH)                                                                                                     |                                                             |
|                        |                   | PIN3 |       | x      | AC power supply for actuators / display and operating unit AZL5...                                                              | AC 12 V +10 % / -15 %, 50...60 Hz, Fuse max. 4 A            |
|                        |                   | PIN2 |       | x      | AC power supply for actuators / display and operating unit AZL5...                                                              |                                                             |
|                        |                   | PIN1 | x     |        | Shield connec-<br>tion (functional earth)                                                                                       |                                                             |
|                        |                   |      |       |        |                                                                                                                                 |                                                             |

|     |                                                                                   |      |   |  |                                                    |                                   |
|-----|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------|---|--|----------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------|
| X52 |  | PIN4 | x |  | (functional earth)                                 |                                   |
|     |                                                                                   | PIN3 | x |  | AC power supply from transformer to LMV5... system | AC 12 V +10 % / -15 %, 50...60 Hz |
|     |                                                                                   | PIN2 | x |  | Reference ground (PELV)                            |                                   |
|     |                                                                                   | PIN1 | x |  | AC power supply from transformer to LMV5... system | AC 12 V +10 % / -15 %, 50...60 Hz |

| Terminal group                    | Connection symbol                                                                   |      | Input | Output | Description of connection terminals                         | Electrical rating           |
|-----------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------|-------|--------|-------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------|
| Temperature / pressure controller |                                                                                     |      |       |        |                                                             |                             |
| X60                               |    | PIN5 | x     |        | Functional earth for shield connection                      |                             |
|                                   |                                                                                     | PIN4 | x     |        | Reference ground                                            |                             |
|                                   |                                                                                     | PIN3 | x     |        | Temperature sensor input Pt / LG- Ni 1000                   |                             |
|                                   |                                                                                     | PIN2 | x     |        | Line compensation temperature sensor PT100                  |                             |
|                                   |                                                                                     | PIN1 | x     |        | Temperature sensor input PT100                              |                             |
| X61                               |  | PIN5 | x     |        | Functional earth for shield connection                      |                             |
|                                   |                                                                                     | PIN4 | x     |        | Reference ground                                            |                             |
|                                   |                                                                                     | PIN3 | x     |        | Current input for temperature / pressure signal 0/4...20 mA | DC 0/4...20 mA              |
|                                   |                                                                                     | PIN2 | x     |        | Voltage input for temperature / pressure signal DC 0...10 V | DC 0...10 V                 |
|                                   |                                                                                     | PIN1 |       | x      | Power supply for temperature / pressure transmitter         | approx. DC 20 V Max. 25 mA  |
| X62                               |  | PIN5 | x     |        | Functional earth for shield connection                      |                             |
|                                   |                                                                                     | PIN4 | x     |        | Reference ground                                            |                             |
|                                   |                                                                                     | PIN3 | x     |        | Current input for setpoint or load                          | DC 0...20 mA                |
|                                   |                                                                                     | PIN2 | x     |        | Voltage input for setpoint or load                          | DC 0...10 V                 |
|                                   |                                                                                     | PIN1 |       | x      | Power supply for setpoint changeover                        | approx. DC 24 V Max. 2 mA   |
| X63                               |  | PIN3 | x     |        | Functional earth for shield connection                      |                             |
|                                   |                                                                                     | PIN2 |       | x      | Reference ground                                            |                             |
|                                   |                                                                                     | PIN1 |       | x      | Current output for burner (LOAD OUTPUT)                     | DC 4...20 mA, RLmax = 500 Ω |





Note: Specifications and data subject to change. Errors and omissions excepted.

## RECOMMENDATIONS FOR LMV5x CONNECTIONS

Connections affected by EMC noises are related to the bus cable (actuator line cable, PLL52), detection probe cable, speed sensor cable, 4-20mA signal cable that controls the VSD.

Input and power cables (400V e 230V) must be laid separately from the signal cables.

The bus cable between control panel and burner and between burner and PLL52 board (used when O2 trim control must be performed) must be laid separately and far from power cables.

When long cables must be provided, it is recommended to put the bus cable into a pipe or a metallic sheath: the sheath ends must be grounded with suitable rings.

Provide a shielded three-pole cable type FG7OH2R+T (see Annex 1), between VSD and motor; earth must be outside the shielding.

Shielding must get to the lower part of the VSD and get to the motor junction box. Shielding must be connected to the equipotential ground on both ends, better with suitable rings.

Otherwise, a standard cable can be used also but put inside a pipe or metallic sheath (the sheath ends must be grounded with suitable rings) and an earth external wire for the motor ground.

The cable for the 4÷20mA signal that controls the VSD, must be shielded, only LMV5x side ends connected to the equipotential terminal. If the VSD is not inside the control panel, the cable must be laid separately inside a metallic sheath earthed by means of rings.

As for the speed sensor cable and QRI detection probe cable, provide a "Ethernet " cat.5 or 6 cable, inside a metallic sheath (with ends earthed by means of rings) and laid separately from the motor cable.

As the sensor uses three wires, divide and twist the pairs to avoid noises. Alternatively, provide a 3x2x0,50 twisted cable Liycy type (see Annex 2).

In case of O2 trim control version, O2 probe and PLL52 board must be connected by means of a 3x2x0,50 twisted cable Liycy type (see Annex 2).

*NB: when a shielding has both ends wired to Earth, be sure they are at the same potential. If there is any Voltage difference, ground just one of the two ones, generally the one closest to the weakest, respect to EMC, component. Anyway give way to the burner control, that is wire to ground the end of the shielding closest to the LMV. For instance, the cable between LMV and VSD, if the shielding has only one end wired to Earth, this one has to be the one LMV side.*



## Annex1 – Example for motor cable



**FG70H2R+T 0,6/1 kV**  
A RIDOTTA EMISSIONE  
DI ALOGENI

**FG70H2R+T 0,6/1 kV**  
WITH REDUCED  
HALOGEN EMISSION

INDUSTRIA E AUTOMAZIONE



### CARATTERISTICHE TECNICHE

|                                |                                                                                                        |                                         |
|--------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------|
| Colore delle anime:            |                                                                                                        | UNEL 00722 / VDE 0293 (Tab. 8)          |
| Conduttori:                    | rame rosso elettrolitico                                                                               | normativa CEI EN 60228 Cl.5 (Tabella 9) |
| Isolante:                      | elastomero silanico di qualità G7                                                                      | normativa CEI 20-11 - CEI EN 50363      |
| Separatore:                    | nastro poliestere-mylar                                                                                |                                         |
| Schermatura:                   | a treccia capillari di rame rosso elettrolitico cop. > 80 %                                            |                                         |
| Guaina esterna:                | PVC di qualità TM2                                                                                     | normativa CEI 20-11 - CEI EN 50363      |
| Colore della guaina:           | Grigio RAL 7035                                                                                        |                                         |
| Prova N.P. verticale:          | su singolo conduttore o cavo isolato                                                                   | normativa CEI EN 60332-1-2              |
| Prova GAS emessi:              | durante la combustione                                                                                 | normativa CEI EN 50267-2-1              |
| Resistenza agli olii:          |                                                                                                        | normativa CEI 20-34/O-1                 |
| Prova N.P.I.:                  |                                                                                                        | normativa CEI 20-22/2                   |
| Resistenza elettrica:          | relativamente alla sezione                                                                             | normativa CEI EN 60228 (Tabella 9)      |
| Tens. nominale Uo/U:           | 0,6/1 kV                                                                                               |                                         |
| Tensione di prova:             | 4000 V                                                                                                 |                                         |
| Temperatura d'esercizio:       | (- 25 °C ÷ + 90 °C)                                                                                    |                                         |
| Temperatura di corto circuito: | 250 °C                                                                                                 |                                         |
| Marcatura:                     | BERICA CAVI S.P.A. (VI) FG70H2R + T 0,6/1 kV O.R. CEI 20-22 II CEE Anno/Lotto - N° Anime x Sezione + T |                                         |
| Raggio di curvatura:           | minimo 15 volte diametro esterno                                                                       |                                         |

### TECHNICAL FEATURES

|                               |                                                                                                                  |                                |
|-------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------|
| Cores colour code:            |                                                                                                                  | UNEL 00722 / VDE 0293 (Tab. 8) |
| Conductors :                  | fine wires stranded of bare copper                                                                               | CEI EN 60228 Cl.5 (Tab.9) rule |
| Insulation:                   | G7 quality rubber                                                                                                | CEI 20-11 - CEI EN 50363 rules |
| Assembling:                   | polyester-mylar tape                                                                                             |                                |
| Shield:                       | bare copper braid 80% covering                                                                                   |                                |
| Outer sheath:                 | TM2 quality PVC                                                                                                  | CEI 20-11 - CEI EN 50363 rules |
| Sheath colour code:           | Grey RAL 7035                                                                                                    |                                |
| Vertical fire retardant test: | on single conductor or insulated cable                                                                           | CEI EN 60332-1-2 rule          |
| Emission GAS test:            | during the combustion                                                                                            | CEI EN 50267-2-1 rule          |
| Oil resistant test:           |                                                                                                                  | CEI 20-34/O-1 rule             |
| Flame retardant test:         |                                                                                                                  | CEI 20-22/2 rule               |
| Electric resistance:          | according to                                                                                                     | CEI EN 60228 (Tab. 9)          |
| Working voltage:              | 0,6/1 kV                                                                                                         |                                |
| Testing voltage:              | 4000 V                                                                                                           |                                |
| Working temperature:          | (-25 °C ÷ +90 °C)                                                                                                |                                |
| Short circuit temperature:    | 250 °C                                                                                                           |                                |
| Outer printing:               | BERICA CAVI S.P.A. (VI) FG70H2R + T 0,6/1 kV O.R. CEI 20-22 II CEE - Year/Lot - Nr. of cond. by cross sect. + T. |                                |
| Bending radius:               | cable outer diameter x 15                                                                                        |                                |

**FG70H2R+T 0,6/1 kV  
WITH REDUCED  
HALOGEN EMISSION**

[illegible]

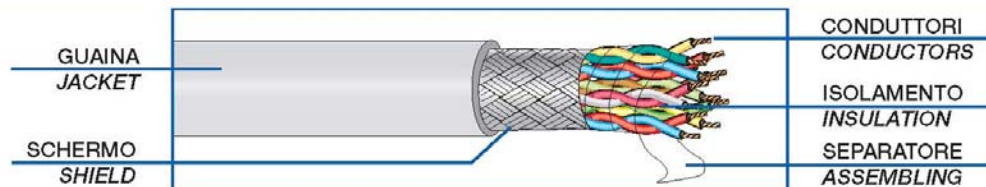
## Annex 2 – Example for sensor cable

### CAVI TIPO "Li-ICY-P" A COPPIE SCHERMATI A TRECCIA

**IMPIEGO:** Cavi schermati per segnali e trasmissione dati per applicazioni in elettronica ed informatica, efficaci contro le interferenze elettromagnetiche ed atti ad offrire una protezione contro influenze capacitive dovute a campi elettrici.

### CABLES TYPE "Li-ICY-P" TWISTED PAIRS, TINNED COPPER BRAID SHIELD

**STANDARD USE:** Signal and data transmission shielded cables for electronics and information technology applications, effective against electromagnetic interferences and suited to offer protection against capacitive influences due to electric fields.



| CARATTERISTICHE TECNICHE                                                                                                                                                                    | TECHNICAL FEATURES                                                                                                                                                                      |
|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>CONDUTTORI:</b><br>Flessibili in rame rosso<br>sec. CEI 20-29 (IEC 228) Cl. 5, VDE 0295 Cl. 5, NF C32-013<br>(0,34 mm² : VDE 0295 Cl.2)                                                  | <b>CONDUCTORS:</b><br>Flexible bare copper conductors<br>CEI 20-29 (IEC 228) Cl. 5, VDE 0295 Cl. 5,<br>NF C32-013 Ref. (0,34 mm² : VDE 0295 Cl.2)                                       |
| <b>ISOLANTE:</b><br>Polivinilcloruro (PVC)<br>Sec. CEI 20-11 Cl. R2, VDE 0207 Cl. Y12<br>Codici colori: a norma DIN 47100                                                                   | <b>INSULATION:</b><br>Polyvinylchloride (PVC)<br>CEI 20-11 Cl. R2, VDE 0207 Cl. Y12 Ref.<br>Colour code according to DIN 47100                                                          |
| <b>SEPARATORE:</b><br>Nastro di poliestere                                                                                                                                                  | <b>ASSEMBLING:</b><br>Polyester tape helically wound                                                                                                                                    |
| <b>SCHERMATURA:</b><br>A treccia di rame stagnato<br>Cordina di continuità a richiesta                                                                                                      | <b>SHIELD:</b><br>Tinned copper braid<br>On request with drain wire                                                                                                                     |
| <b>GUAINA ESTERNA:</b><br>Polivinilcloruro (PVC)<br>Sec. CEI 20-20 Cl. TM2, VDE 0207 Cl. YM2<br>colore: grigio (diverso a richiesta)                                                        | <b>JACKET:</b><br>Polyvinylchloride (PVC)<br>CEI 20-20 Cl. TM2, VDE 0207 Cl. YM2 Ref.<br>colour: gray or on request                                                                     |
| <b>RESISTENZA ELETTRICA DEI CONDUTTORI:</b><br>0,14 mm²: <148 Ohm/Km<br>0,25 mm²: <79 Ohm/Km<br>0,34 mm²: <55 Ohm/Km<br>0,50 mm²: <39 Ohm/Km<br>0,75 mm²: <26 Ohm/Km<br>1 mm²: <19,5 Ohm/Km | <b>ELECTRICAL CONDUCTOR RESISTANCE:</b><br>0,14 mm²: <148 Ohm/Km<br>0,25 mm²: <79 Ohm/Km<br>0,34 mm²: <55 Ohm/Km<br>0,50 mm²: <39 Ohm/Km<br>0,75 mm²: <26 Ohm/Km<br>1 mm²: <19,5 Ohm/Km |
| <b>TEMPERATURA DI ESERCIZIO:</b><br>posa fissa: -25°C + 70°C<br>posa mobile: -15°C + 70°C                                                                                                   | <b>WORKING TEMPERATURE:</b><br>fixed installation: -25°C + 70°C<br>flexing: -15°C + 70°C                                                                                                |
| <b>RAGGIO DI CURVATURA:</b><br>15 volte il diametro del cavo                                                                                                                                | <b>BENDING RADIUS:</b><br>15 times overall diameter of cable                                                                                                                            |
| <b>TENSIONE DI ESERCIZIO:</b><br>250 V                                                                                                                                                      | <b>WORKING VOLTAGE:</b><br>250 V                                                                                                                                                        |
| <b>TENSIONE DI PROVA:</b><br>1500 V                                                                                                                                                         | <b>TEST VOLTAGE:</b><br>1500 V                                                                                                                                                          |



**CAVI TIPO "Li-ICY-P"**  
A COPPIE SCHERMATI A TRECCIA

**CABLES TYPE "Li-ICY-P"**  
TWISTED PAIRS, TINNED COPPER BRAID SHIELD

**PROVA N.P. FIAMMA:**  
Standard: sec. CEI 20-35 (IEC 332.1)  
A richiesta: sec. CEI 20-22 II (IEC 332.3A)



**FLAME RETARDANT TEST:**  
Standard: CEI 20-35 (IEC 332.1) Ref.  
On request: CEI 20-22 II (IEC 332.3A) Ref.

**IMPEDENZA DI TRASFERIMENTO:**  
max 200 mohm/m ( $f < 10\text{MHz}$ )



**SURFACE TRANSFER IMPEDANCE:**  
max 200 mohm/m ( $f < 10\text{MHz}$ )

**CAPACITA' DI LAVORO:**  
cond/cond: 120 nF/km (nom.)  
cond/sch: 180 nF/km (nom.)



**CAPACITANCE:**  
cond/cond: 120 nF/km (nom.)  
cond/shield: 180 nF/km (nom.)

| CODICE            | FORMAZIONE | ø esterno medio  | Peso medio Kg/Km    |
|-------------------|------------|------------------|---------------------|
| CODE              | TYPE       | outer diameter ø | Medium weight Kg/Km |
| 28.204.1.02.1.000 | 2x2x0.14   | 5.6              | 40.0                |
| 28.204.1.03.1.000 | 3x2x0.14   | 5.9              | 47.0                |
| 28.204.1.04.1.000 | 4x2x0.14   | 6.2              | 61.0                |
| 28.204.1.05.1.000 | 5x2x0.14   | 7.2              | 68.0                |
| 28.204.1.06.1.000 | 6x2x0.14   | 7.6              | 76.0                |
| 28.204.1.07.1.000 | 7x2x0.14   | 7.6              | 82.0                |
| 28.204.1.08.1.000 | 8x2x0.14   | 8.4              | 90.0                |
| 28.204.1.10.1.000 | 10x2x0.14  | 9.8              | 118.0               |
| 28.204.1.12.1.000 | 12x2x0.14  | 10.2             | 130.0               |
| 28.204.1.16.1.000 | 16x2x0.14  | 11.2             | 160.0               |
| 28.204.1.18.1.000 | 18x2x0.14  | 11.7             | 186.0               |
| 28.204.1.20.1.000 | 20x2x0.14  | 12.4             | 200.0               |
| 28.204.1.25.1.000 | 25x2x0.14  | 14.0             | 273.0               |
| 28.204.1.02.3.000 | 2x2x0.25   | 5.8              | 54.0                |
| 28.204.1.03.3.000 | 3x2x0.25   | 7.0              | 65.0                |
| 28.204.1.04.3.000 | 4x2x0.25   | 7.3              | 89.0                |
| 28.204.1.05.3.000 | 5x2x0.25   | 8.0              | 99.0                |
| 28.204.1.06.3.000 | 6x2x0.25   | 9.0              | 114.0               |
| 28.204.1.07.3.000 | 7x2x0.25   | 9.0              | 120.0               |
| 28.204.1.08.3.000 | 8x2x0.25   | 9.6              | 126.0               |
| 28.204.1.10.3.000 | 10x2x0.25  | 10.3             | 160.0               |
| 28.204.1.12.3.000 | 12x2x0.25  | 11.4             | 171.0               |
| 28.204.1.16.3.000 | 16x2x0.25  | 13.1             | 238.0               |
| 28.204.1.18.3.000 | 18x2x0.25  | 13.6             | 248.0               |
| 28.204.1.20.3.000 | 20x2x0.25  | 14.2             | 275.0               |
| 28.204.1.25.3.000 | 25x2x0.25  | 16.4             | 340.0               |

| CODICE            | FORMAZIONE | ø esterno medio  | Peso medio Kg/Km    |
|-------------------|------------|------------------|---------------------|
| CODE              | TYPE       | outer diameter ø | Medium weight Kg/Km |
| 28.204.1.02.4.000 | 2x2x0.34   | 7.3              | 68.0                |
| 28.204.1.03.4.000 | 3x2x0.34   | 7.8              | 82.0                |
| 28.204.1.04.4.000 | 4x2x0.34   | 8.6              | 96.0                |
| 28.204.1.05.4.000 | 5x2x0.34   | 10.0             | 110.0               |
| 28.204.1.06.4.000 | 6x2x0.34   | 10.6             | 130.0               |
| 28.204.1.07.4.000 | 7x2x0.34   | 10.6             | 145.0               |
| 28.204.1.08.4.000 | 8x2x0.34   | 11.5             | 150.0               |
| 28.204.1.10.4.000 | 10x2x0.34  | 13.0             | 190.0               |
| 28.204.1.12.4.000 | 12x2x0.34  | 13.5             | 220.0               |
| 28.204.1.16.4.000 | 16x2x0.34  | 15.2             | 250.0               |
| 28.204.1.18.4.000 | 18x2x0.34  | 16.0             | 275.0               |
| 28.204.1.20.4.000 | 20x2x0.34  | 17.1             | 290.0               |
| 28.204.1.25.4.000 | 25x2x0.34  | 19.5             | 400.0               |
| 28.204.1.02.5.000 | 2x2x0.50   | 7.6              | 75.0                |
| 28.204.1.03.5.000 | 3x2x0.50   | 9.0              | 125.0               |
| 28.204.1.04.5.000 | 4x2x0.50   | 10.0             | 140.0               |
| 28.204.1.05.5.000 | 5x2x0.50   | 10.8             | 160.0               |
| 28.204.1.06.5.000 | 6x2x0.50   | 11.7             | 190.0               |
| 28.204.1.07.5.000 | 7x2x0.50   | 11.7             | 220.0               |
| 28.204.1.08.5.000 | 8x2x0.50   | 14.0             | 250.0               |
| 28.204.1.10.5.000 | 10x2x0.50  | 15.0             | 300.0               |
| 28.204.1.12.5.000 | 12x2x0.50  | 15.7             | 345.0               |
| 28.204.1.16.5.000 | 16x2x0.50  | 17.6             | 450.0               |

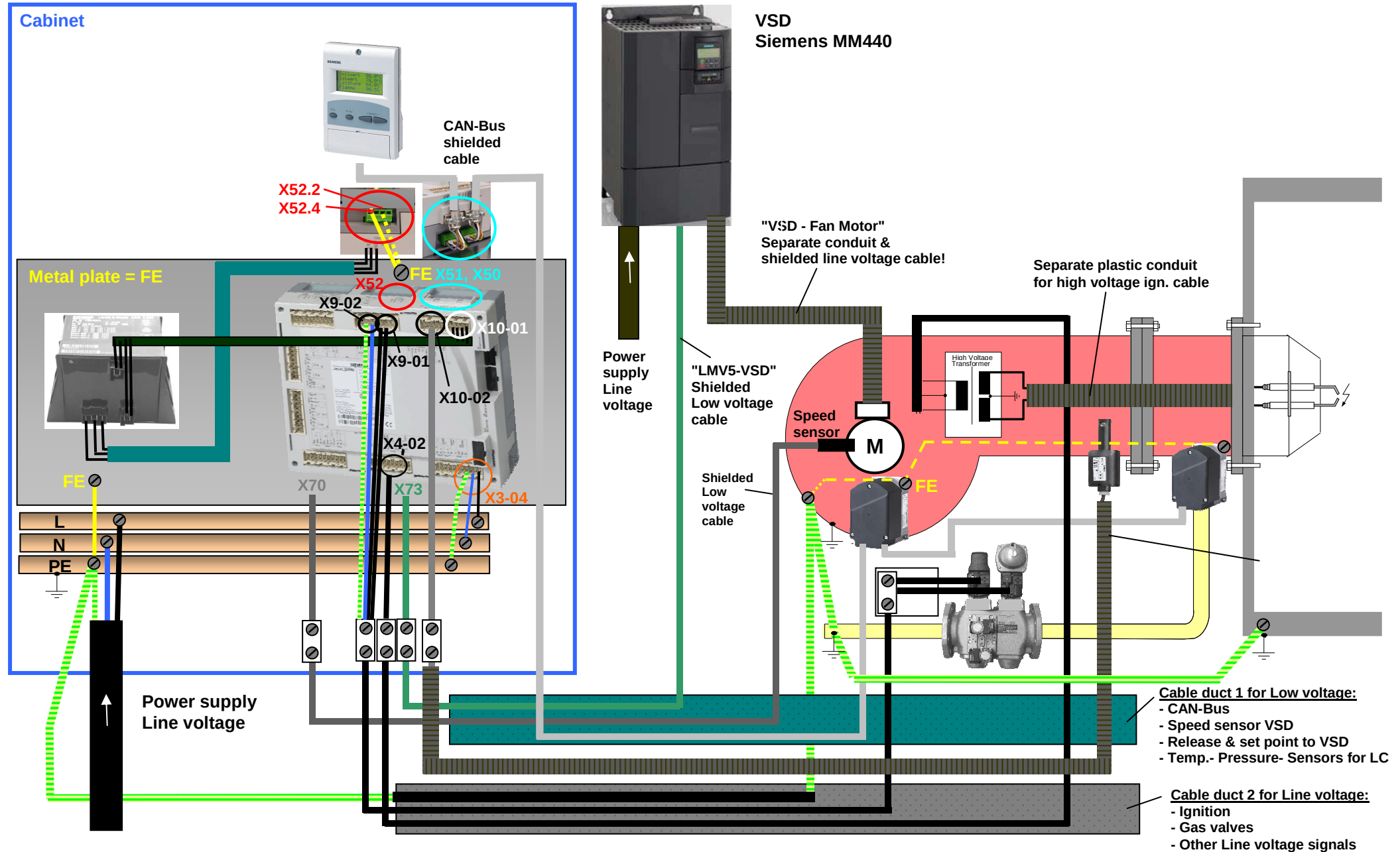
**CAVI TIPO "Li-ICY-P"**  
A COPPIE SCHERMATI A TRECCIA

**CABLES TYPE "Li-ICY-P"**  
TWISTED PAIRS, TINNED COPPER BRAID SHIELD

| CODICE            | FORMAZIONE | ø esterno<br>medio  | Peso medio<br>Kg/Km    |
|-------------------|------------|---------------------|------------------------|
| CODE              | TYPE       | outer<br>diameter ø | Medium weight<br>Kg/Km |
| 28.204.1.02.6.000 | 2x2x0.75   | 8.6                 | 103.0                  |
| 28.204.1.03.6.000 | 3x2x0.75   | 9.0                 | 128.0                  |
| 28.204.1.04.6.000 | 4x2x0.75   | 10.6                | 167.0                  |
| 28.204.1.05.6.000 | 5x2x0.75   | 12.0                | 215.0                  |
| 28.204.1.06.6.000 | 6x2x0.75   | 12.8                | 240.0                  |
| 28.204.1.07.6.000 | 7x2x0.75   | 12.8                | 265.0                  |
| 28.204.1.08.6.000 | 8x2x0.75   | 14.6                | 306.0                  |
| 28.204.1.10.6.000 | 10x2x0.75  | 16.0                | 355.0                  |
| 28.204.1.12.6.000 | 12x2x0.75  | 17.0                | 405.0                  |
| 28.204.1.16.6.000 | 16x2x0.75  | 20.5                | 565.0                  |

| CODICE            | FORMAZIONE | ø esterno<br>medio  | Peso medio<br>Kg/Km    |
|-------------------|------------|---------------------|------------------------|
| CODE              | TYPE       | outer<br>diameter ø | Medium weight<br>Kg/Km |
| 28.204.1.02.7.000 | 2x2x1      | 9.4                 | 122.0                  |
| 28.204.1.03.7.000 | 3x2x1      | 11.5                | 179.0                  |
| 28.204.1.04.7.000 | 4x2x1      | 12.8                | 237.0                  |
| 28.204.1.05.7.000 | 5x2x1      | 13.8                | 297.0                  |

## Appendix: Example for wiring, earthing and shielding the LMV5-System



# Addendum 4: LMV52... with O2 trim control and O2 module

## General

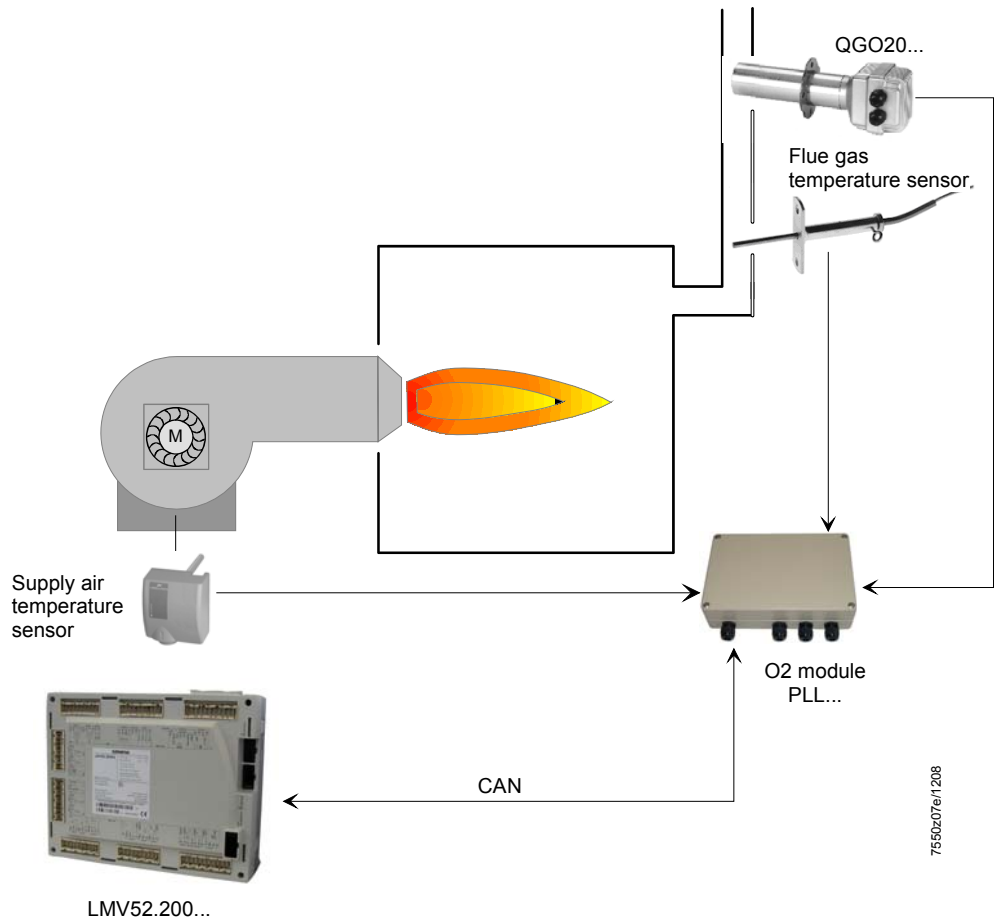
The LMV52... system is an extended LMV51... system. A special feature of the LMV52... is control of the residual oxygen content to increase the boiler's efficiency.

In addition to the features of the LMV51..., the LMV52... provides O2 trim control, control of a maximum of 6 actuators, control of a VSD, and acquisition of cumulated fuel consumption and current fuel throughput. The LMV52... system uses an O2 sensor (QGO20...), an external O2 module, and the standard components of the LMV51... system.

**ATTENTION:** for the proper burner adjustment, it is necessary to install a fuel meter for each burner.

The PLL... O2 module is a detached measuring module for the QGO20... sensor and for 2 temperature sensors (Pt1000 / LG-Ni 1000). The module communicates with the LMV52... via CAN bus.

The fuel meters must be connected directly to the fuel-related inputs of the basic unit. On the AZL5... display and operating unit, the individual consumption values can be read out and the meter readings can be reset.



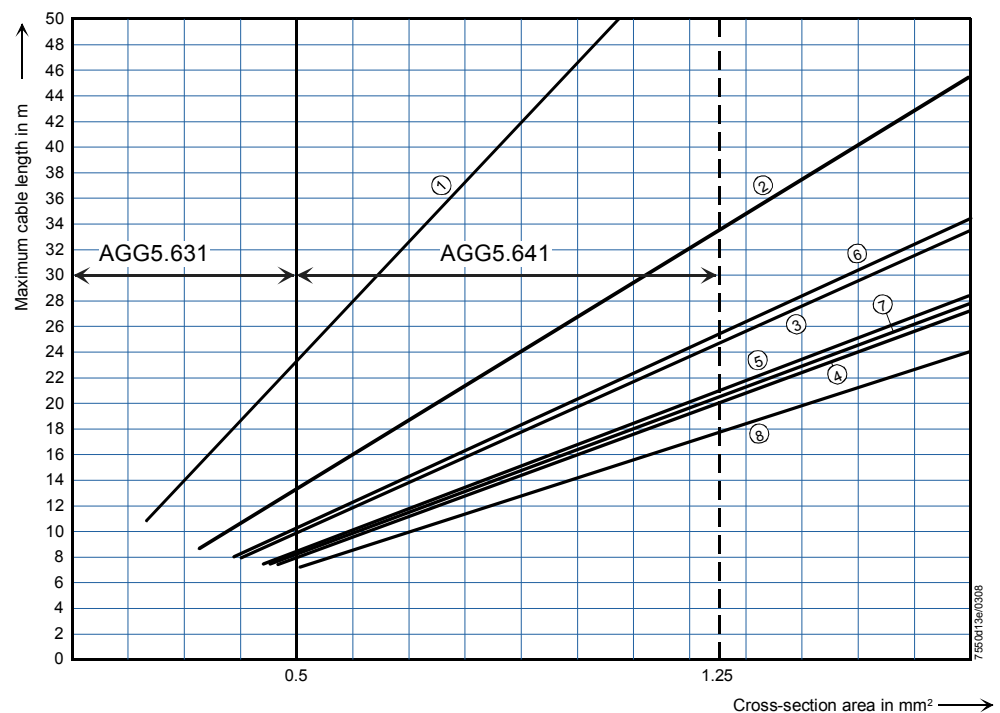
## Determination of the maximum cable length

The maximum cable length between transformer and CAN bus users is dependent on the type of cable (cross-sectional area), the number of actuators and the type of actuator used (current).

The following graphs can be used to determine the maximum CAN bus cable lengths between the transformer and group of actuators or the AZL5..., depending on the relevant influencing factors.

The assumption was made that the actuators within the group are close to one another. The **minimum** cross-sectional area for the system examples shown results from the start of the curve.

The **maximum** cable lengths for the defined system cables AGG5.641 and AGG5.631 result from the points of intersection in the graph.



AGG5.631 (cable type 2)

AGG5.641 (cable type 1)

- |                |                               |
|----------------|-------------------------------|
| ① 1 x SQM45... | ⑤ 2 x SQM48...                |
| ② 2 x SQM45... | ⑥ 1 x SQM45... + 1 x SQM48... |
| ③ 3 x SQM45... | ⑦ 2 x SQM45... + 1 x SQM48... |
| ④ 4 x SQM45... | ⑧ 3 x SQM45... + 1 x SQM48... |

### CAN bus connection between transformer and actuator group



When connecting a PLL52... O2 module, the maximum permissible cable length of a network is to be reduced by 2 m.

**Example:**

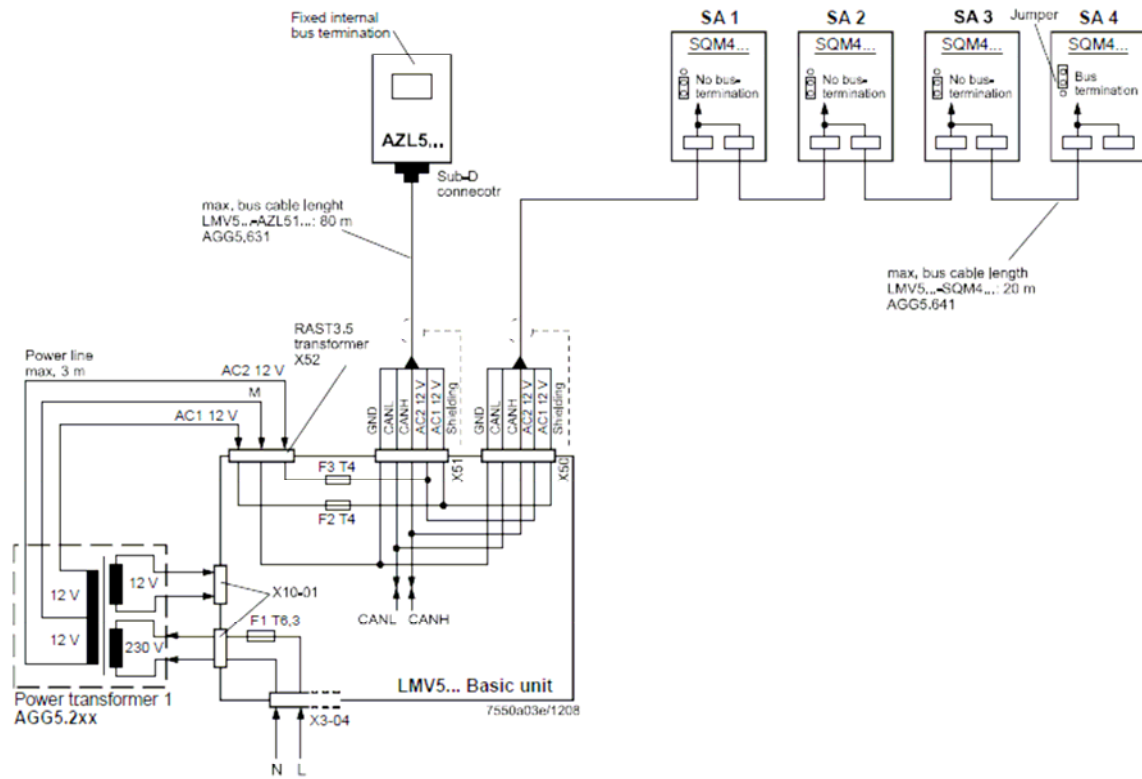
- System cable: AGG5.641 (connecting cable to the actuators)
- Actuators: 2 x SQM45...

The point of intersection of the vertical line for the AGG5.641 (1.25 mm<sup>2</sup>) and curve ① (2 x SQM45...) gives a maximum cable length of 33.4 m between the transformer and the group of actuators.



Example 1

**Installation of all components in the burner;  
CAN bus cable «LMV5... →shielding last actuator» 20 m**

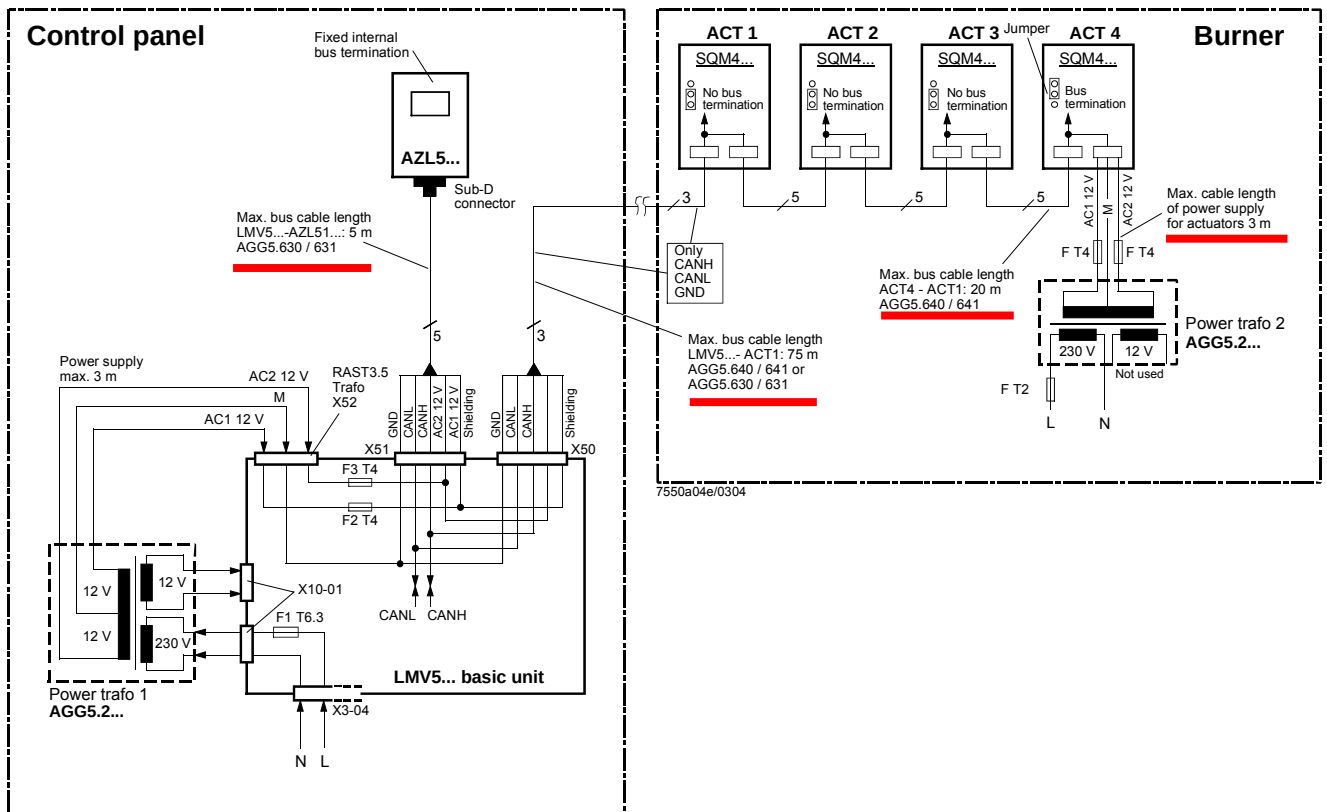


Note on example 1

Total length of CAN bus cable  $\leq 100$  m

## Example 2

**LMV5... basic unit in the control panel, actuator on the burner;  
CAN bus cable «LMV5... → SA» > 20 m**



### Notes on example 2

#### Total length of CAN bus cable ≤ 100 m

Whenever the distance between the LMV5... and the last actuator exceeds 20 m, or if more than one SQM48 is used on the burner (refer to sizing chart “Determination of maximum cable length”), a second transformer is required for powering the actuators.

In that case, transformer 1 powers the LMV5... basic unit and the AZL5... display and operating unit (**Fig. 1**). Transformer 2 powers the actuators (**Fig. 2**).



With the CAN bus cable connections from the LMV5... (**Fig. 1**) to the first actuator (**Fig. 2**), the 2 voltages AC1 and AC2 on the LMV5... side must **not** be connected and only cables CANH, CANL and M (+shielding) are to be connected to the first actuator (**Fig. 2**).

In that case, the actuators must be powered by a second transformer which to be located near the actuators.

The power from that transformer (lines AC1, AC2, M) must be fed to the actuator (ACT4 in the example above) and then connected through via bus cable AGG5.640 (cable type 1) to all the other actuators.

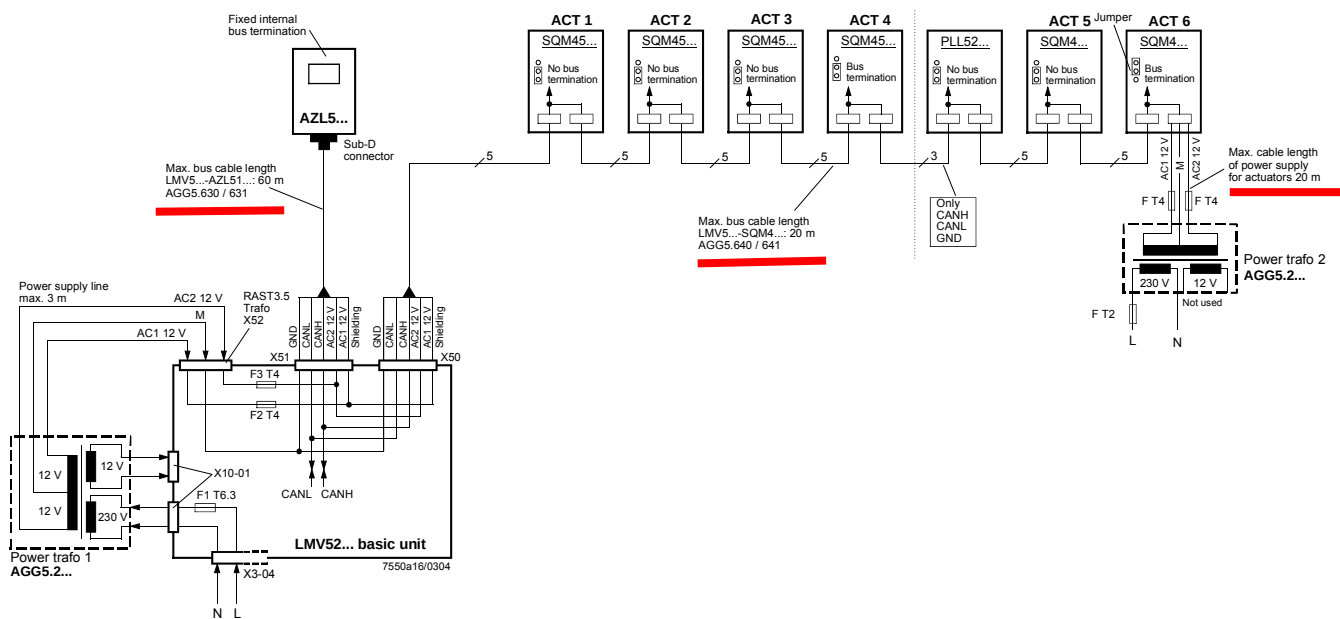
The fuses required for transformer 1 are accommodated in the LMV5... basic unit.



For transformer 2, these 3 fuses must be located close to the transformer (for type, refer to Basic Documentation P7550).

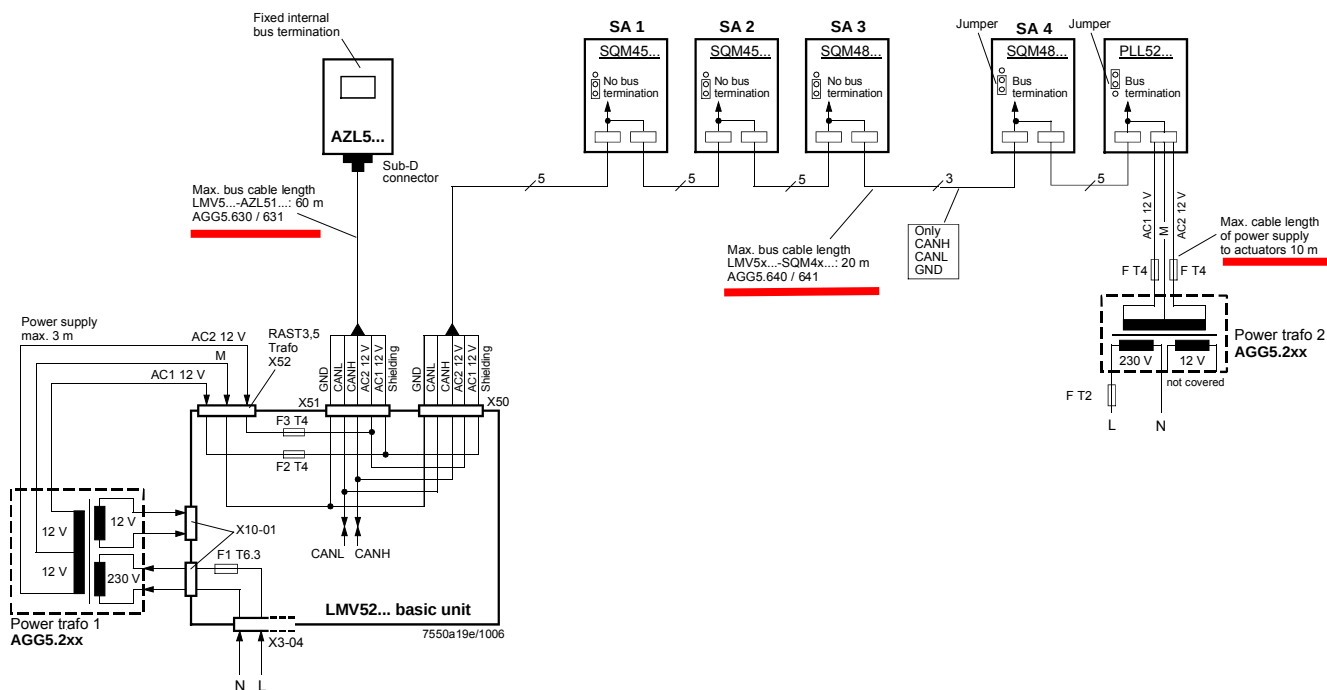
Example 3a

**Installation of all components in the burner;  
CAN bus cable «LMV52... ↔ SA» > 20 m with 6 actuators and O2 module  
PLL52...**



Example 3b

**Installation in the control panel, actuator on the burner;  
CAN bus cable «LMV52... ↔ SA» > 25 m with 4 actuators and O2 module  
PLL52...**



On LMV52... applications with more than 4 actuators (SQM45...), a second transformer is required for powering the extra actuators.

In that case, transformer 1 powers the LMV52... basic unit, the **AZL5...**, and the first 4 actuators.



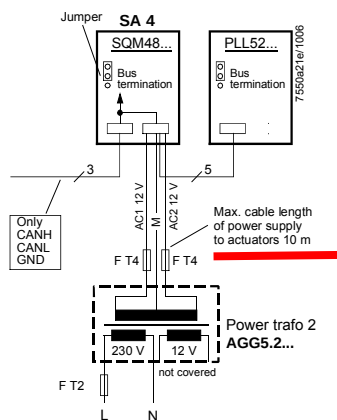
Interrupt the connection between the components at a suitable location. On the actuator side, the 2 voltages AC1 and AC2 must **not** be connected but only lines «CANH, CANL and M» (+shield) to the O2 module and the other actuator.

In that case, the actuators (SA5, SA6) and the O2 module must be powered by a second transformer to be located near the actuators and the O2 module.

Connect the power supply line from that transformer to the O2 module PLL52... (in example 3a «SA6» / in example 3b «Auxiliary terminal») (lines AC1, AC2, M) and from there, via bus cable AGG5.640 (cable type 1), through to the second actuator (SA) and the O2 module.

The fuses required for transformer 1 are accommodated in the LMV52... basic unit.

Optionally, the supply voltage can also be delivered via a conduit box and fed into the connecting line between SA4 and PLL52...

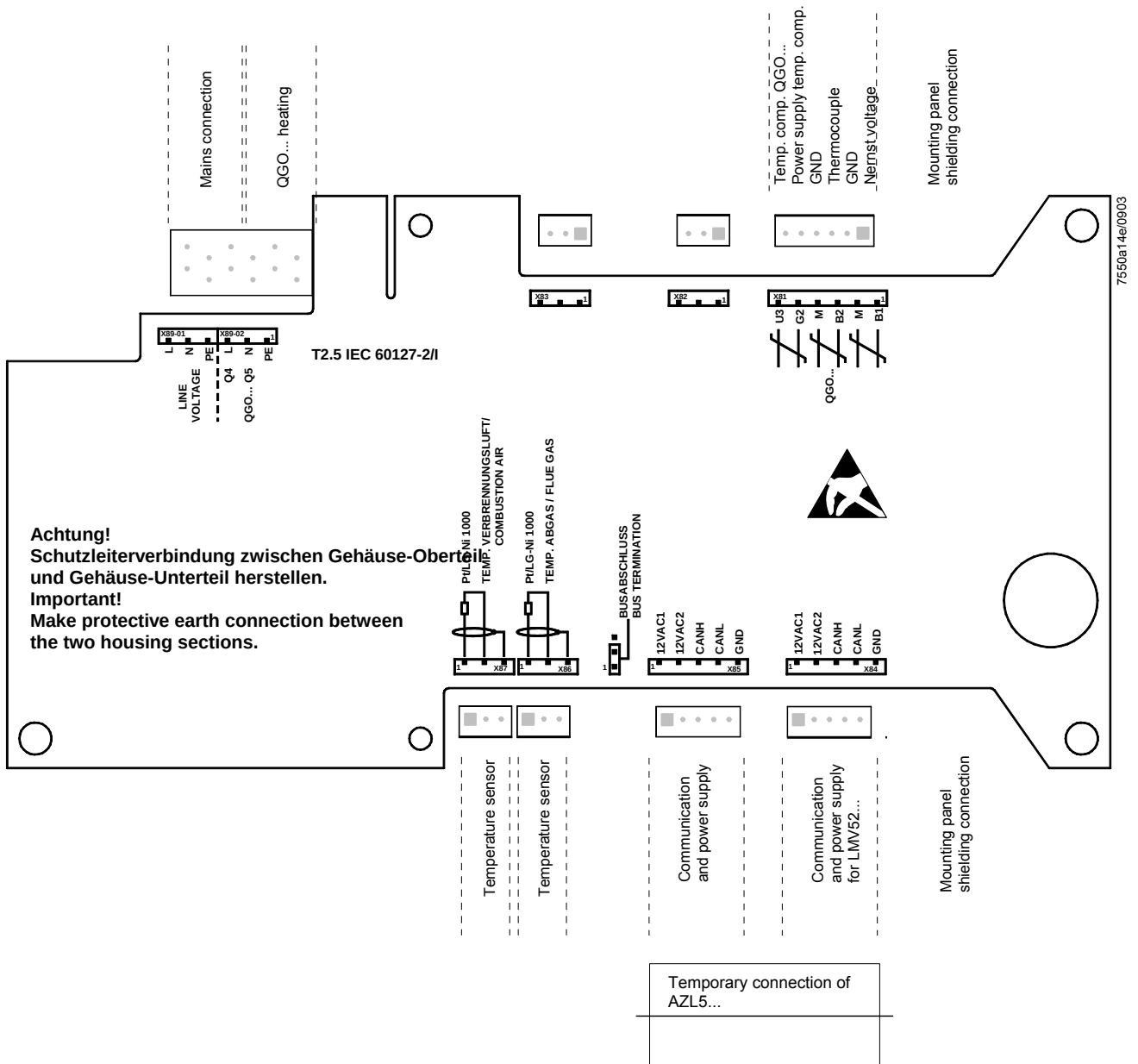


For transformer 2, the OEM must fit the 3 fuses close to the transformer.

# O2 module

In comparison with the LMV51... system, the extra components to be connected with the LMV52... system are the O2 module and the O2 sensor QGO... and, optionally, the combustion air and flue gas temperature sensors. The O2 module is to be connected to the basic unit via the CAN bus. The O2 module must be located in the vicinity of the QGO... (< 10 m), aimed at keeping interference on the sensitive detector lines as low as possible. For sensor heating, the O2 module requires a separate mains connection facility.

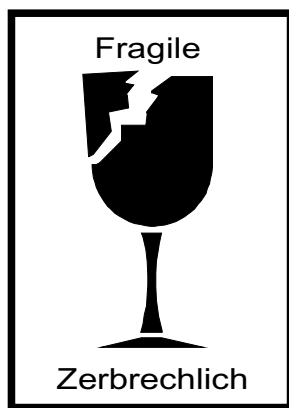
## 18.8.1 Inputs and outputs



## QGO20...

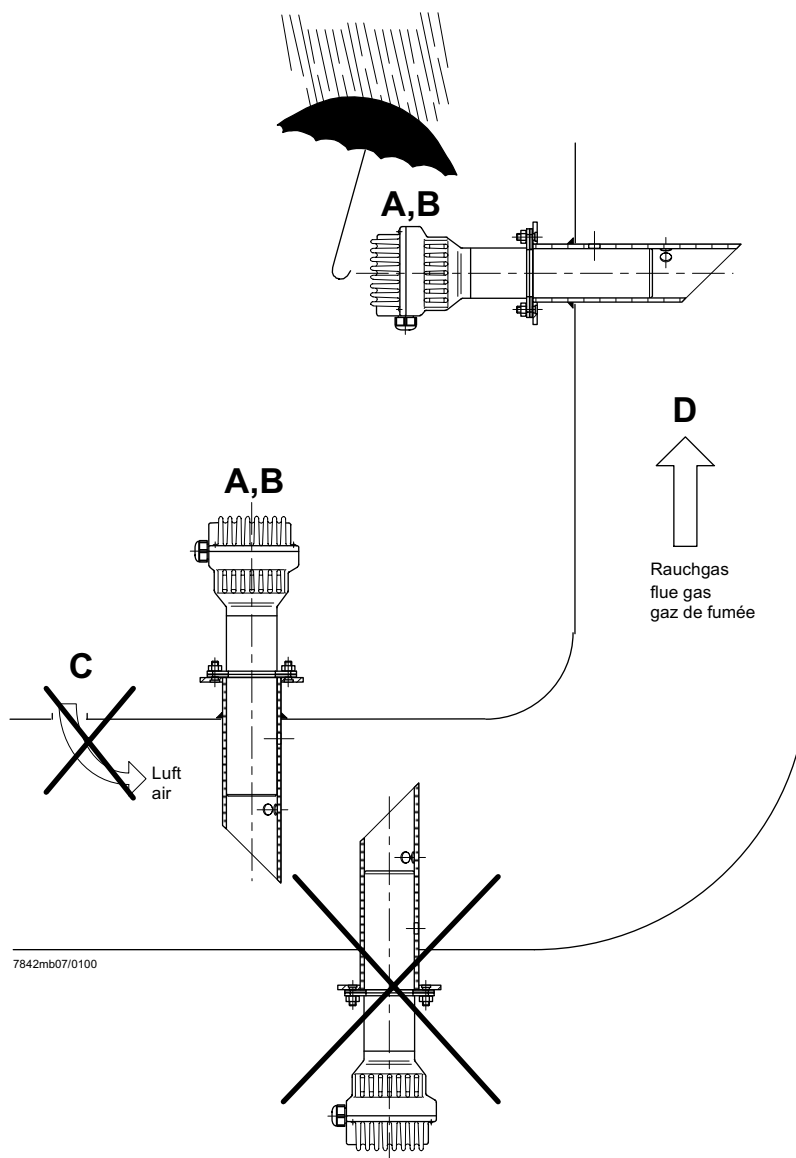
Montageanleitung  
Mounting instruction  
Instruction de montage  
Monteringsanvisning  
Montage-aanwijzing

Istruzioni di montaggio  
Asennusohje  
Instrucciones de montaje  
Monteringsinstruktion  
Montasjeanvisning



7842mb01/1200

Fühler aus Keramik - zerbrechlich  
Ceramic detector - fragile  
Sonde en céramique - fragile



7842mb07/0100

### O<sub>2</sub>-Fühler QGO20... und Rauchgassammler AGO20...

Voraussetzungen für eine korrekte messtechnische Erfassung des O<sub>2</sub>-Gehaltes der Rauchgase:

A - QGO20... **nur** mit Rauchgassammler AGO20... einsetzen

B - Einbauort des QGO20... so nahe am Brenner wie möglich, in einem Bereich ohne Turbulenzen und Inhomogenitäten. Nicht direkt im Bereich von Klappen oder Bögen montieren. Idealer Abstand: 5 x Kamindurchmesser.

C - Zwischen Brenner und Fühler darf keine Luft in die Rauchgase gelangen.

D - Strömungsgeschwindigkeit 1...10 m/s. Rauchgastemperatur am Messort ≤ 300°C

### O<sub>2</sub>-detector type QGO20... and flue gas collector type AGO20...

Presupposition for the correct measurement of the O<sub>2</sub> content of the flue gases:

A - Use QGO20... **only** with flue gas collector type AGO20...

B - Mounting position of the QGO as close as possible to the burner, in a homogenous area without any turbulences. Do not mount the QGO20... in the area of dampers or curves. Ideal distance: Five times the diameter of the stack.

C - No air must be allowed to join the flue gases on their way from the burner to the detector.

D - Flow velocity 1...10 m/s. Flue gas temperature at the measuring position ≤ 300°C

### Sonde O<sub>2</sub> QGO20... et collecteur des gaz de fumée AGO20...

Conditions requises pour une détection correcte de la teneur en O<sub>2</sub> des gaz de fumée:

A - Utiliser le QGO20... **exclusivement** avec le collecteur des gaz de fumée AGO...

B - Lieu de montage du QGO20... le plus près possible du brûleur, dans un domaine homogène sans turbulences. Ne pas le monter dans le domaine des clapets ou dans les courbes. Distance idéale: Cinq fois le diamètre de la cheminée.

C - Entre le brûleur et la sonde, il ne doit pas pénétrer d'air dans les gaz de fumée.

D - Vitesse d'écoulement 1...10 m/s. Température des gaz fumée au lieu de la mesure ≤ 300°C

Anschluss-Schema

6-adriges abgeschirmtes Kabel. Adern möglichst paarweise verdreht. Abschirmung an Klemme GND des RPO... . Abschirmung nicht mit Schutzleiter oder M verbinden!

Anschlusskabel z.B.:

|                           |                                              |
|---------------------------|----------------------------------------------|
| LifYCY                    | 6 x 2 x 0,20 / 22 oder                       |
| LiYCY                     | 6 x 2 x 0,20                                 |
| B1 (+)                    | Signal O2-Messzelle                          |
| M (-)                     | Masse für B1, B2                             |
| B2 (+)                    | Thermoelement-Spannung                       |
| M (-)                     |                                              |
| U3 (+)                    | Signal Temperaturkompensations-<br>element   |
| G2 (-)                    | Speisung Temperaturkompensations-<br>element |
| GND                       | Masse für Anschirmung                        |
| 3 x 1,5 mm <sup>2</sup> : |                                              |
| Q4                        | Fühlerheizung (AC 230 V)                     |
| Q5                        | Fühlerheizung (AC 230 V)                     |

⏏ Erde\*



**Vorsicht** bei den Anschlüssen U3 und G2!  
Ein Fehlverdrahten der Anschlüsse führt zu einem Ausfall des Kompensationselementes.

\* Am RPO... steht nur 1 Erdleiterklemme zur Verfügung. Beide Erdleiter müssen auf **eine** Klemme geführt werden.

Wiring diagram

Shielded 6-core cable. Wires should be twisted in pairs. Screen must be connected to terminal GND of the RPO... . Do not connect the shielding to the protective earth or M!

Connecting cable e.g.:

|                           |                                                      |
|---------------------------|------------------------------------------------------|
| LifYCY                    | 6 x 2 x 0,20 / 22 or                                 |
| LiYCY                     | 6 x 2 x 0,20                                         |
| B1 (+)                    | Signal from O2-measuring cell                        |
| M (-)                     | Ground for B1, B2                                    |
| B2 (+)                    | Thermocouple voltage                                 |
| M (-)                     |                                                      |
| U3 (+)                    | Signal from temperature<br>compensation element      |
| G2 (-)                    | Power supply for temperature<br>compensation element |
| GND                       | Ground for screening                                 |
| 3 x 1,5 mm <sup>2</sup> : |                                                      |
| Q4                        | QGO... detector heating (AC 230 V)                   |
| Q5                        | QGO... detector heating (AC 230 V)                   |

⏏ Earth\*



**Caution** when connecting U3 and G2!  
Faulty wiring leads to failure of the compensation element.

\* At the RPO..., there is only 1 earth terminal available. Both earth wires must be connected to **the same** earth terminal.

Schéma de raccordement

Câble blindé à 6 brins. Brins torsadés si possible par paires. Blindage sur la borne GND du RPO... . Ne pas connecter le blindage avec le conducteur de protection ou M!

Câble de raccordement p.ex.:

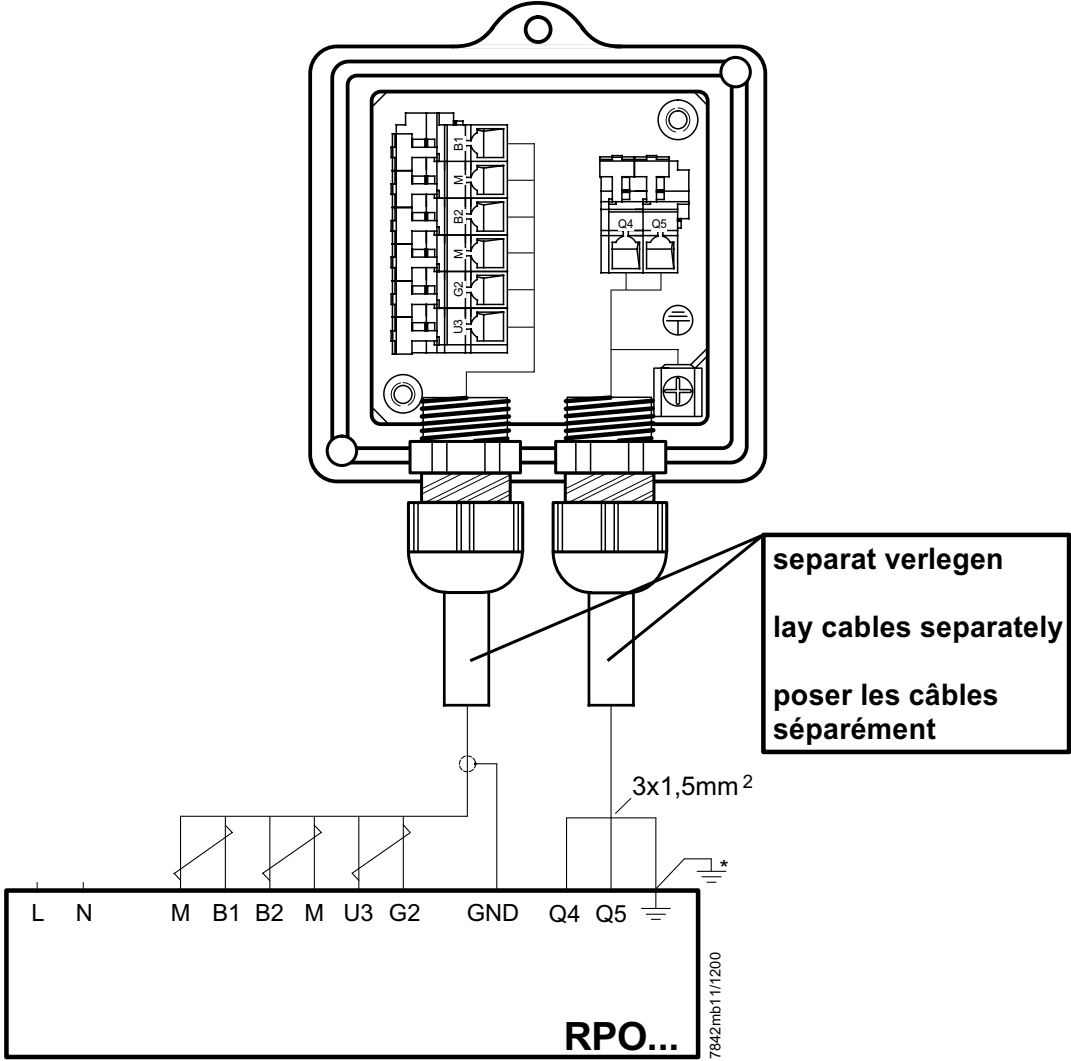
|                           |                                                             |
|---------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------|
| LifYCY                    | 6 x 2 x 0,20 / 22 ou                                        |
| LiYCY                     | 6 x 2 x 0,20                                                |
| B1 (+)                    | Signal de la cellule de mesure d'O2                         |
| M (-)                     | Masse pour B1, B2                                           |
| B2 (+)                    | Tension de thermocouple                                     |
| M (-)                     |                                                             |
| U3 (+)                    | Signal de l'élément de cpmensation de<br>température        |
| G2 (-)                    | Alimentation de l'élément de<br>compensation de température |
| GND                       | Masse du blindage                                           |
| 3 x 1,5 mm <sup>2</sup> : |                                                             |
| Q4                        | Chauffage de sonde QGO... (AC 230 V)                        |
| Q5                        | Chauffage de sonde QGO... (AC 230 V)                        |

⏏ Terre\*



**Prière de faire attention** lors des raccordements U3 et G2. Une erreur de câblage des fils de raccorde-  
ment conduit à une destruction de l'élément de compensation.

\* Le RPO... ne dispose que d'une seule borne de mise à la terre. Les deux fils de mise à la terre doivent être connectés sur **la même** borne.



## Hinweise für Installation und Inbetriebnahme

- Distanz zwischen Wand des Rauchgaskanals und Rauchgasaustritt (B) des AGO20... min. 10 mm
- Die Kaminisolierung darf nicht über den Anschlussflansch hinausragen und dadurch den Fühlerkopf isolieren (therm. Überlastung). Der Fühlerkopf muss frei bleiben! Strahlungswärme vermeiden; z.B. durch Wärmeleitbleche
- Bei der ersten Inbetriebnahme ist das Mess-System ca. 2 Stunden vor Gebrauch einzuschalten. Bei kurzen Abschaltungen der Anlage (1-2 Wochen) ist es empfehlenswert, das Mess-System (QGO... und RPO) nicht auszuschalten.
- Während des Aufheizvorganges kann der Fühler falsch messen.



- QGO20... nie im kalten Zustand bei laufendem Brenner im Kamin einsetzen.
- Nach Fühlertausch, Ansteuerung der Fühlerheizung überprüfen.
- Spannung an Q4 - Q5 muss im 2 s Takt pulsieren.
- **Sofort ausschalten** falls Spannung nicht pulsiert  
→ RPO austauschen

## Commissioning and Installation Guide

- The distance between the wall of the flue gas duct and the flue gas outlet (B) of the AGO20... must be a minimum of 10 mm
- The insulation of the chimney must not project beyond the connecting flange, thus insulating the head of the sensor (thermal overload). The head of the sensor must remain uncovered! Avoid heat due to radiation, e.g. through thermal conductive plates
- When starting up the plant for the first time, the measuring system should be switched on approx. 2 hours prior to usage. If the plant is switched off for short periods of the time (1 to 2 weeks), it is recommended to leave the measuring system (QGO... and RPO) switched on.
- During the heating up phase, the detector could deliver an incorrect signal.



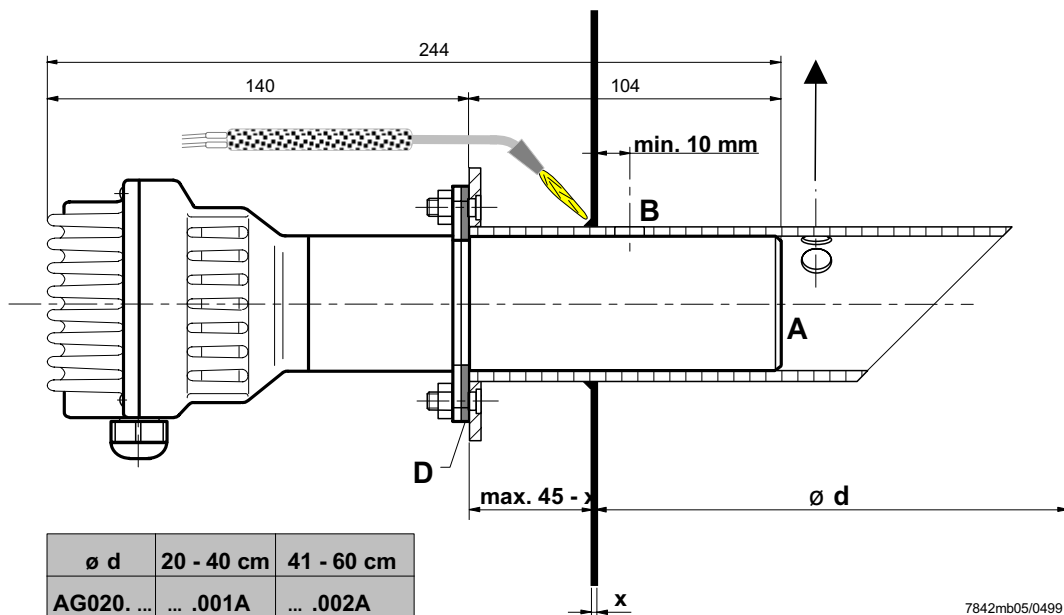
- Never use a cold QGO20... in the flueway while burner is operating.
- After changing the sensor, check the proper functioning of the sensor's heating element
- Voltage at Q4 - Q5 must pulsate at 2-s intervals
- If voltage does not pulsate, **switch equipment off immediately**  
→ replace RPO

## Instructions de mise en service et installation

- La distance entre la paroi de la conduite de gaz et la sortie des gaz de fumée (B) du AGO20... doit être d'au moins 10 mm.
- L'isolation de la cheminée ne doit pas dépasser la bride de raccordement, c'est-à-dire couvrir la tête de la sonde (surcharge thermique). La tête de la sonde ne doit pas être couverte! Éviter la chaleur de rayonnement, p.ex. par tôles thermoconductrices
- Lors de la première mise en service, le dispositif de mesure doit être raccordé environ 2 heures avant l'utilisation. En cas de courtes interruptions de l'installation (1-2 semaines), il est recommandé de ne pas déclencher le dispositif de mesure (QGO... et RPO).
- Pendant l'opération d'échauffement, il est possible que la sonde ne mesure pas correctement.

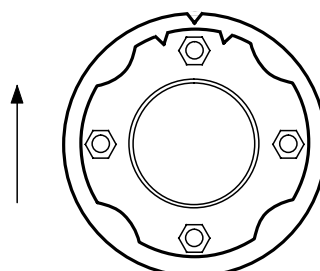


- Ne jamais introduire le QGO20... à l'état froid ou le laisser introduit dans la cheminée quand le brûleur est en marche.
- Lors d'un changement de sonde, vérifier le signal de chauffage de celle-ci.
- Les tensions aux bornes Q4 - Q5 doivent commuter toutes les 2 s.
- **Déconnecter immédiatement** en cas de non-commutation des tensions  
→ Echanger le RPO



7842mb05/0499

**Kerben beachten!**  
**Observe notches!**  
**Attention aux entailles!**



Legende:

Strömungsrichtung

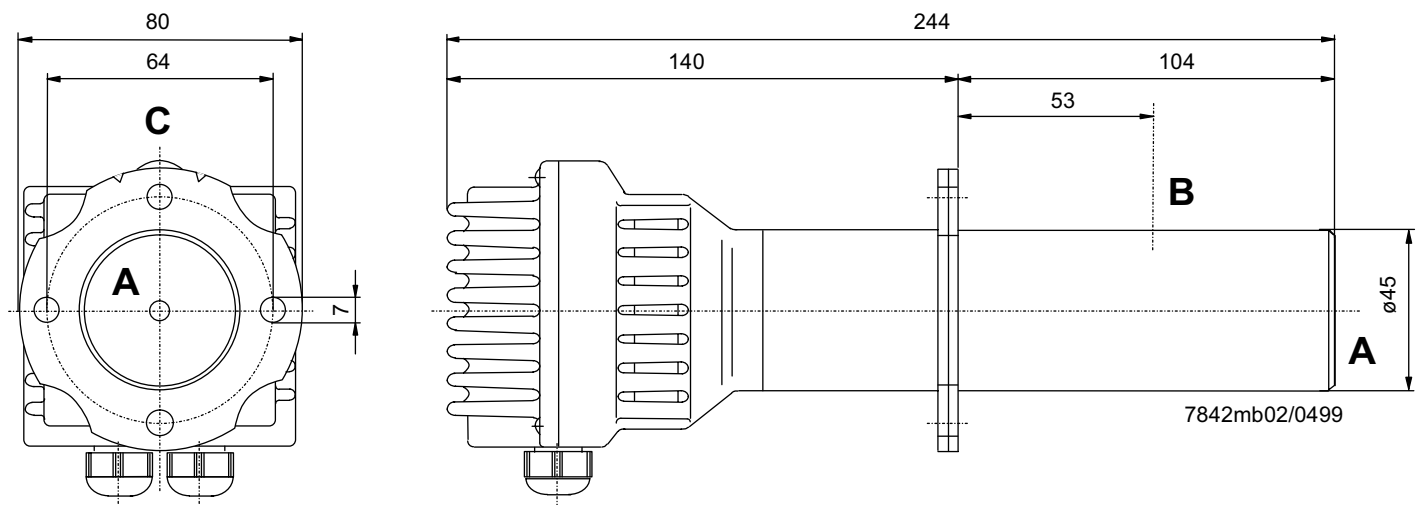
Direction of flow of flue gases

Direction du courant des gaz de fumée

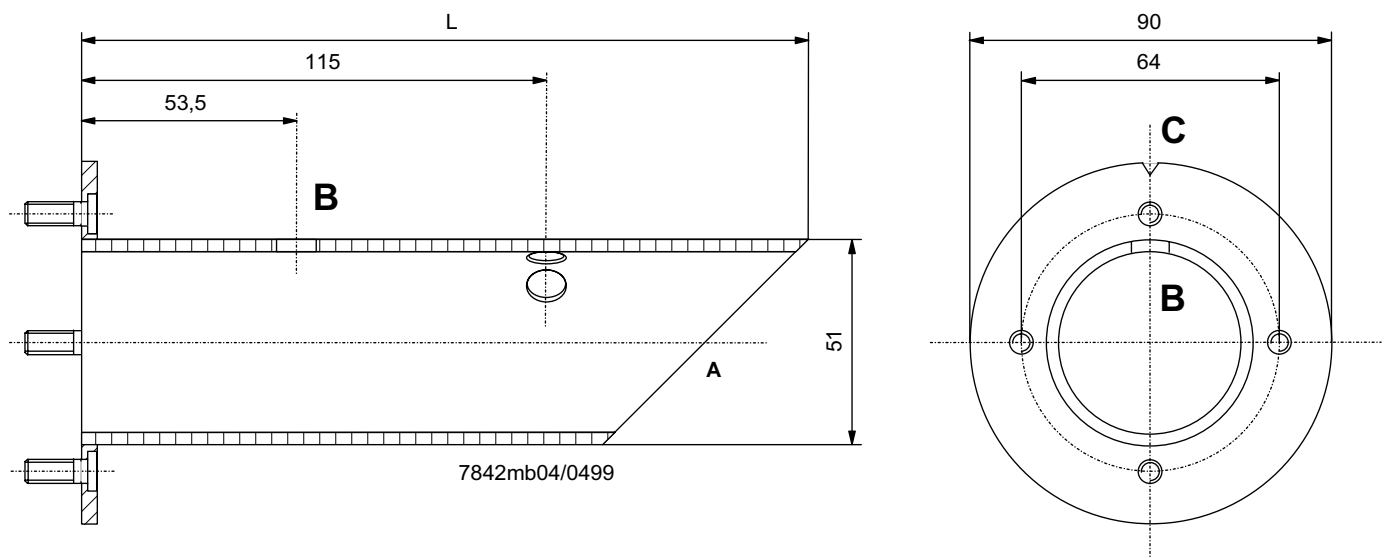
7842mb06/0499



QGO20...



AGO20...



L = 180 mm für AGO20.001A  
L = 260 mm für AGO20.002A

A = Rauchgaseintritt  
B = Rauchgasaustritt  
C = Kerbe  
D = Flachdichtung (beiliegend)

L = 180 mm for AGO20.001A  
L = 260 mm for AGO20.002A

A = Flue gas inlet  
B = Flue gas outlet  
C = Notch  
D = Flat seal (enclosed)

L = 180 mm pour AGO20.001A  
L = 260 mm pour AGO20.002A

A = Entrée du gaz de fumée  
B = Sortie de gaz de fumée  
C = Entaille  
D = Joint d'étanchéité plat (inclus)

## Technical Data PLL52...

LMV52... basic unit

Refer to chapter *Technical Data!*

PLL52...

|                        |                                                       |                           |
|------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------|
| Mains voltage «X89-01» | AC 120 V<br>-15 % / +10 %                             | AC 230 V<br>-15 % / +10 % |
| Safety class           | I with parts according to II<br>as per DIN EN 60730-1 |                           |
| Mains frequency        | 50 / 60 Hz ±6 %                                       |                           |
| Power consumption      | Ca. 4 VA                                              | Ca. 4 VA                  |
| Degree of protection   | IP54, housing closed                                  |                           |
| Transformer AGG5.210   |                                                       |                           |
| - Primary side         | AC 120 V                                              |                           |
| - Secondary side       | AC 12 V (3x)                                          |                           |
| Transformer AGG5.220   |                                                       |                           |
| - Primary side         | AC 230 V                                              |                           |
| - Secondary side       | AC 12 V (3x)                                          |                           |

Environmental conditions

|                       |                   |
|-----------------------|-------------------|
| <b>Storage</b>        | DIN EN 60 721-3-1 |
| Climatic conditions   | class 1K3         |
| Mechanical conditions | class 1M2         |
| Temperature range     | -20...+60 °C      |
| Humidity              | < 95 % r.h.       |
| <b>Transport</b>      | DIN EN 60 721-3-2 |
| Climatic conditions   | class 2K2         |
| Mechanical conditions | class 2M2         |
| Temperature range     | -30...+70 °C      |
| Humidity              | < 95 % r.h.       |
| <b>Operation</b>      | DIN EN 60 721-3-3 |
| Climatic conditions   | class 3K5         |
| Mechanical conditions | class 3M2         |
| Temperature range     | -20...+60 °C      |
| Humidity              | < 95 % r.h.       |



**Condensation, formation of ice or ingress of water are not permitted!**

## Terminal ratings, cable lengths and cross-sectional areas

LMV52... basic unit

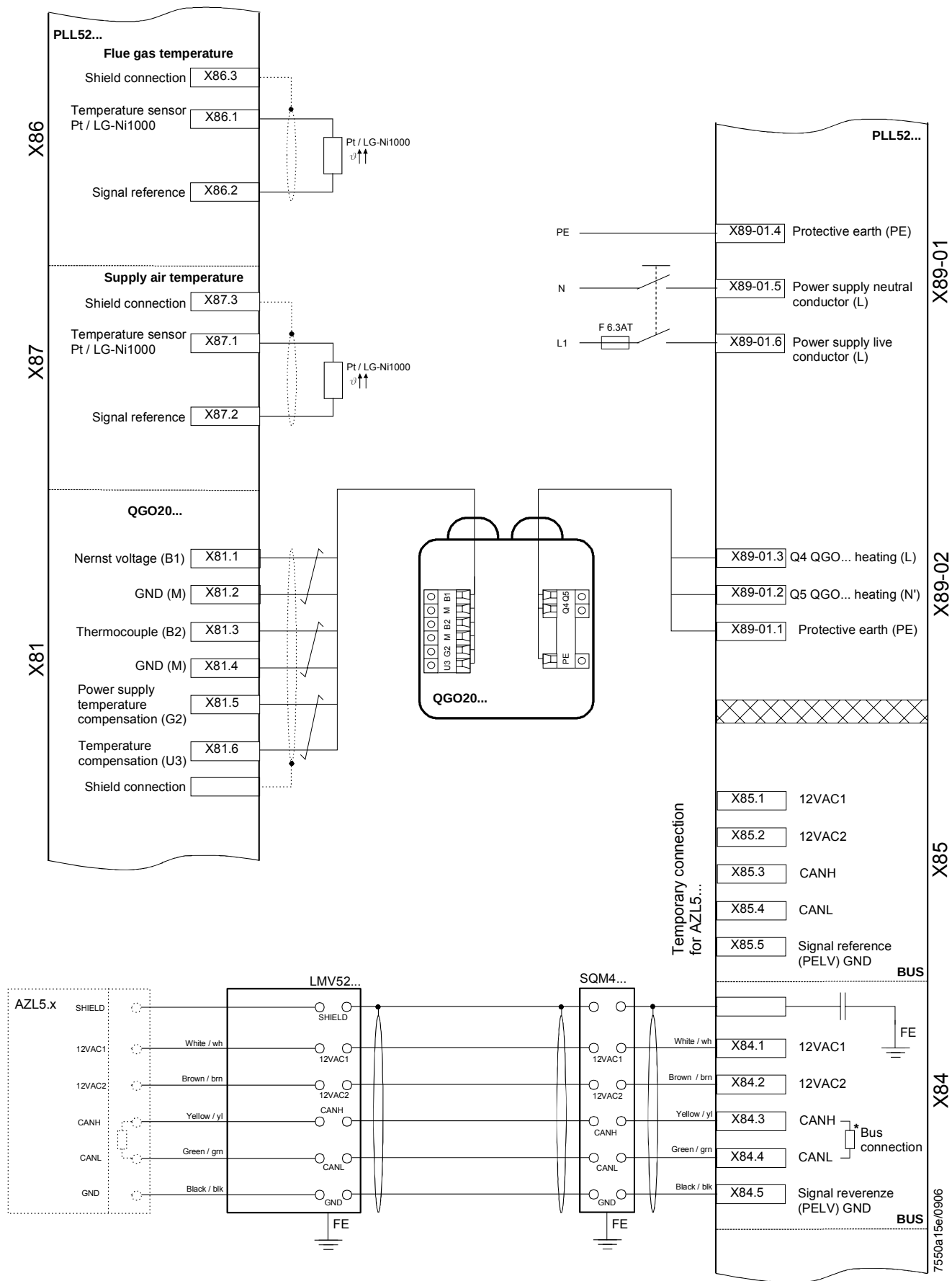
Refer to chapter «Technical Data / LMV5... and AZL5...!»

PLL52...

|                                              |                                                   |
|----------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Cable lengths / cross-sectional areas</b> |                                                   |
| Electrical connection «X89»                  | Screw terminals up to max. 2.5 mm²                |
| Cable lengths                                | ≤10 m to QGO20...                                 |
| Cross-sectional areas                        | Refer to description of QGO20...<br>Twisted pairs |

### Analog inputs:

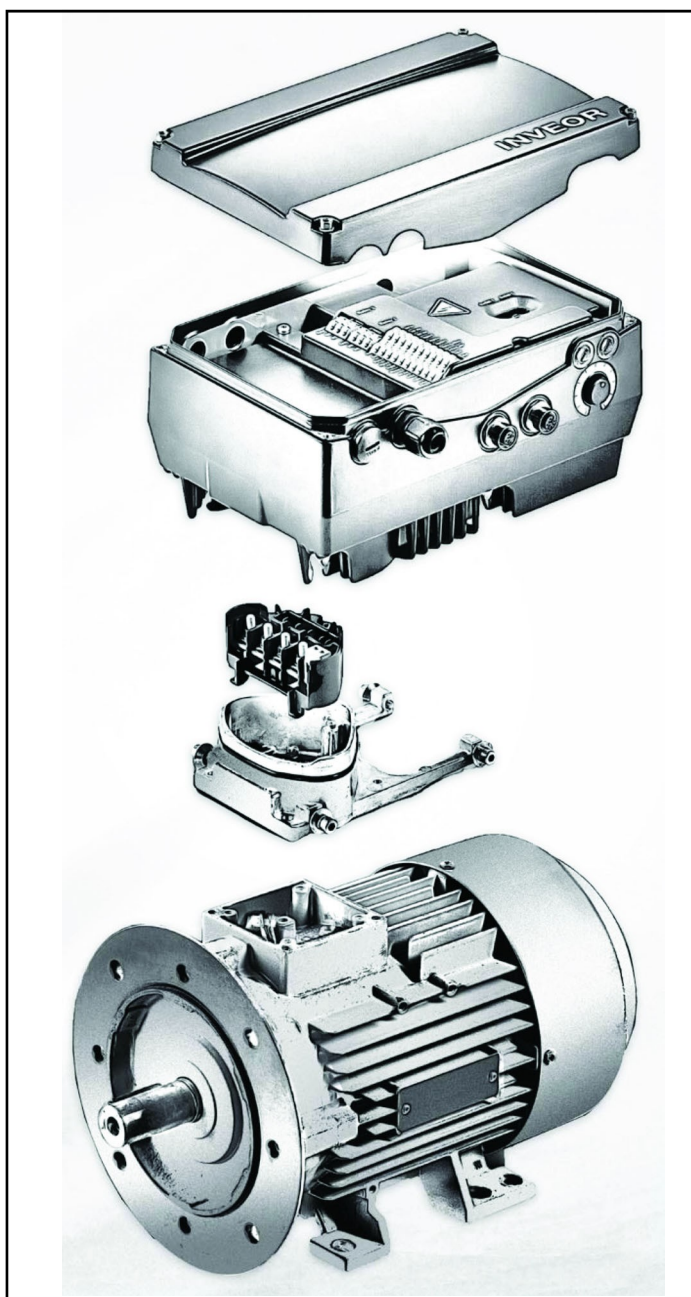
|                                |                                |
|--------------------------------|--------------------------------|
| Fresh air temperature detector | Pt1000 / LG-Ni1000             |
| Flue gas temperature detector  | Pt1000 / LG-Ni1000             |
| QGO20...                       | Refer to Data Sheet N7842      |
| Interface                      | Communication bus for LMV52... |



# KOSTAL INVERTER

Connection and programming  
for electronically controlled burners with

**LMV2x/3x, LMV5x, ETAMATIC  
and INVERTER regulation**



**Service Manual  
TECHNICAL  
INSTRUCTIONS**

---

***Table of contents:***

|                                                                       |    |
|-----------------------------------------------------------------------|----|
| INVERTER identification,                                              | 3  |
| User interface communication (on request),                            | 4  |
| Electrical connections,                                               | 5  |
| Motor connection variants for INVERTERS sizes A, B and C,             | 5  |
| Motor connection variants for INVERTER size D,                        | 6  |
| Connection of INVERTER signals and commands,                          | 7  |
| Electrical connections and parameter configuration,                   | 7  |
| 0-10V / 4-20mA analogue input configuration,                          | 8  |
| Configuration of control contact / INVERTER starting and stopping,    | 9  |
| Configuration of INVERTER start / stop parameters and operating mode, | 10 |
| Motor data,                                                           | 11 |
| Output signal variant for reading motor rpm (optional),               | 12 |
| Brake chopper connections,                                            | 14 |
| Burner terminal with INVERTER interface,                              | 16 |

## IDENTIFICAZIONE INVERTER

**INVEOR Mx IVxx PWxx LPxx APxx GHxx DKxx COxx 1**

1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10

|          | Key                                                                                                                            | Key                                                                                           |
|----------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>1</b> | Drive controller series: INVEOR                                                                                                | <b>6</b> Application circuit board:<br>AP12 - Standard<br>AP13 - CANopen                      |
| <b>2</b> | Installation location/size: motor-integrated - M, size: α, A, B, C, D                                                          | <b>7</b> Control:<br>DK01 - Standard (without membrane keypad)<br>DK04 – With membrane keypad |
| <b>3</b> | Input voltage<br>: IV02 - 230 V                                                                                                | <b>8</b> Housing<br>:<br>GH10 – standard heat sink (black painted)                            |
| <b>4</b> | Recommended motor rating<br>:<br>kW: 0.55; 0.75; 1.1; 1.5; 2.2; 3.0; 4.0; 5.5; 7.5; 11.0; 15.0; 18.5; 22.0                     | <b>9</b> Firmware version<br>:<br>CO00 - Standard<br>CO01 - Specific                          |
| <b>5</b> | Printed circuit boards<br>:<br>LP01 / LP03 – Standard (without brake chopper);<br>LP02 / LP04 – Standard (with brake chopper); | <b>10</b> Equipment generation: 1 – current version                                           |

The **LMV5x** device controls fan motor rpm via a sensor and commands it via the inverter with a **4÷20mA** signal.

The **LMV3x/LMV2x** device controls fan motor rpm via a sensor and commands it via the inverter with a **0÷10V** signal.

Generally, the inverter curve goes from 50% to 100% of motor rpm. As well as improving burner regulation, this allows for a saving in terms of fan motor consumption.

## INVEOR M INVERTER SIZES

**TAGLIE  
INVERTER INVEOR M...**



**α**



**A**



**B**



**C**



**D**

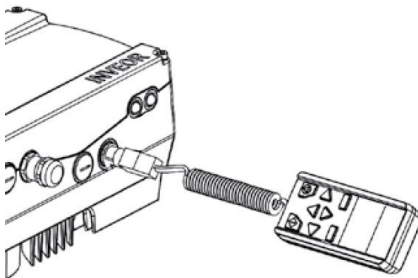
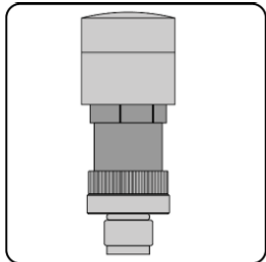
## User interface

### COMMUNICATION (on request)

The drive controller can be put in operation in the following ways:



**Attention:** Contact the manufacturer to order the most suitable device.

|                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |                                                                                       |
|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>USB adaptor for PC</b>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |                                                                                       |
| <b>Via the INVERTER PC software</b>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |                                                                                       |
|                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |    |
| <b>INVEOR MMI remote display:</b>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |                                                                                       |
| <p>INVEOR MMI is a portable display on which all inverter parameters can be viewed and changed. Manual available on the KOSTAL website.</p>                                                                                                                                    |   |
| <b>Bluetooth connection:</b>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |                                                                                       |
| <p>Using the Bluetooth adaptor you can connect via app from any device. Download the app for Android / iOS from the Google Play Store / App Store.</p>                                                                                                                         |  |
| <p>The Bluetooth adaptor is required to create a Bluetooth connection with the inverter. To view and change the inverter parameters, use an external interface device – tablet or mobile phone. Download the app for Android / iOS from the Google Play Store / App Store.</p> |  |

## ELECTRICAL CONNECTIONS

### Motor connection variants for INVERTERS sizes A, B and C

Star or delta connection for speed controller integrated on the motor

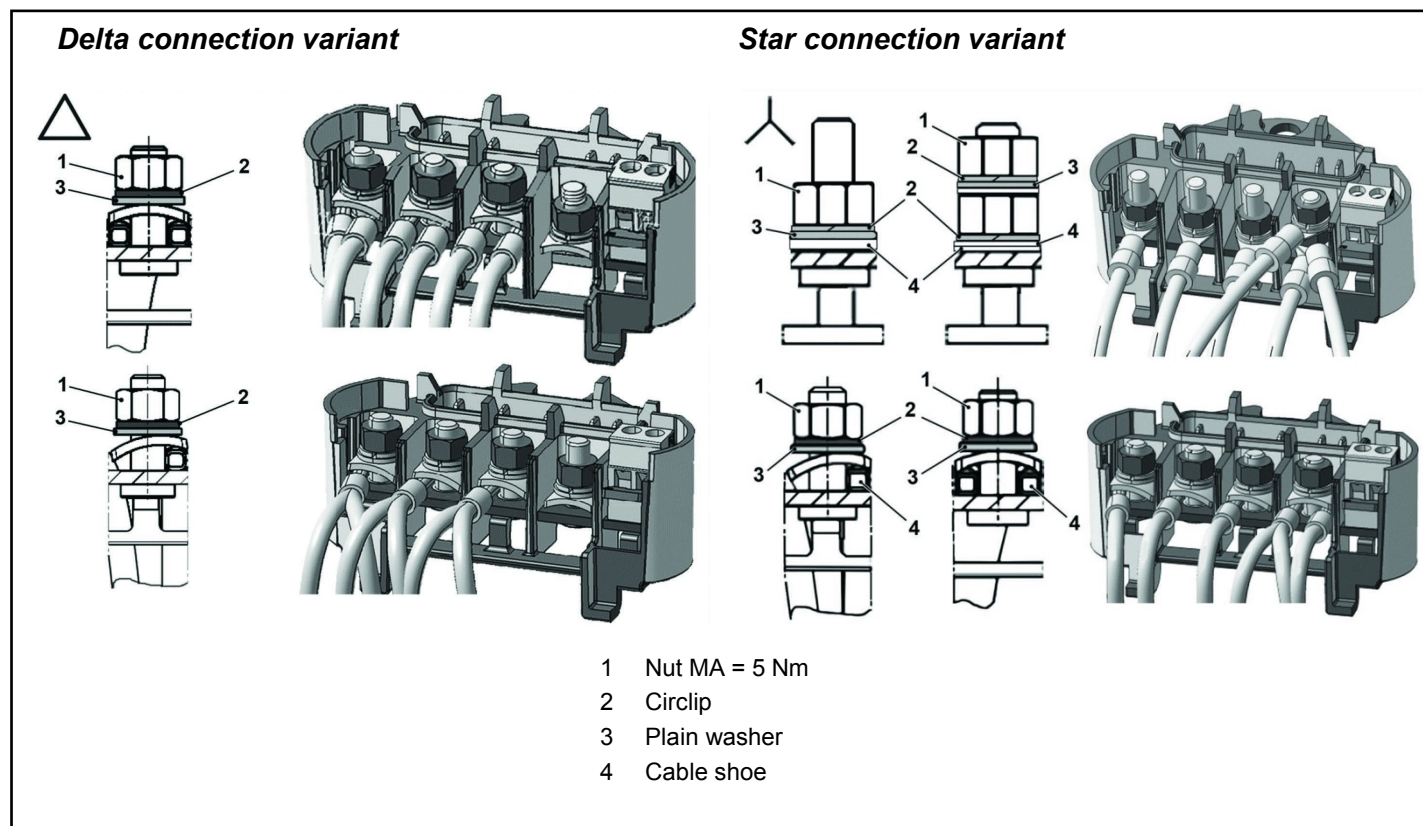
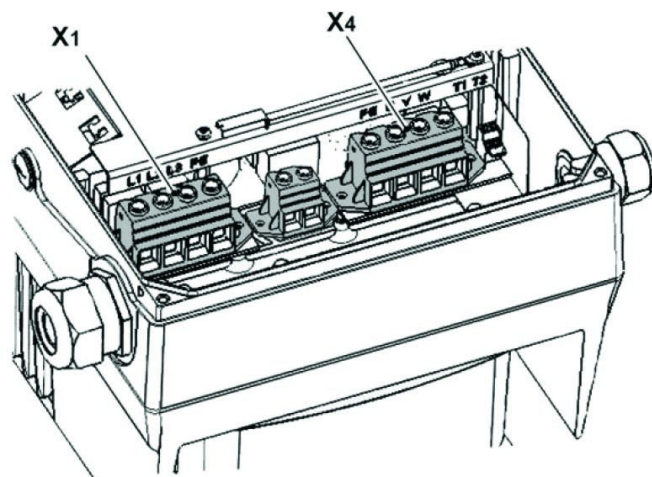


Fig. 1



## Motor connection variants for INVERTER size D



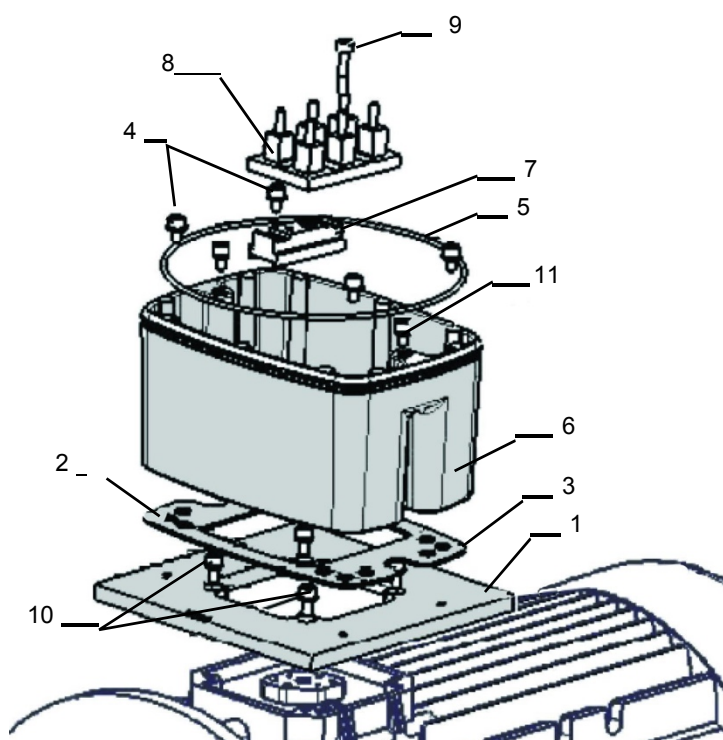
| X1 terminal no. | Designation | Assignment           |
|-----------------|-------------|----------------------|
| 1               | L1          | Mains phase 1        |
| 2               | L2          | Mains phase 2        |
| 3               | L3          | Mains phase 3        |
| 4               | PE          | Protective conductor |

Tab. 1 - X1 terminal assignment - 3 x 400 VAC

| X4 terminal no. | Designation | Assignment           |
|-----------------|-------------|----------------------|
| 1               | PE          | Protective conductor |
| 2               | U           | Mains phase 1        |
| 3               | V           | Mains phase 2        |
| 4               | W           | Mains phase 3        |

Tab. 2 - X1 terminal assignment - 3 x 400 VAC

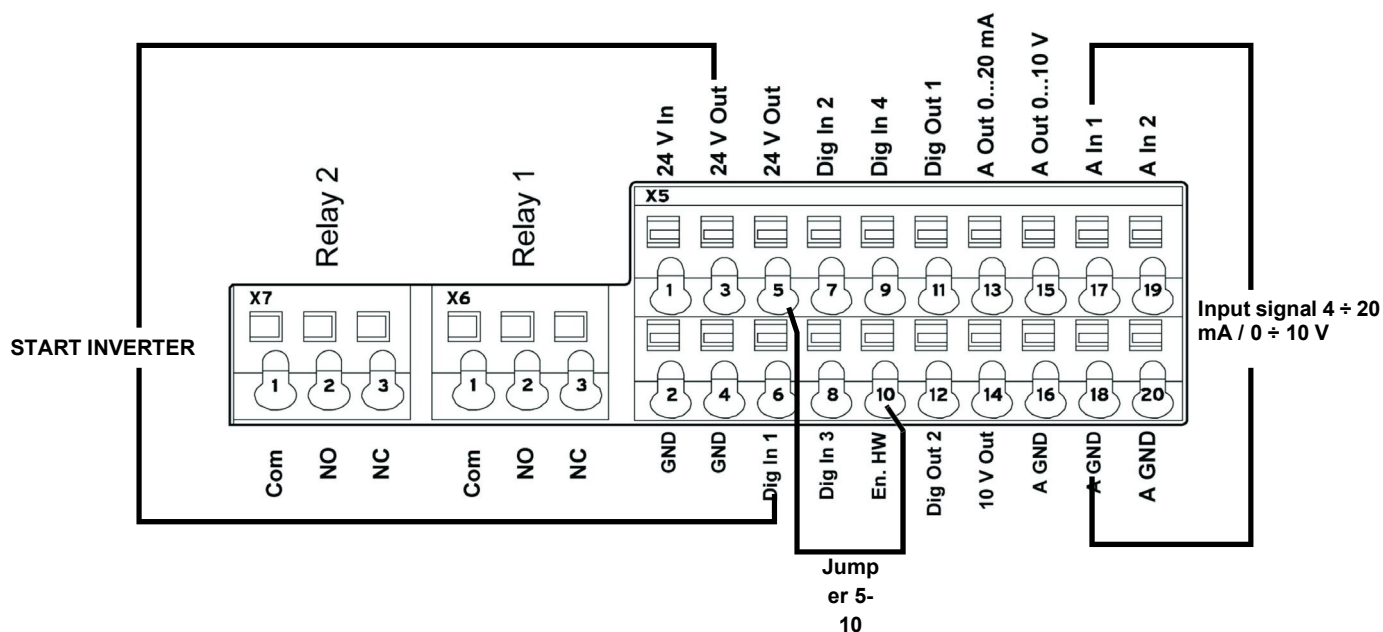
Fig. 2 – Assembly sequence: Connection box – adapter plate size D



### Key:

- 1 Adapter plate option (variant)
- 2 Holes depending on motor
- 3 Seal
- 4 Retaining bolts with spring elements
- 5 O-ring seal
- 6 INVEOR / adapter plate support
- 7 Terminal heightening option
- 8 Original terminal (not included)
- 9 Extended screw option (for pos.7)
- 10 Retaining bolts with spring elements option
- 11 INVEOR/support retaining bolts

## Connection of INVERTER signals and commands

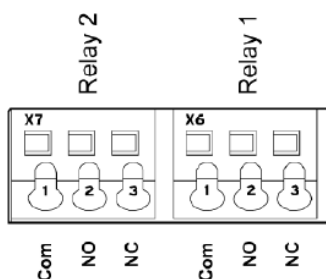


## Electrical connections and parameter configuration

There are 2 relays on the INVERTER. Connecting terminals X7-1-2-3 and X6-1-2-3 are used for:

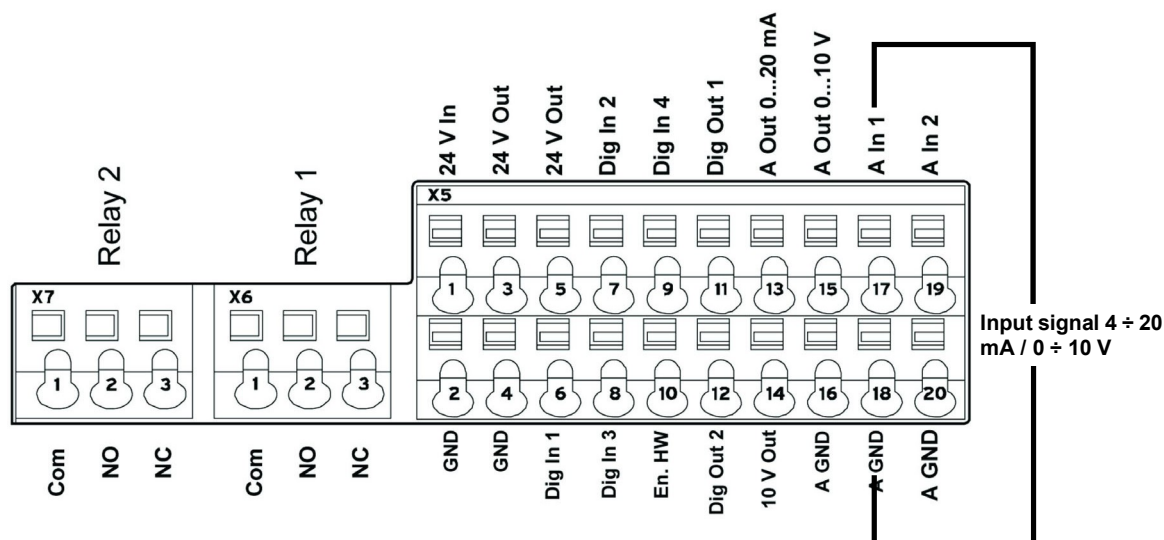
**LMV2/3x:** Relay 1 is used as a safety contact on the safety loop series of the equipment. Relay 2 is used as a fault indicator on the burner panel front.

**LMV5x / ETAMATIC:** Relay 1 is used as a contact for control of fan motor start. Relay 2 is used as a fault indicator of the INVERTER to the LMV5x / ETAMATIC equipment.



| Parameter |                          |                                                                                                                                                                      |
|-----------|--------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| 1.181     | Automatic reset function | Automatic reset of faults.<br>The INVERTER resets the fault after the set time.<br><b>Set value = 30 seconds</b>                                                     |
| 1.182     | Automatic reset numbers  | With the reset function the maximum number of automatic resets can be limited.<br><b>Set value = 0 (maximum number of automatic resets)</b>                          |
| 4.190     | Relay 1 functions        | Select the operating mode of relay 1.<br><b>Set value = LMV2x/3x..= 11 (NC inverted error)</b><br><b>Set value = LMV5x / ETAMATIC = 19 (motor is in NO function)</b> |
| 4.210     | Relay 2 functions        | Select the operating mode of relay 2.<br><b>Set value = LMV2x/3x..= 11 (NC inverted error)</b><br><b>Set value = LMV5x / ETAMATIC = 11 (NC inverted error)</b>       |
| 4.210     | V O operation            | <b>Set value = 10 (NO error)</b>                                                                                                                                     |

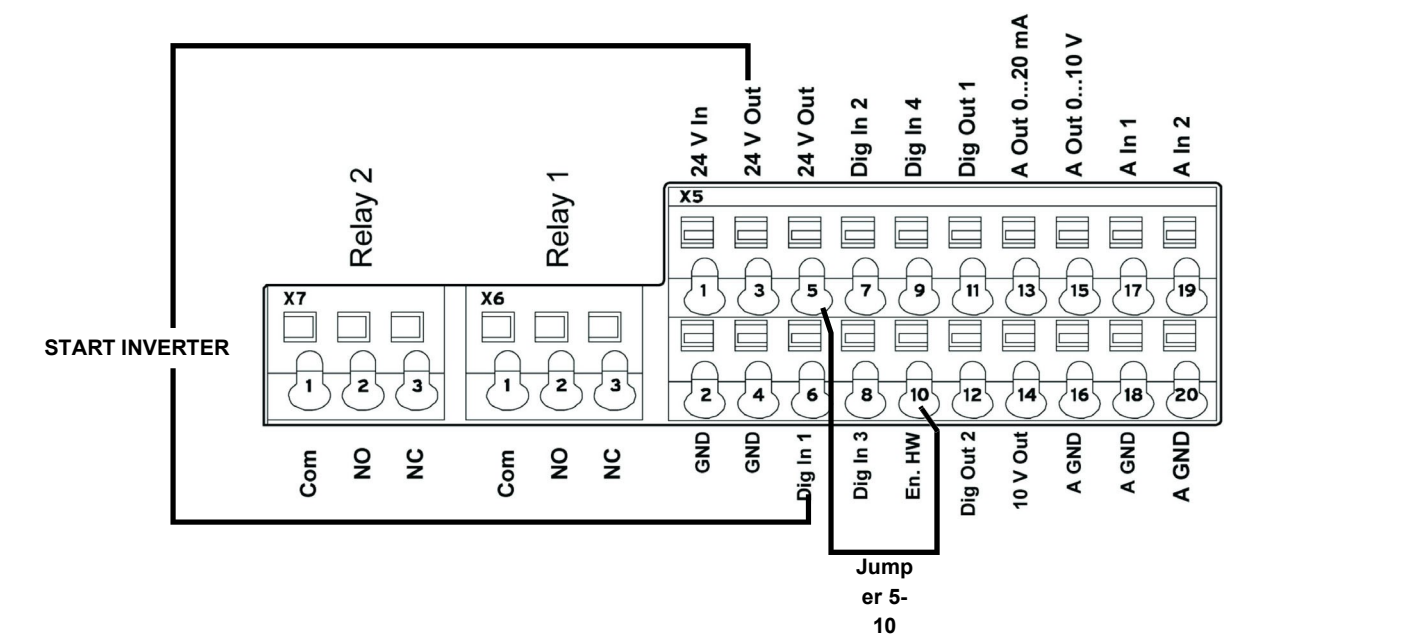
## 0-10V / 4-20mA analogue input configuration



Input AI1 can be configured as voltage or current input. It is configured as 4-20mA input current for LMV5-Etamic, and 0-10V input voltage for LMV2x/3x.

|       |                           |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
|-------|---------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| 4.020 | Input type AI1            | Specifies the input type, whether voltage or current.<br><b>1=</b> Voltage input 0-10V (LMV2x/3x)<br><b>2=</b> Current input 0/4-20mA (LMV5 ETAMATIC)                                                                           |
| 4.021 | AI1 Standard low          | Specifies the minimum value of the analogue input as a percentage of the range.<br>E.g.:<br>0...10 V or 0...20 mA = 0 %...100 %<br>2...10 V or 4...20 mA = 20 %...100 %<br><b>Set value = 20% for LMV2x/3x, LMV5x, ETAMATIC</b> |
| 4.022 | AI1 Standard high         | Specifies the maximum value of the analogue input as a percentage of the range at 10V or 20mA.<br><b>Set value = 100%</b>                                                                                                       |
| 4.023 | AI1 Response time         | Specifies the deadband on the input signal.<br><b>Set value = 1%</b>                                                                                                                                                            |
| 4.024 | AI1 Filter time           | An input change is taken into consideration after this time. If it is too short, a wire break error may appear if the 4-20 mA signal goes to 0 for a short time.<br><b>Set value = 4 seconds</b>                                |
| 4.030 | AI1 Input function        | Specifies whether the input is 0 = analogue / 1 = digital input.<br><b>Set value = 0 analogue</b>                                                                                                                               |
| 4.033 | AI1 Measure unit, input 1 | Specifies the unit of measurement of input 1.<br><b>Set value = 0 (%)</b>                                                                                                                                                       |
| 4.034 | AI1 Lower limit           | Specifies the lower limit of input 1.<br><b>Set value = 0 (%)</b>                                                                                                                                                               |
| 4.035 | AI1 Upper limit           | Specifies the upper limit of input 1.<br><b>Set value = 100 (%)</b>                                                                                                                                                             |
| 4.036 | AI1 Wire break time, 5s   | Specifies the time after which the fault appears if input AI1 is interrupted (wire break).<br><b>Set value = 5 seconds</b>                                                                                                      |
| 4.037 | AI1 Inversion             | Inverts the signal of input 1.<br><b>Set value = 0 (disabled)</b>                                                                                                                                                               |

Configuration of control contact / INVERTER starting and stopping



| Terminal                                        |                                                                                                                                                                                   |
|-------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| X5-3 (24V Out)... X5-6 (Digit In1)..            | Bringing 24V to terminal <b>X5-6</b> enables INVERTER operation and the contact that switches it on/off.<br>On LMV2/3x <b>X5-3</b> (24V Out) also powers the motor speed encoder. |
| X5-5 (24V Out) connected with X5-10 ( En.HW)... | Required to enable braking ramp xxxx                                                                                                                                              |

## Configuration of INVERTER start / stop parameters and operating mode

| Parameter |                               |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
|-----------|-------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| 1.020     | Min. frequency (Hz)           | Minimum input frequency in Hz.<br><b>Set value = 0 Hz (LMV2x-3x / LMV5x)</b><br><b>Set value = &gt; 35 Hz (ETAMATIC)</b>                                                                                                                                                                         |
| 1.021     | Max. frequency (Hz)           | Maximum input frequency in Hz.<br><b>Set value = 51,5 Hz (LMV2x-3x / LMV5x)</b><br><b>Set value = 50 Hz (ETAMATIC)</b>                                                                                                                                                                           |
| 1.050     | Ramp 1<br>Braking time 1      | Braking time at switch-off to reach the speed of 0 Hz after the start/stop contact has opened (not used).<br><b>Set value = 10 seconds</b>                                                                                                                                                       |
| 1.051     | Ramp 1<br>Acceleration time 1 | Acceleration time 1 is the time necessary for the drive controller to accelerate from 0 Hz to maximum frequency (not used).<br><b>Set value = 10 seconds</b>                                                                                                                                     |
| 1.052     | Ramp 2<br>Braking time 2      | Braking time at switch-off to reach the speed of 0 Hz after the start/stop contact has opened.<br><b>Set value = 10 seconds</b>                                                                                                                                                                  |
| 1.053     | Ramp 2<br>Acceleration time 2 | Acceleration time 2 is the time necessary for the drive controller to accelerate from 0 Hz to maximum frequency.<br><b>Set value = 10 seconds</b>                                                                                                                                                |
| 1.054     | Selects ramp used             | Digital input 1 ( <b>dig In1 / X5-6</b> ) selects the ramp used.<br><b>Set value = 1 (parameters 1.052 and 1.053)</b>                                                                                                                                                                            |
| 1.088     | Quick stop                    | Not used but set.<br><b>Set value = 10 seconds</b>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |
| 1.100     | Operating mode                | Frequency control mode: specifies the operating mode of the INVERTER. In our case it is always frequency control (0).<br><b>Set value = 0</b>                                                                                                                                                    |
| 1.130     | Reference set point           | Determines the source from which the reference value is read.<br>In our case it is always analogue input AI1.<br><b>Set value = 1 (analogue input 1)</b>                                                                                                                                         |
| 1.131     | Enabling software             | Depending on the change made, the motor may start immediately.<br>Selection of the source for enabling control.<br><b>Set value = 0</b>                                                                                                                                                          |
| 1.132     | Start-up protection           | Selection of behaviour in response to enabling software.<br><b>Set value = 1</b><br><b>(Start only with rising edge at input of control enable)</b>                                                                                                                                              |
| 1.150     | Motor rotation direction      | Do not change this parameter. To invert the direction of rotation, invert 2 of the 3 INVERTER / MOTOR cabling wires, so that the INVERTERS always have the same setting.<br><b>Set value = 1 forwards only / clockwise rotation</b><br><b>(no changes to direction of rotation are possible)</b> |

## Motor data

The motor data depend on the type of motor used. Refer to the data shown on the motor nameplate. Follow the steps below:

- Enter the motor data;
- Activate the motor recognition function;
- If the operation ends successfully, enter the remaining parameters.

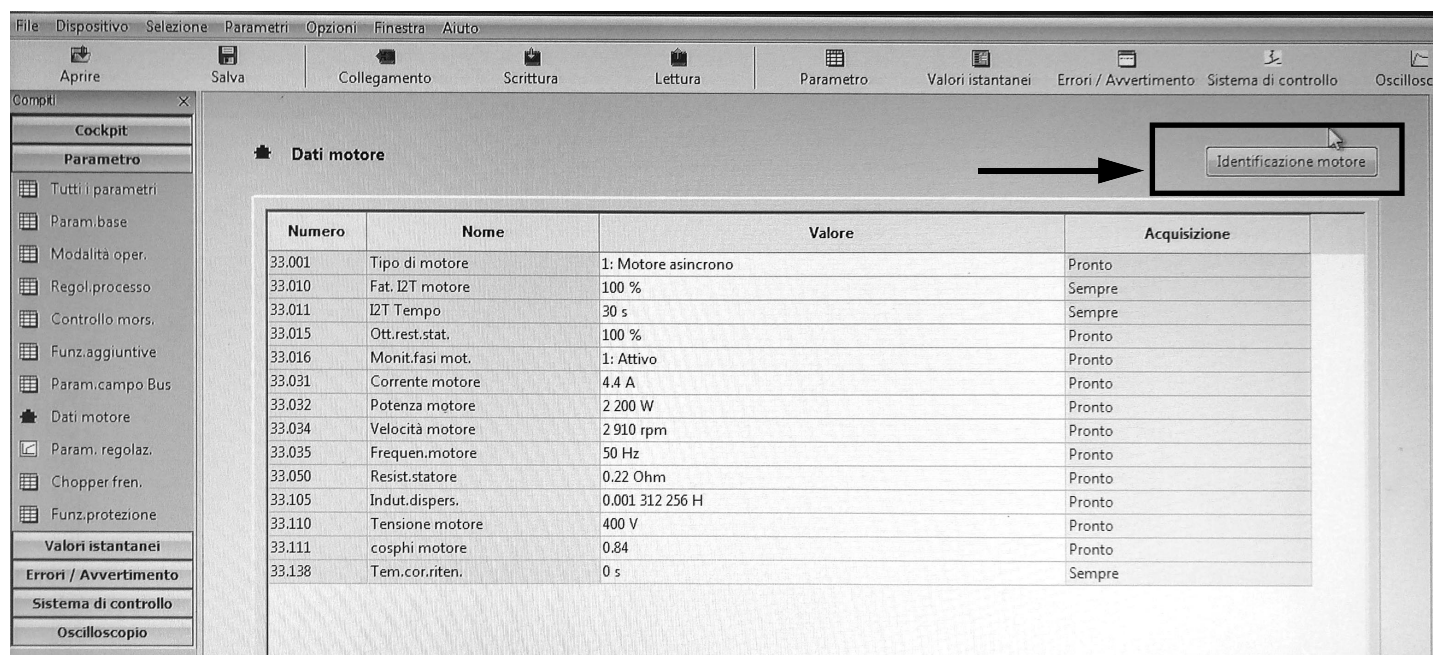
During the recognition phase, the INVERTER measures some parameters and changes some settings.

N.B.: At each start-up of the recognition programme, recheck all the parameters in this manual.

| Parameter |                               |                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |
|-----------|-------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| 33.001    | Motor type                    | Selection of motor type.<br><b>Set value = 1 (asynchronous motor)</b>                                                                                                                                                  |
| 33.010    | Motor I <sup>2</sup> t factor | Not used. Only for encoders.<br><b>Set value = 100%</b>                                                                                                                                                                |
| 33.011    | I <sup>2</sup> t time         | Not used. Only for encoders<br><b>Set value = 30 seconds</b>                                                                                                                                                           |
| 33.015    | R optimisation                | If necessary, this parameter can be used to optimise the start-up behaviour.<br>Not used<br><b>Set value = 100%</b>                                                                                                    |
| 33.016    | Motor phase control           | The "Motor connection interrupted" error monitoring (error 45) can be enabled/disabled with this parameter.<br><b>Set value = 1 (enabled control)</b>                                                                  |
| 33.031    | Motor current                 | Maximum motor current.<br><b>Set value = motor nameplate current value in amps</b>                                                                                                                                     |
| 33.032    | Motor rating                  | Motor shaft rating.<br><b>Set value = motor nameplate rating value in watts</b>                                                                                                                                        |
| 33.034    | Motor rpm                     | Motor rpm.<br><b>Set value = motor nameplate speed in rpm</b>                                                                                                                                                          |
| 33.035    | Motor frequency               | Nominal motor frequency.<br><b>Set value = motor nameplate frequency in Hz</b>                                                                                                                                         |
| 33.050    | Stator resistance             | Recognised by INVERTER.<br><b>Set value = automatically detected, value in Ohm</b>                                                                                                                                     |
| 33.105    | Leakage inductance            | Recognised by INVERTER.<br><b>Set value = automatically detected, value in henry</b>                                                                                                                                   |
| 33.110    | Motor voltage                 | Nominal motor voltage.<br><b>Set value = 400V</b>                                                                                                                                                                      |
| 33.111    | Motor cos phi                 | Data on motor nameplate.<br><b>Set value = 0,xx</b>                                                                                                                                                                    |
| 33.138    | Holding current time          | Needed to stop the motor!! After braking it is held at continuous current for a specified time interval. Ensure that there is no overheating in this phase. Recommended time: max 5 s.<br><b>Set value = 0 seconds</b> |



Activate the “Motor identification” function and follow the instructions proposed by the INVERTER, then change the parameters described below. The image shows the software screen on the PC.



| Parameter |                     |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |
|-----------|---------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| 34.010    | Control type        | Open-loop asynchronous motor.<br><b>Set value = 100 (open-loop asynchronous motor)</b>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |
| 34.020    | Flying restart      | <b>Set value = 1 (enabled)</b>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
| 34.021    | Flying restart time | Calculated by Inverter.<br><b>Set value = value calculated by INVERTER in ms</b>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |
| 34.090    | Speed controller Kp | Calculated by the inverter during the motor recognition phase. Reset it to 2000 after motor recognition.<br><b>Set value = 2000 mA/rad/sec</b>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
| 34.091    | Speed controller Tn | Calculated by the inverter during the motor recognition phase. Reset it to 7.5 seconds after motor recognition.<br><b>Set value = 7.5 seconds</b>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |
| 34.110    | Slip trimmer        | If set to <b>1</b> the function is enabled.<br>If set to <b>0</b> the motor performs as if connected to the mains.<br>If compensation is enabled, the system aligns the stator frequency with the rotor. As a result, the actual motor rpm increase and are brought in line with the theoretical motor nameplate rpm. The motor is supplied with the same voltage and frequency, but the current increases and the rpm are brought to the nameplate data.<br><b>Set value = 1 (compensation for slippage)</b> |

### Output signal variant for reading motor rpm (optional)

To have a 4-20 mA analogue output that indicates the motor rpm to the terminals X5-13 (Aout 0-20 mA) and X5-16 (A GND), set the parameters below:

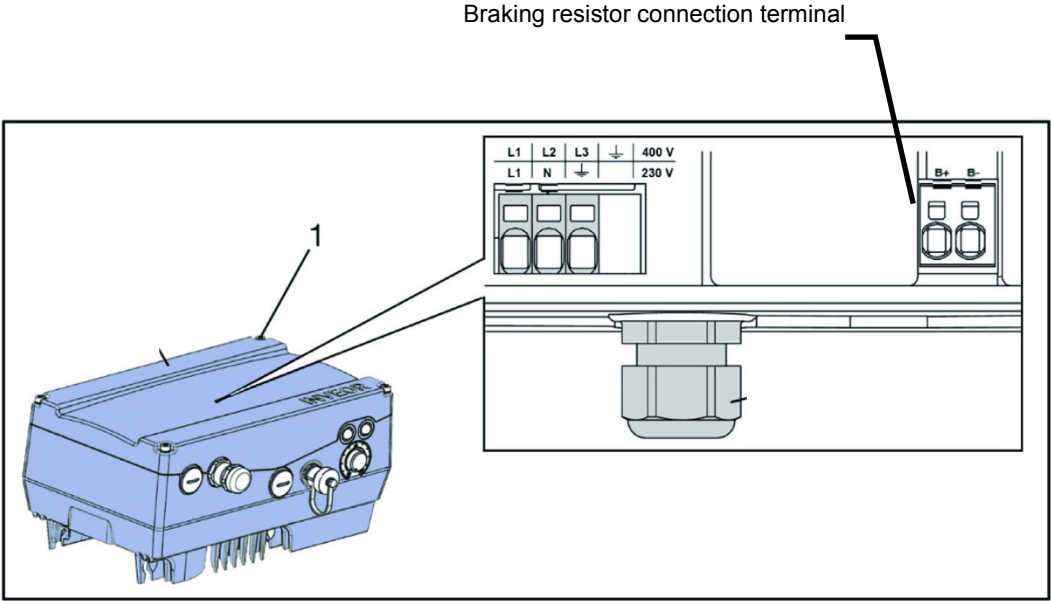
| Parameter |                                      |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
|-----------|--------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| 4.100     | Analogue output AO1                  | Selection of analogue output options.<br>In our case, to have an output proportional to the rpm, set 19.<br><b>Set value = 19 (actual rpm)</b>                                                                                                                                                                                                             |
| 4.101     | Minimum value of analogue output AO1 | Output signal at 0-20 mA.<br>To obtain a 4-20 mA signal with (4 mA = 0 motor rpm), follow the example: if motor rpm are a maximum 2900, calculate:<br>$2900 / 20 \times 4 = 580$ , which is the negative value corresponding to 0 mA from which to start.<br>Therefore:<br>0 mA = - 580,<br>20 mA = 2900<br><b>Set value = - xxx (-580 in the example)</b> |
| 4.102     | Maximum value of analogue output AO1 | Maximum rpm value for 20 mA.<br><b>Set value = xxxx (2900 in the above example)</b>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |

|               |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
|---------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>NOTE 1</b> | If the system enters pendulum mode with LMV.. / ETAMATIC, adjust parameters <b>34.090</b> and <b>34.091</b> by increasing them, in particular parameter <b>34.090</b> , in steps of 100mA/rad/sec.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |
| <b>NOTE 2</b> | With LMV 2x/3x with INVERTER control, the device controls the standby rpm with <b>param. 653</b> .<br>If, after the fan is switched off, the device LMV 2x/3x sees that the motor continues to run, error <b>83</b> diagnostic <b>32</b> appears. This occurs if there is significant fan inertia (e.g. on burners with very heavy forward curved blades), then always disable parameter 653, setting it to <b>0</b> .                                                                                                    |
| <b>NOTE 3</b> | With LMV 2x/3x the signal 0-10V for motor rpm control during standardisation is brought to approximately 9.7 V and the fan motor rpm is saved.<br>According to the LMV manual, the INVERTER should be set to max 52.5 Hz<br>During standardisation, the INVERTER is driven at approximately 51 ÷ 51.5 Hz and may go out of absorption range with the motor.<br>For this reason, set the INVERTER to max 51.5 Hz.<br>During standardisation, the INVERTER will reach 50Hz and the over-absorption problem will be reduced. |
| <b>NOTE 4</b> | If the <u>analogue wire break fault</u> is displayed on the INVERTER and the 4-20 mA inverter signal continues to oscillate between 1 ÷ 6 mA, it does not always mean that the LMV 2x/3x or ETAMATIC equipment is faulty. It could be due to the old firmware of the INVERTER and should therefore be updated. If this is the case, contact the Service Centre.                                                                                                                                                           |

| FAULTS / PROBLEMS.. SOLUTIONS |                                         |                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
|-------------------------------|-----------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Parameter 36.020</b>       | If error 36 appears                     | Problems detected in the mains supply. By setting this parameter to 0, the INVERTER no longer checks the mains and the error message disappears. It is recommended to leave the parameter set to 1. |
| <b>Parameter 33.105</b>       | If mains voltage drops during operation | When the mains voltage drops, the INVERTER decreases the motor rpm.<br>To reduce this change, set the parameter to 0, which should solve the problem.                                               |



Brake chopper connections



Brake chopper connections

| Terminal no. | Designation | Assignment                      |
|--------------|-------------|---------------------------------|
| 1            | B+          | Braking resistor connection (+) |
| 2            | B-          | Braking resistor connection (-) |

Optional assignment of brake chopper

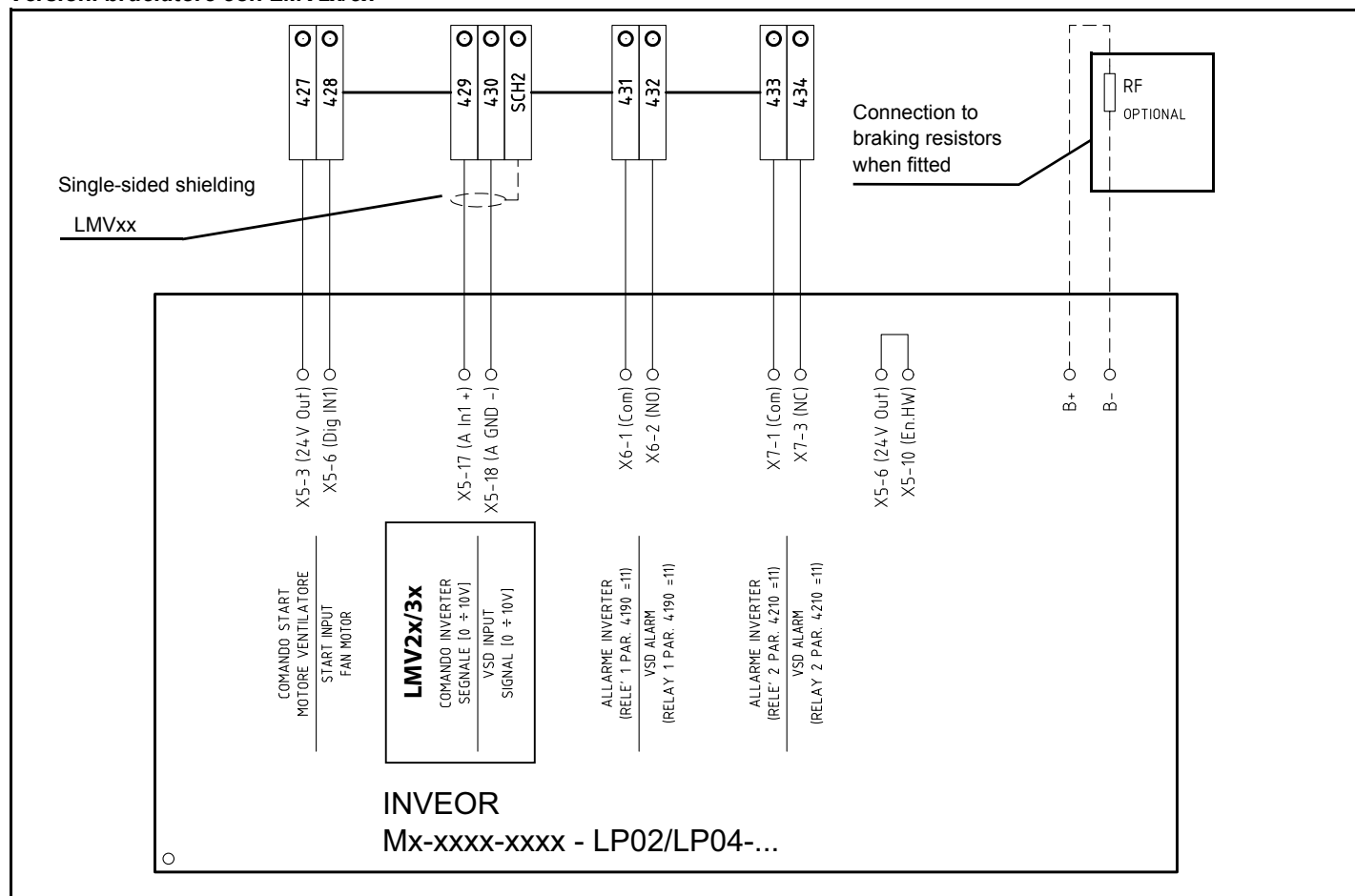
| Parameter        |                     |
|------------------|---------------------|
| Braking resistor | Enabled or disabled |

Braking resistors

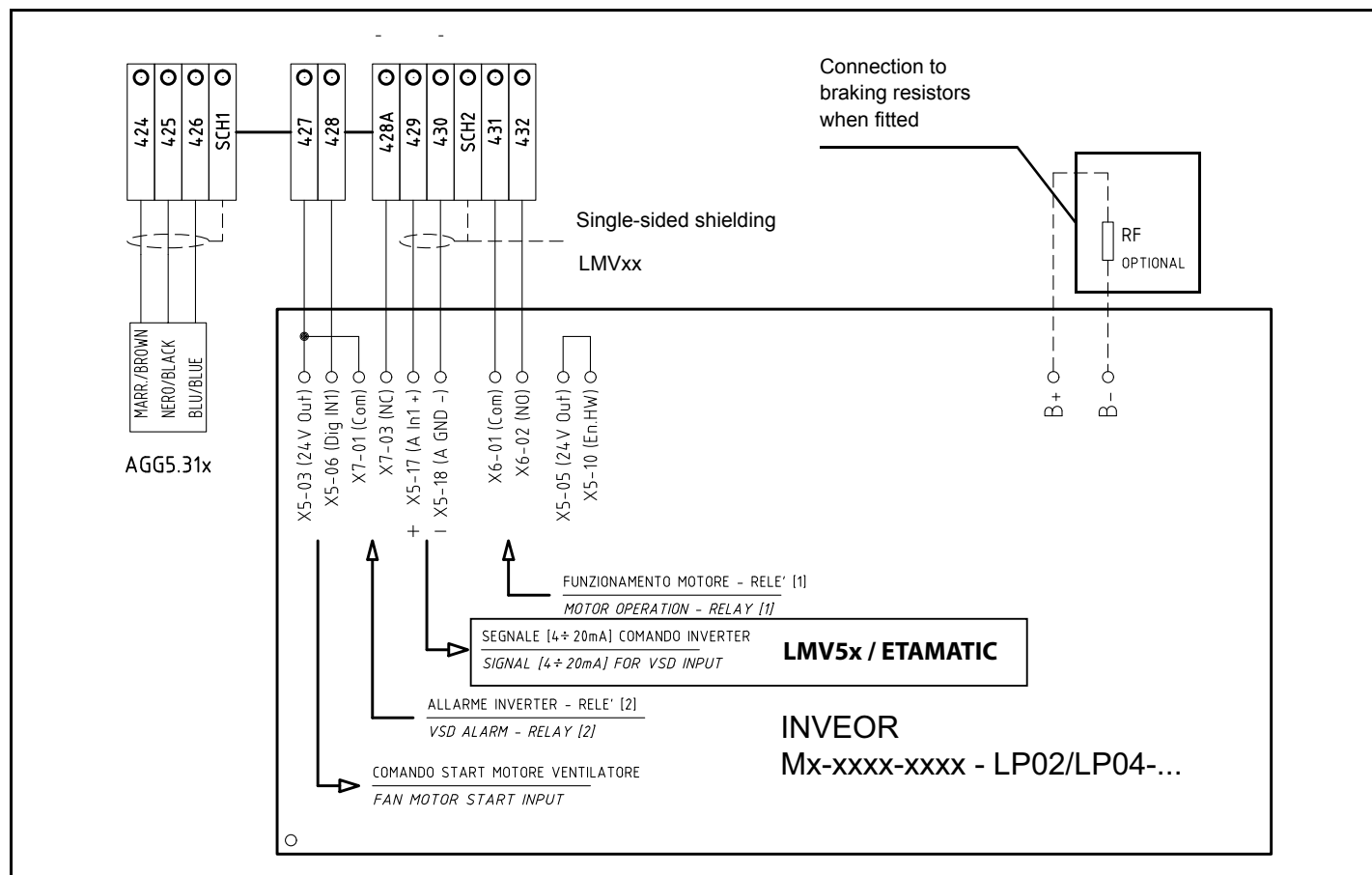


## Burner terminal block with interface INVERTER

### Versioni bruciatore con LMV2x/3x



### Versioni bruciatore con LMV5x o ETAMATIC





C.I.B. UNIGAS S.p.A.  
Via L.Galvani, 9 - 35011 Campodarsego (PD) - ITALY  
Tel. +39 049 9200944 - Fax +39 049 9200945/9201269  
web site: [www.cibunigas.it](http://www.cibunigas.it) - e-mail: [cibunigas@cibunigas.it](mailto:cibunigas@cibunigas.it)

Note: specifications and data subject to change. Errors and omissions excepted.